"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Partly cloudy to-day; fair to-morrow; moderate west winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,000. **** NEW YORK, MONDAY, JANUARY 31, 1910.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

CHIEF FEAR OF PARIS NOW IS AN EPIDEMIC

Apparent That Subterranean Passages Will Be Flooded Long After the River Drops.

ZOUAVES KILL PILLAGERS

Colony of 6,000 Ragpickers in Dire Distress—Priests Show Heroism—Jay Gould Contributes $5,000.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Monday, Jan. 31.—Paris is awaiting in anguished suspense what fate may have in store for it in the next few days. The situation is growing better, but its continued improvement is not yet assured. If the weather proves less favorable to-day and Tuesday the Seine may rise again even beyond its height of Saturday.

Fears of an epidemic are increasing as the realization becomes more certain that the water will evacuate very slowly from the numberless subterranean passages and receptacles in which it is now almost stagnant. Comparisons have shown that the water recedes in them much less rapidly than in the Seine. It is estimated that even three weeks hence this process will not be completed.

In such streets as the Rue de Seine there are hundreds of shops in which the merchandise has begun to decay. Measures for the general purification of abandoned houses, it now appears, are to wait upon the final subsidence of the waters. Precious time that might be used in the prevention of pestilence may thus be lost.

Would-be pillagers have been arrested in every flooded neighborhood. La Patrie demands that all such persons be either shot or hanged immediately after capture.

Jay Gould has telegraphed to President Fallières from Nice a subscription of $5,000 for the flood sufferers.

Streets No Longer Navigable.

PARIS, Monday, Jan. 31.—Early this morning the fall of the Seine had a very noticeable effect in several of the streets, which are no longer navigable. The fall since yesterday morning is about a foot and a half, and tidings from the flooded sections above Paris give hope of a more rapid subsidence after to-morrow. On the other hand, the rising of the water in the sewers continues.

There is now a considerable quantity of water in the molding chamber of the Louvre Museum.

In the ninth arrondissement a series of powerful pumps was installed in order to remove the water from several banks, but the residents of that section, who feared that this would make conditions in their own cellars worse, gathered in force and slashed the hose with knives. They were finally driven off by the police.

The situation in Paris shows little improvement. Great throngs of sightseers, in the bright sunshine yesterday, beseiged the cordons of troops which fringed the flooded districts or climbed to points of vantage from which they could survey the wide vistas of water stretching off in every direction.

On account of the danger of cave-ins from the pressure of the boiling waters beneath, hundreds of points were rigorously guarded. Pumping engines belching forth smoke and sparks added to the thrill and gave an impression that a universal conflagration was raging. At night the city was plunged in darkness, relieved only by the camp fires of the soldiers at the water's edge, or the flickering torch of some floating sentinel, reflected weirdly in the water covered areas that once were streets or avenues.

The Champs Elysées, ordinarily a pathway of brilliant light, was illuminated with hand lanterns strung along the curbs. The usually gay boulevards were wrapped in silence and darkness. The restaurants and cafés were reduced to dim candles and Venetian lamps. Most of the theatres were closed, but the Comédie Française, with both its electricity and heat gone, was open. Jules Claretie, the manager, explained to the meagre audience before the curtain rose that he considered that the National Theatre of France should not close its doors.

"We will give a performance," he said, "with candles, as in the days of Molière, and show the world that Paris can be as heroic as in the time of the revolution."

Although there is no intention on the part of the Government to declare martial law, the completely submerged districts, such as Javel, are in the hands of the military to prevent pillaging. The soldiers have orders to give short shrift to criminals caught in the act of looting.

Looters Shot in Suburbs.

Outside of Paris many instances have been reported. Thieves have been at work in the vicinity of Charenton, but the soldiers have been shooting them on sight. The Zouaves have killed two pillagers at Ivry and two at Brie. These ghouls have now transferred their operations to the devastated region below Paris, many attempts to pillage the deserted villas and homes being reported. The papers recount many deeds of heroism of priests at Alfortville, who continued the work of rescue between midnight and daylight, when the soldiers, jackies, and firemen, after several days without rest, had become exhausted. Sisters of Charity rowed to houses, giving assistance in several cases of starvation.

A stream of water twelve feet deep is rushing through Gennevilliers and Colombes, making the work of rescue and succor more difficult even than before. Several houses have collapsed, and many persons have been taken off the roofs of their homes, where they had been clinging for days.

A pitiable feature of the flood in Gennevilliers is the plight of the colony of 6,000 ragpickers, a quarter of whom are children. They are the poorest of all the Paris poor, and early each morning they cross the Seine to sort the refuse barrels of the great city. Their village was a cluster of miserable hovels of plaster and earth, flanked with heaps of bones, rags, iron, and odds and ends.

On the bursting of the dams the torrents of the Seine swept away everything. Those of the ragpickers who had remained in the village snatched up their children and fled for their lives, most of them scantily clad. They suffered bitterly from the cold, but after a few hours of this the authorities were able to find shelter for them in the public buildings of the surrounding towns. But to the entire colony the flood means irretrievable ruin.

Rescuers Work Unceasingly.

Hundreds are reported without food or shelter, and an army of troops and civilians are working unceasingly in the flooded territory, bringing succor to the distressed and distributing provisions by boats to the thousands of victims surrounded by water who refused to quit their homes.

Besides the aid distributed directly by

Continued on Page 2.

PIANIST LOST HIS TEMPER.

Josef Weiss and Mr. Mahler Had a Row and a New Player Was Recruited

Why Josef Weiss, the German pianist, did not play with the Philharmonic Orcestra yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall is a long and painful story. There came very near not being any soloist at all, but finally the concert emerged triumphant with Paulo Gallico playing the identical Schumann concerto for which Weiss had been announced.

The trouble started on Saturday afternoon at rehearsal, when Mr. Mahler offered some suggestions to Mr. Weiss about the way he wished the concerto played. Mr. Weiss retaliated in kind, suggesting that if the oboes played a little more pianissimo in the finale the piano could be heard to better effect.

Mr. Mahler suggested at this point that he understood conducting pretty thoroughly, and Mr. Weiss replied that he thought he knew more about all there was to know about piano playing. Mr. Mahler said that if Mr. Weiss would play more and talk less that he would be pleased.

At this point the angry pianist shut down the cover of the piano and walked out of the hall.

Mr. Mahler wasted no time after his departure. He wanted the Schumann concerto played, as it fitted in with the concert he had arranged, and he knew that it would be difficult at that late hour to find any one else who could play it.

Yolanda More, the Hungarian pianist, it was discovered, was in New York. She confessed frankly that she had not played the concerto for three years and had forgotten it, but volunteered to try to play it. She discovered a copy of the score in her trunks and went to work. In an hour she felt that it was all coming back to her, and she let Mr. Mahler know that it would be easy for her. She continued practicing, however, and later in the day sprained her thumb. That made it impossible for her to play yesterday.

Mr. Gallico was finally found. He knew the concerto and consented to play at the concert.

Mr. Weiss also appeared with his lawyer, Henry Noyes. He saw Mr. Mahler and Mr. Leifels, Secretary of the Philharmonic Society, and more words passed between them. Mr. Weiss believes that payment for the concert is due him, as he turned up at the proper hour.

Mr. Weiss has not appeared in this country for ten years. When he was last here he gave a series of seventeen Brahms recitals. He considers himself the greatest living interpreter of Brahms, and says Mr. Mahler is of the same opinion. He lives at 60 West Thirty-sixth Street, and although he has been here for some time, his appearance yesterday was to have marked his return to the New York concert stage. He is said to be a personal friend of Mr. Mahler's.

Last night he admited that he had lost his temper, and said he was sorry for what had occurred.

VAN NORDENS QUIT TRUST CO.

Father and Son Resign from Concern They Founded—Presidency Unfilled.

Announcement was made by the Van Norden Trust Company yesterday of the resignation at the Directors' meeting last Tuesday of President Warner M. Van Norden. At the same time his father, Warner Van Norden, resigned as Director. The younger Van Norden attracted attention last week as the complainant against Kitty Dowdell and May Williams, alias May Roberts, whom he accused of robbing him of $28,000 in the street as he was returning home from the Waldorf-Astoria. The alleged robbery occurred a week previous to his resignation.

The interest of the Van Nordens in the trust company, which they founded, was acquired last Spring by a syndicate organized by C. C. Dickinson, the President of the Carnegie Trust Company. This syndicate, which was made up of Mr. Dickinson's friends in the directorate of the Carnegie Trust Company, acquired seven-tenths of the Van Norden stock, but part of the agreement was that President Van Norden and his father should remain as officers of the trust company until the new interests were ready to assume control.

Charles C. Dickinson's intention in getting control of the Van Norden stock was to merge the Van Norden Trust Company with the Carnegie. This project went as far as the State Banking Department, but for an unexplained reason the application was withdrawn. C. C. Dickinson, who was severely hurt some months ago in a riding accident in Central Park, resigned from the Presidency of the Carnegie Trust Company a short time ago. He also sold out his share in the syndicate, which purchased the Van Norden stock.

Charles A. Moore, President of Manning, Maxwell & Moore, bought Mr. Dickinson's holdings of Van Norden stock and was elected Chairman of the Board of Directors of the trust company at the Directors' meeting last Tuesday. No one has been chosen yet to fill the vacancy in the Presidency created by the resignation of Mr. Van Norden.

On the previous Tuesday the stockholders' annual meeting was held, at which the syndicate holding the controlling interest took places on the board. The Directorate as now constituted is as follows, the seven new members being representatives of the syndicate and members of the board of the Carnegie Trust Company:

Henry F. Shoemaker, banker; Martin J. Condon, President of the American Snuff Company; Irving E. Raymond, President of Vantine & Co.; Samuel H. Kress, President of S. H. Kress & Co.; Joseph B. Reichmann, President National Starch Company; Gustave Baumann, proprietor of the Holland House; Charles A. Moore, Jr., Vice President of Manning, Maxwell & Moore; Edward R. Finch, lawyer; William J. Cummins, President Tennessee Packing and Stockyards Company; Charles A. Moore, Sr., President Manning, Maxwell & Moore; Bradley Martin, Jr., Vice President; Watkins Crockett, Vice President; Tompkins McIlvaine, of Parsons, Closson & McIlvaine.

The new officers, besides Chairman Moore, are:

Watkins Crockett, Vice President; Bradley Martin, Jr., Vice President and Treasurer; W. W. Robinson, Secretary; Charles A. Fisher, Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer; George W. Bartholmei, Trust Officer, and Tompkins McIlvaine, general counsel.

W. W. Robinson and Charles A. Fisher remain from the Van Norden staff of officers.

TRAIN TWICE KILLS ON TRIP.

Hits Woman at One Crossing and Auto Party at Another—Three Dead.

MANSFIELD, Ohio, Jan. 30.—Pennsylvania train No. 9, westbound, to-day struck and killed Mrs. Roy Covert and mortally injured her husband at a crossing near Loudonville. Proceeding further, the train struck an automobile on the outskirts of Crestline, a few miles away, and killed J. H. Sigler, aged 60, and Charles Echelberger, both of Hayesville.

In the automobile with Echelberger and Sigler was Curtis Doerrer of Mansfield. Doerrer's shoulder was crushed, his leg was broken, and he received internal injuries.

The young woman who was the first to meet death on the track was on her way, with her husband, to visit a neighbor. Her death was instant. Covert was picked up many yards away, and does not know of his wife's death.

The automobile party, struck at Leas Crossing, came upon the tracks in their machine from the rear of an eastbound freight, directly in front of the express. In an instant their machine was lifted high in the air. When it fell Sigler and Echelberger were dead. Their bodies were brought to Mansfield. Doerrer, the injured man, was taken to a Crestline hospital.

$1,000 BRIBED ALLDS, CONGER NOW SWEARS

Formal Charges, to be Filed To-day, Declare Money Was Paid About April 23, 1901.

CONGER SAW TRANSACTION

Business Men of His District Enthusiastically Adopt a Resolution of Confidence in Him.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—Senator Benn Conger made public here to-night the formal charges which he will prefer under oath to-morrow against Senator Jotham P. Allds, President pro tem. of the New York State Senate. He states that Senator Allds demanded, received, and accepted $1,000 on or about April 23, 1901, in consideration for his failure to pass a certain bill then pending before the Assembly.

The charges will be filed here to-morrow with Lafayette B. Gleason, Clerk of the Senate. In the investigation to follow Senator Conger will be represented by Augustus Van Wyck and James W. Osborne of New York, and David W. Van Hoesen of Cortland, N. Y. Under the rules, Senator Allds must file his answer on or before Feb. 4. The formal charges follow:

I, Benn Conger, Senator from the Forty-first District, do hereby, pursuant to the requirements of the rules adopted by the Senate on the 26th day of January, 1910, make and file the following statement:

On the 4th day of January, 1910, at a conference of certain Senators held in a room at the Ten Eyck Hotel in the City of Albany, N. Y., I stated in the course of our conversation my reasons for refusing to support Senator Allds for the position of President pro tem. of the Senate. I said in substance that I knew him to be unfit for the position because he had to my knowledge, while a member of the Assembly, demanded and received and accepted money as the consideration for action which he had taken with regard to certain proposed legislation pending before that body; and that statement was, as I am informed and believe, communicated to Senator Allds on the following day.

About two weeks later the substance of what I said became public through the press, and then Senator Allds demanded this investigation; and the Senate has in effect, by the resolution and rules adopted by it, required me to make and file a definite statement of my charges.

In accordance therewith I do hereby state and charge:

First—That Jotham P. Allds on or about the 23d day of April, 1901, while a member of the Assembly of the State of New York, received and accepted the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) in my presence at the Capitol in the City of Albany, New York, and

Second—That the said sum was demanded by him and was paid to and accepted by him as the consideration for his having refrained from pressing to passage a certain bill pending before that house.

BENN CONGER.

Dated Jan. 28, 1910.

Benn Conger, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the person named in and who signed the foregoing statement; that he has read the same and knows the contents thereof; and that the same is true to his own knowledge, except as to the one matter therein stated on information and belief, viz., the communication of his statement to Senator Allds, and as to that matter he believes it to be true.

BENN CONGER.

Sworn to before me this 28th day of January, 1910. HAROLD W. NICHOLS,
Notary Public.

Senator Conger asserted, after the recent revelation of his charge against Senator Allds, that money was paid to leaders in the Assembly because of the threatened passage of bills which would have affected adversely the interests of bridge companies in which he had invested. Such bills, taking away power to order repairs on bridges from local authorities and vesting it in State officers, were introduced for several years in succession and killed, but finally one was passed.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 30.—More than one hundred Groton business men last night expressed their confidence in Senator Benn Conger at a dinner at which he was the guest. A resolution of confidence was adopted with enthusiasm. Giles M. Stoddard, who introduced the resolution, said:

"Whatever may be said in other places, whatever insinuations may be implied, I think I can say that I voice the sentiment of this community when I tell Senator Conger, 'You are among friends. Whatever may be said at Albany, whatever whitewash may be spread, you can count on it that here you are among friends.'"

LOSES MEMORY FROM A BLOW.

Omaha Detective, at 27, Doesn't Know Wife, Children or Father.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 30.—As the result of a blow on the head, received by falling from a moving train, Otto Raschke, an Omaha detective, has forgotten his entire life prior to the accident. He does not recognize his wife and children, nor was he able to give his name when he recovered consciousness.

A month ago Raschke, returning from Sioux City, fell from the train. He was carried to a hospital at Bancroft, Neb. Twenty-four hours later he recovered consciousness, but was unable to tell who he was or to give any information about himself. His address was obtained from his papers, and he was brought to his home here.

Raschke did not know his wife, children, or his father, of whom he had been very fond. Formerly a great reader, the accident left him without knowledge of the alphabet, and he is now learning letters as does a little child. Before the change, he was an inveterate smoker. When he first saw a man smoking a cigar after his recovery, he showed great uneasiness, and when induced to smoke he became as sick as though just learning.

Raschke showed great fear of a dog when first he saw one after returning consciousness, and the sight of a horse threw him into an absolute panic. Everything in the world is entirely new to him, and he takes great interest in the most commonplace things and occurrences.

Omaha surgeons pronounce it the most complete case of aphasia known, and say that the man may go through life with the first twenty-seven years of his existence a complete blank.

Chokes to Death Eating Meat.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Jan. 30.—A dozen foreigners discussed the meat boycott at breakfast in a Mulberry Alley boarding house to-day, and all except "Mic" Skovlac agreed to eat no meat. Skovlac, delighted with having the breakfast steak to himself, tackled it so violently that he choked to death with the first mouthful.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

MRS. JAMES SAVES "OLD FIRST" CHURCH

Wife's $180,000 Gift Completes Endowment Fund Begun by the Late D. Willis James.

ITS FUTURE NOW ASSURED

The Total Endowment of $300,000 Means That No Skyscraper Will Replace the Presbyterian Edifice.

The Rev. Dr. Howard Duffield, pastor of the Old First Presbyterian Church, at Fifth Avenue and Eleventh Street, announced at the service yesterday morning that the endowment fund of the church had been increased to $300,000 by a gift of $180,000 from Mrs. D. Willis James. For several years Dr. Duffield has been trying to prevent the destruction of the old church and the erection of a modern skyscraper on its site. He wished to raise an endowment fund sufficiently large to supply any deficit in the income of the church.

The trend of population northward and the change of the neighborhood from a residential district to a business centre had so decreased the size of the congregation that Dr. Duffield's efforts seemed doomed to failure. Mrs. James has now insured the preservation of the famous old edifice and has incidentally completed the labor of her husband, the late D. Willis James, who was one of the earliest and most generous contributors to the endowment.

Dr. Duffield said yesterday:

"Mrs. James by her openhanded liberality has put the whole community in her debt, for she has preserved to the city one of its choicest architectural treasures. She has laid the entire Presbyterian Communion under lasting obligation by securing against change its one really monumental property and its venerable Mother Church."

The church will celebrate its bi-centennial in 1916. Two hundred years ago it was organized with half a dozen members in a little house on Pearl Street. During its infancy it held its services in the City Hall.

Its earliest church building was on the north side of Wall Street, between Nassau Street and Broadway. During the Revolutionary War it was used as a riding school by the British troops. At the close of the Revolution the church was the first religious corporation organized under the first Legislature of the State, and its seal bears the inscription, "The First Church in the State of New York."

Dr. Duffield said yesterday that the church was a prime factor in the organizing and for long years the dominating influence in the controlling of Princeton University, Princeton Theological Seminary, and the Presbyterian Boards, both of Foreign and Home Missions. The Scotch Presbyterian Church, the Rutgers Riverside Church, the Fifth Avenue Church, the Brick Church, and the Spring Street Church, were all offshoots of this parent stock.

Presbyterian Hospital was organized in its lecture room, and the city block now occupied by the hospital buildings was the gift of one of its Trustees.

HASN'T SLEPT FOR 20 YEARS.

Wire Has Dropped from 280 to 200 Pounds, but Feels All Right.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKETTSTOWN, N. J., Jan. 30.—Alonzo Wire of this place, who for twelve years was head of the Police Department, says that for the last twenty years he has not closed his eyes in sleep. He came near it, he says, several times recently, when he found himself getting drowsy in front of a hot fire, but when he would attempt to take advantage of it and lie down to compose himself for the long-sought nap, sleep would flit away, and he would pass the night, as he passed so many others, in wide-eyed wakefulness.

He does not go to bed now, but reclines on a couch in the front room of his home, where, in the darkness, he allows his thoughts to wander and confuse themselves as they will in the nearest semblance to sleep of which he is capable. Neither Wire nor the physicians who have studied his case are able to assign a cause for the condition, nor can they explain why it is he has retained a state of robust health through all the years of insomnia.

The only result at all noticeable from Wire's long-continued wakefulness has been a loss of weight in the last score of years, amounting to between seventy-five and eighty pounds. He used to weigh nearly 280 pounds, and now tips the scales at barely 200. Wire believes that a stroke of lightning he received thirty years ago might have something to do with his peculiarity, though it happened years before he first suffered with insomnia.

BOY SCATTERS SHOW CROWD.

With an Empty Pistol He Emulates the Moving Picture Cowboy.

Moving pictures illustrating cowboy life interested fourteen-year-old Walter Williams of 5,713 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, last night as he sat in the Mystic Arcade, 5,712 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, to the point of emulation. As soon as the lights were on he jumped up, pushed his two boy companions out into the aisle, and, pulling from his hip pocket a 22-calibre pistol, pointed it at their feet and called out: "Dance, you tenderfeet!"

There were 200 people, mostly women and children in the theatre, and so lustily did Williams shout, and so freely did he swing his pistol, that there arose a commotion on all sides. Women screamed and made for the doors.

Charles J. Johnson, manager of the theatre, came hurrying down the aisle toward Williams. The boy swung the revolver in line with him.

"Hands up!" he called. Johnson took one jump over the orchestra railing and dived behind the piano.

Patrolman Cashman of the Fourth Avenue Station saw women hurrying out of the theatre. He ran in, saw Williams, and made for him. The boy, seeing him come, quietly held out the pistol reversed.

"Well, partner," said he, "I guess you've got the drop on me."

Cashman took him to the station and there found the pistol was quite empty of cartridges. They sent the boy to the Children's Society as a "juvenile delinquent," and will arraign him to-day in the Children's Court.

BRYN MAWR GIRL TELLS PRISON STORY

Miss Gruening, Jailed for Inciting Shirtwaist Strikers to Riot, Says She Didn't.

FOUND CELLS VILE PLACES

Girl Released from Philadelphia Prison Yesterday on Bail Is Daughter of New York Physician.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—Miss Martha Gruening related to-day her experiences during an imprisonment lasting from 5 o'clock Friday afternoon until 10 o'clock last night, following her arrest in connection with the shirtwaist strike. The treatment she received was, she said, unjust and most unpleasant. She added that conditions in Moyamensing Prison, to which, lacking bail, she had been taken, were disgusting.

"I was treated as if I had already been convicted of some crime instead of being before the law," she said, and her mother, who entered the room while her daughter was telling her story, added: "It is like going back into the Dark Ages."

The young woman is a graduate of Smith College, and last year did post-graduate work at Bryn Mawr. She makes her home in this city at 2015 Arch Street, and her father, Dr. Emil Gruening of New York, is a physician.

She has been much interested in the cause of the shirtwaist strikers, and, to assure herself of conditions prevailing, she went last Friday, in the guise of a striker, to the neighborhood of Epstein's factory at Fourth and George Streets. She did not go to do picket duty, or even as a woman's suffrage propagandist. She went merely, she says, as a quiet, dignified, earnest young woman, anxious to get facts there to aid her in the work in which she is engaged.

Called Suspicious Character.

"I wanted merely to see that justice was done all around," Miss Gruening declared. "I was quite alone, and after I had walked up and down the block several times Epstein came out of his factory and spoke to me.

"'You are a suspicious character,' he said. 'Go away from here.'

"Then he called the attention of a policeman to me. I walked away and joined at the corner some pickets whom I knew. One of these told me to take off the strike badge I was wearing. She said it would be likely to get me into trouble. I took off the badge and had crossed the street when I saw a police Sergeant turn in a call for a patrol wagon and a policeman, approaching me, told me I was under arrest.

"Remember that at no time did I stop in front of the Epstein factory and at no time did any crowd assemble around me until I had been taken into custody. Epstein and the Sergeant both entered the patrol wagon with me, and badgered me during the ride to the station house. There, when my name and address were made known, the manner of the police changed somewhat. I was taken to the matron's room.

"In a short time the patrol wagon was again heard outside, and the matron turned to me with a smile and said, 'There are more strikers.' They proved to be three girls, and I insisted on going into the room into which they were brought to see what charges were made against them and what would be done with them. They were ordered taken to cells, and I, after much insistence that it be done, was allowed to be put with them.

"All four of us were locked in one cell, a place so dirty that we were afraid even to sit down, although all of us were weary. Later two were placed elsewhere, and with one companion I spent the night without a bit of sleep, having to listen to the low songs and lower remarks of drunken men who were brought in from time to time.

Taken Breakfastless to Court.

"Breakfastless the next morning, we were taken out for our hearing before Magistrate Scott. I told my story. The Magistrate asked:

"'Why are you doing these things?'

"When I said it was because illegal arrests are being made, he declared: 'You have no legal or moral right to do what you have been doing, and it is your fault and the fault of women like you that this strike has not been settled long ago.'

"I was held in $500 bail for inciting to riot. No particle of evidence was produced to uphold such a charge. Each of my companions was held in $300 bail for breach of the peace. No bondsmen being on hand, we were taken back to our cells.

"Soon that horrible thing, that wagon known as the Black Maria, came, and in the filthy compartment for women in it all four of us began our trip to Moyamensing Prison. We begged for some air in the compartment, because we were growing ill from the foulness of the place. The police in charge of the wagon only grew more insolent, and told us gruffly to go to hell. Later the door was opened, and we thought our guard was to take pity on us and let us have a breath of fresh air. But, no. The door was opened only long enough for a dirty, drunken woman to be thrust in with us.

"At Moyamensing we were put in what is known as the twenty-four-hour cell, a room in which prisoners are kept until small cells are assigned to them.

Not Allowed to Telephone.

"I asked an official for permission to telephone my friends and tell them of my plight. This was denied me. I was told that while in Moyamensing I could write one letter a week. I at once wrote to Miss Young, a Social Settlement Worker. This was read by the officials and then my little pencil, with which I had written, was taken from me. I was treated, in short, as if I had actually been convicted of a crime, instead of being, as I should be under the law, deemed innocent until proved guilty.

"About noon yesterday I was assigned to a cell in which there was another woman. I asked to be allowed to bathe before being locked up, but this, too, was denied me. Coarse bread and soup were given us at noon, and our evening meal was bread and a molasses mixture which I could not eat. When my cell companion heard me asking the officials for a bath and I remonstrated at the treatment being accorded me she said, 'You'd better not talk back to those men, or they will put you in the black cell. And that's horrible.'

"I found, too, that it is against the rules of the prison to lie down either on the bed or the floor during the day.

"And so I sat up through those long, long hours—they seemed endless—until about 7 o'clock Saturday night I received a telephone message from Miss Young (I understood later that the delivery of this message was an unusual proceeding) saying she was doing all she could to get bail for me. This was most welcome news, as I really was becoming quite discouraged.

"At 10 o'clock my imprisonment came to an end, when Magistrate Gorman, with a bail bond, arrived and had me released."

COOK'S PRESENCE DENIED.

German Sanitarium Declares Report Regarding Explorer a Swindle.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—Exhaustive inquiries on behalf of THE NEW YORK TIMES fail to corroborate the circumstantial report that Dr. Cook was undergoing treatment at Dr. Fürer's sanitarium at Eberbach, Baden, until Friday night, when he is alleged to have decamped for Vienna. The sanitarium to-day, in response to my telegraphic request for information, declared "the Cook story is a swindle pure and simple."

The Lokal Anzeiger's Heidelberg correspondent affirms, on the other hand, that Dr. Cook was at the sanitarium under the name of Günther until the night before last, and that he was duly registered at Police Headquarters, but that the latter helped him to keep his identity secret.

Another newspaper report alleges that a warrant for Dr. Cook's arrest has reached Heidelberg.

MISS LEWIS DIES SUDDENLY.

Daughter of President of Tallahassee Bank, Stricken at the Marlborough.

Miss Mary E. Lewis, the daughter of William C. Lewis, President of the State Savings Bank of Tallahassee, Fla., died at the Hotel Marlborough just before midnight, last night. The cause of death, according to the Coroners' office, was paralysis. Mr. Lewis is also cashier of the First National Bank of Tallahassee.

About midnight Dr. Walter C. Gilday, the hotel physician, was called to the suite occupied by the Lewis family. It was soon after that that the Coroners' office was notified of the daughter's death. Owing to the shock and grief of the father and other members of the family it was impossible to obtain any particulars.

W. C. Lewis and his daughter have been stopping at the Marlborough, at Thirty-sixth Street and Broadway, since Jan. 16, last. The young woman was 18 years old.

BURIED IN A COAL POCKET.

Police and Firemen Struggle to Save Laborer Carried Down a Chute.

Nicholas Midrubach, a laborer in the pockets of J. R. Heinfrank's coalyard at the foot of East Eighty-second Street, was buried in a coal pocket there early this morning.

Midrubach had crawled into a chute, in which the coal is sent from the steamers into the pockets, to clear away a stoppage. He was carried down the chute by an onrush of the coal.

It was more than an hour later when the accident was discovered. The police and firemen were summoned and began digging for the man in the coal, which, owing to its shifting in the pocket made the work extremely dangerous.

At 3 o'clock this morning the rescuers had come upon the man's body, but could not get it out owing to the pressure of the coal upon it. He was dead.

PAULHAN IN HIGH ALTITUDE.

Flies in Salt Lake City, but Is Able to Go Up Only 300 Feet.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Jan. 30.—Louis Paulhan, the French aviator, made a flight of ten minutes at Agricultural Park to-day. He reached an altitude of 300 feet or 4,600 feet above sea level. He made an average speed of 30 miles an hour.

Paulhan said that because of the peculiar atmospheric conditions he was unable to reach a higher altitude. The flight was made in a temperature of 35 degrees, with a wind of five miles an hour.

PREDICTS A WORSE PANIC.

Prof. Carver Thinks That the Food Problem Will Bring It.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—Prof. Thomas Nelson Carver of Harvard, who predicted the panic of 1907, is quoted in a local newspaper as saying that the high prices of foodstuffs and the meat boycott are only the forerunners of a great financial panic which must come in a year or two.

"I will stake my reputation as an economist that in 1912 or 1913 this country will undergo one of the worst panics in its history," he went on. "The supply of foodstuffs in this country is becoming gradually, but surely, less than the demands of the public, and in my mind in not many years the United States will of necessity be obliged to import a large quantity of its meat and other foodstuffs."

WOMAN'S STRANGE DEATH.

Found Senseless in Alley, Doctors Can't Tell of What Cause She Died.

Detectives of the Charles Street Station tried without avail yesterday to learn the identity of a young woman about 28 years old, who died in St. Vincent's Hospital at 4 o'clock in the morning, two hours after she had been found unconscious in an alleyway leading to a building in the rear of 11 Cornelia Street. The woman was attired in a long blue cape, a kimono of ordinary quality, and a black skirt. She wore patent leather shoes and had no hat. She was slender, and her hair and complexion were light.

The neighborhood in which the woman was found is inhabited for the most part by negroes. At 2 o'clock in the morning Harry Beckman, a lodger in the house of Mrs. Mary Miller, at 11 Cornelia Street, heard groans in the alleyway adjoining, and, finding the woman, who was breathing heavily, he ran all the way to the Charles Street Station to tell of his discovery.

At the hospital, where the woman was taken immediately, physicians could not determine what caused her coma. She did not regain consciousness from the time she was found.

Dr. McReynolds, who attended the woman, said last night that upon her lip and right knee there were abrasions, while the pupil of her right eye was dilated. She showed no signs of alcoholism, however, and he was unable to tell what had caused her death.

Coroner Feinberg will have an autopsy performed to-day.

Manchesters Coming on Mauretania.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Duke and Duchess of Manchester are on their way to New York on the Mauretania, which sailed yesterday.

THIEF KILLS FATHER, THEN SHOOTS SON

Moses Gootman Murdered in Early Morning Fight with a Burglar in His Harlem Home.

STRUGGLE AWAKENED SON

Young Gutman, Attacked in Turn, Didn't Know He Was Hurt Till Taken to Hospital—No Clue to Murderer.

The killing of Moses Gootman, President of M. Gootman & Co., and the wounding of his son Isaac, a lawyer, by a burglar surprised at his work in the Gootman dining room on the first floor of 16 East 109th Street early yesterday morning have aroused the residents of that section of the upper east side and the police are exerting every energy to get a trace of the man who during the last few weeks has been robbing apartments just off Fifth Avenue and between 109th and 110th Streets.

Half a dozen robberies have occurred recently within a hundred yards of the Gootman home, but until yesterday morning the burglar had operated undisturbed, and it is thought that his success emboldened him so that he overstepped his usual caution.

The police and Headquarters detectives believe that all the robberies were committed by the same man. They are not sure whether he had a companion or not, but they say that burglars who operate as Gootman's slayer did usually work with another man.

Grappled With the Burglar.

Asleep in the Gootman apartment at midnight were Mr. Gootman and his son, Isaac Gutman, who spells his name unlike his father's; Louis Gutman, a brother; Mrs. Gootman, the mother, and the daughter, Henrietta. Mrs. Gootman and Henrietta slept in the front room, overlooking 109th Street. In the middle room slept Isaac and Louis. Mr. Gootman, the father, occupied a couch in the dining room. He had not been sleeping well for some time, for he had been troubled over the shirtwaist strike. His factory, at 465 Broome Street, was one of the first to be deserted by the striking shirtwaist makers. According to the story told yesterday afternoon by Isaac Gutman, as he lay on a cot in the Harlem Hospital, his father must have been awakened by the burglar and grappled with him in the darkness.

"I was awakened by the sound of a shot," said Isaac Gutman. "Springing out of bed, I started for the dining room, for the sound seemed to come from that way. I thought of burglars at once, owing to the many robberies that have occurred near here lately. Just as I reached the dining room there was another shot. I saw the bright flash. Running on toward the kitchen, I saw my father leaning up against the icebox, his arms over the top, and I knew at a glance that he had been shot, although there was hardly any light in the room.

"Outlined against the window I could see a man trying to get out. I started to grasp my father, who exclaimed, 'I am shot!' when the man in the window half turned, and there was another shot, and still another. The flash came right in my face and half blinded me. When I could see again the man was gone.

"I felt no pain, and did not think I had been hit at all. I put my arms around my father and assisted him into the dining room to the couch. The other members of the family were all there by that time, and I tried to do what I could for my father, while some one ran for a doctor. All of a sudden I felt faint, and the next I knew I was here in the hospital."

Son Hit in the Shoulder.

The young lawyer had been shot in the shoulder, but in his excitement he felt no pain until he recovered from his swoon. Two of the bullets from the burglar's revolver had found their way into the elder Gootman's body, one in the lungs, another in the heart. The revolver must have been pressed close to the body, for his underclothing was scorched.

Mr. Gootman could give no description of the man whom he had surprised in the act of robbing him, for when he tried to speak to the members of his family all that could be heard was "The man who—" then his words were unintelligible. He died before the Harlem Hospital ambulance arrived.

Louis Gutman could give the police no clue. He said he followed his brother Isaac to the dining room just after the first shot, but when he arrived the burglar was gone. The description given by Isaac Gutman is so vague that it is practically useless to the police. He says that the man who shot him was about 5 feet 6 inches tall and of stocky build. He could not see his face.

On the dining room table was found a burglar's lantern, an electric tube affair, which operates with a spring. The burglar had evidently dropped it when surprised by Mr. Gootman. The clothes lines outside the Gootman window had been cut, like those on the fire escape platform of the apartment above.

Whether the burglar jumped to the ground, vaulted over the rear yard fence, and escaped through one of the several cellar ways into 108th Street, or whether he ran up the fire escape to the roof and got away by that route is not known. The police are inclined to think he began his operations by gaining the roof through the apartment house at 26 East 109th Street, for the roof trap was found open there after daylight.

The police found that all of the apartments at 26 can be opened with the same key, and that one apartment on the top floor is vacant. Next door to this vacant apartment lives Mrs. James Cody. She said yesterday that she heard some one walking in the vacant apartment just after midnight.

"I had been hearing sounds of footsteps in there for several nights," said Mrs. Cody. "It is possible that the burglars might have reached the roof by going in there and climbing up the fire escape."

Once on the roof of any house in the block it would have been easy for a burglar either to gain entrance to the apartments through the rear windows or escape over the roofs in case of an alarm. Starting a few hundred feet east of Fifth Avenue, the roofs are on the same level all the way to Madison Avenue, along Madison Avenue to 108th Street, and along that street to Fifth Avenue. And the fire escape of each apartment house runs to the edge of the roof.

Looking for Ex-Convicts.

The police think the job was done by one of half a dozen burglars who were recently released from Sing Sing at the expiration of their terms. The detectives mean to seek out all of these.

All day yesterday the house at 16 East 109th Street was filled with friends of the dead man. Mr. Gootman was one of the most popular residents of that neighborhood, and other families who live in the same building said that he was known widely in that section of the city for his charity.

It was discovered yesterday that the burglar who shot Mr. Gootman and his son started in at the top of the apartment house at No. 16 some time around midnight and worked his way down to the first floor. He attempted to get into both the rear apartments on the third and fourth floors, but was frightened off.

But on the second floor, just over the Gootman home, he entered the apartment of David Goldsmith, sexton of the 109th Street synagogue, and got away with about $260 worth of jewelry and silverware. This was an hour or so before the shooting of Gootman and his son.

Mr. Goldsmith, his wife, and several children were asleep in the front of the apartment, which runs all the way from the front to the rear of the building. The kitchen, like those of all the apartments in the neighborhood, is in the rear and the dining room adjoins.

Dining Room Looted.

The door leading from the dining room to the sleeping rooms in the Goldsmith apartment was locked yesterday morning, but even if it had not been, it is unlikely the burglar would have penetrated further than the dining room, for in all the recent robberies in that neighborhood the burglar has confined himself to that room.

It was by the fire escape that the burglar gained the level of the second floor. With the aid of a slender-bladed knife he forced the bolt on the kitchen window and climbed in. He had taken the precaution, however, to cut away the clotheslines which hung just over the fire-escape landing, so that he would have a clear space to get away quickly in case he was disturbed.

The Goldsmiths slept soundly while their dining room was being looted. In a jewel box in the buffet were most of their jewels. These the burglar took. He apparently dumped the contents of the box on the top of the laundry tubs in the kitchen and selected what he wanted, for the box was found there later in the morning.

Among the jewelry reported missing by Mr. Goldsmith was a woman's watch, a four-foot gold chain, a gold charm set with pearls in the shape of a horseshoe, a gold locket, a brooch with ten diamonds, a long gold brooch set with pearls, two bracelets, and a charm in the shape of a six-pointed star, the insignia of the Order of David.

It was after having ransacked the Goldsmith flat that the burglar entered that of the Gootmans. It was then close on to 2:30 o'clock. Apparently the man set about investigating the Gootman apartment as he had done that of the Goldsmiths.

As was told in a late edition of THE TIMES yesterday, the burglar was moving about the kitchen of the flat when his movements aroused the elder Gootman.

The elderly manufacturer arose from bed, and, seeing no one, called out:

"Who's there?"

He received no response, and stepped through the dining room into the kitchen. As he crossed the threshold the burglar seized him by the throat. Mr. Gootman was able to gasp out a cry, however, and it aroused his son, Isaac, a lawyer.

The burglar heard the son moving about in another room, and holding Mr. Gootman by the throat with one hand he drew a revolver from his pocket, and, pressing its muzzle against Mr. Gootman's abdomen, he fired. His victim sank to the floor just as Isaac rushed toward them. The burglar pointed his weapon at the son and fired again. The bullet struck the young man in the chest and he fell to the floor senseless. The burglar disappeared through the window onto the fire escape and got away.

But it was not until long after the killing of Mr. Gootman that the robbery in the Goldsmith home was discovered. When the sound of the shots in the flat below was heard, Mr. Goldsmith and his family rushed downstairs, and for an hour or more they remained there. Then all went to bed again. Along about 8 o'clock Mr. Goldsmith was in the synagogue when his son, Abe, ran up to him and asked if he had taken the things out of Mrs. Goldsmith's jewel box. Mr. Goldsmith hastened home with his son and found that the burglar had been there before going down to the Gootman flat.

The stories of other robberies in the neighborhood began to come out early in the day, when the neighbors began to congregate at No. 16. Just across the rear yards from No. 16 a burglary which resembled in every way the work of Mr. Gootman's slayer was committed on Jan. 11. It was in the apartment of Mrs. Sarah Goldberg, at 17 East 108th Street, the rear windows of which look directly out on the rear windows of the Gootman home. Mrs. Goldberg and her two daughters were asleep when a burglar entered and ransacked the dining room, obtaining $25 in cash and a lot of jewelry and silverware, valued in all at $150.

When the family awoke at 8 o'clock in the morning they found the kitchen window open. It was suggested that the burglar might have used chloroform, but this is not believed by Mrs. Goldberg and her daughters. In the apartment house next door to that occupied by the Gootman family a burglary occurred three weeks ago which resembled in many ways that of yesterday.

The burglar entered the apartment of Mrs. Estelle Frost, at 18 East 109th Street, and got away with $25 in money, some silverware, and a suit of clothes belonging to William Frost, a son of Mrs. Frost. In the clothes were a watch and several checks, on which payment was stopped. The burglar entered the Frost home by forcing the bolt on the kitchen window. He used the fire escape on that job as well as the others.

Several months ago the apartment of Joseph Simon, in 108th Street, near Madison Avenue, was entered during the night, and $200 in money disappeared from the dining room.

Inspector McCafferty called all the detectives that he could reach from all the Manhattan and Bronx bureaus to Headquarters, and was closeted with them for more than an hour late yesterday afternoon. After the conference the Inspector said he had given the men a "sort of a description" of the murderer and urged them to make every effort for his capture.

SHOOTS HIS PLAYMATE.

Boy Hit Just as His Father Was Seventeen Years Ago.

Paul Kohloff, aged 8, and his five-year-old brother, George Washington, were standing in front of their home at 163 East 126th Street last night at 6:30 o'clock when nine-year-old Frank Smith came along with his air rifle. He stopped and gave an exhibition of his marksmanship upon some pigeons in the street. He was entirely unsuccessful, and then, according to Paul, pointed his gun at George Washington Kohloff.

"Don't shoot him," Paul quoted himself later as saying to Frank Smith.

"Well, he told me to shoot him," answered Frank, according to Paul, whereupon he pulled the trigger. The bullet struck George Washington Kohloff just above the right eye. He fell to the pavement, screaming, and Frank Smith ran home. The injured boy was hurried away to Harlem Hospital.

The doctors hadn't located the bullet early last night. Dr. McDonald said that if it hadn't struck the boy glancingly it would certainly have killed him. There is a possibility that he may die. Frank Smith was arrested at his home.

Paul Kohloff, Sr., the lad's father, was shot just above the right eye seventeen years ago, losing the sight of that eye. When his younger son was born five years ago on Washington's Birthday, he wrote to President Roosevelt, saying that he was going to name him after the first President. Mr. Roosevelt congratulated him on that fact in a letter, which he has preserved.

STREET CAR KILLS BIG SNAKE.

Spares Jersey City Police the Trouble—Escaped from a Menagerie.

Policeman Harry Lockwood stopped short a few feet from a long, black object that stretched partly across Communipaw Avenue, at West Side Avenue, Jersey City, last night at 11 o'clock. He made out that it was the form of a snake. He reached forward and touched the nearest section of its body, and the tail wriggled. Lockwood leaped away.

After telephoning to the Communipaw Police Station for two reserves, Lockwood stationed himself on Communipaw Avenue, a hundred feet west of the monster, and stopped all persons who approached. He told them that a snake at least eighteen feet long and five inches thick lay across the road. Three of the corners at Communipaw and West Side Avenues are occupied by saloons and the fourth by a sanitarium. The pedestrians had almost argued out the question which of these Lockwood had come from when the two reserves rushed up.

They approached the snake from three sides. Lockwood, more familiar with the monster and less afraid of it, walked closer to it now than ever. The tail wriggled no more. Lockwood saw that it had been cut in three pieces by a trolley car, perhaps half an hour before.

The three policemen traced the snake's trail back to a menagerie down on Communipaw Avenue, nearly a mile west of West Side Avenue. It was a Brazilian black snake.

PINCHOT MAY TELL HIS STORY TO-DAY

Attorneys Opposed to Ballinger Confer on Testimony to be Offered This Week.

KINKAID IS NOT BLAMED

Representative's Interest in Alaskan Coal Land Considered Proper—Ballinger to be Asked About Hitchcock.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Is is likely that Gifford Pinchot, the expelled Chief Forester, will take the stand in the Ballinger investigation either at the special hearing before the joint committee to-morrow or at one of the regular hearings later in the week. Mr. Glavis will again attend the hearings to-morrow, though his direct testimony is concluded, in order that he may be cross-questioned. Some of the committee members have already expressed their desire to ask him a few questions relating to his testimony against the Secretary of the Interior.

A conference was held to-day by the attorneys representing the prosecution in the Ballinger investigation to determine what course shall be taken by the friends of Gifford Pinchot during the coming week. Among those who participated were Charles Pepper, counsel for Pinchot; Louis Brandeis, and J. B. Cotton, counsel for Louis Glavis.

It was learned to-day that counsel for Glavis have no intention to charge that the conduct of Representative Moses P. Kinkaid of Nebraska was in any way improper. A search of the records, it is stated, disclosed the fact that Mr. Kinkaid became an applicant for a quarter section a month after the bill of May 28, 1908, creating a new law for the Alaska coal lands was passed in the House. Mr. Kinkaid voted for this measure.

Counsel for Glavis said to-day that Mr. Kinkaid had as much right to become an applicant for a section of the coal lands as any other citizen of the United States. The testimony involving the two representatives, it is learned, was introduced solely for the purpose in one instance of showing that Secretary Ballinger had called off Glavis when he intended to interview Mr. McLachlan of California, and in the other to demonstrate that instead of having only formal knowledge of these cases, Mr. Ballinger, by reason of acting as counsel for the two Representatives must have had full knowledge of them.

If present plans are carried out, more will be heard about the manner in which Postmaster General Hitchcock was to be consulted in the matter of appointing special agents. If Secretary Ballinger takes the witness stand, it is probable that counsel for Pinchot will ask him to explain the meaning of his letter to Schwartz.

STOLE METER, LET GAS FLOW.

Thieves' Visit Endangered Tenants of Jersey Dwelling.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 30.—James Cooper of 24 Essex Street awoke at 6 o'clock this morning smelling gas. He lives on the third floor. He traced the odor to the first floor and heard groans in the rooms of Frederick De Graw. He got permission from the police to break open the door, and found Mr. and Mrs. De Graw unconscious. They were taken to the General Hospital.

The escaping gas was traced to the cellar, where it was found that gas meter thieves had broken the meter away from its fastenings, allowing the gas to flow unchecked. The meter was found an hour later a block away.

When You Buy a Pianola Piano This is What You Obtain

1. The product of the greatest house in the musical industry of the world.

2. An instrument that has received the endorsement of practically every living musician of note.

3. A piano that has in a few years, revolutionized the piano industry and is being more extensively imitated than any musical instrument ever produced.

4. A piano that you can play artistically, even though you know nothing of the rudiments of music.

5. A piano that is a perfect piano for hand-playing.

6. The only piano containing the PIANOLA, known throughout the world as the STANDARD Piano-player.

7. The only instrument containing the famous METROSTYLE, without which prominent musicians have stated they would not consider any Piano-player.

8. The only instrument containing the THEMODIST which brings out the melody clearly above the accompaniment.

9. The only instrument with a perfect device for graduating the accompaniment so that it rises and falls with the flow of the melody.

10. An instrument equipped with the latest Full Scale device, playing the entire range of the piano's keyboard (88 notes).

11. The instrument which enjoys a far larger sale than any other of its type.

12. The instrument chosen by the experts of over thirty of our battleships, that has been bought by many prominent statesmen, financiers, captains of industry and others who may be expected to own the best article of its kind.

13. The instrument which numbers among its patrons, Emperor William of Germany, the Austrian Emperor, nearly all the members of the English Royal family, the King of Spain, the King of Portugal, the Queen Dowager of Italy, and many foreign celebrities.

14. Access to the greatest music library ever known—over 15,000 compositions representing every kind and class of music.

15. A possession that will bring pleasure to *every* member of the family, and will prove a greater addition to the home than any single article that it is possible to buy.

CAUTION: No instrument is a PIANOLA unless made by the Aeolian Company. "PIANOLA" is NOT a general name for all Piano-players.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY, AEOLIAN HALL, 362 Fifth Ave., Near 34th Street, NEW YORK.

TOM JOHNSON ILL HERE.

Cleveland's ex-Mayor Keeps Secluded, but Dictates Business Mail Daily.

Tom L. Johnson, ex-Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio, who was defeated for re-election last year, has been at the Prince George Hotel, 14 East Twenty-eighth Street, for the last three weeks, so ill that he has ordered that he be disturbed as little as possible. Dispatches from Cleveland say that he is suffering from cirrhosis of the liver, but that was denied by his son Loftin, who lives here.

Mr. Johnson has seen few people outside of his son and his physician, Dr. Thomas T. Gaunt of 547 Fifth Avenue. The fact that he calls in a stenographer every day and dictates a number of business letters indicates that he is not nearly so weak and ill as the Cleveland dispatches make out.

Mr. Johnson had been Mayor for eight years up to his defeat at the last election. He made a hard fight for three-cent car fares in Cleveland. He was worn out and worried after the last election, when he said that he was going to take his first long rest in eight years.

71ST VETERAN A SUICIDE.

Andrew Behr, Who Was in the Cuban Campaign, Shoots Himself.

Andrew Behr, who as a private soldier in the Seventy-first New York Regiment was in the Cuban Campaign, walked from Mrs. Peters's boarding house, 1,677 Forty-fourth Street, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon to Ditmars and Gravesend Avenues. He had not been able to hold a job since the war, and for two months had had no work at all.

At Gravesend Avenue he had to stop for a funeral was passing—a hearse and six coaches. People saw him from the windows of houses stand for some minutes as the procession went on to Greenwood. Then they saw him draw a revolver and place it against his temple. With the report and smoke he fell to the sidewalk.

Dr. Flannigan of the Kings County Hospital took him there. He died at 8 o'clock last night, four hours after shooting himself.

FEAR FOR YACHT PARTY.

Boat Wrecked on Florida Coast May Be C. F. Sparks's.

APALACHICOLA, Fla., Jan. 30.—The wreck reported on St. Andrews's Bar in Friday's storm has been identified as the yacht Willena of St. Louis, Mo., bound for Havana, Cuba. She was temporarily disabled and in tow of a tug, but, parting her cable, attempted to make St. Andrews and went ashore.

The tug then put to sea with all aboard, and made port safely in St. Joseph Bay. The Willena is a total loss.

ALTON, Ill., Jan. 30.—Friends in this city are worried for the safety of C. F. Sparks, a wealthy milling man, and his family, in the belief that the yacht Willena, wrecked off the Florida Coast, may be the boat in which the family has been cruising in the Gulf of Mexico.

Sparks, with his wife, son, and daughter, left here Nov. 15 in a new ocean-going yacht, a sixty-footer, which had not been christened when it departed.

The last heard of the party was two weeks ago, when it was reported at Hobe Sound, on the Florida East Coast.

THE HOOKWORM HERE.

City Hospital Doctor Says a Score of Cases Have Reached Him.

The hookworm has entered New York. Dr. Harlow Brooks, a visiting physician on the staff of the City Hospital at Blackwell's Island, said yesterday that he had treated a considerable number of cases in the last few months.

The only one he knew of that developed within easy distance of New York, however, was that of an Irishman who worked as a rock driller in the reservoir construction at Brewster. The patient was taken to the City Hospital two months ago, suffering severely. Dr. Brooks decided that he had a bad case of hookworm. It took six weeks to cure him.

A score of hookworm cases have been received at the same hospital in the last six months, according to Dr. Brooks, while other hospitals have had a smaller share of them.

"The hookworm which we have come across in this city is not the American variety for the most part," said Dr. Brooks. "It has been found in the cases of laborers who have come from Italy and other countries. We have received some cases from the South, too. Only three months ago some twenty men who had enlisted as army recruits after coming here from North Carolina were found to be sufering from the disease.

"It is likely that the infection may become more generally spread here eventually, especially among those who work in the earth. Hundreds of men have flocked here recently to take positions in subway or in water works construction, and quite a number of them have brought the hookworm along. There is no need of any anxiety about this, however, as, taken in the early stages, the disease is easily cured. Its premonitory symptoms are extreme lassitude, anaemia, and paleness. It ordinarily takes only a few days to effect a cure."

EJECTED COACHMAN SUES.

Wants $2,000 from Irving Roberts, Co-Heir of $1,500,000.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 30.—James D. Beaver of this place has sued for $2,000 Irving Roberts of Highland, son of Dr. Charles Roberts, who died a year ago, leaving $1,500,000. The suit alleges an assault upon Beaver by Roberts. On the night of Dec. 2 Roberts, assisted by Lee Anderson, who had been in the employ of the family for several years as coachman, ejected from the premises Beaver and Robert J. Shelly, who had been engaged as coachmen by Miss Frances Roberts, Irving Roberts's sister.

Beaver had Roberts arrested, and when the case was tried before Justice Elting and a jury at Highland, Roberts was found not guilty. Now Beaver seeks redress in the Supreme Court.

Miss Frances Roberts, it seems, owned only one horse, and her brother could not understand why she wanted two coachmen, particularly as Anderson was still in the service of the family, caring for the solitary horse. Miss Frances Roberts and Irving Roberts share equally with the other children in the estate left by their father.

About five years ago Miss Frances Roberts brought proceedings to have her father declared incompetent. Judge Herrick heard the case, and Dr. Charles W. Pilgrim, Superintendent of the Hudson River State Hospital, swore that Dr. Roberts was perfectly sane.

SWOPE INQUEST SOON.

Coroner, Prosecutor and Estate's Attorney Go to Consult Scientists.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 30.—That a Coroner's inquiry into the deaths of Thomas H. Swope and his nephew, Chrisman Swope, will begin here this week is almost certain. Dr. Ludwig Hektoen, criminal expert and pathologist, will probably come to testify.

The necessity of Dr. Hektoen's visit to Kansas City is to be determined by Dr. B. F. Zwart, County Coroner, on his visit to Chicago. With John G. Paxton, an attorney for the Swope family, and Virgil Conkling, Prosecuting Attorney, Dr. Zwart left for Chicago to-night. They will talk with Dr. Walter Haines, Dr. V. C. Vaughn, and Dr. Hektoen, the scientists who have been conducting the chemical and pathological examinations of portions of the bodies of the Swopes.

"The extra work has not been finished," a friend of the Swope family said to-day, "and it may be possible that the Swope attorneys and the other men who are investigating the case may have to wait several days in Chicago before the word comes to them that every available line has been gone over. However, the indications are that the scientists have everything ready."

HONDURAS WON OVER ON KNOX DEBT PLAN

Agrees That It Would Benefit if American Syndicate Reorganized Its Finances.

PLAN EXTENDED TO AFRICA

Liberia Also May Have Its Troublesome Debts Taken Over by Americans, Backed by Government.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Confirmation of reports that the State Department was endeavoring to have the debts of Honduras taken over by an American syndicate was given in an informal statement issued by the department to-night. It was also stated that Honduras had been brought to see that such an arrangement would be beneficial. Furthermore, it is understood that this policy of the State Department is likely to be extended to Africa, as informal negotiations are pending whereby American capital will be used in Liberia under the guidance, or at least the encouragement, of the department for the tranquilization of this other small and debt-ridden republic.

The informal statement on the Honduran problem follows:

> For some years the large foreign debt of Honduras and the chaotic condition of Honduran finance had been known to be the principal factor in the weakness of that republic, which made it a frequent battleground in the tumultuous course of Central American affairs. It had been recognized that to have an American syndicate fund the whole Honduran debt upon a just basis and to make provision for railway extension and other progressive improvements would be as great a factor as could be found in the search for means to insure tranquility to these republics. The department has now elicited Honduras's appreciation of these facts.

Friendly to Latin America.

This plan is intimately associated with the whole course of our relations with Central America. The friendly financing of the country by a private American concern is expected to renew something of the feeling of friendly confidence that Secretary Root worked so hard to inaugurate. In the face of much criticism Mr. Knox has continued to strive for the increase of this country's prestige in a friendly sense with Latin America.

It has been understood all along that Mr. Knox's idea of prestige and its practical value meant the spreading of the trade of the United States. His sharp stand in the Chilean affair and in regard to Nicaragua have been commented upon as a step toward the assertion of political dominion if not of a substantial protectorate. But it is now believed that the object was solely to make American investments and operations in foreign lands secure by showing to foreigners that those interests must be respected.

The strong methods resorted to with that end in view undoubtedly caused widespread alarm in Latin America, but the State Department is thought to have reason to hope, as a result of Honduras's reception of our overtures, that fear of American aggression is dying down, and that close trade relations may be resumed and strengthened.

Liberia Menaced By Debts.

With Liberia matters have not yet progressed so far as with Honduras. Not long ago a commission visited the country, and their report showed that if its integrity was to be assured a reorganization of its finances was necessary. Such reorganization would naturally come through American agency, and even the appointment of an American Collector of Customs was not scouted.

The instability that has manifested itself in Liberia—an instability that has increased by the encroachments of foreign colonies on her frontier—was explained to consist largely in her many small debts. These are largely held by British capitalists and it seemed to be British interference that was most feared. It is thought that the remedy might well be a refunding of the foreign debts by an American syndicate along the lines taken in the case to Honduras.

Exactly how far the department has gone does not appear, but it is intimated that the Senate may soon be called on to ratify conventions and establish a status whereby American financing of the little country would be made safer from the investor's point of view. It is said that a group of American capitalists has expressed its willingness to undertake the task if some guarantees could be secured. It is these guarantees that the department is said to be anxious to put in treaty form.

The political effect of such a move in the African republic would probably be small, except in so far as the policy of the plan is in line with Secretary Knox's known ambitions to expand America's foreign trade relations.

20 CENTS A DAY FOR FOOD.

Harvard Professor Says It Is Enough for a Workingman.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 30.—Arguing that a workingman can easily live on 20 cents a day and avoid meat, Dr. Franklin White, Harvard's expert on dietetics, today said:

"It is not only possible to live on 20 cents a day, but to do it would result in better health. People are complaining of the high cost of food, but it seems as if most of us forget the really cheap food. Take cornmeal, for example, which costs 3 cents a pound. A third of a pound, or a cent's worth, of cornmeal will make a large quantity of mush, probably more than the average appetite demands. With oleomargarine and some cheap syrup it makes a satisfying, nourishing meal. Two cents' worth of syrup would give the sugar element. A man could do hard labor on such a meal, the entire cost of which would be about 4 cents.

"Another cheap basis for a full meal is the potato. To be sure, the potato by itself is not appetizing enough, but a man can use boiled potatoes and get his flavor from smoked herring. It is not generally appreciated, I fear, that a herring is a better value for one's money in flavor and food value than is a more expensive fish, such as cod. A herring can be purchased for a cent, and in some places herrings are sold at two for a cent. As for the flavor, a couple of herrings with boiled potatoes, olomargarine, and salt will make the meal really appetizing."

CHASED BY A WILDCAT.

Bert Donaldson Drove It Off with an Ammonia Gun.

Special to The New York Times.

FAIRFIELD, N. J., Jan. 30.—Bertram Donaldson of Caldwell, driving a horse attached to a cutter sleigh, came into this place this afternoon with his horse's flanks heaving.

"A little after I left Caldwell," he explained to the crowd around the drug store, "I heard a terrible meowing behind me. I looked back. I saw a wildcat, gray and twice as big as a house tomcat. He was rushing down on me, a hundred feet away. His eyes were blazing green. I whipped up my mare. For a quarter of a mile she held her own with the wildcat, and then she began to slow down. But her speed had given me time to think. I reached down into the sleigh and pulled out my ammonia pistol and pointed it at the wildcat. The stream of ammonia struck him in the middle of the forehead and splattered into both eyes.

"He gave several piercing cries, turned a complete somersault, and then began wobbling back down the road. I carry the pistol with me on country roads to use on dogs that dash out at me."

The best definition of fact is what our personal experience has proven.

LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES of a "vintage"

CHIEF FEAR OF PARIS NOW IS AN EPIDEMIC

Continued from Page 1.

the Government and the municipality, more than $250,000 from the fund raised by the newspapers has been handed over to the various relief societies and the local authorities of the various towns and villages near Paris. The press refers gratefully to the spontaneous help coming from abroad, and makes particular mention of the evidences of sympathy from the United States.

At a meeting of the Municipal Council yesterday one of the members protested against the exaggerations now being spread in various countries, representing that Paris would become a vast necropolis after the water subsides, because of the germ-infected houses. It is pointed out that the Government has taken the most elaborate precautions and that there is absolutely nothing to fear if the public follows the instructions issued by the Board of Health.

OPERA BENEFIT ARRANGED.

Full Programme of Manhattan Performance for Flood Sufferers.

Mary Garden has spent the last three days in a continuous state of excitement over the performance which she is arranging for the benefit of the flood sufferers of Paris, and which will take place at the Manhattan Opera House next Monday afternoon. Late Saturday night her enthusiasm reached such a pitch that she insisted on taking a motor ride down to the Manhattan Opera House to discuss the final details of the affair with Arthur Hammerstein and to send some telegrams to artists who are not in New York.

Last night everything was prepared. Miss Garden will be heard in acts from three operas, two of them operas which she has never sung in New York. These are "Romeo et Juliette," in which she will be heard in the fourth act, and "Manon," in which she will sing the St. Sulpice scene.

All the members of the Manhattan Opera company, including Mme. Tetrazzini, who is now on a concert tour, and Mme. Cavalieri, have agreed to appear. The complete programme follows:

1. "Romeo et Juliette," fourth act, with Miss Mary Garden, Mme. Duchene, Messrs. Dalmores, Dufranne, and Huberdeau, and Mr. de la Fuente directing.
2. (a) Orville Harrold in an aria to be announced later.
   (b) Mlle. Gerville-Reache; aria to be announced later.
3. "La Boheme," third act—Miles. Cavalieri and Trentini and Messrs. McCormack and Sammarco. Mr. Anselmi, conductor.
4. Mme. Tetrazzini; selection to be announced later.
5. "Thais," (second act, first scene;) Miss Mary Garden, Messrs. Renaud and Dalmores. To be followed by the intermezzo-meditation. Mr. de la Fuente directing.
6. Miss Maude Allan in "The Vision of Salome." Mr. Nicosia conducting.
7. (a) Nicola Zerola; aria to be announced later.
   (b) Mlle. Margarita D'Alvarez; aria to be announced later.
8. "Manon," (Massenet,) third act, St. Sulpice scene, with Miss Mary Garden, Messrs. Dalmores and Huberdeau. Mr. De la Fuente directing.

The arias will also be accompanied by orchestra.

The usual opera prices will prevail, boxes, $50 and $25; seats, $5 to $1.

Before his sermon yesterday morning the Rev. A. V. Wittmeyer, pastor of the Eglise de St. Esprit, 45 and 47 East Twenty-seventh Street, asked his congregation to subscribe toward the fund for the sufferers in Paris. As it was a small church, he said, he thought his flock should contribute $100. Those who had money with them gave it for the special collection, and others promised to send enough to make up the stipulated amount.

Replying to a message sent to him by the New York Italian Chamber of Commerce, expressing sympathy for the flood sufferers, Ambassador Jusserand has sent the following to Luigi Solari, President of the Chamber:

> The brotherly sympathies which you send to me in the name of your Italian compatriots will touch deeply the French Nation. I thank you with all my heart.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—A cablegram was received from Paris to-night thanking Massachusetts people for the sum of $50,000 forwarded Saturday for the relief of the flood sufferers in Paris. Translated, it read:

> Profoundly touched by the admirable generosity with which the people of Massachusetts have responded to the appeal of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, the Government of the Republic of France addresses you and requests you to express to them its profound gratitude. Let us shake hands heartily.

The cablegram was addressed to Bernard J. Rothwel, President of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, and was signed by Albert Garrant, Under Secretary of State.

MOORE ON CAUSE OF FLOOD.

Ascribes Heavy Rains to Abnormal Distribution of Atmospheric Pressure.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Willis L. Moore, Chief of the United States Weather Bureau, said to-day that an abnormal distribution of atmospheric pressure was responsible for the heavy rains and resultant destructive floods which have played havoc in Paris and the surrounding French provinces. He says a remarkable persistence of abnormally low barometric pressure has been shown over the Iceland area and adjacent European coasts. While great cyclonic areas prevailed in the high latitudes of the Pacific Ocean and in the Bering Sea, barometric pressure, he points out, was unusually high over Siberia, the Azores, and the tropical and subtropical regions of the Pacific.

That Americans are safer in Paris than they would be if they attempted to leave the city is the opinion expressed by Consul General Mason in response to many inquiries received by him through the State Department. He suggests that Americans should remain in Paris until conditions become settled. He has found no instance in which any American has suffered seriously from the effects of the flood.

ITALIAN FLOODS CONTINUE.

Po Threatens Overflow—Tiber Higher Than Recent Records.

ROME, Jan. 30.—Although the weather conditions have improved throughout Italy, reports are still being received of the flooding of much territory. The River Po threatens to overflow its banks, and at some points landslides have occurred.

Dispatches from Perugia say that the River Tiber continues to rise and is now three feet above the highest level of the last flood.

Perhaps you want a high-class Boarding House? See Page 15.

HERE they come—*Millions* of people right by your office every week of the year—*If* your office is here.

The MARBRIDGE

Broadway, 34th & 35th Streets.
Representative on premises.
Or your own broker.

Landay
400 Fifth Av
(Opp. Tiffany's.)
27 West 34th St.
(McCreery's side.)
OUR BOOK "How to Care for Your 'Victor'" Free on request.

PRINCETON OFFICIALS DENY ALUMNI BREAK

No Dispute with President Wilson, They Say, Over the Question of the "Quad" System.

DELAY TAKING $500,000 GIFT

But the Trustees Hope Soon to Settle the Terms Governing Proctor Fund for a Graduate School.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 30.—Reports that there is a serious break between the majority of the Alumni of Princeton University and the administration as represented by President Woodrow Wilson as a result of an alleged agitation of residential quadrangles as a substitute for the present social system of the students were declared to-day by prominent officials of the university to be grossly exaggerated.

The Board of Trustees has under consideration the acceptance of a gift of $500,000 for a graduate college from William C. Proctor, '83, of Cincinnati, which is given on condition that another $500,000 be raised by May 1, and that certain other conditions made by the donor are complied with, one of these being the abandonment of the "Prospect" site. There was difficulty in choosing a site, and alumni of Princeton in New York were quoted yesterday as saying that the approval of the location of the graduate school upon the "Prospect" site would mean the introduction of the "quad" system, which is opposed by them.

It was asserted authoritatively to-day that not only has the "Prospect" site been abandoned, but that the adoption of the "quad" system has not been agitated and has nothing to do with the acceptance of the graduate school gift. It was stated to-night that while there is a universal desire to accept Mr. Proctor's gift a delay has occurred because some important question of education and administration policy with regard to the development of the graduate school has arisen concerning which the trustees will consult further with the donor and report at an adjourned meeting on Feb. 10.

The graduate council issued the following statement to-night:

"The Graduate Council has taken no action nor expressed any opinion on the graduate school matter. It is a matter solely for the trustees of the university to settle. They will undoubtedly decide the question in a manner best calculated to serve Princeton's interests."

5-CENT EXCESS FARE UPHELD.

But Railroad Must Give Reasonable Time for Redemption of Receipts.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—In a decision made to-day the Public Service Commission, Second District, sustains the legality of the practice of railroad companies in collecting a five-cent excess fare for passengers not holding tickets on interurban and other trips where tickets are required, and the issuance of redeemable receipts therefor. The commission rules that the companies should allow three months from date of issue for redemption of the ticket. The decision was made in the complaint of James Morris of Albion, N. Y., against the Buffalo, Lockport & Rochester Railway Company.

In the opinion, prepared by Commissioner Martin S. Decker, the commission rules:

> An interurban railroad company is entitled to make proper regulations for the collection of its fares and requiring a passenger at a ticket station to purchase a ticket for delivery to the conductor, with provision in case of failure for collection of an excess charge of 5 cents to be refunded at any ticket office upon demand is reasonable.
>
> Where an interurban electric railroad company has provided a sufficient number of ticket stations properly distributed along its line, with numerous stops at non-ticket points to take on and discharge passengers, and where the percentage of unredeemed duplex receipts for required excess cash fares is small, showing that convenient opportunities for redemption of duplex receipts exist and are actually used by passengers paying the excess fare, the exaction of a five-cent excess fare with redeemable duplex receipt issued thereon is not unreasonable or unjust.
>
> A time limitation for redemption of duplex excess fare receipts should be sufficiently long to cover inadvertent omissions to promptly present the duplex receipts for redemption. Respondent's time limitation of thirty days for redemption of its duplex excess fare receipts held unreasonable and unjust, and such time limitation to be reasonable and just should not be less than three months from the date of issue, and should be plainly shown upon respondent's duplex receipts.

CHECKS GET HIM IN TROUBLE.

Adjuster Locked Up on a Charge of Passing Worthless Paper.

Robert Hawk, who told the police that he was an adjuster for the firm of Crow & Hawk, 11 Broadway, and gave his address as the Hotel Bayard, was arrested last night at 7:30 o'clock as he was leaving an apartment house at 219 West Eighty-fourth Street in company with a young woman who refused to give her name.

At Police Headquarters he was charged with grand larceny. The apartment house at which Hawk was arrested is the same as that in which lived Kitty Dowdell and May Williams, alias May Roberts, concerned in the Van Norden robbery case.

At Headquarters it was said that Hawk is accused of passing worthless checks on various Broadway cafés. The manager of the Hofbrau Haus, Broadway and Thirtieth Street, reported to the police that Hawk had presented a check drawn on the Pittsburg Real Estate Trust Company and signed by himself for $125 on Jan. 19, and that the check was returned within a few days marked "no funds." He is also accused of having passed a worthless check for $25 on C. C. Shayne & Co., furriers, and on the Ansonia Club, 154 West Forty-fifth Street, for $78 and $51.50, respectively, on the night of Jan. 22. These checks were also returned within a few days.

When searched at Headquarters various papers relating to civil suits were found in his pockets. There were also several summonses relating to his business as an adjuster. Hawk also tore up several papers before the police had an opportunity to examine them.

Packard
MOTOR CARS
"ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE"
Packard Motor Car Co. of N.Y.
1861 BROADWAY

PEASE

Half the Piano Business

of New York city to-day consists of Player-Pianos; it's something that has changed the entire character of the trade; the "player" has made the piano of interest to **men**; to those men who are fond of music and do not have the time to learn to play by hand.

PEASE PLAYER PIANOS

are of especial interest to those who believe that simplicity is desirable; there's nothing intricate in their construction and **any one** can quickly operate them understandingly.

Best of all, when you buy a Pease Player your music roll exchange is **absolutely free.**

Write for catalog and particulars of our music plan.

PEASE PIANO CO.,
128 West 42d St.,
near Broadway, N. Y.
Brooklyn Branch: 34 Flatbush Av.
Newark Branch: 10 New St.

Go to
California
over the line of
Electric Block Signals

Ride in safety and comfort, surrounded by all the modern railroad conveniences on electric-lighted trains. Dining car meals and service "Best in the World."

New Steel Equipment
Dustless—Perfect Track

Union Pacific
Southern Pacific

J. B. DeFRIEST, G. E. Agt.,
287 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Globe-Wernicke
'Phone 3870 Franklin

All that is worthy of floor-space in your office—In efficiency, quality, workmanship and finish is represented by this trade-mark:

Globe-Wernicke Office Equipment

including Filing Cabinets, Transfer Files, Card Indexes, Elastic Bookcases, Desks and Chairs are sold at uniform prices to all.

Complete equipments of any size—ready for immediate delivery.

380–382 Broadway
New York

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
An old friend of the family
ESTABLISHED 1866

Huyler's COCOA
Served to children at Breakfast, Lunch and Supper insures their healthful growth.
PUREST & BEST IN THE WORLD

ELECTRICITY—
The Silent Servant

House wiring is a strong specialty of ours. Residences wired in full occupancy without damage to walls or decorations. Cost moderate—comparatively no annoyance to inmates.

C. C. Bohn Electric Co.,
780 Sixth Ave., near 44th St.

OLD CROW RYE
GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.
SOLD EVERYWHERE

POST CARD CRUSADE FOR CHEAPER MEAT

Women Here to Ask All the Country to Appeal Thus to Taft to Break the Trust.

BOYCOTT SPREADING FAST

Anti-Meat Clubs Organized in Some of the Hotels—55,000 Posters Tell of the Work.

A postal card appeal to President Taft asking him to take immediate steps to break the Meat Trust's grip on the country is the latest plan of some of the leaders in the fast-spreading meat boycott movement. Mrs. Anita Comfort Brooks, President of the Gotham Club, announced this yesterday. She has already written to the President, and on Saturday she received a reply.

"I wrote to the President on Friday," said Mrs. Brooks, "asking him to help us to destroy the Meat Trust, and I underlined the words three times. Mr. Taft is a just, capable, and big-hearted man, and I feel confident that he will do something in the matter to help the women of America in their efforts to reduce the cost of living.

"I have asked each member of the Gotham Club to send out postal cards to people all over the country appealing to them to stop eating meat, and I have sent out 1,000 myself. Miss Jessie Allen Fowler, the artist, has given me the use of her studio at 18 East Twenty-second Street on Tuesday next from 12 to 1, which will hold 250 people. I have invited a number of well-known public-spirited women to come and make brief addresses on the vital question of the hour.

"On Friday, Feb. 4, an all-day convention of the Federation of Women's Clubs of America will be held at the Hotel Astor, beginning at 10 A. M., and lasting until 5 P. M., with an interval at noon for luncheon. I am going to put forward a resolution requesting the members of all the women's clubs in the United States to use their influence to induce every woman in the country to send a penny postal card to President Taft asking him to kill the Meat Trust, and I am sure it would be effective."

Mrs. Brooks said there will be a mass meeting on Friday night, or Saturday of this week, held under the auspices of the Gotham Club, to protest against the high prices of the necessities of life. Among those who have promised to speak are the Rev. Dr. Madison C. Peters, Capt. Charles C. Cook, Dr. Charles S. Pease, the vegetable food expert; Dr. Eugene Christian, Mrs. Thomas K. Vivian, President of the National Californian Society; Mrs. H. May Davis, President of the Californians' Club; Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Lease, the lawyer, and Z. W. Dodge.

After attacking the Meat Trust Mrs. Brooks will turn her attention to the "fish ring," which she says has put up the price of fish.

Owing to the fine weather yesterday crowds of men and women went out walking along the upper west side and stopped in groups to read the posters of the West Side Anti-Meat League displayed on the boardings and on the shutters of the stores on the principal thoroughfares. Charles C. Wilhelm, Secretary of the league, said that 55,000 posters had been put up requesting the public to refrain from eating meat, and he expected many recruits as a result of the crusade.

The progress of the meat boycott among the working people has shown itself in the last two days by the falling off in the demand for meat dishes in the cheaper restaurants. In consequence the proprietors have considerably reduced their orders from the butchers, it was said.

On the other hand, proprietors of the uptown first-class restaurants said yesterday that there had been no perceptible difference in the dishes ordered by their regular guests, except those whose wives were suffragists and insisted upon their husbands refraining from eating meat.

On Saturday night small parties of men and women, four to six in number, who were apparently all members of the anti-meat-eating organizations, visited some of the principal restaurants and dined on vegetables. Before leaving they informed the manager or proprietor that, in view of the rapid spread of the boycott, it would be advisable to have special menus prepared.

J. B. Martin, who was one of the restaurant proprietors approached in this manner, laughed and said there was always a large selection of vegetables on the menu to choose from and the guests could have them prepared in any way they liked on giving notice to the waiter. He had not reduced his orders to the butcher so far, he said.

Manager Flannigan of the Hoffman House said yesterday that an anti-meat club had been formed among some of his regular customers by George Livingston. It was not received with great cheerfulness on the part of the waiters, he added, as they had to carry more dishes in serving a vegetable dinner than was customary with the more solid viands.

The mass meeting organized by Mrs. Sophia Loebinger of the suffragettes, which was postponed from Saturday on account of the inclemency of the weather, will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon in Madison Square.

PACKING PLANT CLOSES.

Had Been Killing 1,000 Hogs a Day Before Meat Strike Started.

Special to The New York Times.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Jan. 30.—The Morton-Gregson packing plant of this city has been so hard hit by the anti-meat agitation that the managers have decided to close the plant until the meat strike is over. Notices to that effect were posted last night, and the company will buy no more live stock at present.

The Morton-Gregson is one of the oldest packing companies along the Missouri River. Its business was confined to the slaughter of hogs, no cattle or sheep being killed. The capacity is 2,000 hogs a day, and for months the plant has been killing from 1,000 to 1,500 hogs daily.

Paul Morton, President of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York, is interested in the plant, which was founded by his father, the late J. Sterling Morton.

BEEF TRUST INQUIRY TO-DAY.

Federal Grand Jury Expected to Examine Books of National Packing Co.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—When the Government's investigation of the so-called Beef Trust is resumed by the Federal Grand Jury to-morrow it is expected the books and documents of the National Packink Company will be taken up. Ralph Crews, General Counsel for the company, is scheduled to appear.

Before the end of the week it is expected officials of Armour & Co., Morris & Co., and the Swift Company will be questioned.

ARREST WITHOUT CLUBS.

Plain Clothes Men Don't Even Use Them on a Belligerent Captive.

Plain Clothes Policemen Guinnean and Tobin had a lively tussel last night in the hallway of a saloon at 340 East Forty-eighth Street, where they went to see if the excise law was being violated. They arrested a man who said he was Schmuck Freed of that address.

Both of the policemen were marked in the face from blows, but they captured their man without drawing their clubs. They say he was acting as a lookout for the saloon. He was charged with assaulting them.

Commemorate Polish Revolutionists.

The twenty-fourth anniversary of the killing of the Polish revolutionists Bardowski, Kunicki, Pietrusovich, and Osowski in Warsaw by the Russian Government on Jan. 28, 1886, was commemorated yesterday at a mass meeting in Arlington Hall, St. Mark's Place, of Polish Socialists and members of radical organizations. The speakers denounced the Russian Government, and said that the four men were martyrs to the cause of freedom.

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM Cures Coughs, Colds or Grippe. 10cts.—Adv.

ITALIAN BANKER MISSING.

Police Have to Keep Worried Depositors from Joseph Paresi's Bank.

Three policemen from the Madison Street Station House stood all day yesterday before a little bank on the corner of Catharine and Monroe Streets. All day, too, there stood before the bank, as near as the three policemen would allow them, Italian men and women; some angry, others worried, and all restless and uneasy.

It was the bank of young Joseph Paresi, who, though under 30, owns the bank and several tenements. But young Joe Paresi was missing.

He was at his bank Thursday. His young wife and his children were in his flat in the same building. On Friday Paresi's father, with two clerks, Russo and Piacenti, conducted the bank, and on the door of the Paresi flat was a big heavy padlock, and no sign of life within. On Saturday Piacenti and Russo went to the bank, and found that padlocked, too. They waited for Paresi's father, but he did not come, and the clerks gave the alarm.

Paresi, as the gilt letters on the bank window set forth, handled immigration loans and deals in real estate, and did a telegraph and steamship business besides his banking. He also transmitted for his countrymen money to their wives and mothers in Italy.

Paresi set up the bank two years ago, bonding it under the bankers' law of the State. His capital is about $15,000, and on that, with the confidence his personality inspired in all the people of the neighborhood, he soon established a good business. Hundreds of Italians got work in the projects Paresi promoted, and in spite of his absence from the bank there were many friends whose faith was in nowise shaken by his strange disappearance. Not a few were inclined to believe that by some plot, Black Hand or otherwise, the young banker and his family had been enticed away.

There were others who thought he had gone to some wedding or some funeral, and that he would be back to-day, but even this hope could not take the worry out of the faces of the listeners. So all day they stood about the curb, and compared notes on how much they had deposited, the women with grave faces, and the men with short, nervous laughs.

ASKS STRIKERS TO ACCEDE.

University Settlement Advises Acceptance of Waist Manufacturers' Proposal.

The University Settlement, which operates largely among the class of persons represented by the striking shirtwaist workers, has issued the report of an investigation just completed, and advises the strikers to accede to the agreement proposed by the manufacturers. Summing up, the report, which is prepared by Charles S. Bernheimer, Assistant Head Worker of the Settlement, says:

"The manufacturers who oppose the recognition of the union in any form say that they are strong enough to remedy any abuses of the trade, whether it be unfair treatment of employes as to methods of payment, hours of work, condition of the shops, or what not. Their attitude seems to be that of wanting a chance to do their own housecleaning. Under the circumstances, it appears that it would be desirable to permit them to do it under the terms of the proposed agreement accepted by their association.

"Public sympathy for the employes has been aroused to a sufficient extent to make the more responsible manufacturers feel the necessity of remedying abuses. Thir activities in this direction would have been quickened if the employes on strike had seen fit to accept the agreement."

NIEDERSTEIN'S HORSE FELL.

That's Why the $12,000 Check Didn't Reach City Chamberlain, Says Wife.

Because one of the horses hitched to his coach fell and hurt itself was the reason her husband, John Niederstein, County Clerk of Queens, failed to reach the City Chamberlain's office Saturday with a check for the $12,000 mortgage tax due from his office for the month of December last, according to Mrs. Niederstein last night. Ex-County Clery Niederstein lives with his family at 422 Beach Street, Richmond Hill, in the Borough of Queens.

Mrs. Niederstein said that her husband was too ill to be seen, though she admitted he was home. She said that after Niederstein started on Saturday one of his coach horses slipped on the icy streets, and by the time he got another team it was after closing hours in the Chamberlain's office.

She stated positively, however, that the check would be taken to the City Chamberlain's office early this morning by her husband's brother, Richard Niederstein, or by his former secretary, Frank C. Kingbeck.

HONOR MEDAL MEN DIVIDE.

Gens. Sickles and King and Others Form a New Organization.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 30.—There has been a split in the Medal of Honor Legion, and a new order has been established. Col. James M. Schoonmaker, Vice President of the Pittsburg & Lake Erie Railroad, of this city; Gen. Horatio C. King of Brooklyn, and Gen. Daniel E. Sickles of New York are among those who have withdrawn from the old organization and become members of the Military Order of the Medal of Honor.

The trouble came to a head at the annual meeting recently held at the Hotel Astor in New York, when an attempt was made by Gen. King and others to elect Col. Schoonmaker President. He was defeated by Major Walter Thorn of Brooklyn.

Col. Schoonmaker said to-day that the election was merely an incident in a division over the principle governing eligibility for membership in the Medal of Honor Legion. The faction which now rules that organization maintained that it would be improper to take in men who had received the Congressional medal for heroic deeds not performed on the field of action. Strong objection was raised by the minority.

Col. Schoonmaker said that the Military Order of the Medal of Honor had been permanently established, and that members of the older organization from New York, Philadelphia, Brooklyn, Chicago, Pittsburg, and other cities had been enrolled. Gen. Sickles is President, Col. Schoonmaker Vice President, and Gen. King Secretary.

COLLINS OUSTED? WELL, NOT JUST YET

He Says He'll Stay Highways Superintendent to the Very Last Ditch.

STILL LOCKED IN HIS OFFICE

Says the Recent Court Decision Was in His Favor, Not Against Him, as Reported.

Reports that James G. Collins had been ousted from the post of Superintendent of Highways, which he has been holding in the Park Row Building against all comers, appear to have been erroneous. He was still firmly planted in the old offices of the bureau yesterday, and showed not the least inclination to pull down his colors.

Collins has been fighting for the office ever since he was dismissed by John F. Ahearn on his installation as Borough President of Manhattan, to make a place for George F. Scannell. In the years that have elapsed since his dismissal Collins's case has been up in the Supreme Court thirty-six times, the Appellate Division nine times, the Court of Appeals twice, and the end of the case is not yet in sight.

Meanwhile Collins is in forcible possession of the offices of the bureau on a technical point whereby he hopes to establish his right to the office and collect pay from the city for all the time he has been kept out of it. Concerning the recent reports of his being ousted he wrote this letter to THE TIMES:

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I desire to call your attention to the erroneous statements contained in the newspapers, particularly THE NEW YORK TIMES, regarding my case. This is the second time that it has been reported in the papers that I have been ousted by the courts. These statements are entirely unfounded, as is best evidenced by the fact that I am still in possession of my office, and there is not the remotest chance of my being put out.

Instead of the decision of the Appellate Division being adverse to me, it is in my favor, as the court unanimously upheld my contention that the service of the notices of appeal made by the Corporation Counsel on Dec. 31, was illegal and void, and the court merely yielded to the Corporation Counsel's plea that he be given another chance to again try to legally serve a notice of appeal.

The service of this belated notice of appeal can have no possible effect upon my right to remain in office. Having taken possession of my office on Dec. 29, the judgment rendered in my favor has by operation of law become absolute and binding. If the notice of appeal had been served before I regained possession, there might be some question as to whether it effected a stay of proceedings.

These statements about my being ousted from office seriously interfere with the performance of my duties as Superintendent, and I trust you will see that the errors above mentioned are promptly corrected.

It is simply absurd to claim that after my six years' hard struggle to regain my old position, that I can be induced to surrender up the fruits of my victory. If the Borough President of the City of New York is determined that I shall not perform all my duties, I am equally determined that I shall perform them. Yours truly,

JAMES G. COLLINS,
Superintendent of Highways.

New York, Jan. 29, 1910.

When a TIMES reporter went to the Park Row Building yesterday only three persons were in the big skyscraper. One was the Superintendent of the building, the second an elevator man, and the third Collins.

"Is Mr. Collins in?" the reporter asked the elevator man.

"Indeed he is; he is with us always," was the reply.

The reporter was whisked to the sixteenth floor, in the northeast corner of which is the office in which is barricaded the belligerent Collins. After several vigorous raps on the door a shadow was seen through the frosted glass. It was the shodaw of Collins. There was a clicking of locks, and finally the door was opened about an inch and through the crack the reporter gazed into the eyes of the man who won't be ousted.

"Who are you?" asked Collins in tones cold, deliberate, and searching.

"I am a reporter who would talk with you, if only you will let me in," was the timid reply.

Mr. Collins threw the door wide and admitted him.

"Are you still Superintendent of Highways?" asked the reporter.

"I still have the office and will continue to have it," was the answer.

"Then you have not been ousted by the courts, after all?" suggested the reporter.

"Assuredly not. I am the victor instead of the loser. The court simply gave the other side permission to file some new papers. The old ones were decided to be null and void. The paper on which they were written was not up to the legal weight, for one thing. I had it weighed, and know whereof I speak."

"I see you are padlocked in," the reporter said, looking at the big brass lock that decorated the door.

"I am; I take no chances," replied Collins.

As the reporter disappeared down the hallway there was a clicking of locks. Collins was taking no chances.

TAFT LINCOLN DINNER GUEST.

Cannon, Hughes, and Fort Also to Speak at the Republican Club.

President Taft and Speaker Cannon will speak at the Republican Club dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria on the evening of Feb. 12 in observance of Lincoln's Birthday. Gov. Hughes of New York and Gov. Fort of New Jersey are also down for speeches. The so-called "Lincoln Address" will be delivered by the Rev. Michael Clune of Syracuse.

It is expected that about 1,200 diners will be present. A larger number of women than usual will attend, for some 200 of the club members have told the Arrangement Committee that they intend to bring their wives.

WRECKED CREW IN PORT.

The Men on the Schooner McFadden Nearly Starved When Saved.

Capt. F. H. Meader and the crew of the American schooner George A. McFadden, lost on Diamond Shoals, arrived yesterday on the Savannah liner City of Atlanta. The story of the wreck and the rescue of the men by the British tramp steamship Katherine has already been told by wireless.

The McFadden sailed from Jacksonville on Jan. 18, bound to New Bedford. She had bad weather from the start, and when she got to Cape Lookout she had to anchor for four days. Last Tuesday she again stood out to sea. That night the wind quickened, and early Thursday morning she was driven out of her course on to the Diamond Shoals.

Edmond Roscoe repeated the story yesterday. When the masts broke the men sought refuge in the rigging. By 7 o'clock the schooner broke in half, and the men had to climb to the top of the deckhouse. The skipper came near being killed by a swinging backstay, but Mate McCrea threw him aside just in time. To the boat rings on the deckhouse the men lashed themselves with a piece of line.

Once Adams, the engineer of the donkey engine, was washed off, but another sea carried him back and the Captain grabbed him. The sea brought one unexpected benefit, for it washed alongside a bucket containing a turnip and some pickles. The turnip was divided into nine parts. In the late afternoon an onion floated past. The hungry men tried to reach it, but it was too far off, and they saw it disappear.

Once a barkentine was sighted. She came so close that Capt. Meader could see the man at the wheel and the lookout, but she passed without seeing them. Another time they saw a schooner coming directly down upon them, but as they looked she tacked and drew away. Then came the Katherine and rescue.

The rescued men are Capt. F. H. Meader, Mate Alexander McCrea, Second Mate Augustus Johnson, Engineer Jacob F. Adams, and Seamen Edmond Roscoe, Manuel Ancel, Antonio Gomes, William Milliage, and David Harris.

FORM ASBESTOS TRUST.

Concerns Controlling Nearly Whole Supply Join Interests.

A combination of interests in the asbestos trade in the United States and Canada to exploit their product and enlarge the market has been brought about by the organization of the International Asbestos Association, with representation of concerns controlling between 80 and 90 per cent. of the product in this country and Canada. The plan for an international trade organization was formulated at a recent meeting at the Waldorf of the leading producers and users of asbestos.

T. F. Manville of the H. W. Johns-Manville Company is President of the new organization, R. V. Mattison, Jr., Vice President, and R. P. Doucet Secretary. Included in the association are the Amalgamated Asbestos Corporation, Limited; Keasbey & Mattison Company, Philip Carey Manufacturing Company, Asbestos Protected Metal Company, Franklin Manufacturing Company, H. W. Johns-Manville Company; Sall Mount Asbestos Manufacturing Company, Ling Asbestos Company, and the United States Asbestos Company. The aggregate capitalization of the concerns who are so far represented is more than $40,000,000.

The Amalgamated Asbestos Corporation, Limited, is a recently organized combination of the principal producers of Quebec and controls 80 per cent. of the output of the Black Lake and Thetford districts, where there are the largest asbestos mines in the world.

One of the chief aims of the association will be the exploitation of the use of asbestos in fireproof construction.

The Weekly Financial Review.

For the first time in our history we have a virtually complete survey of the banking power and banking business of America as a result of the National Monetary Commission's investigation last year. In to-day's NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW the commission's voluminous report is summarized in a table giving by States, sections, and cities, and by classes of banks, the figures of resources, loans, cash holdings, savings deposits, individual deposits, and average rate of interest paid on savings and mercantile accounts, along with an account, of interest to those who deal with banks, of the methods and peculiarities of practice by the different kinds of banks in different parts of the country.

The Steel Corporation's statement, the copper merger, the Union Pacific case, the interesting complaint of the Tennessee Central Railroad against 280 other railroads, charging oppression, and the warning by Wisconsin's Banking Commissioner against "bank trusts" are the subjects of other interesting articles.

The BOOKLOVER'S OPPORTUNITY

DODD, MEAD & COMPANY Are Discontinuing the Retail Book Business (with the exception of rare books) and **Offer Their Entire Retail Stock at Closing Out Prices**

Fifth Avenue and 35th Street

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street. *34th Street*

RUG DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

Commencing Monday, January the 31st.

Smith's extra quality Plain Filling. Eleven colors. 1.00 per yard (usual price 1.65)

Beatty's, Smith's and Sanford's extra quality Velvet Carpet. 1.00 per yard (usual price 1.50)

Wilton Rugs, extra quality. Size 8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in. 25.00 (usual price 35.00)

Tapestry Brussels Rugs. Size 9 x 12 ft. Seamed or seamless. 12.00 (value 18.50)

DECORATIVE LINENS. *In Both Stores.*

On Monday and Tuesday, January 31st and February 1st.

Lace-trimmed Center Pieces and Scarfs, with hand-made eyelet embroidery.
Center Pieces....1.15, 1.65, 2.15 and 2.65
Scarfs............1.65, 2.15, 2.65 " 3.45

Odd Tea Cloths, Center Pieces, Scarfs and Doylies, embroidered or trimmed with hand-made lace. At 33 1-3% less than usual prices.

Damask Table Cloths, with Napkins to match, at reduced prices.
Size 2 x 2 yards..............2.50 and 5.75
" 2 x 2½ yards............3.00 " 7.50
" 2 x 3 yards..............3.75 " 9.00
" 2½ x 2½ yards..........3.75 " 9.50
Hemstitched Huckaback Towels......2.75, 3.25 and 4.50 per doz.

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

ANNOUNCE, BEGINNING THIS MORNING,
A Sale of
Overcoats for Men
formerly
$30, $33, $35, $38, $40, $45 and $48
at $27

Saks-made garments of the higher grades in the distinctive models created by our own designers for the present season.

In plain colorings or novelty effects.
The majority are silk lined throughout.

Oldest in America
Strongest in the World

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York

Record of 1909

The close of the 67th year shows an increased amount of insurance in force, $1,441,323,848, and an increased amount of new insurance paid for, $102,040,633. Other notable features marking the progress of the Company are:

Assets	$560,122,367.61;	Increase,	$21,083,399.48
Policy Reserves	445,388,997.00;	Increase,	12,251,281.00
Interest and Rents Received	25,052,001.61;	Increase,	531,868.83
Profits on Stocks, Bonds and Real Estate Sold	6,409,830.04;	Increase,	5,804,364.27

Unprecedented Benefits to Policyholders

Dividends paid in 1909	$11,005,914.96;	Increase,	$2,694,659.07
Dividends apportioned for 1910	12,401,752.11;	Increase,	1,309,469.73
Total paid policyholders, 1909	54,909,648.86;	Increase,	2,246,947.83
Held for Deferred Dividends and Contingencies	91,498,319.99;	Increase,	5,653,328.79

The Company continues to maintain its PRE-EMINENCE IN ECONOMY OF MANAGEMENT. In connection with a largely increased volume of new insurance, the ratio of Expenses (exclusive of taxes) to Total Income is lower than any other company doing a general life insurance business has been able to show in many years. The relative expenses of the Mutual Life have decreased more than 50 per cent. in the last five years, resulting in a steady and satisfactory decrease in the cost of insurance.

Balance Sheet, December 31st, 1909

ASSETS

Real Estate (market value)	$ 26,289,286.53
Mortgage Loans on Real Estate	128,754,102.94
Loans on Policies	65,274,997.91
Bonds (amortized book value)	271,526,503.63
Stocks (market value)	57,829,377.00
Cash (not on interest)	630,892.58
Cash (deposited on interest)	2,050,296.50
Interest and Rents, due and accrued	3,897,681.25
Premiums in course of collection	3,923,980.43
Miscellaneous Assets	282,631.89
Gross Assets	$560,459,750.66
Deductions	337,383.05
Total Assets	$560,122,367.61

LIABILITIES

Net Policy Reserve	$445,388,997.00
Other Liabilities on Policies	6,366,561.90
Premiums, Interest and Rentals Paid in advance	1,768,987.09
Miscellaneous Liabilities	937,528.05
Reserve for Death Claims unreported	500,000.00
Reserve for Taxes, Licenses, etc., in 1910	1,252,104.55
Dividends payable in 1910	12,401,752.11
Reserve for Deferred Dividends and Contingencies	91,506,436.91
Total Liabilities	$560,122,367.61

MANAGERS

Thomas C. Bell, 146 Broadway.
Frederick W. Bliss, 281 Fourth Avenue, cor. 22d St.
George A. Brinkerhoff, 149 Broadway.
Max Goldfinger, 146 Broadway.
Robert H. Hardy, 1170 Broadway.
E. C. Ogborn, 161 W. 125th Street.
I. Wolffsohn, 401 Broadway.
Ives & Myrick, 37 Liberty Street.
Warren T. Diefendorf, 164 & 166 Montague St., Brooklyn

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK
Home Office, 34 Nassau Street, New York, N. Y.

ENGLISH JOURNALS TALK COMPROMISE

Radical Changes Deprecated in View or Closeness of Election Results.

LORDS TO BE REFORMED

Abolition of Hereditary Principle for Legislators Seems Assured—Peers Expected to Accept Budget.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—With Premier Asquith on the Continent and Chancellor Lloyd-George closely following him, the politicians are all resting on their arms, discussing what lines of battle will be formed in the new Parliament. The moral generally drawn from the elections is that the country does not want radical changes in the House of Lords or in the Government policies. The spirit of conciliation, therefore, is abroad, and schemes for a compromise are being debated.

The Conservative papers propose the most interesting plan, that a joint Cabinet be chosen from the most moderate men of both parties to carry on the Government for about two years, and that a truce be declared on party questions in the meantime. A royal commission to investigate the country's fiscal policy and to make recommendations regarding tariff reform is proposed.

The scheme of a coalition Government is not taken seriously by the Liberals, who, having won a victory, even if it is a very narrow one, object to having their opponents dictate the programme. Lord Rosebery's name is put forward for the Premiership in the compromise Cabinet, but Rosebery for a long time has refused office, and his popularity now is at a low mark because of his course on the budget issue.

The reform of the House of Lords seems to be the one thing assured. Both parties support it now. The Conservatives and the Lords themselves are willing to adopt moderate changes immediately, lest reforms that would knock the foundations from the upper house be carried. The result is likely to be the abolition of the hereditary principle, so that the second and succeeding generations shall have no vote except those who shall prove their fitness to legislate by service in the House of Commons, in civil office, or in the army or navy. The Conservatives are willing that the Lords should be deprived of the power to hold up taxation bills provided nothing which could be considered new legislation be included in such bills.

The Liberals want to deprive the House of Lords of the power to veto any bill whatsoever. Their favorite plan is to compel the Lords to adopt any bill sent to them for the third time by the House of Commons, which, while making the House of Commons consider a rejected bill carefully, would give that body the power to enact in one session any legislation on which it had determined.

It is taken for granted that the House of Lords will pass the budget, since the country has decided against the Lords, on the face of the election returns, but the Cabinet may be obliged to eliminate the whisky taxes in order to get the votes of the Irish members in the House of Commons.

Beyond the reform of the House of Lords and the adoption of the budget, Parliament is not likely to get far with anything. The Irish members will probably obtain the introduction of a home rule measure, but the Conservatives will oppose it solidly and a number of Liberals are also pledged against home rule.

Several Cabinet changes are probable when the new Government is formed. Reginald McKenna, who has been unpopular as First Lord of the Admiralty, will probably be dropped. He may receive a peerage. Richard Burton Haldane, Secretary of State for War, may become head of the navy. John Burns, President of the Local Government Board, will probably succeed Herbert Gladstone as Home Secretary. Winston Spencer Churchill will take the place vacated by John Burns, and they will each receive $25,000 instead of $12,500 as salaries, both places having been raised by the last Parliament, with the provision that the occupants shall draw the increase during their tenure of office.

HAVE CALLER ARRESTED.

Mrs. Norman Munro's Maids Say Rosenberg Forced His Way In.

Mozart Rosenberg, a young German of Charlton Street, who described himself as a laborer and looked like a waiter, was locked up in the East Fifty-first Street Station yesterday afternoon on the charge of trying to force an entry into the apartment occupied by Mrs. Norman L. Munro on the sixth floor of 36 Central Park South.

Patrolman Michael E. Dolan of the Arsenal Station, on duty near by, heard the screams of women coming from the sixth floor. He went up in the elevator and found Rosenberg in the Munro apartment, and he arrested him on complaint of Sally Laurila, a maid, who said that the man had forced his way in when she opened the door in answer to a ring of the bell. Another maid, Irene Linstrong, said thta the prisoner had been annoying her with his attentions for some time. He had come to the apartment on Saturday night, she said, and wanted her to go to a ball with him, but she refused. Yesterday afternoon Rosenberg returned.

The night elevator man at the apartment house said last night that Rosenberg had called there at 2 o'clock yesterday morning and had gone up the back stairway to see the maids who were his friends.

"I followed him up," said the elevator man, "and saw that there was a light in the maids' rooms. He had not left when I went off duty at 8 o'clock this morning."

The Elevator man added that Mrs. Munro had discharged the girls and locked the flat, as she intended to spend the night with friends.

Miss Norma Munro, her daughter, went to Europe a month ago.

DINNER TO E. M. L. EHLERS.

His Masonic Friends to Observe the Grand Secretary's 70th Birthday.

A dinner in honor of Col. Edward M. L. Ehlers, for many years Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Masons of the State of New York, will be given by his Masonic friends to-night at the Hotel Knickerbocker, in celebration of his seventieth birthday.

Col. Ehlers will receive a purple and gold album inclosed in a bird's-eye maple box, with gold lock and key. The album contains the signatures of each participant in the dinner and a greeting.

The dinner is in charge of Frederick P. Norris, Frank E. Haff, George J. Kraus, John R. Gardner, George T. Montgomery, August Eickelberg, and Henry Lippman.

HENRY W. TAFT ILL.

President's Brother to be Taken to Hospital at Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 30.—Henry W. Taft of New York, brother of the President, is suffering from a slight attack of erysipelas and will be taken to the Good Samaritan Hospital to-morrow. He is now at a hotel at Pasadena, attended by Dr. William A. Edwards of this city, his brother-in-law.

Dr. Edwards said to-night that Mr. Taft's condition was not serious.

Mr. Taft, accompanied by Mrs. Taft and a niece, arrived here last Tuesday from Mexico City.

Massachusetts Mill Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.	Last Sale.
City Mfg. Co.	270		275
Dartmouth	290	300	295
Hargraves	130	134	135
Lancaster	140	..	140
Lawrence	171	..	171¼
Massachusetts	138¾	..	140½
Merchants'	..	114	112
Parker	123	125	125
Richard Borden	190	..	..
Taber	125	..	127
Wamsutta	134	..	136

BOER WARRIOR TOO ARDENT.

Mrs. Thomas Says Vandewater Tried to Kiss Her After Admiring Children.

Mrs. Albert J. Thomas, who with her husband and two small children lives on the ground floor of the apartment house at 216 West 108th Street, was in West Side Court yesterday morning to ask protection from further attempts on the part of Casper Vandewater to kiss her. Mr. Thomas and Mrs. Vandewater were both in court.

Vandewater is a physical culture teacher. He lives on the top floor of the same building in which Mrs. Thomas lives, and had become acquainted with her through his professed admiration for her two children. Mrs. Thomas said in court that until Saturday he had always treated her with respect, but that he overstepped the bounds then on finding her alone in the kitchen preparing dinner.

"As long as he complimented my children and played with them, Judge, I offered no objections," said Mrs. Thomas, who is 22 and pretty. "But when he tried to pinch my cheek and tell me of my beauty, I ordered him out. Instead of leaving he tried to kiss me."

"Didn't I always raise my hat to you in the hall, and didn't I love your children?" asked Vandewater.

"Was it the children or the nurse that you loved?" interrupted Magistrate Breen.

"Oh, he's not as bad as that," protested Vandewater's wife, standing on the bridge.

"Well, haven't you any children of your own to love?" continued Magistrate Breen.

"Yes, two."

"Where are they, that you have to go to your neighbors to bestow your affections on their children?"

"In Africa."

Then Vandewater went on to explain that he had fought through the Boer war, and that his first wife, fighting beside him, had been killed in battle, leaving two children now in the care of their grandmother near the place of their birth.

"Did you get that wound on your forehead in the Boer war?" questioned Magistrate Breen.

"No; I got that yesterday."

The Magistrate put the Boer warrior under $300 bail to keep the peace with the wife of his ground-floor neighbor.

A NEW BETHANY CHURCH.

The Edifice That Gave Way to Queensboro Bridge Has Been Replaced.

To make way for the Queensboro Bridge the Bethany Memorial Reformed Church, at Sixtieth Street and First Avenue, was demolished some time ago. Its members soon found another site, and a new building was erected at Sixty-seventh Street and First Avenue. Yesterday afternoon the dedication service took place.

The money for the first building was given by Isaac V. Brokaw in memory of his son, and the old name of the church has been retained. The tablet which was in the old building was removed, and is now on the wall of the new one. It reads:

> This tablet is erected to the memory of Frederick Brokaw, son of Isaac V. Brokaw, of the class of '92, Princeton College, who with heroic unselfishness sacrificed his life to save another from drowning, Elberon, June 21, 1891.

The building is of terra cotta and surface brick. In the rear stands the Bethany Day Nursery. The cost of the new building was $200,000. The money was advanced in anticipation of the award of the city for the old building. The city's award, however, was only $165,000. Twenty thousand dollars was raised by the Madison Avenue Reformed Church, with which the Bethany Church is allied, and an appeal was made to wipe out the deficit. About $200 was collected at the service yesterday.

Those who spoke at the service yesterday were the Rev. Dr. Abbott E. Kittredge, the Rev. George C. Lenington, Augustus C. Bechstein, the Rev. Arthur B. Churchman, pastor of the church; Benjamin A. Williams, Chairman of the committee in charge of the construction of the buildings, and Mrs. E. F. Taylor, President of the Managers of the Bethany Day Nursery. The Rev. Dr. William Carter, pastor of the Madison Avenue Reformed Church, presided.

DEDICATE DR. YOUNG'S CHURCH

Congratulations of a Jewish Congregation Read at the Presbyterian Service.

The Bedford Presbyterian Church, at Nostrand Avenue and Dean Street, Brooklyn, was dedicated yesterday morning. Its seating capacity of 1,500 persons was taxed to its limit before the time set for the exercises. The Rev. Dr. S. Edward Young, the pastor, who is a former Pittsburg evangelist and preacher, was in charge of the services. The Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke of Princeton University preached the sermon.

Dr. Young's former congregation in Pittsburg sent him flowers with their congratulations. A long telegram was also received from the Rodeph Shalom Congregation of Pittsburg and was read before the services began. The rabbi of the synagogue was a close friend of the Brooklyn clergyman. The synagogue was close to Dr. Young's Pittsburg church.

The new structure cost $100,000. It is built of light brick with stone and terra cotta trimmings. The walls on the Nostrand Avenue side of the building are padded to keep out noise from the avenue. The congregation feared that the services might be interfered with by the sound of passing trolley cars on that side. There is a new organ, which cost $8,000.

BIBLES TO COST MORE.

Tariff on Leather and Paper Blamed for the Advance.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The price of Bibles will go up March 1, according to an announcement to-day by a large Bible publishing house. The cause is the new tariff on leather and paper.

"Bibles are now about 20 per cent. higher than they have ever been before," said a member of the firm. "The materials for the best Bibles have gone up so high in price on account of the tariff that we cannot afford to sell our output at prices now listed."

TRIBUTE TO DR. RICHARDS.

Union Service in Memory of the Brick Church Pastor.

A union service in memory of the late Rev. Dr. William Rogers Richards was held in the Brick Presbyterian Church, Thirty-sixth Street and Fifth Avenue, last night by the Brick Presbyterian Church, Christ Church, and the Church of the Covenant affiliated.

The Rev. Dr. Richards, who was for seven years pastor of the Brick Presbyterian Church, died suddenly on Jan. 7, at the age of 56 years. The church was draped in black and strung with evergreens.

Addresses were made by Dr. Francis Brown of the Union Theological Seminary, the Rev. Dr. George Alexander, Moderator of the Presbytery of New York, and the Rev. Dr. Henry A. Stimson of the Manhattan Congregational Church. The Rev. Edward B. Coe of the Collegiate Reformed Church offered prayer, and the Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, one of the former ministers of the Brick Church, presided. There were about 1,000 in the congregation.

The Virginia All Right Again.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 30.—The battleship Virginia, which sailed from Hampton Roads on Jan. 18 and was forced to return because of a disarrangement of her machinery, steamed this afternoon for Guantanamo to join the Atlantic fleet, now manoeuvring in Southern waters.

Test the Rest Then Buy the Best

Santo Portable Vacuum Cleaner

Most housewives admit that Vacuum Cleaning is a real necessity. It is now largely a question of machines. The SANTO always wins out in tests of efficiency and economy.

Santo Sales Co
341 Fifth Avenue
Stores Fifth Avenue and 33rd Street
[illegible] Street, East of Fifth Avenue

CUBAN REPUBLIC WEATHERS A YEAR

Only One Abortive Uprising Has Occurred Since the End of American Intervention.

GOMEZ QUIETS NEGROES

They Abandon Fight on American Hotel, but Plan a National Colored Party—Elections in July.

HAVANA, Jan. 30.—Friday marked the end of the first year's existence of the new republic, and on the whole Cuba has much to be thankful for. The only instance of armed resistance to authority was the abortive little uprising in February at Taguayabon, in Santa Clara Province. With the magnificent sugar crop now being harvested Cuba enters on her second year of independence with the happiest prospect of material prosperity.

Fears of a race conflict, growing out of the recent disorders resulting from the refusal of the management of the principal American hotel in Havana to entertain negroes, have abated in a great measure, and the possibilities of further trouble from this particular source have practically disappeared. This is due mainly to the personal efforts of President Gomez. The press also appealed to all patriotic colored Cubans not to persist in enforcing their rights at the cost of the rest of the community. The result was that the colored leaders engaged to use all their influence to prevent their followers from further interfering with the hotel.

In spite of this, however, the affair has served to revive agitation in favor of organizing a great negro political party with the purpose of controlling the Government. Provision, the organ of the Independent Colored Party, prints the newly constructed platform of the party, which contains these planks:

> The Independent Colored Party shall be organized throughout the whole territory of the republic, with a national character, to maintain the equilibrium of all Cuban interests.
>
> The republic of equality, sovereign and independent, without race discrimination or social antagonism, shall be our aim.
>
> We promise that all Cubans fit to be in it shall figure in the Diplomatic Corps, and that, as a matter of preference and urgent necessity, citizens of the colored race shall be appointed, but the republic shall be represented as it is.
>
> The distribution into colonies of the State lands among native Cubans who lack means, preference always being given to those lacking aptitude for Government office.
>
> As a matter of morality we shall work for the revision and fiscalisation of all concessions granted from the beginning of the first American intervention.

To what extent the promoters of the new movement may be successful remains to be seen, but there can be no manner of doubt that if the organization of the colored race as a political party should ever be effected it would rule the Republic of Cuba.

The importance of the Congressional elections to be held in July can hardly be overestimated. It is not so much a question of which party shall return the greater number of candidates as whether the independent republic, unaided by American supervision, shall prove itself competent to conduct an absolutely fair and peaceful election. It is impossible to make any prediction of the result, particularly in view of the confusion of party lines, resulting from the continued failure of the negotiations to effect a fusion of the rival Miguelista and Zayista factions of the Liberal Party.

MOVES SUSPECTED ATTACHE.

But Russia Denies That He Was Implicated in Austrian Espionage.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 30.—Official denial has been given to the report from Vienna that Col. Martchenko, the Russian Military Attaché at that place, was implicated in the espionage under which the arsenal at Vienna has been placed. Notwithstanding this denial, however, it is announced that Col. Martchenko will be transferred to Constantinople.

Dispatches bearing on this subject which have been received here have stated that Austria demanded the recall of the attaché.

FRENCH CRUISER AGROUND.

The Chateau Renault Cannot Be Assisted Because of Bad Weather.

TANGIER, Jan. 30.—The French cruiser Château Renault ran aground near Arzilla, about twenty miles southwest of Cape Spartel, to-day.

Other warships were unable to approach the Château Renault on account of the heavy sea and high wind.

ESTRADA MOVE PROMISED.

Plans to Set Forth To-day for Attack on Madriz Forces.

BLUEFIELDS, Nicaragua, Jan. 30.—Gen. Estrada has learned that 700 Madriz troops are intrenched north of Greytown, and as a consequence he, together with Gen. Matuty, is arranging to head an expedition to that district. It is expected that the two Generals with 500 men will leave here to-morrow morning on the steamers Senator and Blanca. Gen. Estrada will direct the troops on the Senator, which was recently chartered by the Estradists. There are rapid firers aboard the Blanca.

The Madriz forces at Greytown up to the present have remained within the limits of the city, practically under the protection of Great Britain, whose representative recently issued an ultimatum that no fighting would be permitted in Greytown, on account of the large number of British subjects there. The British cruiser Scylla and the United States cruiser Tacoma are both now at Greytown.

CHINA REFUSES PARLIAMENT.

Tells Provincial Petitioners They Must Wait Nine Years.

PEKING, Jan. 30.—An imperial edict issued to-day denies the petition recently submitted by the representatives of the provincial assemblies, who are now in Peking, asking for the establishment of a Parliament.

The throne adheres to the original plan of an Imperial Assembly now and the establishment of a Parliament at the end of nine years, according to the constitutional scheme.

Bryan in Peru.

AREQUIPA, Peru, Jan. 30.—William Jennings Bryan and family have arrived here and received a hearty greeting. They will proceed on their trip to-morrow.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 30.—The police to-day searched the St. Petersburg apartment of Col. Manuiloff, former Chief of the Russian Secret Police in Paris. They confiscated a large number of documents.

CARACAS, Jan. 30.—The new tariff goes into effect to-morrow. It provides for an increase in many of the schedules and a reduction in some, and will have a considerable effect upon importations from the United States. The Presidential party returned to-day after an extensive trip to the interior cities, where President Gomez was received with enthusiasm.

ATHENS, Jan. 30.—After various conferences with the political leaders the King has consented to the convocation of the National Assembly, and has charged M. Dragoumis with the formation of a Cabinet.

LIMA, Peru, Jan. 30.—Dr. Carlos Forero, who was appointed Minister of Finance last November, to succeed Senor Delaterra-Gonzales, has [illegible].

Perhaps you Want a Position? See Page 15.

STILL TALK GENERAL STRIKE.

Miners on Eve of Toledo Conference Insist on 10 Per Cent. Increase.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 30.—The convention of the United Mine Workers of America will adjourn to-morrow night, and it is probable that a majority of the 1,100 delegates will go to Toledo for the joint conference with the bituminous coal mine owners of Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana, which will open Tuesday. This conference will decide the basis of uniform contracts in all the other districts of the United States and Canada.

The operators, according to reports, will not yield an increase in wages. The sentiment in the National Miners' Union is unanimously for a general strike if the operators refuse an increase of at least 10 per cent.

The Western Pennsylvania miners stand for a 20 per cent. increase on the ground that the settlement of their recent strike against the Pittsburg Coal Company resulted in a decrease of 10 per cent. from the wage contract signed by the last joint tri-State conference. The faction in the United Mine Workers opposed to the administration of President Thomas L. Lewis charges him with responsibility for the alleged decrease in wages in Western Pennsylvania. Francis Feehan, President of the Western Pennsylvania District, is one of the leaders of the anti-Lewis element.

The Wage Scale Committee of the Miners' Union will bring in its report at the opening of to-morrow's session of the convention, and it is expected that the day will be spent in formulating a contract to be presented to the operators on Tuesday.

MEXICAN STRIKE EXPECTED.

Poll of Railway Men to be Taken When Committeemen Return.

LAREDO, Texas, Jan. 30.—According to a telegram from Mexico City, the committee of American railway conductors and engineers which has been in conference there with the management of the National Railways of Mexico, departed to-night.

Upon the arrival of the committeemen in their districts a poll of the employes will be taken. Railway men here are convinced that a general walkout will result.

TRY TO DIE BY STARVATION.

Twenty-two Bulgarians Say They Prefer Death to Deportation.

Special to The New York Times.

GALVESTON, Texas, Jan. 30.—Refusing to eat or drink for three days, twenty-two emigrants from Bulgaria, to whom admission into this country was refused six weeks ago, have sworn to starve to death if sent back to their native land. The next North German Lloyd vessel is due to sail from here in fifteen days. The immigrants came as home seekers, but, no employment offering and having no funds and no friends to vouch for them, the Immigrant Board ordered them deported, as likely to become public charges.

They appealed to the department at Washington, but the appeal was denied. They have been held in detention at the immigrant home under guard, and when notified that Washington would not grant their prayer the twenty-two men took an oath they would cut their throats. They were disarmed before they could carry out their self-destruction, and now they have vowed to refuse food until given their liberty.

CROWDS WELCOME SHIPP.

Chattanooga Makes ex-Sheriff's Return from Prison a Triumph.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Jan. 30.—At least 10,000 of his fellow-citizens greeted Capt. Joseph F. Shipp when, at 6 o'clock this evening, the ex-Sheriff returned from Washington, where he had just completed a sentence in prison for contempt of the Supreme Court of the United States in connection with the lynching of the negro Ed Johnson. The bands struck up "Dixie" as the train pulled in; men wept, shouted, and laughed almost in the same breath; women became frantic.

As Capt. Shipp walked slowly down the length of the shed he was greeted by his wife. Then the bands played "Home, Sweet Home," and again pandemonium broke loose.

Capt. Shipp was so moved that he was unable to speak. He raised his hat and bowed right and left as officers opened a way for him to the carriage in which he was driven at once to his home.

Ex-Deputy Sheriff Nick Nolan and Luther Williams returned with their former chief, and they, too, received much attention.

WORKMAN SHOOTS SUPERIOR.

Superintendent of Asphalt Works and Another Man Wounded.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 30.—William F. Marsh, Superintendent of the Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Company, is at a hospital in a critical condition, with two bullets in his back. William F. Keene, head teamster for the company, is at home with a bullet in his abdomen. Rocco Chiaro, another employe, is sought by the police, charged with the shooting.

The wounded men said that Chiaro appeared at the company's plant late this afternoon, intoxicated, and when they attempted to drive him away he pulled a gun and fired.

Intemperance Is A Disease!

No amount of "Will Power" can heal the inflamed stomach membranes, burned out by alcohol

THE OPPENHEIMER TREATMENT

is recognized by the medical fraternity as the scientific and successful method of curing this disease. Treatment can be arranged without detention from business or any other unpleasant features. Absolute privacy assured, and moderate cost.

For full particulars cut this out and write or call.

THE OPPENHEIMER INSTITUTE
317 West 57th St., New York.
(7) Telephone, Columbus 6495.

NAVY PLAN MAY BE CHANGED.

House Committee Divided on Secretary Meyer's Proposed Reorganization.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Some hesitation is evident among members of the House Naval Committee as to the navy reorganization plan submitted by Secretary Meyer. The members are divided on the question and some of them probably will seek to make changes in the plan not in accord with the Secretary's views.

This action will be fought, however, by certain of the Secretary's friends on the committee, who believe the reorganization scheme should be tried out until Congress meets next year, when, if it is deemed desirable, changes may be made. In this way, it is pointed out, the plan will have had its inning, and a clearer idea of the whole situation will be had.

Secretary Meyer is reported to hold this view and to welcome the responsibility of the test.

THREE DROWN IN LAUNCH.

Run Down When Disabled by Towboat on Mississippi.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 30. — Floating helplessly in a disabled gasoline launch three men were drowned when the little craft was run down by the towboat Enterprise off Hopefield Point to-night. The dead are Albert Schinnerer, aged 32; Joseph Dietrich, aged 33, and Harry Hurst, aged 30 years.

Charles S. Auferoth, a fourth occupant of the launch, saved himself by seizing the gunwale of a heavily laden coal barge which the Enterprise was towing.

WOULD MAKE INDIANA DRY.

Campaign for Prohibition Is Started with Meetings in Indianapolis.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Jan. 30.—The campaign for an amendment to the Constitution of Indiana prohibiting the manufacture or sale of liquor in the State was opened to-day by twenty mass meetings in churches and halls.

The Anti-Saloon League will proceed to hold similar "field days" in the principal cities of the State.

SKULL BROKEN BY A MULE.

"Maudie's" Heels Send a Driver to the Hospital for Repairs.

Maudie, the mule that wanders unchaperoned through the highways and byways of the Bronx, was in a playful mood again yesterday morning. She felt as fresh as a two-year-old until the stablemen, becoming wearied of her antics, drove her to her stall and locked her in. There she was kept until Lawrence McGowan, a driver employed at the stable, which is at 589 Morris Avenue, went in to feed her.

As soon as he got within range Maudie threw up her heels, and lifted McGowan over a pile of buckets, sending him twenty feet. He was found lying unconscious by two of the stablemen, and an ambulance was summoned from Lebanon Hospital.

The surgeon said that McGowan was suffering from a compound fracture of the skull, and would have to be taken to the hospital, but as he was being lifted into the ambulance McGowan was able to speak, and told the doctor that he wanted to be taken home.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Forecast for Monday and Tuesday for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; light, variable winds, mostly westerly.

Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Eastern Texas—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; light variable winds.

Western Texas and Utah—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday.

Oklahoma, Arkansas, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, and Kansas—Fair and warmer Monday. Tuesday fair.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer Tuesday.

Ohio—Fair Monday, except snow near the lake. Tuesday fair; moderate westerly winds, becoming variable.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair Monday. Tuesday fair and warmer.

Lower Michigan—Snow flurries Monday. Tuesday, fair light variable winds, becoming moderate southerly.

Upper Michigan—Partly cloudy Monday. Tuesday unsettled and warmer.

Wisconsin—Partly cloudy Monday. Tuesday fair and warmer; light variable winds, becoming moderate southerly.

North and South Dakota—Partly cloudy; warmer in eastern and central portions Monday. Tuesday fair and colder.

The

STEINWAY VERTEGRAND

is the embodiment of scientific research and musical progress of the Twentieth Century.

GUSTAV MAHLER, the famous conductor of the Philharmonic Society, writes us as follows:

"I never imagined that an upright piano could be constructed which would satisfy a musician's requirements in every respect."

SIR EDWARD ELGAR, the great English composer, exclaimed enthusiastically after playing on his Vertegrand:

"This piano would bleed TONE if I would wound it with a knife."

Yet the price of this remarkable upright, in ebonized case, is only

$550

Reasonable time payments will be accepted and liberal allowances will be granted for pianos of all makes offered in exchange.

STEINWAY & SONS,
Steinway Hall, 107 and 109 East Fourteenth Street, New York
Subway Express Station at the Door

Also on sale at 17 East 125th St., between Madison and Fifth Aves.
OPEN EVENINGS

REORGANIZED

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

'Tis due to no magic, unless it be the magic of our values, that these four great Smith Gray stores are crowded day by day.

The values due to our reorganization are greater now, very much greater, than in all the 65 years it has taken to make the name Smith Gray & Co. synonymous with highest quality and best values in men's and young men's clothes.

EXTRA SPECIAL

Broken sizes Men's and Young Men's Suits and Overcoats, including all colors; former prices, $18 to $25 **12.50**

Many of these garments are even greater values than indicated.

Men's and Young Men's Suit Reductions.		Men's and Young Men's Overcoat Reductions.	
$25 to 30 Suits	$15.00	$25 to 30 Overcoats	$15.00
$32 & 35 Suits	20.00	$32 & 35 Overcoats	20.00
$38 & 40 Suits	25.00	$38 & 40 Overcoats	25.00
$42 & 45 Suits	30.00	$42 & 45 Overcoats	30.00

$48, 50 & 55 Overcoats, reduced to $35.00
$90 Fur-Lined Overcoats, $60
$150 Fur-Lined Overcoats, $100

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

HUDSON RIVER TUBES

Cars

The sturdy steel cars in the HUDSON TUBES are the strongest and best that ingenuity can devise and builder produce.

Trained intelligence has been well used to secure the refinements that add to comfort and convenience—End and Side doors, seats divided by partitions, wide aisles, white enamel hand rods, brilliant illumination reflected by white ceilings.

TUBE STATIONS IN NEW YORK

SIXTH AVE.—at 23rd, 19th, 14th and 9th Sts.

NINTH AVE.—at Christopher St. under Elevated Station.

CORTLANDT ST.—In the wonderful Hudson Terminal, adjoining stations of Sixth and Ninth Avenue Elevated lines and within one short block of Fulton Street station of the Subway.

You save from 10 to 25 minutes to and from the Pennsylvania, Lehigh Valley, Erie and Lackawanna Railroad Stations in Jersey City or Hoboken, by using the

HUDSON RIVER TUBES

California

There, winter autoing is the joy of joys. California main-traveled highways are ideal.

The perfect climate, great resort hotels and country clubs are added attractions.

On the way visit

Grand Canyon *of Arizona.*

A Pullman takes you to the rim of this titan of chasms.

Two to five days' time, $6.50 railroad fare, a reasonable hotel bill at El Tovar (management of Fred Harvey) and a few dollars for rim and trail trips—that's all the extra expense.

The California Limited runs daily between Chicago-Kansas City and Los Angeles-San Diego-San Francisco. Only Southern California train, via any line, exclusively for first-class travel. All others carry tourist sleepers and second-class passengers. Fred Harvey meals are another distinction.

Ask me for illustrated booklets—"California Limited," "Titan of Chasms," and "El Tovar."

G. C. Dillard, General Eastern Agent,
A. T. & S. F. Ry. System,
377 Broadway, New York.

Santa Fe

PROFITABLE REAL ESTATE

A difference of one-half per cent in the interest rate you pay on your mortgage may make the difference between profit and loss on your real estate investment.

Favorable rates for mortgage borrowers are 4½% in Manhattan and 5% in Brooklyn and the Bronx.

We have plenty of money to lend at these rates.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO

Capital and Surplus, - $14,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., Bklyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

IDEAL Melodiste PLAYER PIANO

All dealers claim to have the *best*. And when you compare you find the Playerpianos are different. It depends upon the standard of the dealer. One man's idea of *best* is different than another's. One knows more or less than the other. The way to decide is to see—examine.

Naturally, we believe the *Ideal Melodiste* is *best*—it is a question you can settle to your own satisfaction *only* by comparison.

Go where you will. But see and hear and learn the advantages of the *Ideal Melodiste* before deciding.

Price $500 up.

Write for Booklet "T."
Music Rolls Exchangeable at 5c.

Anderson & Co

370 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
One block above Boro Hall Subway.

MONEY To Loan

If you want ready money, we'll advance liberal amounts on diamonds and precious jewels. Rates, the lowest. Loans good for one year. Goods kept in burglar and fireproof vaults, assuring perfect safety.

DIAMONDS For Sale

Our collection of forfeited diamond jewelry is large and varied, and our prices are 40% less than jewellers' prices. We guarantee every article to be as we represent it or we'll refund your money. Dealers' Trade Solicited.

WM. GOLDSTONE
103 PARK ROW. Est. 1860.
Block Above Brooklyn Bridge.

¶ **We are fond of big printing orders from big publishers, but we are fond of the little ones too. We are good to little ones.**

CORLIES, MACY & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1857
STATIONERS
STORE: . . 40 John Street
FACTORY: . . 441 Pearl Street

WISSNER PIANOS
WAREROOMS
96 5th Av., Cor. 15th St., New York.
538-540 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

LONG SANG TI
293 5th Ave.,
Near 31st St., New York.
CHINESE CURIO COMPANY

Beg to announce that they have just received from Peking, China, a collection CONSISTING OF Chinese Jade Ornaments, Porcelain and Pottery; Oriental Jewelry and Fine Silk Embroidery. Send for booklet T.

Library Bureau
Card and filing systems
316 Broadway

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

Dr. C. W. Saleeby's Book "The Will To Do" *free*.

Write for copy to-day.

THE BAUER CHEMICAL CO.
506 Everett Bldg., Union Sq., N. Y.

PLEADS FOR MORE WORDS.

President Finley Tells City College Students Public Vocabulary Is Deficient

For the first time in the history of City College the senior class, 1910, which will graduate in February, will hold its commencement week in the mid-term, with the same method of celebration as has been used by all former classes in June. President Finley delivered the baccalaureate sermon yesterday in the University Hall, taking for his theme the duty of college men to the English language.

"I would have you go out lovers of your speech," said he. "This is a time of philanthropists, but we do not need their riches to add to our common vocabulary. It is richer than that of many, indeed, than that of most tongues, though we are most of us seemingly content with a very meagre possession.

"We need men in every walk of life who will use speech conscientiously, discriminatingly, intelligently, yet without pedantry or show. The papers tell of the Mayor's praise of college men in cleaning the streets, and all college men should be proud of that service given by one of their number.

"I hope that graduates of this college will come to serve the city in its every department. That is our peculiar opportunity and obligation, as I see it. But, incidentally, you can constitute yourselves a speech cleaning department, and each begin by keeping clean and improving the [illegible] in the midst of the babel of voices about you."

NO MORE UNSOUND NATIONAL BANKS

National City Bank Reports That Weak Members Have Been Made Standard.

REFORMS PUT IN FORCE

Controller's Unusual Measures for Public Protection Highly Commended.

The National City Bank, which is recognized as an authority on National banking matters, makes the statement in its monthly circular for February that "there is practically not a National bank in all the United States at the present time whose condition is regarded as unsatisfactory." It says that the Controller of the Currency is authority for the declaration, having so expressed himself "in a recent informal address to a group of Treasury officials and bankers."

It was only a year ago the Washington National banking authorities stated that several hundred out of the seven thousand National banks were either unsound or poorly managed. The remarkable change in the situation is pointed out by the National City Bank as all the more important because of this criticism.

It is well known that up to a short time ago the Federal officials made a practice of segregating the large number of banks which were looked upon as unsatisfactorily managed from the institutions which required no special supervision, and the considerable list of banks grouped by the Controller's agents under the head of "bad" was never materially reduced, although its members changed from time to time.

The National City Bank circular attributes this change in conditions, which it says has "immeasurably benefited the general banking situation," entirely to the working out of the administrative reforms instituted a little over a year ago.

"As the result of the successful working out of the various reform measures which have been a feature of the administration of the Controller's office since September, 1908," says the circular, "a complete rehabilitation of the unsound and poorly managed banks has been effected. By persistent pressure from the Controller's office, and with the co-operation of bank officers and Directors, the status of these banks has been so improved that there is not now any bank on the 'bad' list.

"This is a noteworthy achievement and a most remarkable one to have been obtained in so short a time. It has demonstrated very clearly the benefit of Government supervision, zealously and intelligently directed."

The state of affairs that existed up to the time the reforms were instituted would have been the cause of anxiety and possible trouble had it been generally known, the circular asserts, although the conditions were of long standing. The working out of the reforms began with a conference in September, 1908, of the Controller and the Atlantic Coast Examiners, at which the questions of improving the examining force and bettering methods of examination were discussed.

A canvass of the banks was undertaken to determine the extent to which Directors were discharging their legal duties, and the Examiners were required to give bonds and qualify under oath. Credit reports were organized, and a system of co-operation between National and State and Clearing House Examiners put in force. These innovations were put through in spite of opposition in some quarters, but they were persisted in, the circular says, "on the theory that creditors and depositors of the unsound institutions were entitled to a sense of security which had a basis in fact, and that the well-managed and sound banks, representing 90 per cent. of the membership in the National system, were entitled also, for the sake of their own standing as associates in that system, to have every effort made to bring the poorly managed banks up to standard.

"When complete investigation had been made and conditions were thoroughly understood, every bank on the bad list was promptly notified that its condition was unsatisfactory—that it would be examined four times a year instead of twice, as was customary—and every examination would be made in the presence of the Directors.

"These banks were also notified that if this did not bring about the elimination of the conditions complained of, a National Bank Examiner at Large would be sent to the bank at its expense, with instructions to remain there until conditions were satisfactory. In only a few instances was it necessary to take any of these steps.

"Authorities connected with the banks which it was desired to put in better shape sought to avoid at once the loss of reputation and standing involved in the proposed quarterly examinations. In some instances Directors personally made up deficiencies, and this vigorous move against the poorly managed and unsound institutions became almost immediately effective."

Only less important than the elimination of the "bad" list in the eyes of the National City Bank authorities is a rule laid down by the Controller as the expression of his policy in the matter of National bank examination which he formulated in his recent talk with officials and bankers, which is the circular's authority for the statement that "there is practically not a National bank whose condition is regarded as unsatisfactory." The circular qotes the Controller as saying:

> I propose to supervise the National banks in a reasonable, effective, and business-like way while their doors are open, rather than to see how much can be paid to creditors after they have failed because of a lack of effective supervision. If I were to criticise the policy of the Controller's office, it would be broadly that it is too highly technical in trivial matters, and not vigorous enough in vital essentials.
>
> I have determined that while I am Controller well-managed banks are not to be annoyed by the receipt of critical letters on trivial, unimportant non-essentials, but that when a bad condition shows itself every means that can be summoned, either by statutory enactment or by good administration based squarely upon the law, will be used to cure that condition.

The Controller's statement of the success of his reforms made a deep impression, the circular states, and the intimation he gave that there would be an elimination of criticism in trivial matters met with welcome approval.

RECALLS GOEBEL SHOOTING.

Funeral Orator Says the Assassination Also Killed Arthur Goebel.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 30.—On the tenth anniversary of the shooting of William Goebel, who was engaged in a contest for the Governorship of Kentucky, the funeral of his brother, Arthur Goebel, who died in Phoenix, Ariz., Jan. 20, was held in Covington, Ky., this afternoon. The Twelfth Street Lutheran Church was crowded.

Averring that it was neither the time nor place to say anything that would tend to arouse political rancor, Commonwealth Attorney Robert B. Franklin, who at the request of the family delivered the funeral oration, declared that the "bullet which killed William Goebel, together with the liberation of all of those charged with the murder, just as certainly killed Arthur Goebel." Arthur, he said, died of a broken heart.

The body will be taken to Frankfort, where on Thursday, Feb. 3, the tenth anniversary of the death of William Goebel will be observed by the unveiling of a monument erected to him by popular subscription. The interment of Arthur Goebel's body by the side of that of his brother will be made a part of the unveiling ceremony.

Perhaps you want a Situation? See Page 13.

NEW RULES FOR HAZING.

West Point Authorities to Enforce Them This Week.

A new set of regulations to deal with hazing as practiced for nearly a century by the cadets at West Point will be promulgated at West Point this week. The new regulations follow the recommendation of the West Point authorities for the dismissal of Cadets Robert Nall Bodine, Edward C. V. Boykin, and Harold Marvin Rayner, who were recently found guilty of "bracing" one of the new cadets, which is one of the many forms of hazing that Congress decided many years ago must be followed by summary dismissal. "Bracing" is compelling a student to stand at attention for several hours at a time.

In the cases of the three cadets named Secretary of War Dickinson did not consider the offense so flagrant a violation of the law as to justify dismissal, and the readjustment of the regulations to fit the case was the result. The new regulations, which are now waiting the approval of Col. Hugh L. Scott, the Superintendent of the Military Academy, are:

> 143. Sec. 1. Any cadet who shall invite, order, or compel a candidate, new cadet, or fourth classman to engage in any form of physical exercise, (except at drill,) eat or drink anything or take into the mouth anything whatever, or shall strike, treat with violence, or offer bodily harm to a candidate, new cadet, or fourth classman, or shall invite, order, compel, or permit a candidate, new cadet, or fourth classman to sweep his (the cadet's) room or tent, make his bed, clean his arms, equipment, or accoutrements, bring water, or perform for him any other menial service, or to do for him anything incompatible with the position of a cadet and gentleman, shall, when no intent has been shown to injure, punish, or humiliate such candidate, new cadet, or fourth classman, be summarily suspended and turned back to join the next class.
>
> Sec. 2. Any cadet who, with intent to injure, punish, or humiliate, shall do any of the above-enumerated things shall be deemed guilty of hazing and "shall be summarily expelled from the academy, and shall not thereafter be reappointed to the corps of cadets or be eligible for appointment as a commissioned officer in the army, navy, or marine corps until two years after the graduation of the class of which he was a member."*
>
> Sec. 3. Any candidate found guilty of being an accessory to or encouraging or countenancing any of the aforesaid acts shall, in cases where the evidence fails to show that such act was done with intent to injure, punish, or humiliate the candidate, new cadet, or fourth classman, be summarily suspended and turned back to join the next class, and, in cases where the evidence shows that such act was done with intent to injure, punish, or humiliate, be punished as prescribed in Sec. 2 hereof.
>
> Sec. 4. Any cadet who shall give unauthorized commands or orders to or shall invite, order, or compel a candidate, new cadet, or fourth classman to assume any ridiculous or constrained position, or shall lay hands on, or shall interfere with, harass, molest, or annoy a candidate, new cadet, or fourth classman in any way other than as provided for in this or the foregoing paragraphs, shall be awarded such punishment, less than dismissal or suspension, as the Superintendent may prescribe.
>
> Sec. 5. Any cadet whose duty it is to enforce camp, barrack, or mess regulations, who is shown to have had knowledge that any of the acts defined in Secs. 1, 2, 3, and 4 was being done, and who failed to take prompt steps to stop the same, or to report the facts to the proper authorities, shall be punished in like manner as if he had been a principal to the commission of the act.
>
> *Act of Congress, March 3, 1901.

What effect the new regulations will have on the status of the seven cadets who were dismissed last Summer, following the Sutton hazing episode, and the two who were dismissed in 1908 is problematical. That they will take advantage of any possible interpretation that may result in their reinstatement is the general opinion. They are at present trying to get back through special legislation of Congress.

BAY STATE AND INCOME TAX.

Legislative Hearings to be Held and a Vote Is Expected Soon.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—It is expected that Massachusetts will soon go on record on the proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution, giving Congress the power to levy taxes on incomes.

The income tax resolution was referred three weeks ago to the joint committee of the Legislature on Federal relations, and beginning to-morrow that committee will be ready to hear arguments from any citizens on the measure. It is expected that many of the most earnest advocates of the income tax in the State will express themselves during the week, and that several business organizations will be arrayed against it.

The committee will report as soon as possible, and by the last of February the attitude of this commonwealth probably will be known. It is expected by political leaders that the House will favor the tax, and that the Senate will oppose it.

BECOMES INSANE IN A CAR.

Young Woman Taken from Brooklyn Elevated Train, Fighting.

Passengers on a Myrtle Avenue elevated train in Brooklyn, bound for Manhattan, were interested last midnight as a well-dressed young woman on the train began to cry and talk to herself. The guards were told to watch her. She grew more violent as the train went on, and it was stopped at the Bridge Street station so that she could be removed.

She imagined that the guards and the policemen were persons trying to kidnap her, and resisted removal. She was finally taken to the Adams Street Police Station. A doctor from the Brooklyn Hospital said she was suffering from some form of insanity. After another violent struggle she was removed to the Kings County Hospital.

So far as the police could learn she is Miss Mildred Evans, who lives with her aunt, a Mrs. Patterson, at 1,095 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn.

Scarlet Fever at Naval Station.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 30.—Victor J. Sheridan, seaman apprentice, under instruction in the yeoman class at the naval training station, was stricken with scarlet fever to-day. Commander P. W. Hourigan has placed the station in quarantine and has telegraphed recruiting stations not to send recruits here until the quarantine is lifted. There are 2,817 enlisted men and apprentices at the training station.

WHITE SLAVE JURY WILL HEAR BENNET

The Congressman, Who Is a Member of the Immigration Commission, Anxious to Testify.

WHITMAN GETS ITS REPORT

The Commission in It Attacks Again the Benevolent Association Mentioned in the Original Charges—Its Denial.

Information bearing on white slave traffic, which has been accumulated by the Immigration Commission, of which Congressman William S. Bennet is a member, will be submitted by Mr. Bennet to the Grand Jury this week. The Congressman came to the city Saturday from Washington, and it is expected that he will have a conference to-day with District Attorney Whitman and Assistant District Attorneys Appleton and Reynolds, who have represented the District Attorney in the Grand Jury investigation. Mr. Bennet sent to the District Attorney last week a copy of a report of the Immigration Commission, which was completed within the last week or so, in which the white slave traffic is touched upon.

The commission found, according to the report, that there were large numbers of men, principally in New York and Chicago, but also over the country, who were engaged in the traffic. Evidence of at least one organized band is declared to have been found. Some details are given in the report. Congressman Bennet, it is understood, is in possession of more information, which he is anxious to impart personally to the Grand Jury. In its report the commission says:

> Some of the large number of men in the trade in this country, especially in New York and Chicago, are engaged in importation, but apparently they prey rather upon young girls whom they find on the streets, in the dance halls and similar places and whom, by the methods already indicated—love making and pretenses of marriage—they deceive and ruin. Many of them are petty thieves, pickpockets, and gamblers. They have also various resorts where they meet and receive their mail, transact business with one another and visit. Perhaps the best known organization of this kind throughout the country was one legally incorporated in New York in 1904 under the name of the New York Independent Benevolent Association.
>
> As stated in their certificate of organization the objects were benevolent, providing for a weekly payment to sick members and for burial. They had a cemetery lot in Flatbush where members were buried. According to the information received the main object of the association was to assist its members in carrying on their business, and especially in defeating the law. When one was arrested for committing a crime, money was raised to assist him. Money was raised for protection fees.
>
> Although the organization did not import women, many of its members did. They had regular meetings in New York City for the transaction of business, but their members were widely scattered, even as far as Victoria and Vancouver.
>
> The following is a copy of a printed card sent to members to attend the funeral of a well-known woman of bad character who had been murdered. Talk in resorts in the neighborhood in the presence of one of our agents showed that the people of her class believed that she had been murdered because she had discarded a man who had attached himself to her:
>
> NEW YORK INDEPENDENT BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION:
>
> Brother: You are requested to attend the funeral of our deceased sister, Katie Polta, which will take place on Wednesday, April 15, 1908, at 1 o'clock sharp, from the Morgue, Twenty-sixth Street. For not attending, $2 fine.
>
> By order of the President.
> J. SCHLIEKA, Secretary.

Abraham Levinstein, President of the New York Independent Benevolent Association, who keeps a restaurant on Second Avenue, denied yesterday that the organization was composed of such men as the Immigration Commission alleges, or that the organization was formed to protect them. He has informed the District Attorney that he will appear before the Grand Jury whenever he is wanted.

2,000 HELD IN PEONAGE.

Arrests Follow Federal Inquiry Into Condition on Texas Plantations.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Jan. 30.—More than 2,000 white and negro men and women have been held in a state of peonage on cotton plantations in Burleson and other counties during the last twelve months, according to the statements of four special Federal agents, who have been employed for several weeks in investigating the charges.

There are forty witnesses here to give testimony before the Federal Grand Jury that is now in session. Indictments have already been returned against J. W. Wood of Somerville, a Justice of the Peace; W. S. Houston, a constable of the same place, and Robert A. Newsom, Superintendent of the Koppe plantation, in Burleson County, charging them with conspiring, with others, to hold persons in peonage. These men were arrested to-day.

According to the stories told by the men and women who are here to testify, they were captured and taken by force to the plantations, where they were held in bondage until the present investigation was begun. Some of the victims were beaten with a six-foot strap when they refused to work; two men had their eyes gouged out by guards, and two are known to have been killed. Men and women were housed together, and were given hardly enough clothing to cover them.

Joe Poller of St. Joseph, Mo., who escaped from the Koppe farm after a servitude of six months, told his story to the Federal authorities.

SIX HELD IN MURDER CASE.

Husband Among the Suspects in Killing of Jessier Van Zandt.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 30.—The arrest of six persons in connection with the death of Mrs. Jessie Van Zandt, whose body, bound and gagged and literally roasted over a gas stove, was found in the kitchen of her home yesterday, was a development in the Van Zandt murder case to-day.

Those arrested are Charles Berry, Edward Rattman, Patrick Langen, Ada Friendship, Mrs. Mary Ford, and the latter's 14-year-old daughter, Lillie Ford.

The police assert they have information that Jessie Van Zandt, husband of the murdered woman, who is being held on suspicion, spent considerable time recently in the house with the persons arrested, in company with Agnes Berry, sister of one of the men arrested, and that it is believed their testimony will develop something on which a formal charge against Van Zandt can be based.

Van Zandt spent the day in a cell and he continued to assert his innocence.

Coroner Coe received a telegram to-day from Elmer Rutherford of Cape May, N. J., brother of Mrs. Van Zandt, stating that he would arrive in this city to-morrow.

Special to The New York Times.

CAPE MAY, N. J., Jan. 30.—Mrs. Jessie A. Van Zandt, who was found murdered in Cincinnati yesterday, was a daughter of George F. Rutherford, owner of the Villa Nova Hotel here. The father and a brother of the dead woman, Elmer Rutherford of Philadelphia, started this morning for Cincinnati.

SEEKS HEIRESS TO $50,000.

Trace of Miss Neely, to Whom Friend Left Bequest, Is Lost.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—This advertisement appeared in a local newspaper to-day:

> LOST—Miss Annie Neely, heiress to $50,000. Samuel H. Whitley, lawyer, of 28 State Street, Boston, would be glad to have any information that will lead to the girl's location.

Miss Neely was formerly of Boston. The $50,000 was bequeathed to her by a friend who lived in Chicago, but Mr. Whitley does not care to reveal the identity of the person. Miss Neely came to Boston during the Summer of 1897, from her home in Waukegan, Ill. She lived for two months at the Gray Nuns' Home in Union Park Street, where she became friendly with a Miss Mary Higgins. Through Miss Higgins Mr. Whitley has traced her to New York City in 1904, but has been unable to learn of her since then. She is about 5 feet tall, had dark brown hair and eyes, rosy complexion, and weighed about 138 pounds.

FOR NEW CORNELL EMBLEM.

University Announces a Competition and a $200 Prize for Winner.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 30.—The authorities of Cornell University want a new emblem, and have announced a prize of $200 to the successful competitor. The announcement declares that the competition is open to all, the first of June being named as the latest date for the submission of designs.

The university does not pledge itself to adopt the design which receives the prize, and it reserves the right to modify this design at its pleasure or to borrow suggestions from any of the others. The designs need not be heraldic in character, (i. e., in the form of a shield or escutcheon,) but will be submitted before adoption to the criticism and correction of those expert in heraldry. The attention of alumni of Cornell is especially called to this competition.

WOMAN CAUSED ICY FALL.

Clutched at Johnson's Coatsleeve to Save Herself—His Head Broken.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Jan. 30.—Neil Johnson was walking down Greenwich Avenue to-day, picking his way carefully along, for the walk was a glaze of ice. Immediately behind him was Miss Pearl Cunningham, who was having an equally hard time keeping her balance. Miss Cunningham was just about to pass Mr. Johnson when she slipped, and, throwing out her arms to save herself, grasped his sleeve. Down she went, dragging Johnson with her.

He struck on his head with such force that he was knocked unconscious, and received a bad scalp wound. Medical Examiner Clarke, who was called, after much difficulty finally brought Johnson to. He lost a great deal of blood, and the wound is painful, but his condition is not thought to be dangerous.

Miss Cunningham escaped without even a bruise.

520,000 POUND ICE CAKE.

Company Didn't Get Roof on New House and Small Cakes Froze Together

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Jan. 30.—The largest cake of ice to be found in an ice house in New York State, and probably in the United States, is at Florida, Orange County. The cake weighs 520,000 pounds, and the owners are considerably embarrassed to know what to do with it.

The Borden Milk Company started building a new icehouse some weeks ago, but did not get it finished when ice harvesting commenced. The ice house was filled with huge cakes, but before the roof could be put on, it rained for several days, followed by a cold snap. As a result, the big pile of ice was frozen into one solid mass. It will entail an immense amount of labor to get the ice out when it is needed.

MRS. HARRIMAN AIDS BOYS.

Widow of Railroad Man Settles $113,000 Mortgage on Boys' Club.

At the tenth anniversary dinner of the Senior Club of the Boys' Club, held in the clubhouse at the corner of Tenth Street and Avenue A on Saturday night, the Treasurer, E. N. Potter, nephew of the late Bishop Potter, announced that Mrs. E. H. Harriman had paid off the mortgage of $113,000 on the club premises and sent the deed to him to be canceled.

The late E. H. Harriman had always taken a great personal interest in the Boys' Club, besides giving large sums of money, and the announcement of his widow's gift was received with cheers by the 200 big boys present, who finished their burst of enthusiasm by singing "The Star-Spangled Banner."

Among those present were Loyal Farragut, son of the Admiral; F. Gordon Brown, nephew of J. Pierpont Morgan; Francis H. Taber, Superintendent of the Boys' Club; P. J. Kelly, J. T. McGuire, G. W. Furey, Seney Plummer, and others.

Borden's Milk Is Worth Nine Cents a Quart

It is easy enough to pull down the quality of milk. It is keeping the quality up that is important to you.
Don't be satisfied with eight-cent milk. Borden's quality far exceeds eight-cent quality.

BORDEN'S COUNTRY-BOTTLED MILK

is original, pure, high quality milk, bottled under the most scrupulous and exacting conditions in the fresh, pure air of the country, instead of the bacteria laden air of the city.
The whole Borden system of milk supply is maintained at the highest possible standard.
Get Borden's and be sure of pure, wholesome, clean milk.

Nine Cents a Quart. Worth It!

BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK CO.

F. CHAUVENET'S Red Cap

THE RED
SPARKLING BURGUNDY
OF FRANCE
Invigorates Permanently.
H. P. Finlay & Co., Ltd., New York.

Brill Clothes

They're like golden-veined seams of quartz that await the coming of the wise prospector

Overcoats at $17

Like them—because they represent magnificent values, because they are what men are looking for—fine blacks and Oxfords and tastefully chosen fancy mixtures, in to-day's models, substantially made—our regular $27.50 and $24.50 lined.

Like them because the man who gets one is a little more than satisfied.

Some men will prefer our overcoats which formerly sold as high as $32.50—**now $22.**

Others, our overcoats of the regular $19 and $17 grade, with a few formerly $22.50—**now $12.**

It's only a question of purse possibility. There's big value and choosing in all three groups—*for the wise prospector.*

Brill Brothers
CLOTHIERS 4 CONVENIENT STORES
Harlem Store Open Evenings.
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., nr. B'way. 47 CORTLANDT ST., nr. Greenwich.

W. & J. SLOANE

Oriental Rugs
Selected by Experts

OUR collection of Oriental Rugs is not only extremely large, but it possesses the distinctive merit of having been selected by our own experts in the Orient. Each rug has been chosen for its individual excellence, giving our stock a very high average of quality.

In addition, we offer a large assortment of Daghestans, Guendjies, Beloochistans and Moussouls, in small sizes at $12 to $48 each.

Every rug has our usual guarantee of genuineness.

Free delivery within 100 miles.

Our 19th Street Entrance is but a step from Subway Station.

Broadway & Nineteenth Street

B. Altman & Co.

WILL HOLD SPECIAL SALES OF
DRESS SILKS AND COLORED DRESS GOODS
THIS DAY (MONDAY), JANUARY 31st.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

American News in Europe

The Attention of Americans About to Travel Abroad is Directed to

FOUNDED IN 1788
The Times
(LONDON)

As a newspaper whose daily American Cable despatches contain all essential and vital news of the United States

AMERICAN OFFICE, WINDSOR ARCADE
FIFTH AVENUE, AT 46TH STREET
NEW YORK

The Times can be obtained from all newsagents in the United Kingdom and in the principal cities of the Continent of Europe.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.

Address all communications THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office..........Times Square
Downtown..........15 Beekman Street
Wall Street..........80 Broadway
WASHINGTON..........Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA..........Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO..........382 Wabash Ave.
LONDON..........67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS..........36 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN..........60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.	
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month	0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year	8.50
DAILY, per Week	0.12
DAILY, per Month	0.50
DAILY, per Year	6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section, per Year	2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year (to Canada $1.50)	1.00
THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, per Year (to Canada $1.50)	1.00

Add $1.20 per month for postage foreign countries daily and Sunday. 85 cents daily only.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, JAN. 31, 1910.

THE REPUBLICANS, TOO.

The Democratic Party in the State of New York has for some years been in a pretty bad way, but we are convinced that the need for the reorganization of the Republican Party is as great as that for the reorganization of the Democracy. Every man whose political thinking is affected with the qualities of candor and honesty will admit that it is for the welfare of the Commonwealth that, whatever party be in power, there should be a coherent and well-directed Opposition. The constant menace of defeat at the polls as the penalty of mistaken policies or evil courses acts as a measure of political sanitation for the party holding the offices.

The present condition of the Republican Party in this State is proof of it. The demonstrated incapacity of the Democrats to win victories, the feeling that the Opposition was quite negligible, has made the Republicans careless of their conduct, and of their reputation with the people. The party has come under the leadership of small and narrow men. Corruption has taken hold of it. Above all, the fact that an able and upright Governor like Mr. HUGHES is altogether unable to get along with the organization is a conspicuous and irrefutable proof that something is the matter with the party.

Yet so little are the leaders concerned for its moral betterment or its return to the paths of wisdom that they deplore and are alarmed by the measures now being taken to put the Democracy into fighting trim. They appear to believe that it would be better that the Republican Party should maintain its hold upon power, even though its corruptions make it odious to the people, than that it should be purified "by passing through the fires of defeat." Because Mr. TIMOTHY L. WOODRUFF believes that spoils are the seed of the party, and that party is not a means to good Government but an end in itself, New York City cannot have a new Charter. The Charter Committee of the Republican Legislature has butchered the Ivins charter, as our neighbor The Sun very properly expresses it, and it presents as a substitute no systematic revision, but a few patchwork amendments to the present patchwork charter. Mr. WOODRUFF, with an entirely shameless candor, has declared that the Borough Presidencies should not be abolished. He finds organization advantage in the perpetuation of the senseless plan of having "five little Mayors" in the city.

At Albany Mr. WILLIAM BARNES, Jr., in his Evening Journal, by some strange perversion of reasoning finds that Gov. HUGHES is guilty of collusion with Mr. THOMAS M. OSBORNE in the efforts which that public-spirited gentleman is making to give the Democracy a new birth and make it a vital force in the State. Mr. HUGHES's only part in the matter is his acceptance of Mr. OSBORNE's resignation from the Public Service Commission, and as to that he had no choice. Plainly, Mr. BARNES looks upon Democratic reorganization as a criminal undertaking. Reorganized, the Democracy may carry the State. That would put the Republicans out. Having been so long "in," and having shown so many symptoms of degeneracy, it would undoubtedly be the best thing for the Republicans to pass through a period of retirement, self-examination, and rehabilitation. The result would probably be the disappearance of the Barneses and the Woodruffs. It is this prospect that alarms them, it is because of this personal bearing of Democratic upbuilding that they would regard the success of the Democratic League as a calamity.

The work of reorganizing the Democracy, so promisingly begun by the League, will go on, we imagine, notwithstanding the dissatisfaction therewith of Mr. WILLIAM BARNES, Jr. It will be better for him and for other Republicans to turn their attention to the condition of their own party. There is much in their household that needs reforming.

BRITISH POLITICAL RUMORS.

Rumors and prophecies of what is to be done at Westminster now that the general elections are finished and the Government coalition has a majority in the British Parliament of 125 are conflicting and untrustworthy. The report that Mr. ASQUITH, who has fled to the South of France for a little sunshine and rest, intends to retire and leave the ship of state in control of LLOYD-GEORGE and WINSTON CHURCHILL is probably no falser than the statement that the Prime Minister will hereafter curb the energies and restrict the powers of his two most active associates in the Government.

The Liberals have a bare margin of votes in the House of Commons, and this may soon disappear. An avowed Liberal nowadays is quite likely to turn out to be a Laborite or Socialist under pressure. Mr. ASQUITH must preserve some sort of harmony between the factions that make up his majority. As GOLDWIN SMITH points out in a letter to The Sun, they sit together but are "otherwise plainly not united enough to form a solid basis for a Government nor likely to be more united in the future." The Nationalists will clamor for Home Rule, the other factions for Unemployment Insurance and other Socialistic measures, and it is possible that the pending budget cannot be passed without concessions which will inevitably shorten the Government's life. In fact, the Unionists have reason to rejoice over the result of the late elections and to look forward hopefully to an early dissolution of the new Parliament.

THE MARRIAGE LICENSE LAW.

Whatever may be the benefits of the New York marriage license law, it has certainly caused a considerable decrease in the number of marriages. This was sometime held to be a public misfortune. The statistics of the State Health Department show a decrease of 15 per cent. in the marriages of 1909 compared with those of 1907, the last year in which New Yorkers could wed without a license. A decrease of 20 per cent. in 1908 was generally attributed to the widespread financial depression. The decrease in 1909 cannot be explained in that way. It is a fact, therefore, that there are fewer marriages in a given territory when hasty marrying is checked. This may, in the long run, have a salutary influence on home life and public morals, but it is a sad blow to one's romantic ideas. Health Commissioner PORTER announces that the greatest decrease in the number of marriages has been in the counties bordering on other States, indicating that runaway marriages have been largely prevented by the license law.

On the whole there are very few complaints against the working of the law. There seems to be no general demand for its amendment in any part of the State. Various amendments have been proposed, one to relieve the prospective bride from the necessity of visiting the License Bureau in person, another to make the license inoperative for some longer or shorter specified time after its issuance. But no strong influence has been exerted to secure these changes, and we must infer that most of the inhabitants of the State regard them as needless.

INDICT THE GUILTY.

Mr. Attorney General WICKERSHAM has been in Washington nearly a year. He has shown peculiar application and energy in the study and performance of the duties of his important office. He has devoted himself with special zeal to the investigation, indictment, and prosecution of offenders against the Federal laws relating to trade and commerce and unlawful restraints and monopolies thereunder. He is a keen, industrious, clear-headed, and highly trained lawyer. The President under and with whom he works is also a lawyer and has been a Judge who unites to wide experience at the bar and on the bench even wider experience in the administration of public affairs at home and abroad. We venture to suggest to these exceptionally qualified gentlemen an investigation and prosecution of far greater moment than any to which they have so far given their attention, one involving intimately the welfare of the whole Nation and of its citizens collectively and individually.

It is the prosecution of that "conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce among the several States and with foreign nations" which achieved the passage of the tariff law of last session, and in which were involved, not only a number of the trusts against which proceedings have been begun, but many of the leaders and managers of the Republican Party. This prosecution cannot perhaps be brought in the ordinary manner before the Federal courts—though there are provisions of law that seem closely to fit and fully to cover many of the features of the offense—but there is a higher tribunal, of adequate jurisdiction, unhampered by technicalities, with ample power to adjudge and enforce equity, before which the President and Attorney General would be heard with great respect, and in which any effort they might make to protect the right and punish evildoers would have prompt recognition and probably decisive influence. This tribunal offers the great and singular advantage that it is always open and ready to take testimony and consider evidence from day to day. It is the tribunal of public opinion, and the next occasion on which it will hand down its decision will be the first Tuesday after the first Monday in next November, the day of the Congressional elections.

The essence of the charges that may with propriety and fairness be brought against those engaged in this conspiracy is clearly set forth by Attorney General WICKERSHAM in the concluding words of his "brief for the United States" submitted to the Supreme Court in what are known as the Tobacco Cases. "The defendants," he declares, "for many years and with great success have persisted in destroying competition, obstructing commerce, and acquiring monopolies. They have become immensely powerful and only vigorous measures can remove the mischief brought about by them." Were he addressing the tribunal of public opinion, before which the tariff conspiracy should be brought, he could, with entire pertinency, conclude, as he concluded in the case cited: "We submit that the situation imperatively demands a decree which will utterly destroy the arrangements now existing and prevent any similar ones in future." Neither the Attorney General nor his respected superior, the President, would have any difficulty in bringing to the attention of the tribunal competent and conclusive evidence that the tariff law has produced that destruction of competition and obstruction of commerce and creation of monopolies so eloquently denounced. Nor would they have any trouble in showing the existence of a conspiracy to make a tariff law for these purposes. Both of them were in Washington and in intimate association with Congress while this conspiracy was being matured. They saw and sometimes heard the lobbyists that swarmed in the National Capital. They watched the process by which wholesome and real revision and reduction were prevented. They knew some of the tricks by which the supporters of revision and reduction were divided and weakened—the corporation tax and the proposed income tax amendment, for example. They were cognizant of the means employed to prevent the application of the President's principle of difference in cost as a measure of just protection. And they must have known the nature and extent of the pressure brought to bear to secure from a reluctant and protesting President his signature to the bill.

With this formidable equipment, and inspired by zeal to deal with the chief of real offenders in the matter of restraint of trade, destruction of competition, and general oppression, Mr. WICKERSHAM and Mr. TAFT would be practically invincible should they begin at once their argument before the final tribunal. And while we do not pretend to know the workings of their minds, we cannot help feeling that in such a task they would be far more at ease than they can be in their present involved and inadequate efforts to cure evil without touching one of the chief causes thereof.

THE MAYOR TO THE "WHITE WINGS."

It was a manly and helpful talk that Mayor GAYNOR gave to the officers, foremen, &c., of the street-cleaning force, and it was an extremely sensible thing for him to address them in this way. Not only do they have a very important work to do, but it is a work in which the discipline and conduct of the workers are under the direct observation of a great part of the people of the city day by day.

In this way the street cleaners are taken as a fair sample of the morale of the city administration. If their account of themselves is creditable, the general impression will be favorable, and vice versa. At present it is, on the whole, pretty good, but it is very far from what it could be made, and the public will watch with interest for the improvement that ought to take place.

An important feature in the Mayor's talk was the emphatic assertion that shirking and bad work would be severely dealt with without any regard to politics. This has not been a conspicuous characteristic of this or any other branch of city affairs, and political and personal favoritism has been a serious evil. Its worst effect has been that the general standard of efficiency and fidelity has been kept low, in order that the defects of the favorites should not be too glaring. If the standard can be made what it is in private business, and if all employés, high and low, from Commissioners to sweepers and cartmen, can be held fairly to it, it would be an immense gain to the city; not merely a gain in economy, but in the whole character of the city and in the spirit of its citizens.

SENATOR LODGE'S CONFESSION.

According to The Tribune's Washington dispatches, Senator LODGE contends that "the tariff had nothing whatever to do with the increased cost of necessary food products in this country." Exactly. And ninety millions of ultimate consumers want to know why the tariff has nothing to do with it, when it so easily might be a force for lower prices. According to protectionist theory protection produces cheapness by fostering competition within the lines of domestic production. But we are now seeing our prices at their maximum, while our bread and beef go past our doors and are sold lower abroad. Something seems to ail the theory of competition when the competition is avoided by the exports of the surplus product.

It may be conceded that the increase in prices is world wide and is attributable, at least in part, to the flood of gold. This may explain why the cost of food has risen in free-trade countries which import their food. The explanation which would explain should be directed to the point that prices are higher in the protectionist countries of initial production than in free-trade countries of ultimate consumption, although in the latter countries they bear the added cost of transportation over thousands of miles. The ultimate consumer in America, who pays more than his first cousin across the Atlantic Ocean or than his other cousins across an imaginary line to the north, has a prejudice which it would require evidence to remove that the free-trade sort of competition is more his friend than the protection variety. He has an idea that the tariff on breadstuffs, which was put in the tariff to fool the farmer, is fooling the consumer. He has a suspicion that eggs might be cheaper if the Canadian hens were allowed to work for the American market. An Ottawa telegram recalls the fact that before the enactment of the McKinley tariff 144,000,000 dozen eggs were sent to the United States, but that now England gets the Canadian product, except the portion that Canadians themselves consume.

The President of the New York Mercantile Exchange has expressed the opinion that a reduction of the tariff on butter, cheese, and eggs would cheapen them. Senator LODGE contends that the tariff has nothing to do with the matter. And ninety millions of ultimate consumers want to know why it is not made to have something to do with the matter, and why they should be taxed and starved to feed aliens.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Wounding to Japanese Sensibilities.

It does seem as if some more tactful way might have been found of dealing with the cherry trees given by the Japanese Government to ours than was the one devised by the combined efforts of the Secretaries of State and of Agriculture. Somebody under Secretary WILSON took pains, as was quite proper, to examine that pretty gift root and branch, and he discovered that it harbored several kinds of pests, big bugs, little bugs, and fungi, some of them unknown to this country and therefore extremely dangerous. A parasite that does little or no harm at home, where it has natural enemies to keep it down, often becomes a disastrous plague when introduced where it has no efficient foes. But we have been importing ornamental plants from Japan for years, and by the shipload, and it is remarkable that this particular invoice should have contained any new infections—or any at all, for that matter.

Contain them it did, however, and, of course, it wouldn't do to let them spread. But to destroy the cherry trees, to tell the representative of the Japanese Government that it had been done and why, and to let the story get out—well, that, to transpose a familiar phrase, was more wise than nice. Perhaps it wasn't even wise. The thing to have done was to have some carefully arranged accident happen to those trees before the time came for setting them out—an accident of the obviously unavoidable sort, a clear "act of Providence." Then the needful number of departmental Secretaries could have told Japan how sorry we all were, and the incident would have passed without embarrassment or humiliation for anybody.

Japanese officials in a like situation, one may be sure, would have managed to spare our feelings. The truth might have suffered just a little in the course of their explanation, but occasions do arise when Truth is willing to endure a twinge or two rather than make herself disagreeable. Veracity is a fine thing in its place, which is almost everywhere except in the sick room, but there is such a thing as not telling the whole of a story. When a sworn witness in court does that he is a perjured villain, but in keeping up social and international relations a discriminating reticence does not shock the recording angel—much.

A Mystery in the Explosions.

Just what has been happening to the sewers and other underground conduits of Paris is not made clear by the dispatches. They contain frequent references to the exertion of an explosive force by the water and the apparent blowing up of the containing channels. But water "backing up" into a sewer from a rising river would not be confined. That after a while, if the river rose far enough, it would flow into houses and streets in a most obnoxious and troublesome manner can be easily understood, but no more water than could pass through the sewer would try to enter it, and therefore the explosions reported are a bit mysterious.

Probably they are not due to direct water pressure, but to that brought to bear by the water on considerable volumes of air imprisoned in parts of the underground system from which there is no present opening. Under Paris there is a vast network of excavations, many of them abandoned and forgotten centuries ago. Unnumbered tons of stone have been taken out for the building of the city, and the caverns thus formed have been put to many uses. The chances are that these, rather than the sewers of comparatively recent construction, have been disturbed by an unaccustomed inflow of water.

Ordinarily, sewers do not burst unless their outlets get closed and water continues to flow into them from the other end until it gets a "head" like that in the mains of a supply system. In Paris the water is not coming now from that direction. There is no doubt, however, that the streets have caved in in many places, and an exact explanation of the trouble is not among the pressing needs of the Parisians. They are more interested in saving their property and in figuring up their losses.

Talking at a Venture.

Prof. MUENSTERBERG, who is always very severe with people who have opinions unsustained by tabulated facts, may have weighed and measured the relative amounts of "culture" possessed by men and women in America. Certainly he should have done so before he declared that our women have vastly more of that rather vague thing than have our men; but some folks will have a suspicion that his conclusion was drawn from inadequate data, that its truth is at least questionable, and that he doesn't really know whether it is true or not.

How could he? He has lived a few years in Boston, and he has made a few journeys to other parts of the country. The Professor is very distinctly a Wise One, and doubtless he has used such opportunities for observation as he has had with more than ordinary skill and judgment. He has seen and studied only a minute fraction of the American population, however, and the fact, if it be a fact, that the women whom he has observed show more culture than the men is not very significant except of a little group in which leisure is unequally divided between the sexes.

And leisure and culture somehow seem to go together. There are more well-educated men than well-educated women in the United States, and the booksellers would not say that only women buy and read good literature.

AMATEURS OF WIRELESS OBJECT.

Say the Bill to Control the Wireless Telegraph Is Unjust to Them.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The resolution introduced in the House of Congress by Representative Roberts of Massachusetts providing for the creation of a wireless telegraph board of control has caused considerable disappointment and anxiety among Uncle Sam's wireless amateurs. It will be a great injustice to these amateurs if such a board were created, and it is to be hoped that it will never materialize—yet there is every likelihood of its being sanctioned by the House, it having, no doubt, received its impetus from the "wireless trust." It is an indisputable fact that the United States leads the world in the number and quality of its amateurs, and to these (consisting largely of young America) wireless telegraphy and telephony have been a source of undivided instruction, amusement, and utility. To rob them of this pastime would merely serve to swell the coffers of those gentlemen composing the wireless interests, (by giving them unlimited control of the ether,) besides smothering any love of scientific experimentation that the young amateur may have possessed. To encourage such scientific interest should be Uncle Sam's aim—not to heartlessly sound its death knell as England and Germany have done.

The following reasons are offered why there is no need for a wireless board having the contemplated jurisdiction:

First—It is contended by Mr. Roberts that "the activities of amateur operators have been such as not only to make necessary a change from 'C. Q. D.' as the distress signal, but to interfere seriously with the operations of all Governmental and private services." This sounds to me rather far-fetched. The writer has several amateur wireless friends, and knows that the average amateur would not willingly interfere with any other operator's messages, whether private, Governmental, or commercial, and it has always been their aim to render any assistance within their power toward the forwarding, &c., of messages. But, at any rate, with the present efficient "weeding-out" tuners, loose couplers, and variable condensers, the Government or commercial stations can "cut out" the amateur very effectually, making such stations impossible of interference. The trouble, however, (if any there be,) lies with the majority of the Government and commercial stations having old-fashioned instruments, and the substitution therefor of the more modern ones would remedy the whole difficulty. The general public is, for most part, under the impression that but one instrument can receive a message at a time, but any one conversant with wireless knows of course that any number of persons having receiving instruments within the radius of the electrical waves of a wireless message can receive the same message simultaneously, therefore there is no interference in this direction.

Secondly—By the old Roman law, which our modern real estate laws have for their basis, the owner of land owned not only the surface, but all above and below it—up to the sky and down to the earth's centre. To vest legitimately in a wireless board, then, the proposed jurisdiction, it would seem but proper that all those individuals who are the rightful owners of the atmosphere over their respective properties traversible by wireless messages should be consulted in the matter.

Thirdly—Wireless telegraphy and telephony is an inexpensive medium of communication, and to suppress the amateur would leave him at the mercy of the commercial interests. The Government should no more think of barring him from the field than it would of tearing down the wires of those persons now having wire telegraph lines for private use.

T. J. STYLES.

Yonkers, N. Y., Jan. 28, 1910.

AN INTELLECTUAL ANIMAL.

Hence Man Will Not Seriously Concern Himself with Price of Food?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The stomach is the central and vital spot in man, his very organ of subsistence, as well as existence, and which stands in such close and intimate relation to his mind that it cannot but marvel any one how the food question can meet with so much indifference among the public. All this goes to show that man is first and last and all the time an intellectual animal, who cares little about the price of food so long as there are such topics to be discussed as those of Christian Science, single tax, Socialism, occultism, and the polar question. The very men who are most interested in the food question just now are so not because they are suffering from privation of food, but because their minds have no other object to dwell upon at present, and thus it is seen that the question is dealt with entirely from an intellectual point of view, and not at all from a sympathetic point of view, since the sympathetic system does not motivate their analysis and researches.

For the life of me I cannot understand why people persist in remaining intellectual when science has established it as a fact that man is nothing but stomach, and it is just as hard to understand why people persist in remaining intellectually interested when "there is nothing in it." But what is more perplexing is the fact that literary people always have insisted, and still do insist, that people in general have no intellectual interests beyond the stomach, an opinion which is as groundless as most opinions of literary people are.

I have just made this tremendous discovery, and hasten to publish it lest any one should get ahead of me, just as Cook got ahead of Peary, and steal the fame and reputation which necessarily will be my reward. People do not care a snap about their stomachs, and consequently not about the price of food, whether high or low, as long as they are receiving sufficient mental food, and this they do at present when the newspapers are full of philosophical, theological, scientific, and economical discussions. Hence the greatest friend of the greedy trust magnate is the very newspaper which most ardently denounces him, at the same time that it serves up to an intellectually greedy public the latest marvels of science. If Louis XVI. and his friends had only known this great truth they could have prevented the Revolution of 1789 by serving up all sorts of intellectual food to the public in the form of short notices. Thus, for instance, had it been announced through the newspapers that Swedenborg had discovered the spiritual world the French people would have paid as little attention to a Mirabeau as they paid to Louis when he announced that some one was intellectually cross-eyed, an announcement which would have had a tremendous effect if the north pole controversy had not just then occupied people's minds.

Of course, most people will think I am only joking, since most people, surprising, to relate, do regard themselves as oysters in spite of the fact that they all shut up like clams whenever an intellectual proposition is advanced.

R. E. L.

New York, Jan. 22, 1910.

High Profits and High Prices.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The highest rate of interest to be obtained by placing money in any depository is ordinarily 4 per cent., and the highest rate obtainable, according to the law, on any loan or mortgage is 6 per cent. On this basis it may be assumed that a net return of, say, 10 or even 15 per cent. on an investment should be ample consideration for any stock. If the venture should show a larger return, and, consequently, an overcharge to the consumer, then the Government should have the right through an act of Legislature to return this surplus to the business for the perfecting of the operating plant and in the reduction of prices, thereby benefiting the public and still providing a sufficient profit for the stockholders.

This would apply especially to such corporations as control the railroad systems, food, and lighting supply, and access should be had to the accounts of these various corporations to permit the Government to determine the actual earnings of each.

S. N. MAPES.

New York, Jan. 27, 1910.

A "EUMORIC" OPPIDIST.

Has a "Good Time" Seeking Room for the Fourth Dimension.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am an up-country oppidist, whose "oppidism" would be manifest in loyalty to his spot. And then there is another new word not yet seen in THE TIMES, "eumoriety," which I am taking to suggest—after the manner of the college freshman who derived "restaurant" from res and taurus, a bully thing—that increasing tendency of humanity to have a more and more riotous "good time."

It seems to require about so much nonsense to introduce the seeming riotousness of the academicians in the good time they delight in having with the so-called "fourth dimension" and in the development of prodigies to exploit it.

Whether or not I am more or less normal in my development than the Boston coterie, the tendency with me is toward the use of fewer rather than more dimensions of space in the effort for clear thinking. If I were building a bridge, a palace, or, say, a barn, I know I should need the usual three; but if I were building a universe I am inclined to believe I would get along best with but one diameter—a limitless spherical diameter.

If I ascend to the top of an adjacent mountain and take a look-off on the universe I may conceive of a plane—a mere surface—extending from my feet toward the horizon in every direction and on to a limitless extent sometimes called infinity. It would divide the universe, or, say, all space into halves. Upon this surface I may conceive all the facts and figures academically comprehended by plane geometry, and the use of length and breadth as dimensions. If now I imagine this surface as being projected both upward and downward on a line perpendicular to the same we at once have uniform thickness. And if projected to the limitless extent called infinity we have the all-inclusive solidity of the universe. In it abides all the possibilities of solid geometry. In it, beside our immediate neighbors, the sun, planets, comets, &c., we have Orion and the Pleiades, the Great Bear, and the Southern Cross, all the nebulae and the mystic distances of the Milky Way.

But in myself I can find not even the beginning of a conception, no embryo of even a suggestion of where it may be possible to find room for a fourth dimension. I have lived a half century, and yet you say that this Cambridge prodigy, Master Sidis, scarcely past his thirteenth birthday, is getting the attention of the Harvard Faculty on the merits of the question. Shades of Fiske, who said the prolongation of infancy is the condition of man's highest development!

The pragmatic philosophy, which is also of the Bostonian environment, deals only with the possibly practical; it is utilitarianism applied throughout the fullest range of human interest in life's possibilities. What possible use has any conception of life or of the structure of the universe for this fictitious projection of space? I protest, therefore, in the privacy of my oppidism and in serious eumoriety against the educational exploit of the fourth dimension.

The people of the world are nicely beginning—thanks largely to THE TIMES—to see daylight through the obsession of the polar faker; are we in danger of an eclipse of simplicity by the academic faker?

ALBERT W. TERRY.

Stamford, N. Y., Jan. 20, 1910.

RUSSIA IN OUR CIVIL WAR.

Would Have Fiftieth Anniversary of Arrival of Russian Fleet Remembered.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is noticeable that recent historians touch very lightly upon the action of Russia during our civil war. This may be due to a tenderness toward the feelings of some other nations.

During that whole critical period, from 1861 to 1865, no other act of any foreign power can compare in its results with the ordering of the Russian fleets into our waters.

No public announcement of their official instructions was necessary. The people instinctively understood. As one of the divisions rounded Sandy Hook and the other entered the Golden Gate, no challenge arose from either shore. Feasts of welcome awaited them. New hope for America arose on land and sea.

The world-wide effect was immediate and decisive. On the Clyde the Confedarte cruisers were left to rust on their ways. Downing Street paused to inquire whether India was safe from a rear attack. The Cabinets of Paris, Vienna, and Rome then reconsidered the cost of a Mexican empire, and Maximilian was abandoned to his fate.

Our Russian alliance was the turning point in foreign interference. This far-reaching policy on the part of Emperor Alexander deserves some adequate recognition. The fiftieth anniversary of the arrival of the fleets should be appropriately marked.

H. J. P.

Paterson, N. J., Jan. 17, 1910.

Big and Little Game Hunters.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The promptings which induce otherwise good and noble gentlemen like Roosevelt and Rainsford to go into the jungles of Africa to maim and to kill must be an enigma hard to penetrate to many of your readers.

They must have read with considerable satisfaction the explanation of your correspondent "Newport," that their motive is somewhat akin to Hercules, Theseus, and other dragon killers of ancient times, who went forth to rid the earth of menacing beasts. Not merely fun, recreation, or even bloodthirstiness, but theirs is a pure and godly mission in the pursuit of which they forego the comforts of civilization. I presume, of course, that their motive must be also applied to the innumerable hunters who roam in the wintry forests and mountains to scatter misery, pain, and destruction to its denizens. What bravery, what manly courage, what self-sacrifice in their action!

Instead of a vague delight, when now and then the news would reach me that one of them was killed or broke his neck riding after the hounds on his noble mission, I shall in future weep bitter tears of repentance and help to erect monuments in memory of their saintliness.

GEORGE BRUNSWICK.

New York, Jan. 21, 1910.

Uniform State Corporation Laws.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A Federal incorporation law has become a matter of more general concern, now that the President has officially recommended one to Congress. But why wouldn't it be better for the States to enact uniform corporation laws affecting both domestic and foreign corporations, and thereby save to the States their "rights," and at the same time remove the obstacles to the transaction of inter-State commerce caused by the present contrariety of State laws? And wouldn't such uniformity bring about a more healthy control of corporations? All the States could enact similar anti-trust laws, and the Federal Government could continue to restrain monopoly in inter-State business through the enforcement of the Sherman act.

The banks have been successful in spreading the adoption of a uniform negotiable instruments law. Why couldn't business corporations begin a campaign for uniform corporation laws, leaving out of consideration such laws as affect corporations and individuals alike and laws passed under the police power?

ASOF SANAYNICKLE.

New York, Jan. 11, 1910.

Partisanship in Office.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Political education being considered desirable at present, would it be an indiscretion to inquire what bonds or claims, if any, are held by the party nominating a President, after he has been elected by the votes of the people? Does he owe any allegiance to his party greater than the allegiance he owes to the whole people? Ought he to consider the words "Democrat" or "Republican" as having any meaning after he has accepted the high charge of caring for the welfare of this country?

ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

New York, Jan. 29, 1910.

WATER POWER WASTE $15,000,000 A YEAR

State Commission Reports That a Vast Amount Should Be Developed in New York.

WOULD CREATE A BIG LAKE

Proposal to Turn the Sacandaga Valley Into a Reservoir—Many Opportunities on the Hudson.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—Conditions warrant the immediate adoption by the Legislature of a State plan of water conservation, the State Water Supply Commission says in its fifth annual report, which will be presented to the Legislature to-morrow night. The board estimates that 1,500,000 horse power of water energy is running to waste every year in this State, and that if this were developed as planned the State would realize a rental value of at least $15,000,000 annually.

For nearly three years the commision has been making a scientific investigation of the State's water resources, under authority given by an act passed in 1907. During that time the watersheds of the Hudson, Genesee, and Raquette Rivers have been thoroughly examined and their water storage opportunities investigated and surveyed. Its estimate of a development of 1,500,000 horse power is based on the possibilities of interior streams, and does not count either the Niagara or the St. Lawrence.

The commission has located and surveyed four reservoir projects of water storage for power development and flood control. These are the Sacandaga and Schroon Lake reservoirs on the Hudson, the Portage reservoir on the Genesee, and the Tupper Lake reservoir on the Raquette. The most important internal power stream is the Hudson, the commission says, and, on account of its size and the population and industries of the cities along its banks, it should receive first consideration in any system of conservation that may be adopted.

The commission favors the construction of a dam on the Sacandaga River, fifty miles north of Albany and six miles above the confluence of the Sacandaga and Hudson Rivers, to create a storage reservoir of 29,000,000,000 cubic feet capacity and converting thirty miles of the present river valley into an artificial lake as large as Lake George. The primary object of this reservoir would be to provide a revenue to the State by affording relief from low-water conditions to power producers on the Hudson. The market for power, which may be developed directly in connection with the Sacandaga dam, is found in Albany, Troy, Mechanicville, Fort Edward, Sandy Hill, Glens Falls, Utica, Schenectady, and other communities within the zone of economical electrical transmission.

The estimated cost of this reservoir, without power development, is $4,650,000; the total yearly fixed charges and maintenance $237,700, and the estimated annual gross earnings $427,500, leaving an estimated annual net revenue to the State of $189,800. On this basis, the cost of the reservoir could be refunded to the State in fifty years, leaving it the sole owner of the works, subject thereafter only to the low cost of maintenance and operation and yielding a perpetual income from the sale of the stored water at rates subject to periodic revaluation. The obstacle in the way of the construction of the Sacandaga reservoir has been the existence of thirty or more acres of State land which could not be appropriated for reservoir purposes without a constitutional amendment authorizing such action.

"The State should seize this oportunity to mark out a policy with respect to its waters which shall establish once and for all the principles and procedure for their use and control, whether for municipal or power purposes or for securing the incidental benefits to navigation and to the public health and safety which are sure to result."

This is one of the conclusions of the commission, and the report adds that in the past the State has had no policy of power development either under public ownership or by encouragement and regulation of private or corporate development; that "unlike many other States, New York has never under general laws granted the right of eminent domain to individuals or corporations for the purpose of flooding lands to create storage ponds and develop water power. Unless the State shall define its policy and enter upon the work of carrying it out, this feature of its natural resources must largely remain in its present undeveloped condition, or be subject to the same haphazard and uncontrolled methods of utilization that have governed in the past. As adequate reservoirs cannot be generally constructed for power purposes by private enterprise without a constitutional amendment, and possibly not then, the better way to accomplish this object is for the State itself to announce its policy and undertake its performance in the interests of all classes and citizens."

The commission recommends that the work be undertaken by the State, because under State control the necessary funds can be more economically provided and the people be absolutely safeguarded in their right to have the natural beauty of their streams and lakes maintained, at the highest degree consistent with the necessary and proper measures for the regulation of water flow and the utilization of water power, under a pre-established plan by which growing needs may be progressively met without impairing the eventual completeness of the development. The need of State supervision over the construction of dams to insure their safety and stability is emphasized.

The total number of acres of State land that would be flooded on all the principal Adirondack streams, if all feasible storage reservoirs were constructed, is 55,000.

The commission recommends the enactment of a law authorizing the development of the power of the Hudson River, the construction of a storage dam on the Sacandaga at Conklingville, the amendment of the Constitution to permit the flooding of State lands in building storage reservoirs to be owned by the State, another amendment providing for a bond issue to meet the expense of building reservoirs and the building of other reservoirs to regulate the flow of rivers for power purposes and flood control.

JUSTICE.

I sit on a cloud in the sunshine, just over
the changing scene,
Watching old time roll onward, from Autumn to Springtime green,
And I see with my eagle vision, and I
note with my keen-tipped pen,
The things that go on below me on the
battlefield of men.

I see some in greedy striving—they seek
for the thing called Gold—
And the woe of their wretched doings
from the tongues of the poor is told.
I see some in throes of envy—they strain
for the thing called Power—
And the weak are soon crushed beneath
them, aye, trampled within an hour!

I see some with wily cunning—they prey
on both rich and poor—
And there in the motley scrimmage I
watch both the scamp and boor.
The world seems a place of carnage; I
look with a heart of stone,
For I know that I—I—am Justice, and I
rule all the world alone!

Then the light of the orb above me falls
clear on the distant path
And I look on the end of sorrow—the end
of distress and wrath.
I see in the far-off future the calm that
shall surely be
When I, with my mighty sceptre, have
brought forth my victory.

I see all the tangles straightened, the
wrongs of the poor made right—
The rich to their level humbled, the weak
with their meed of might.
So I sit on my cloud in the sunlight, looking down on life's battle strong,
And I smile, for I know that Justice shall
conquer the world ere long!

LURANA W. SHELDON.

THE PROPER MOOD TO ENJOY "ELEKTRA"

Rid Your Mind of All Cant, Says Hammerstein, and Disregard the Woolly Wiseacres.

AND DON'T BE BAMBOOZLED

Though Strauss Has Gone Close to the Musical North Pole, There's No Dr. Cook Fake About It.

In relation to Richard Strauss's "Elektra," which will receive its first American performance to-morrow evening at the Manhattan Opera House, Oscar Hammerstein made the following statement yesterday:

"No use in going to hear 'Elektra' unless you have prepared yourself beforehand. First of all, get your mind rid of all cant. Do you remember what a lot of rot was talked and written about 'Salome' before and after its first production? A lot of woolly wiseacres filled columns with words, words, words! They didn't understand the opera themselves, and they didn't want anybody else to understand it, or at least they were afraid that somebody else would know more about it than they did, and they wanted to head off that somebody. The man with the honest, open mind said:

"'Let's look into this thing; let's wait a while; let's hear it two or three times and see. Perhaps it isn't as obscure, as incomprehensible as Mr. Fizzle Witz says in his elaborate musico-philosophic discussion upon the Strauss music drama.'

"And those same students of music and the development of operatic art who saw and heard the opera without prejudice soon discovered the beauty of the score, the skill with which the composer had written music to the text, and the charm with which he had imbued the entire work. After a few hearings the whole structure of 'Salome' stood before them as sharp and clear as an etching.

"They saw that there is no waste music material in it; that Strauss had built it with the same mathematical precision that a modern architect uses in erecting a twenty-five-story steel skyscraper. Once you have clearly grasped the musical ideas in 'Salome' the opera is as clear as daylight, and you marvel that others think it obscure or lacking in beauty.

"So with 'Elektra.' Don't be bamboozled with the idea that 'Elektra' is musical rot; that it is artistically 'impossible'; that it is composed by a mad man to a poem written by a mad man about a mad woman, and possibly that only a mad impresario would think of producing it. That is all current cant. Forget it!

"To be sure, it is difficult, excessively difficult, for both the orchestra and the singers to learn and interpret. Strauss unquestionably has gone the limit. He has traveled close to the north pole, but there is no Dr. Cook fake about his adventure. The proof is there in the score, in its real music. Any one who has heard the strings rehearse by themselves must realize how fully Strauss has written for them, and how almost classical he is in his form.

"Quite true he casts aside the sensuously beautiful time and time again; he lays on the color with his brasses in pretty thick daubs now and then. He is not chary in using discords, awful discords, when he wishes; but he means something every time he does it. He intends to express a hateful idea or portray an ugly emotion. He can be just as beautiful in his musical expression when he musically illustrates the recognition of brother and sister and the love which binds them one to the other.

"'Elektra' deals with an awful theme. Revenge! Revenge! Revenge! Nothing but revenge is its keynote. You may wish Mr. Strauss had chosen another subject to exploit his musical genius, but has he not gone back through the ages, and virtually taken a master work of the classic days?

"Dismiss your likes or dislikes of the subject matter of 'Elektra.' Read the libretto carefully or the splendid translation which Arthur Symons has prepared of von Hofmannstahl's original play. Follow the dialogue as uttered by the singers. Listen and watch them. Be informed as to what they are saying and doing on the stage. The music will take care of itself.

"When the opera is finished and you are left gasping in your seat, then ask how well or how ill Mr. Strauss has embodied in music the words, emotions, action, and spirit of this tremendous work."

MISS FREDERICK QUITS STAGE.

Leaves "The Fourth Estate" Company to Return to Her Husband.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Between love of her art and love of her husband, Pauline Frederick, who has been the leading woman in "The Fourth Estate," has chosen the latter. A few minutes before curtain time to-night she told the manager of the company she was going at once to her husband, F. M. Andrews of New York. An hour later she was on a train on the way to the East.

Miss Frederick married Mr. Andrews a few months ago. They agreed she should remain on the stage as long as she wished. But after their honeymoon ended and after "The Fourth Estate" had left New York and come to Chicago daily letters, telegrams, and telephone appeals have come to her to give up the stage and return to her husband.

Many times she has been on the point of yielding, but each performance won her back. When at last she announced her decision she said she was going to give up the stage permanently.

TEWKSBURY DYING IN POVERTY

Once Prosperous Speculator Now in New Orleans Charity Hospital.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 30.—Lewis G. Tewksbury, known in New Orleans as one of New York's "sky rocket" financiers, and at one time a wealthy promoter and speculator, is dying alone and friendless, in the Charity Hospital in this city. He has been in the hospital since Jan. 28, having been taken there following a fall from a bootblack's chair in the Cosmopolitan Hotel.

He has had several convulsions to-night and at a late hour was reported to be in a dying condition.

Until newspaper men began an investigation to-day the hospital authorities were not aware of Tewksbury's identity. His principal trouble is said to be uremia, though he is also suffering from a fractured nose and other injuries said to have been sustained in the fall from the bootblack's chair.

Lewis Green Tewksbury attracted attention in New York thirteen years ago when he went into bankruptcy after having conducted a chain of brokerage houses all over the city. He failed for $1,000,000. After his failure Tewksbury went over to London to recoup his losses, but after a short residence abroad again failed, owing his creditors $25,000. Shortly after his London failure he returned to New York and married Mrs. Louis Greenhut. They lived together until 1902, when Mrs. Tewksbury sued for a divorce, which was granted.

Soon after the divorce Tewksbury married Mrs. Violet Aubrey Butler, known on the stage as Violet Aubrey, and wife of Guy Butler, an Indian fighter and war correspondent.

At one time Tewksbury was charged with the theft of $10,000 of bonds belonging to his first wife. The jury disagreed, and Tewksbury was discharged. Soon after this he became proprietor of the Gilsey House, which he had leased in the name of the Broadway Hotel Company with John F. Douthitt. After trying this for a short while Tewksbury left New York City for the West. At one time he owned the famous race horses, Robert J. and John R. Gentry.

FREMSTAD IN FINE VOICE.

Wins Applause at Her First Sunday Night Appearance.

There were only three soloists at the Metropolitan Opera House concert last night, but all were popular with the audience. Mme. Fremstad, who appeared for the first time this season on Sunday night, in particular succeeded in pleasing.

She was in excellent voice and most ingratiating humor, and presented a lovely picture in a black velvet gown with strands of pearls falling from the shoulders. She sang the "Vissi d'Arte" air from "Tosca," which she was obliged to repeat. After she had sung Delibes's "Les Filles de Cadiz," in answer to the recalls, she pulled off her gloves, seated herself at the piano, and sang a Norwegian song to her own accompaniment.

The other soloists were Messrs. Whitehill and Jadlowker. The Arion Singing Society of Brooklyn, under the direction of Arthur Claassen, sang several numbers. The orchestra was conducted by Max Bendix.

SOCIETY IN WASHINGTON.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The President will be the guest of the Postmaster General at a large dinner on Thursday evening, when the bachelor host will entertain at Rauscher's. On the same evening the Vice President and Mrs. Sherman will give a dinner to the other members of the Cabinet and some additional friends at their home.

Miss Helen Taft, with her guests, Miss Phyllis Rice and Miss Isabel Winson, classmates at Bryn Mawr, will return to college to-morrow.

Count and Countess von Bernstorff gave a musicale in the German Embassy ballroom to-day. The artists were Fräulein de Alma of New York, who was heard in a number of German classics, and Fräulein Luders, pianist. Following the musicale refreshments were served in the adjoining dining room, where the young daughter of the house, Countess Luise Alexandra von Bernstorff, and Miss Constance Hoyt, the fiancée of Count von Stumm, Second Secretary of the embassy, poured chocolate and tea.

Among the guests were Secretary of the Navy Meyer and Mrs. Meyer and the Misses Meyer, Assistant Secretary of War Oliver and Mrs. Oliver and Miss Marion Oliver, Assistant Secretary of the Navy Beekman Winthrop and Mrs. Winthrop, Henry White, the former Ambassador to France, and Mrs. White; Mrs. J. R. McLean, Miss Ethel Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, Mr. and Mrs. Larz Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Keep, Mrs. Burton Harrison, Mrs. Hobson, Mrs. William B. Noble, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Hichborn, Miss Constance Hoyt, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Crowninshield, Mrs. Lawrence Townsend, Miss Yvonne Townsend, Mrs. Hunt Slater, Mrs. Barney, Mr. and Mrs. Gaff, Mr. and Mrs. Chandler Hale, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Legare, Mr. and Mrs. George Howard, Miss Sherill, the Misses Kean, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cleveland Perkins, Mrs. George Merritt, Mr. and Mrs. Ward Theron, and Mrs. Richard Townsend.

Another enjoyable event of the afternoon was the musicale and tea given by Miss Mary Cryder at her home on N Street, when Mme. Lize Leiman was the guest of honor. The musicale programme included selections from the works of Mme. Leiman, given by Miss Ethel Tozier, Miss Graham, Miss Mabel Roberts, Miss Latimer, and other young musicians of local prominence.

Representative and Mrs. Longworth entertained a dinner party this evening complimentary to Miss Ethel Roosevelt, the sister of the hostess. Mr. and Mrs. John R. McLean entertained a breakfast party at Friendship in compliment to Miss Roosevelt to-day.

Baron Mayor des Planches, the Italian Ambassador, and the Baroness have issued invitations to a large dinner on Feb. 7, which will be in the nature of a farewell to their Washington friends and bring to a close their long series of hospitalities. Baron and Baroness Mayor des Planches will leave shortly after Ash Wednesday for the Baron's new post, at Constantinople, going first to Italy.

Mr. and Mrs. Waddy B. Wood entertained at luncheon to-day at the Chevy Chase Club, complimentary to Miss Bayne of New York, who is visiting Miss Maitland Marshall.

SOCIETY AT PALM BEACH.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 30.—The houseboat at the inlet, which opened for the season yesterday, was the scene of several smart luncheon parties this afternoon.

Leonard D. Ahl entertained for Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Bolton, Mr. and Mrs. Leland Sterry, and Mrs. Hay Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Cook and Commodore Henry C. Ward, who spent the morning on the Omega fishing, entertained in compliment to Henry T. Sloan. An amberjack weighing sixty-five pounds, caught by Commodore Ward, is the record of the season.

Yachting parties on Lake Worth to-day included Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Hodgkins, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Fitler, J. P. Litton, and Vincent H. Hubbell, whose yacht, the Tommy Traddles, was the scene of a stag luncheon.

Thomas F. Walsh of Washington, who arrived at the Royal Poinciana this morning in the private car Ohio, entertained a wheel chair party this afternoon.

Senator and Mrs. Archibald McNeill, Mrs. Joseph McDonald, Seth Barton French, W. R. Bassett, Mrs. Eugene M. O'Neill, and Mrs. Frederick Robert were among others noticed in the wheel chair crowd.

Poinciana arrivals to-day included John J. Tinlan, Marcus Daly, H. C. Hoyt, J. A. Duryea, and J. C. Slater of New York, Mrs. F. A. Wickersham and Dr. C. F. Wainwright of Washington, Hamilton Howell, C. H. Delamater, and William Hestor of Brooklyn, Emil Rudolph of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bull of Nashville, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Robison of Rochester, B. H. Strang of Atlanta, Mr. and Mrs. Francis F. Low of New Orleans, and C. W. Hendley of Baltimore.

Registering at the Breakers were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Haskel of New York, Mr. and Mrs. David M. Kirk, Jean B. Kirk, and Miss Robina L. Kirk of Pittsburg, Barbour Lathrop of San Francisco, Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Cannon and Mrs. O. J. Shannon of Milwaukee, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Lowrie and Dean Robinson of Detroit, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Simpson and Carson Simpson of Philadelphia, and Mrs. S. L. Wright and Mrs. F. G. Fischer of Brooklyn.

Kept Wedding Secret a Week.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Jan. 30.—The marriage of Abraham G. Alkal of New York City and Miss Edith Bixby, daughter of Mrs. E. L. Bixby of Colorado Springs, was announced to-day. It occurred in the Central Presbyterian Church, Denver, on Saturday, Jan. 22, the pastor, the Rev. R. L. Coyle, officiating. The bride's mother and an intimate friend were the only witnesses. The couple wanted to escape a public wedding at home. They left to-day for New York by way of Chicago. After two months they will return to Denver to reside.

Hughes Will Give No Reception.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 30.—Because of the recent death of Gov. Hughes's father, the usual legislative reception at the Executive Mansion will not be given this Winter.

For MOTHERS, INVALIDS, and the Well

Whitbread's

Real English Ale and Stout

Brewed and matured in bottles by Whitbread, London. The largest house of its kind in the world.

St. James Importing Co., Sole Agts.

YET ANOTHER DELAY FOR ROSTAND PLAY

First Performance of "Chantecler," Announced for To-night, Postponed Till Wednesday.

FEAR LAUGH MAY KILL IT

Prologue Aimed at Forestalling Such Disaster—Chantecler Has 27 Pounds of Tail.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—I have intimated in former dispatches the probability of the further postponement of the opening of Edmond Rostand's famous barnyard play, "Chantecler." It is now announced that the general rehearsal will take place next Wednesday instead of to-morrow night, as yesterday's dispatches indicated. The première is to follow on Thursday.

According to one newspaper, a feature of the piece not heretofore made public is a prologue which will be spoken from a loge in the auditorium. Another curious statement is that the rooster's tail, which is a part of the costume to be worn by Lucien Guitry as Chantecler, weighs alone more than twenty-seven pounds. If this be true it accounts, perhaps, in no small measure for the unpleasant relations which have sprung up between the actor and M. Rostand, the author, who, it is well known, has been absolute dictator of all the staging arrangements. It is reported that not one of the costumes cost less than 8,000 francs, or $1,600.

All connected with the production realize that its escape from failure will depend upon saving it from ridicule in the early part. The prologue has been written with this necessity chiefly in view, and M. Guitry has said of the piece that it will be a tremendous success if the public can be kept from laughing in the first ten minutes.

Jean Coquelin in the prologue, therefore, will impress upon the audience that the piece must not be regarded as a drama, but as a fantasy.

NAME OFFICER IN JORN CASE.

Dr. Miederer of German Army to Meet Tenor's Wife, 'Tis Said.

Dr. William Miederer, in the German reserve army, is said to be the man to whom Carl Jörn, one of the tenors of the Metropolitan Opera House, has given his wife. Dr. Miederer is a young military dentist and officer. Frau Jörn, with her 12-year-old daughter, Gretchen, is on the steamship Kronprinz Wilhelm, due in Bremen on Tuesday. Before she sailed it is understood she cabled to Dr. Miederer to meet her.

Herr Jörn and Dr. Miederer, it seems, have been friends for the last five years. Miederer became a daily visitor last Summer at a cottage the tenor took at Swinemuende, the fashionable bathing resort on the Island of Usedom, in Pomerania.

Special Train for Tetrazzini.

A special train was arranged last night to take Mme. Tetrazzini, who sang yesterday in Chicago, to St. Louis, where she will be heard to-night. The Wabash Road, to whom Mr. Hammerstein paid $500, guaranteed to get the singer into St. Louis by 11 o'clock last night. In her contract for this concert tour Mme. Tetrazzini had a clause inserted which makes it imperative that she have a night's sleep between concerts, and she will not spend a night on a train.

Ludwig Wullner at the Manhattan.

Ludwig Wüllner, the German lieder singer, was the feature of last night's concert at the Manhattan Opera House. He was heard in songs by Schubert, Hermann, Sinding, and Schumann. Others on the programme were Mmes. Duchene, Gerville-Reache, Miranda, and Grippon, and Messrs. Duffault, Huberdeau, and Dufranne. The orchestra was under the direction of Messrs. Charlier and De la Fuente. The audience was a large one.

PULPIT CALL FOR A SUBWAY.

Dr. Hillis Says a Line Is Needed in His Neighborhood.

The Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, appealed to the business men of his congregation last night to use their influence for subway relief for that part of the borough.

A movement has already been started by several organizations in the vicinity of Borough Hall in favor of a subway through a central part of that section of the borough which lies between the present Interborough route through Joralemon Street and Fulton Ferry.

Dr. Hillis said that Columbia Heights was almost a mile from the present Subway service, and he thought provision ought to be made for the thousands of persons who live in that part of the city and need the convenience of a subway. He intimated that if proper rapid transit facilities were not given to them the residents of the next generation would gradually move to other parts of the city.

RISE OF "BANK TRUSTS."

Wisconsin's Bank Commissioner Sees Danger in Bank Holding Companies.

In his report last week to the Legislature of Wisconsin State Commissioner of Banking Marcus C. Bergh called attention to the formation in Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, and the Dakotas of companies organized for the purpose of buying up chains of small country banks, and asked for a law to stop it, declaring that this system of branch banking offers opportunities for banking practices that are highly dangerous to the business community, and is frowned upon by solid bankers, who condemn the formation of "chains of banks." Commissioner Bergh says in his report:

A new feature in banking has manifested itself of late which, if permitted to go on unhindered, will eventually result in a monopoly control of the banking business. I refer to the so-called holding companies, which are increasing with alarming rapidity in various parts of the country. One of these companies with headquarters at Minneapolis, Minn., owns a controlling interest in more than fifty banks in Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin, and the Daktotas. In Wisconsin eight or ten banks are now controlled by this one company; two other companies have recently been organized at Minneapolis, Minn., for the purpose of getting control of banks either by buying up a majority interest in banks now in existence or by organizing new banks. The same objection that has repeatedly been advanced against branch banking or chain banking applies with equal force to this new method of manipulating the banking business. The representatives of the holding company are usually elected to the offices of President and cashier of the bank, and while they generally have some local Directors, the management is dominated by the holding company influence, and the loans are in the majority of cases made to parties residing outside of this State. Legislation should be had to discourage this evil in every proper manner.

In a letter to THE NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, Commissioner Bergh says that the Middle West is not alone threatened by these institutions. He writes: "In addition to those that I have alluded to in my report you will find one of these companies at Atlanta, Ga., that controls more than one hundred banks; one recently organized at Spokane, Wash., with a capital of $600,000, taking over twenty-one banks on the start, and there are no doubt a great many others in different parts of the country."

NEW YORK SYMPHONY.

C. M. Loeffler's "Pagan Poem" and a Ballade by Liadow Played.

At the concert of the New York Symphony Society, given yesterday afternoon in The New Theatre, there was much interest in the performance of Charles Martin Loeffler's orchestral piece called "A Pagan Poem." This composition had been played here about two years ago by the Boston Symphony Orchestra under Dr. Muck, and made at that time a deep impression upon those who are in sympathy with the musical school it represents. Music that departs so widely from that which is familiar, and hence easily understood, cannot meet with immediate general acceptance. There are pages in this work that may well baffle and puzzle even a sympathetic listener who has not overcome the difficulties which it presents.

The piece, as may be remembered, is suggested by a portion of one of Virgil's Eclogues, a love song, and a love incantation of a Thessalian maiden endeavoring to bring back her truant lover. In its present form—which is the result of several revisions and reworkings by the composer—it is written for orchestra, with obbligato pianoforte, English horn, and three distant trumpets, and with these the composer has sought new effects in instrumental timbres. The piano part is difficult and elaborate, but is treated essentially as a part of the ensemble. Most noteworthy is the use of the three distant trumpets playing in strange and dissonant harmonies faintly heard; an effect strange, even uncanny, but singularly fascinating. With these has gone remarkably skillful use of the orchestra, of all its colors and their combinations, and there are effects here of strange and subtle power. The substance of Mr. Loeffler's music is surcharged with a high and fertile imagination. It is not "programme music" in the narrower sense; it does not seek to translate into tones or express by tones the successive images evoked by Virgil's poem. It has no servile dependence upon the literary programme, nor does it follow it page by page. It is, however, potent in its suggestion of the poem, of the crying amorousness of the pagan maiden, and the working of her spells. There is a note of sensuousness in it. There are gloom and despair, and at the end there is frantic, almost savage, rejoicing.

Obviously pleasing in its material and substance the music is not. The harmonic structure that Mr. Loeffler has built up takes him into the strange and not always comfortable regions of dissonances to which all ears are not inured. His themes are not immediately to be grasped, nor are the skill and certainty of touch which which the contrapuntal structure has been fabricated to be at once fully appreciated, though they can hardly be overlooked by the attentive listener. That the music is the work of a musician of consummate power is evident, and there are pages of the keenest and most poignant beauty. It created a deep impression again at its performance yesterday, as it did at its first hearing two years ago. Mr. Gebhard played the piano part with much skill, and evidently with a complete understanding of the composer's purposes. Mr. Loeffler was in the house, and heard the performance, but though there was much applause, evidently intended in large measure for him, he did not let himself be seen.

There was another new composition on the programme, a ballade by Liadow. This also had an obbligato part that was played on the piano, but to one remembering the fondness of the present day Russians for the celesta in contributing to orchestral effect, it was natural to wonder whether the part was not originally intended for this instrument. The music has something of the legend in its quality, and the quintuple rhythm gives it an unconventional effect.

The concert was begun with a performance of Dvorak's "New World" symphony.

SHUBERTS GIVE A BENEFIT.

Annual Performance at the Lyric in Memory of Their Brother.

The Shuberts gave their annual benefit performance for the Sydenham Hospital at the Lyric Theatre last night in honor of their dead brother, Sam S. Shubert. The numbers on the programme were contributed mainly by members of the various Shubert and Lew Fields productions, including "The King of Cadonia," "The Jolly Bachelors," "The Prince of Bohemia," "The Belle of Brittany," the Hippodrome, and F. C. Whitney's "The Chocolate Soldier."

Among those who appeared were Melville Stuart, Elizabeth Brice, Ethel Post, Al Leech, Topsy Seagrist, Nellie Lynch, Christie MacDonald, Clara Palmer, Margaret Banks, Stella Mayhew, Ada Lewis, John Henshaw, Christine Nielson, the Manello-Marnitz troupe from the Hippodrome, Emma Carus, Lew Fields, Alice Dovey, Sam Bernard, Marguerite Clark, Elsa Ryan, Martin Brown, Andrew Mack, William Norris, William Danforth, D. L. Don, Donald Buchanan, Nora Bayes, Jack Norworth, Ida Brooks Hunt, the soldier number from "The Prince of Bohemia," and the Lorch family of acrobats.

"Alias Jimmy Valentine" by Children.

Liebler & Co. are planning to give a special performance of "Alias Jimmy Valentine" at Wallack's Theatre some afternoon next month, with a cast made up of children. Donald Gallaher, who plays Bobby, and Alma Sedley, who has the rôle of his sister Kitty, will take the parts played by H. B. Warner and Laurette Taylor. The other characters will be played by volunteer child actors. The proceeds of the matinée will be given to the Actors' Fund.

DR. ADLER ON PUBLIC MORALS.

Declares Many Men Honest in Private Commit Flagrant Public Wrongs.

"A condition that exists in America today," said Dr. Felix Adler yesterday morning in Carnegie Hall to a large audience, "is a state of morals in not a few of our business men that permits them to be, in private relations, even fastidiously honorable, while in matters that touch the public at large they commit the most flagrant wrongs."

He said that this was a condition existing wherever popular government had been tried, and the reason was that in such governments the average citizen has become the ruler. To discharge his duties adequately, went on Dr. Adler, the average citizen should possess an intelligent judgment of the measures conducive to the public welfare. He doesn't possess that judgment, the speaker declared.

There is more reading now among average citizens, he went on, but he doubted if there was as much thinking as there used to be. The party spirit also, he believed, was a hindrance to thoroughly honest democratic government.

Miss Amy Grant Lectures on "Elektra."

Miss Amy Grant gave a lecture recital on Richard Strauss's music drama, "Elektra," yesterday afternoon at her studio, 78 West Fifty-fifth Street, for the benefit of the William Lloyd Garrison Equal Rights Association. She was assisted by Charles Safford.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Henry Lee, the impersonator, began a week's engagement at Weber's Theatre last night in his entertainment, "Life of the World." Among the present-day characters Mr. Lee represented were Mayor Gaynor, Mark Twain, Andrew Carnegie, Richard Croker, and Theodore Roosevelt.

Henry B. Harris announced yesterday that Laura Nelson Hall would play the leading role in Sydney Rosenfeld's latest play, "Children of Destiny," which is already in rehearsal.

A special matinee for clergymen will be given at the Comedy Theatre next Thursday afternoon, Feb. 3, when Cora Maynard's new play, "The Watcher," will be presented. Most of the prominent pastors in the city have been invited to be present.

Burton Holmes gave the third travelogue of his series at Carnegie Hall last night, talking on "Sicily and Aviation Week at Rheims." The pictures included views of famous aviators in their machines, and a motion picture taken from a Wright aeroplane in flight. He will repeat the lecture at the Lyceum Theatre this afternoon and to-morrow.

WOULD HAVE STATE TREAT INEBRIATES

Bailey B. Burritt Outlines Plan for Novel Colony in Manhattan Congregational Church.

TO OFFER LEGISLATIVE BILL

Divides Drunkards Into "John," "Jim," and "Bill Jones" Types, and Calls "Bill" the Worst.

Bailey B. Burritt of the State Charities Aid Association, who is at the head of the movement for the establishment by the State, near this city, of a home or colony where inebriates can be treated, and, if possible, cured, occupied the pulpit of the Manhattan Congregational Church, Broadway and Seventy-sixth Street, last night, and gave an outline of the proposed legislation which, it is hoped, will go a long way toward solving the problem of drink. Mr. Burritt said that the problem had occupied all of his attention for the last two years, and that the subject was a hobby of his.

The bill which will make possible the contemplated institution will be introduced in the Legislature within the next few weeks, and there is every reason to believe that Gov. Hughes will sign it if it passes, according to Mr. Burritt.

Typified by "The Jones."

Mr. Burritt divided inebriates generally into three classes, and, for convenience, called them the "John," "Jim," and "Bill Jones" types. The "John Jones" class, according to Mr. Burritt, is the drunkard who on pay night goes to the corner saloon and imbibes to such an extent that he becomes obstreperous and is kicked out of the place. He continues in a belligerent mood after his ejection, and ends in a cell, and is finally sent to the workhouse to think it over or else has to pay a fine that ranges from $1 to $10.

At the present time, Mr. Burritt said, there were about 60,000 "John Jones" in the City of New York, and of this number 40,000 were in the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx. The other 20,000 were nearly all in Brooklyn and Queens, he said, although Richmond had a few. About 60 per cent. of the "John Jones" class, continued Mr. Burritt, are discharged when taken to court, and of those not discharged half have to pay a fine, while the rest go to the workhouse.

"The cumulative law, passed some years ago, covering this class of drunkards," said Mr. Burritt, "is a good law, but it has not worked, simply because there is no system of identification in use at the workhouse, and the result is that a great many offenders serve a much shorter sentence than that contemplated by the law, which provides a graduated increase of sentence for each succeeding offense. And then the conditions at the workhouse do not improve 'John Jones' in the least. What 'John' wants is good, healthful work and plenty of fresh air, and he does not get either at the workhouse, and he comes out no better than he was when he went in.

"Suppose that instead of sending 'John' to the workhouse, the Magistrate sees fit to impose a fine. Now, John has been out the night before and he has spent every cent he had. So 'John' can't pay the fine because 'John's' broke. Therefore his wife, or some relative who can ill afford to make the sacrifice, goes out and gets the money to get 'John' out of jail. The third way in which 'John' is handled is to discharge him, and of the three, considering the conditions as they now exist, I think the discharge way is the best of the three."

The class of inebriates of which the fictitious "Jim Jones" is a type came up for discussion after "John." "Jim" is not obstreperous. He gets his money and goes to the saloon, and there drinks long and silently until he is completely helpless, and then he staggers out into the street.

In the Alcoholic Ward 22 Times.

"It is impossible for 'Jim Jones' to navigate when he goes out, and he falls and is found unconscious by a policeman. Now, the policeman is not a doctor, and he does not want to take any chances, so he rings for an ambulance. The ambulance comes, let us say, from a hospital where alcoholics are not received. But the young doctor can't leave 'Jim' in the street if he is hurt, so he looks him over and feels his head, for 'Jim's' skull may be broken for all that the doctor knows. The doctor finds that 'Jim's' skull is not broken, and then the policeman takes 'Jim' to the station. 'Jim' ends in the psychopatic ward at Bellevue. He stays there several days, and then he is discharged, but 'Jim' is no better off than he was before he went in, and is back again soon. One man who fits this description I recall who since February, 1907, has been in the alcoholic ward in Bellevue twenty-two times. In other words, since the time when his record started he has spent 125 days in that place, and he is no better off than he was when he went there the first time."

The "Bill Jones" type of inebriate is perhaps the worst of the three. "Bill" is well-to-do, and he stays drunk nearly all the time, and his family and his friends are at their wits' end as to what is best to do with him. "Bill" does not get arrested, and, as there is no institution for the care of inebriates in the State of New York, "Bill" goes his way, drinking himself down and down and down. Mr. Burritt said that sometimes when "Bill's" relatives go to a doctor for advice the doctor advises them to smuggle "Bill" over the line into Connecticut, where they have a place for the reception, care, and treatment of such as he. Sometimes an insane asylum will take "Bill" in New York, but when he comes back two or three times the authorities refuse to have anything more to do with him, because he is not insane in the right way. The fact is, "Bill," despite his slavery to drink, is legally sane.

"Now what are we going to do with these men? Very few of them are criminals, and something must be done, for the situation in this city now is nothing more nor less than disgraceful," declared Mr. Burritt. "A bill is about to be introduced at Albany that we hope will go a long way toward solving the problem. First of all, this bill provides for a system of identification and a bureau of records will keep them. We hope eventually to get the finger print system of identification adopted.

"The bill also will keep the inebriate out of court on the first offense. That is, he will be released as soon as he has sobered up and is in a condition in which he can go back to work. On the second offense the man is taken to court, but the Judge cannot fine him. Instead he puts him on probation under the supervision of a properly qualified probation officer.

"Then, if this doesn't work, and the offender comes back a third time, the Judge can fine him and again release him under probation. The man will also have a chance to pay his fine in installments if necessary. Then when he comes back again, again, and again, he becomes an old offender and the Judge sends him to the colony for inebriates under an indeterminate sentence of from three to six months. On the second offense the sentence goes up to an indeterminate one of from six months to one year, and the next time he goes there for from one to three years, and when he leaves he does so under the supervision of a probation officer. In all of these cases it must be remembered that if the inmate shows improvement and there is reason to believe he is again master of himself, he can be released whenever the authorities desire.

Criminal Inebriates a Small Class.

"The criminal inebriates, and they form a very small part of this great army, will not be sent to the colony. They will be sent to the Workhouse. The probation officer will do a most important part of the work. He will be the big brother to hold the unfortunate up and keep him from falling. And the well-to-do type of habitual drunkard will be cared for also in this bill and will have a place in the colony. It won't be necessary for him to be arrested. The certificate of two reliable physicians is all that will be necessary, and then he goes to the farm, for it is a big farm that we hope to have for the care and treatment of these unfortunates.

"What an inebriate needs is plenty of healthful work and a lot of good air, and that is what we are going to try to give him. As the situation now stands, it is disgraceful, and something must be done along this line or it will become rapidly a great deal worse."

WEDDING ENDS IN A ROW.

Bridal Couple Sat Happily Aloof While Fight Went On.

Isidor Diamond, a plumber, of 115 Ridge Street found that the cold of the present Winter with its frozen pipes had swelled his bank account to the point where he could marry Celia Smith, a cigarette maker of 73 Ridge Street. The wedding was set for Saturday night at the home of the bride. The wedding supper was prepared, and the relatives and friends of the young couple completely filled the Smith flat on the second floor. The early evening was spent in dancing.

At midnight the rabbi took his place at the far end of the parlor and announced everything ready for the ceremony. But here a question arose as to who was to lead the bride to the bridegroom. The mother of the bride could not do it, for she is a widow. It had to be a married woman with a living husband. After some argument over the matter Mrs. Fannie Finkelstein of 1,451 Fifth Avenue, a sister of the bridegroom, led the blushing Celia up to where Isidor and the rabbi were waiting, and the ceremony was performed.

When it was over Mrs. Celia Schwartz of 370 South Ninth Street, Brooklyn, an aunt of the bride, wanted to know why she could not have led the bride. She pointed to her husband, Barney, fat and healthy and very much alive, and said she thought a relative of the bride should have had the honor of leading her forward. Mrs. Rachel Steinman of 115 Ridge Street, a cousin of the bridegroom, remarked that she thought the ceremony had been carried out properly. One word led to another. Barney Schwartz thought his wife was right. Max Cooper of 25 Avenue D took the side of his cousin, Mrs. Steinman. Harry Finkelstein, husband of Mrs. Fanny and the "best man," joined in, as did Issy Smith, a brother of the bride.

In about three minutes a general fight was in progress. Mrs. Steinman had five teeth knocked out. Mrs. Schwartz got a punch in the face. The women not directly engaged in the fight began screaming "Police!" "Murder!" and various other things, which brought Policemen Mutter and Lockyer of the Delancey Street Station running upstairs into the place to see who was being killed. Mrs. Schwartz declared it was Max Cooper who had punched her in the face, and wanted him arrested. Finkelstein broke in, and was arrested, too.

In the Essex Market Court yesterday Max Cooper and Harry Finkelstein were arraigned before Magistrate Herbert, the former charged with assaulting Mrs. Celia Schwartz, the latter with disorderly conduct in interfering with the policemen. After hearing the story Magistrate Herbert discharged Cooper, and fined Finkelstein $5, which he paid. Mrs. Steinman was in court with her five teeth in her hand, and lisped to the Magistrate that she wanted a warrant for Issy Smith, who, she said, was responsible for their dislocation. Magistrate Herbert declined to grant the warrant, and advised her to go home, and try and be on good terms with her cousin's new relatives.

The bride and bridegroom were not in court. It was said that when the row started they took no part in it, but, seated on a sofa in the dining room, passed calmly through it all apparently oblivious to the fact that a fight was in progress.

Franklin Titus Ives.

MERIDEN, Conn., Jan. 30.—Franklin Titus Ives, aged 82, retired merchant and author, died to-night at his home in this city of heart trouble. Mr. Ives was Chairman of the State Board of Mediation and Arbitration in 1897-98. He was the author of historical and scientific books, two of his more recent productions being "The Hollow Earth" and "Yankee Jumbles." He leaves a wife.

Samuel H. Tattersall.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 30.—Samuel H. Tattersall, for many years Supreme Secretary of the Improved Order Heptasophs, died suddenly to-night at his home in this city of heart failure. He was born forty-four years ago in Philadelphia.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BLEYER.—Jan. 27, to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Bleyer, a son.

JACOBS.—Jan. 23, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry C. Jacobs, a son.

LEVI.—Jan. 25, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Levi, a daughter.

MOSER.—Jan. 24, to Mr. and Mrs. Max Moser, a daughter.

ROSENSCHEIN.—Jan. 23, to Mr. and Mrs. B. Rosenschein, a daughter.

Married.

OSGOOD—OWEN.—On Saturday, Jan. 29, 1910, at the First Presbyterian Church, Princeton, N. J., by the Rev. Dr. Francis L. Patton, assisted by the Rev. Sylvester W. Beach, Isabella Sheldon Owen, daughter of the late Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Henry James Owen, to Charles Grosvenor Osgood.

WELLMAN—TRUMAN.—On Saturday, Jan. 29, 1910, at Dr. Runyon's Hospital, South Orange, N. J., by the Rev. Frank Burrows Reazor, Gertrude Truman, daughter of Henry Hertel Truman and the late Julie M. Judson Truman, to Noel Tappan Wellman.

FISCHEL—WERNER.—Jan. 25, Sadie Werner to William Fischel.

KAHN—ERNSTEIN.—Jan. 25, Rose Ernstein to Walter N. Kahn.

LOWENTHAL—MORRIS.—Jan. 23, Theresa Morris to Henry Lowenthal.

LYONS—BESTON.—Jan. 26, Evelyn Beston to Francis T. Lyons.

MACINTOSH—CUNNINGHAM.—Jan. 29, Yonkers, Winnifred Cunningham to Charles F. Macintosh.

MARX—SICHEL.—Jan. 26, Getta Sichel to Max Marx.

MITTLEMAN—REISMAN.—Jan. 30, Sara C. Reisman to Armin H. Mittleman.

RICE—HIRSCH.—Jan. 23, Blanche B. Hirsch to Milton R. Rice.

RYAN—O'REILLY.—Jan. 25, Anna O'Reilly to Michael J. Ryan.

WEISS—BEHRENS.—Jan. 26, Florrie Behrens to Arthur J. Weiss.

Died.

ANDREAE.—At Central Valley, N. Y., Jan. 29, 1910, after a brief illness, Hannchen Andreae, daughter to Otto Andreae, in her 65th year. Funeral private from her late residence Tuesday at 12:30 P. M.

BEATTIE.—At Little Falls, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 29, 1910, Robert Beattie, in the 68th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at his late home on Tuesday, Feb. 1, at 1 o'clock P. M. on the arrival of the train leaving the Erie Railroad Station, Jersey City, at 11:25 A. M. Interment at the convenience of the family.

BRUDER.—Suddenly, of diphtheria, on Wednesday, Jan. 26, at his residence, 572 West 187th St., Joseph Bruder, beloved husband of Laura V. Bruder. Interred Thursday, Jan. 27, in St. Raymond's Cemetery, Westchester. Albany papers please copy.

CUMING.—On Sunday, Jan. 30, 1910, after a brief illness, John T. Cuming. Funeral service at his late residence, 134 East 93d St., on Tuesday evening, Feb. 1, at 8:30. Interment at Greenwood.

DE COURCEY.—On Jan. 30, 1910, at Nyack, N. Y., Catharine H. De Courcey.

DU BOIS.—On Saturday, Jan. 29, at his residence, Essex, N. Y., the Rev. George Washington Du Bois, D. D., in the eighty-eighth year of his age. Funeral at St. John's Church, Essex, on Monday afternoon.

GOOLD.—Adelaide Augusta, widow of Charles E. Goold. Funeral at St. George's Church, Rutherford Place, New York City, at 10:30 A. M., Jan. 31. Interment private.

GOOTMAN.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Jan. 30, at his residence, 16 East 109th St., Moses Gootman, beloved husband of Fannie Gootman. Funeral from his late residence Monday, Jan. 31, 1910, at 10:30 A. M. sharp. Please omit flowers.

HEYMAN.—Fanny, On Sunday, Jan. 30, 1910, Fanny, (nee Davidson,) beloved wife of Leopold Heyman, in her 42d year. Funeral private, from her late residence, 71 East 92d St., Tuesday, Feb. 1, at 1 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

HOLBROOK.—On Jan. 29, 1910, Henry Harding Holbrook, at Morristown, N. J., in the 76th year of his age. Funeral private.

HOLT.—Monday, Jan. 24, at Richmond, Va., Ford Holt, only son of Elizabeth Ford Holt and the late Oscar Holt.

MAGUIRE.—Suddenly, at his home, Admore, Okla., in his 33d year, Francis Xavier, beloved husband of Helen Milne and son of the late Peter W. and the late Margaret G. Maguire. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MILLS.—At White Plains, N. Y., Jan. 30, 1910, Anna Woodhull Mills, daughter of the late Thomas Helm and Martha S. Mills, in her 89th year. Funeral service Grace Church, White Plains, N. Y., Wednesday, Feb. 2, 1910, on the arrival of the train leaving the Grand Central Station at 11:10 A. M. Interment private.

MOORE.—At her late residence, 412 West End Av., on Saturday, Jan. 29, Elizabeth Williams, wife of the late V. Mumford Moore, in the 84th year of her age. Funeral private.

PATTERSON.—At his residence in New York City, on Jan. 28, Edward Patterson, son of the late Edward and the late Martina Talmadge Patterson, in the 71st year of his age. Funeral services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, on Monday morning, Jan. 31, at 10 o'clock. Interment at convenience of the family.

PATTERSON.—The Society of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick of the City of New York announces with deep regret the death of the Hon. Edward Patterson, a member of this society, on Jan. 28, 1910. Members are requested to attend funeral services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, 5th Av. and 45th St., on Monday, Jan. 31, at 10 o'clock A. M.

WILLIAM TEMPLE EMMET, President.
WARREN LESLIE, Secretary.

PATTERSON.—The Association of the Bar of the City of New York, 42 West 44th St., Jan. 28, 1910: The ex-Presidents, President, and officers of the association have been appointed to represent the association at the funeral of Edward Patterson, the late Presiding Justice of the Appellate Division of the First Department of the State of New York, on Monday, Jan. 31, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, 5th Av. and 45th St.

S. B. BROWNELL, Secretary.

PEABODY.—On Saturday, Jan. 29, Richard Augustus Peabody, in the 50th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 22 East 63d St., Monday, Jan. 31, at 4:30 P. M. Interment at Buffalo, N. Y.

READ.—On Saturday, Jan. 29, William G. Read, in the 87th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 22 West 50th St., Tuesday, Feb. 1, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

SAUGUINETTI.—Percy A., Jan. 30, aged 65. Funeral will take place Tuesday, Feb. 1, 10 A. M. sharp from 50 West 91st St. Burial at Mount Nebo Cemetery.

SPRATLING.—Wilhelmina Letchworth Spratling, at Summit, N. J., Sunday, Jan. 30, aged 13, daughter of Dr. William P. and Annie G. Spratling. Funeral Tuesday, Feb. 1, 2 P. M., 15 South Prospect St., Summit. Baltimore papers please copy.

VIETOR.—On Saturday evening, Jan. 29, 1910, George Frederick Vietor, at his residence, 23 West 53d St., in his 71st year. Funeral services from the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, Tuesday, Feb. 1, at 10:30 A. M. Please omit flowers.

BARRON.—Margaret, 61 West 88th St., Jan. 29. Funeral notice later.

BLAKE.—Margaret C., 313 West 21st St., Jan. 28. Funeral private.

BONNOIL.—Adolph H., 134 West 109th St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

BROWN.—Charles H., 2,404 Grand Av., Bronx, Jan. 29. Funeral service to-day.

CONNELLY.—John F., 546 9th Av., Jan. 28. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DEREEN.—Edward, 58 East 114th St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HATHMAKER.—Elizabeth, 207 West 62d St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HICKEY.—William D., 2,423 Prospect Av., Bronx, Jan. 28. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

HOERMANN.—Conrad, 1,282 Webster Av., Bronx, Jan. 28, aged 46. Funeral to-day, 12:30 P. M.

HORN.—Eva, 2,103 Crotona Av., Bronx, Jan. 29, aged 87. Funeral notice later.

KEHOE.—Patrick, 2,576 8th Av., Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

LOGUE.—George Y., 160 East 91st St., Jan. 29.

LYONS.—William, Jan. 29. Funeral 994 2d Av. to-day, 2 P. M.

McDONALD.—Helen, Presbyterian Home, Jan. 28. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

MAGUIRE.—Lucy J., 1,129 Park Av., Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MEYERS.—Morris E., Mount Sinai Hospital, Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MULLIGAN.—Annie H., 2,446 7th Av., Jan. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

NIXON.—Martin E., 300 East 85th St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

RAYMOND.—Julius, 310 West 51st St., Jan. 28. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

SCHILLING.—Xavier, 382 East 154th St., Jan. 28, aged 69.

SEIP.—Henry, 313 East 93d St., Jan. 29, aged 67. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

TAAFFE.—Valentine, 2,112 8th Av., Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

TONER.—Bernard N., 1,284 Fulton Av., Bronx, Jan. 25.

VOGEL.—Joseph, 379 Manhattan Av., Jan. 29, aged 62. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

ARCHER.—Richard B., 810 Rockaway Av., Jan. 28. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

BOULGER.—Benjamin L., 161 Bay 31st St., Jan. 29.

CALDWELL.—John J., 540 Henry St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CLARK.—Josephine F., 926 Hancock St., Jan. 29. Funeral service to-day.

DAVIS.—George, 311 Sackett St., Jan. 29, aged 56. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DIEHM.—Elizabeth, 255 Wyckoff Av., Jan. 27, aged 26.

DINSMORE.—Alexander B., 82 Devoe St., Jan. 27, aged 44.

DOW.—Harriet W., 161 Lefferts Place, Jan. 29, aged 86. Funeral to-day, 4 P. M.

ENNIS.—Peter, 177 Pacific St., Jan. 28. Funeral to-morrow.

FORD.—Mary F., 164 Powers St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-morrow.

HANSEN.—Mrs. A. J., 177 Sands St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HELION.—Frances, St. Peter's Hospital, Jan. 29, aged 33. Funeral to-day.

HOLSTEN.—Henry, Ocean and Bay Avs., Jan. 29, aged 73. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

KENNY.—Julia, 87 Dikeman St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MAHER.—Mary W., 173 North 3d St., Jan. 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

VAN SANTEN.—Albert, 558 Linwood St., Jan. 29, aged 38. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

WALL.—Thomas E., 122 Rockaway Av., Jan. 29. Funeral notice later.

Long Island.

BRENNAN.—Anthony J., Jamaica, Jan. 27, aged 20.

KIERNAN.—Patrick, Kings Park, Jan. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

New Jersey.

BRAUBACH.—Frederick W., 130 Randolph Av., Jersey City, Jan. 29, aged 82.

BURTCHAELL.—Mary A., 46 Bryant St., Newark, Jan. 29, aged 72.

CARSLAKE.—Eliza G., Bordentown, Jan. 28, aged 78. Funeral to-morrow.

DEMPEY.—George, 56 Brill St., Newark, Jan. 29. Funeral notice later.

ELLING.—Frederick, 504 Avenue C, Bayonne, Jan. 28, aged 73.

HALL.—Margaret A., Plainfield, Jan. 26. Funeral private.

HOLLISTER.—Adelaide G., Rutherford, Jan. 28, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

MAGIERSKA.—Stefania, Newark, Jan. 28, aged 21.

PAGAC.—Paul, Newark, Jan. 28, aged 1.

WATTS.—Jane D., Belleville, Jan. 28, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

ZACHMOWITZ.—Gussie, Newark, Jan. 28, aged 67.

ZERLAEY.—Harry B., Atlantic Highlands, Jan. 28, aged 62. Funeral private.

New York State.

CARPENTER.—Sarah E., Haverstraw, Jan. 27, aged 67. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FREEBORN.—Charles B., New Rochelle, Jan. 29.

REDDY.—Catherine H., Walworth, Jan. 24, aged 78.

SWIFT.—Lena R., Poughkeepsie, Jan. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

In Memoriam.

COLLINS.—Marie J. E., in memory of; died Feb. 1, 1909.

GREY.—Mary H., mass, Good Counsel Church, Newark, N. J., Feb. 2, 9 A. M.

HIRSCH.—Leon M., unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, Jan. 6, 3 P. M.

McCARTHY.—John H., mass, Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, Feb. 5, 10 A. M.

McCORMACK.—William, mass, Church of Our Lady of Angels, Brooklyn, to-day, 10 A. M.

McGEE.—Anna, mass, Our Lady of Good Counsel Church, Newark, N. J., Feb. 3, 9 A. M.

McMANUS.—Rose, mass, St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church, Newark, N. J., Feb. 2, 8 A. M.

MURRAY.—Francis S. J., mass, Brooklyn College, Feb. 3, 9 A. M.

MURRAY.—John F., mass, St. Patrick's Church, Kent Av., Brooklyn, to-day, 8 A. M.

NAGLE.—Mary, mass, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., to-morrow, 8 A. M.

PEREDA.—Angel, in memory of; died Jan. 31, 1903.

STEER.—Anton, in memory of; died Feb. 14, 1908.

WEINSTEIN.—Simon, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, Feb. 6, 2 P. M.

YATES.—Mary E., Our Lady of Good Counsel Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 9 A. M.

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY

is easily accessible by Harlem trains from Grand Central Station, Webster and Jerome Avenue trolleys, and by carriage. Lots $150 up. Telephone (4855 Gramercy) for Books of Views, or representative.

OFFICE, 20 EAST 23D ST., N. Y. CITY.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d. Chapels. Ambulance Service. Tel. 1324 Chelsea.

John W. Lyon, 69 E. 125th St. 'Phone—1333 Harlem. Oldest established. Economical.

LEWIS & CONGER

House Furnishing Warerooms

Established 1835

Cooking Utensils of every kind, Tin, Copper, Aluminum, Nickel and Guaranteed Enameled Steel. Cutlery, Earthenware, China and Glass, Woodenware, Laundry Furniture, &c., &c.

130 & 132 West 42d Street.

DORANDO AGAIN DEFEATS HAYES

Italian Runner Had a Lead of Sixty Yards in San Francisco Marathon.

WINNER'S TIME WAS 2:41:39

Hayes Set Pace Early in the Race, but His Swarthy Opponent Gradually Wore Him Down.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—Pietro Dorando defeated Johnny Hayes over the full Marathon course this afternoon in a fashion that demonstrated to the crowd the superiority of the Italian as a long-distance runner.

Not fairly extended at the close, and in far better condition than the Irish-American, Dorando proved his sprinting abilities by fairly running away from Hayes at the finish, beating him easily sixty yards. Until the twenty-fifth mile had been completed there was little excitement for the crowd of 6,000 people that filled the seating space at Recreation Park. The pace was set for the most part by Hayes, although Dorando showed in front at times, and the two men followed each other around the ten-lap track with little or no advantage.

There were occasions when Hayes would attempt a sprint that would take him away from the swarthy man at the rear, but each time Dorando quickened his pace, and reluctantly Hayes would drop back. After the sixteenth mile Hayes showed that he was tiring and far from in as good condition as the lad from across the seas. His stride was as regular as clock work.

In front at the twenty-five-mile mark, Hayes made an ineffectual effort to lengthen the distance between himself and Dorando, but failed. As the bulletin board showed the completion of twenty-six miles, Dorando made his move. He sprinted, and soon put thirty yards between him and Hayes. The New Yorker vainly tried to close the gap, but couldn't.

The time was 2 hours, 41 minutes, and 39 seconds. The time of the Marathon Derby, which was run in New York and won by St. Yves, was 2 hours, 40 minutes, 50¾ seconds. That race was run on a six-lap track, and the time made to-day was considered much better.

MID-WINTER HORSE SALE.

Year's First Important Trotting Horse Auction Begins at Garden To-day.

Select consignments of trotting and pacing horses are listed for the annual mid-Winter auction sale which opens in Madison Square Garden this morning and continues until Wednesday evening. Horsemen and breeders from all parts of the country are in the city, and the result of the sale will be watched with interest.

Although the number of consignments this year is comparatively small, there is more than enough quality to offset this. Among the prominent breeding farms represented will be Frank J. Kilpatrick's Rosedale Stock Farm, Santa Rosa, Cal., the home of the Washington McKinneys; W. F. Redmond, Madison, N. J., with the get of Baron May, 2:07¼; Walnut Hall Farm of L. V. Harkness, the head of which are placed The Harvester and Native Belle; the consignment of Prodigals from the breedings of Senator J. W. Bailey of Texas, and the get of Admiral Dewey, Judge Parker, Oakland Baron, and William Penn, together with consignments from Bain, Lasell, and Wheeler.

A fine big chunk has been taken out of **all** our overcoat prices—the final markdown of the season.

That is, almost all—6,023 overcoats were marked down and 20 overcoats left at their original prices.

Regular and fancy Winter overcoats both included.

Men's and youths' sizes from 32 to 52 chest.

The reductions line up like this—

346 were $18.
399 were $20.
524 were $22.
63 were $25.
$15 now.

649 were $25.
632 were $28.
73 were $32.
84 were $35.
$20 now.

172 were $30.
512 were $32.
426 were $35.
49 were $40.
61 were $42.
58 were $45.
$25 now.

1212 other overcoats having been marked down from $8 to $20 are now priced $30 and $40.

To-day's the day!

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren st. at 13th st. at 34th st.

MOFFETT MAKES BEST SCORE.

Gets 174 Out of a Possible 200 in Weekly Larchmont Shoot.

Under more favorable conditions than last week the trap shooters of the Larchmont Gun Club yesterday, in their weekly competitions, showed high scores. F. W. Moffett carried off the honors of the day with a high gun total of 174 birds out of a possible 200. He completed his string with a straight break of fifty birds. J. Ross Collins won his third leg on the accumulative cup after a shoot-off with K. R. Hooper. The scores:

Ten Birds, Scratch, Unknown Angles.—W. E. Bemis, 7; J. Ross Collins, 5; J. G. Batterson, 8; F. W. Moffett, 9; V. R. Hooker, 9; W. B. Short, 9; R. L. Spotts, 8.

Fifteen Birds, Scratch, Unknown Angles.—W. E. Bemis, 8; J. Ross Collins, 9; J. G. Batterson, 11; F. W. Moffett, 12; V. R. Hooker, 13; W. B. Short, 12; R. L. Spotts, 12.

Twenty-five Birds, Handicap, Unknown Angles.—W. E. Bemis, 19; J. G. Patterson, 21; F. W. Moffett, 23; Sterling Halstead, 20; V. R. Hooker, 23; W. B. Short, 25; R. L. Spotts, 20; J. Ross Collins, 18.

Twenty-five Birds, Handicap, Unknown Angles; for Leg on Henry Smith's January Cup.—W. E. Bemis, 17, 21; J. G. Batterson, 15, 16; F. W. Moffett, 21, 22; S. Halstead, 14, 21; K. R. Hooker, 20, 23; W. B. Short, 20, 22; R. L. Spotts, 20, 20; J. Ross Collins, 18, 22; T. Lenane, Jr., 12, 15.

Twenty-five Birds, Handicap, Unknown Angles; for Leg on Mr. John F. Baudouine's Season Prize.—W. E. Bemis, 12, 16; J. G. Batterson, 19, 20; F. W. Moffett, 22, 23; S. Halstead, 14, 21; K. R. Hooker, 20, 22; W. B. Short, 22, 24; R. L. Spotts, 21, 21; J. Ross Collins, 17, 21; T. Lenane, Jr., 12, 15.

Twenty-five Birds, Handicap, Unknown Angles; for Leg on Club's Accumulative Cup.—W. E. Bemis, 16, 20; J. G. Batterson, 18, 19; F. W. Moffett, 20, 21; K. R. Hooker, 21, 23; W. B. Short, 14, 15; J. Ross Collins, 19, 23; R. L. Spotts, 22, 22; T. Lenane, Jr., 12, 15.

Special Event.—Fifty Birds, Handicap, Unknown Angles, for Cup Offered by J. G. Batterson. First Half—W. E. Bemis, 18, 22; J. G. Batterson, 16, 17; F. W. Moffett, 21, 22; K. R. Hooker, 18, 20; W. B. Short, 21, 22; J. Ross Collins, 18, 21; R. G. Spotts, 23, 23. Second Half—W. E. Bemis, 15, 19; J. G. Batterson, 15, 16; K. R. Hooker, 18, 20; F. W. Moffett, 22, 23; W. B. Short, 19, 20; J. Ross Collins, 18, 21; R. L. Spotts, 21, 21. Winner, F. W. Moffett.

Special Event.—Twenty-five Bird Handicaps, Unknown Angles, for Cup Offered by F. W. Moffett.—F. W. Moffett, 25, 25; J. G. Batterson, 16, 17; K. R. Hooker, 22, 24; W. B. Short, 20, 21; J. Ross Collins, 17, 20; R. L. Spotts, 24, 24.

High Gun of the Day Out of a Possible 200 Birds, Scratch.—J. Ross Collins, 135; J. G. Batterson, 138; F. W. Moffett, 174; K. R. Hooker, 161; W. B. Short, 159; R. L. Spotts, 171.

PICKS N. Y. A. C. TO WIN TITLE.

Hockey Situation Shows the Winged Foot Seven as Favorite.

With the Amateur Hockey League schedule less than half completed, it is now taken to be almost a certainty that the New York Athletic Club seven will duplicate last year's record of winning the championship. Thus far the team has met the two strongest rivals for the title, the St. Nicholas seven and the Wanderers, and in each instance the outcome has been a victory for the winged foot puck chasers. When the New York Athletic Club players defeated the Wanderers in an extra period session in the second game of the league series it was considered that the Wanderers still had a chance of evening matters when the two combinations came together later in the season. In that contest, however, the Mercury Foot players were without the services of two of their best players, Castleman and Sherriff. These two men have now appeared on the ice, and the strengthening of the team in a material degree has resulted.

A feature which works strongly in favor of the New York Athletic Club men is the large substitute list which can be called upon and which holds men of almost the equal of the regulars. On the other hand the Wanderers stand to lose one of their strongest defense men in Smeaton, who has been injured repeatedly in the past few games. Also, there is not the strength in substitutes to replace the regulars should any of them be incapacitated.

At the present time the New York team seems to have the more concerted team play, and this feature is growing steadily stronger. A comparison with the other contestants for the championship shows the New York seven to be the best in this respect on the ice. The Crescent Athletic Club, the Hockey Club, and the St. Nicholas teams are all out of the race unless unlooked-for strength is developed in a short time.

While there are still a number of games to be played in the Intercollegiate League, the championship already rests with the Princetonians, who have gone through the season with a clean slate. The match with Yale last week gave the Tigers their last victory and the championship. If Yale had been able to defeat Princeton there would have been the possibility of a triple tie for first position, but now the only point of consequence at issue is which team will fall into second place.

The standing of the teams in the Amateur Hockey League series is:

	W.	L.	P. C.
New York A. C.	3	0	1,000
Wanderers H. C.	3	1	.750
Crescent A. C.	1	2	.333
St. Nicholas S. C.	1	2	.333
Hockey Club of New York	0	3	.000

NOVEL POWER BOAT.

Singular Features in Construction of New Canadian Craft.

A letter received from Montreal in this city yesterday by a prominent firm of naval architects tells of a power boat which is being tried out in the Canadian city that seems destined to attract a very considerable amount of attention. This boat, called the Viper, is 20 feet long. To quote from the letter, written by a prominent power-boat devotee:

"We have had three, seven, twelve, and thirty horsepower motors in the same hull during the experiments we have made with her in the last two years, and with the three last-named powers the boat has developed speeds of 14.3, 18.18, and 26 miles an hour, respectively.

"She is a novel craft in all respects. She has no steps in her bottom, as in the case of the hydroplanes, nor has she any bottom attachments. She is an extraordinarily good seaboat. We have a pohtograph of her with four men, weighing 670 pounds, standing on one gunwale.

"On a turn she leans inward instead of outward, and varies the angle to suit the turn, precisely as if she had a gyroscope inside. She will turn on a 50-foot radius at a speed of 25 miles an hour.

"But the chief point in her favor is that she develops no hull defects at high speed. Her bow does not rise unduly nor does she jump and pound like the hydroplanes. Her bottom retains the same poistion relative to the surface of the water at all powers and at all speeds."

THE WEEK'S BOXING BOUTS.

Leach Cross Will Reappear in Ring To-night—Murphy to Meet Hurley.

The boxing clubs will be busy this week, many bouts being scheduled at the different clubs. Leach Cross will make his reappearance into the ring to-night, when he will meet Frankie Madden for ten rounds at the Bedford Athletic Club of Brooklyn. Cross has been training for the past two weeks, and the reports from his training camp report him to be back in good condition. The boxers have met twice, and each is credited with a victory. In the semi-final contest of six rounds, Phil Cross, Leachie's brother, will tackle Jack Martin.

The Olympic Athletic Club of Harlem has a good show for to-night, when Patsy Kline, a featherweight of Newark, N. J., will exchange blows with Willie Jones of Brooklyn for ten rounds. Kline has fought Attell and many others. In the semi-final contest of six rounds, Eddie Gillespie and Frankie Maher will contest for the honors. Brown's Athletic Association will be the scene of a ten-round contest to-morrow night between Joe Stein, who defeated Frankie Madden a short time ago, and Paddy Sullivan, who is credited with boxing a draw with Tommy Murphy. In the semi-final of six rounds Harry Winters and Packey Hommey will clash for six rounds. In the other bout of six rounds, Leo Newman will meet Jim Hollis. A wrestling match will precede the boxing contests.

Tommy Murphy of Brooklyn and Battling Hurley of Paterson, N. J., have been matched for a ten-round contest at the Sharkey Athletic Club on Wednesday night. Willie Beecher, the east side bantamweight, will meet "Knockout" Brown for ten rounds, at the Long Acre Athletic Club on Thursday night. Beecher is a late entry in the bantamweight class. The Brooklyn Athletic Club will hold its next entertainment on Friday night, and the National Athletic Club of Brooklyn and the Northwestern Athletic Club of this city meets on next Saturday night.

CONROY LEADS THE GLENCOE HARRIERS

Wins Hard-Fought Cross-Country Event by Margin of Twenty-five Yards.

TWO MOHAWK A. C. RUNS

Joe Malone in the Members' Handicap Event Makes Fastest Time—Masterson Crosses Line First.

A. Conroy, formerly of the Mott Haven Athletic Club and now running unattached, won a well-earned victory yesterday in the weekly cross-country run of the Glencoe Athletic Club, 126th Street and Second Avenue, over a three-and-a-half-mile course. He covered the distance in 19:55 and crossed the line with a lead of twenty-five yards over J. Smith of St. Raphael's Athletic Club, who came in second. For the last half of the distance, it was a nip and tuck fight between Conroy, Smith, McCullough of the Glencoe Athletic Club, and Frank Foran of the Mott Haven Athletic Club. The latter three were grouped together as they went over the line, there being not more than a few yards difference between them.

Cuno of the St. George Athletic Club went into the lead at the start and for about a mile set the pace, when Hefferman of the Pastime Athletic Club took a turn at the head of the pack. At the turning point, Ressinico of the Irish-American Athletic Club, was leading, with Conroy and Foran coming up strong, and Smith, Hogan, and McCullough close behind. During the last quarter mile, Smith challenged Conroy for the lead, and it was a lively tussle to the tape, with McCullough and Foran pressing the other pair closely.

There were forty-six starters in the event, and of this number forty-two went the full distance. The summary:

Name and Club.	Time. M. S.
A. Conroy, unattached	19:55
J. Smith, St. Raphael's A. C.	20:08
F. McCollough, Glencoe A. C.	20:11
F. Foran, unattached	20:20
C. Ressinico, Irish-American A. C.	20:38
T. Hogan, Holy Cross Lyceum	20:45
F. Carney, Holy Cross Lyceum	20:10
G. Cuno, St. George A. C.	21:22
J. Nealy, Holy Cross Lyceum	21:23
A. Rodd, North Side A. C.	21:42
T. J. Devery, St. Raphael's A. C.	21:45
S. Stewart, Glencoe A. C.	21:46
J. Hefferman, Pastime A. C.	21:47
P. Murray, unattached	21:48
C. Buris, St. Ann's A. C.	22:03

P. Hermann, unattached; J. Saller, Mohawk A. C.; N. Burke, Union Settlement A. C.; J. Kubler, Boys' Club; R. Conahan, Morris Evening High School; J. Healy, Paulist A. C.; T. Bolling, unattached; D. Shea, Florence A. C.; J. Hirsh, unattached; E. Sullivan, Holy Cross Lyceum; J. Schwartz, Glencoe A. C.; Robert Brady, Glencoe A. C.; W. Carroll, unattached; J. Sykes, Hollywood Inn; E. Pons, Xavier A. A.; W. Arthur, Terrace A. C.; F. Early, unattached; J. Concannon, Glencoe A. C.; J. Borges, Terrace A. C.; A. Speranza, St. Ann's A. C.; J. Saltamaggio, unattached; P. Grealis, McChesney A. C.; R. O'Connor, unattached; E. Disanzo, unattached; J. Byers, Sheridan A. C.; H. Brennan, Florence A. C.; W. J. Byrnes, Terrace A. C., also competed.

The weekly cross-country run of the Mott Haven A. C. was split into two divisions yesterday, one being for members, a handicap affair, and the other an invitation run. M. Brosky scored a victory in the first-named event, running with a handicap of 4:30, with D. Kirkwood second. The fastest time was made by F. P. Devlin, who came in fifth in 33:42. In the invitation event, J. Taub of the Pastime A. C., was the winner in 35:25. Both runs brought out big fields of starters. The summary.

MEMBERS' RUN.

Name.	Handicap.	Time. M. S.
M. Brosky	4:30	36:20
D. Kirkwood	3:30	36:03
F. Schroeder	3:00	35:54
E. Smith	6:00	39:32
F. P. Devlin	Scratch	33:42
L. Rodd	4:30	38:30
L. Schmidt	3:30	37:40
J. Kiernan	1:30	35:45
J. Tetrone	3:30	37:52
T. Neuendorfer	4:00	38:00
H. Freedman	2:00	37:00
C. Lautere	2:00	37:08
D. Frank	4:30	40:08
C. Smith	3:30	39:50
N. Garren	6:00	42:22
J. Gerschanek	6:00	42:24
I. Gerschanek	4:00	40:40
J. McNamara	3:30	39:10
C. Heindorfer	6:00	42:24
E. Erickson	6:00	42:00

Invitation Run.—J. Taub, Pastime A. C., 35:25; A. Cerussi, unattached, 35:45; T. O'Connor, Pastime A. C., 35:56; T. O'Connor, Pastime A. C., 36:20; R. Addigo, unattached, 36:28; S. Benofatto, New West Side A. C., 36:40; A. Ainovir, unattached, 36:50; N. Winkler, Mott Haven A. C., 36:56; J. Antonio, Pastime A. C., 37:00; W. Barrow, Mott Haven A. C., 39:20; A. Slattery, Mott Haven A. C., 41:00; H. Wilson, Mott Haven A. C., 45:00.

First prize in the members' run of the Mohawk Athletic Club over a five-and-a-half-mile course in the Bronx yesterday went to F. Masterson, with H. Biddle in second position. J. Drews won the novice trophy and finished in fourth place, with the fast time prize going to J. Malone, who started from scratch and covered the course in 30:14. J. MacInery of the Pastime A. C. was the first to finish in the invitation event. The summary:

MEMBERS' RUN.

Name.	H'cap. M.S.	Time. M.S.
F. Masterson	1:15	30:22
H. Biddle	1:45	31:03
H. Miller	3:00	32:32
J. Drews	2:45	32:19
J. Malone	Scratch	30:14
C. E. Smith	2:30	32:54
B. Masterson	3:00	33:25
B. Smith	1:15	31:42
B. Wilson	2:00	32:45
P. Lorz	1:45	32:24
L. Merz	3:00	33:30
F. Joyce	3:30	32:05
H. Hyland	2:00	33:40

Invitation Run.—J. MacIneny, Pastime A. C., 24:45; J. McDermott, Pastime A. C., 24:47; F. Corcoran, Mohawk A. C., 24:51; A. Weiler, Mohawk A. C., 24:55; T. Craig, Mohawk A. C.; W. Boyle, Mohawk A. C.; A. Mackay, Mohawk A. C.; D. Weiler, Mohawk A. C.; H. Ogg, Mohawk A. C.; J. Massa, Twenty-second Regiment; J. Huber, Pastime A. C.; J. Bailey, Pastime A. C., and M. Taub, Pastime A. C.

G. Morton Wins Trinity A. C. Walk.

Thirty walkers started on the eight-and-one-half-mile invitation handicap walk of the Trinity A. C. of Brooklyn yesterday and twenty-six completed the distance. A. Voellmeke of the Pastimes was on scratch and finished the distance in 1:12:07, but on account of the handicap got fourth place. G. Norton of the Trinity Club was the first to finish in 1:16:15, with a handicap of 7 minutes. The walk was held from the clubhouse on Montague Street around Prospect Park and return. The finish:

Name and Club.	H.M.S.
G. Morton, Trinity A. C.	1:16:15
J. Kelly, Morris A. A.	1:17:35
J. Cavanaugh, Trinity A. C.	1:17:10
A. Voellmeke, Pastime A. C.	1:12:07
J. Gallagher, McCaddin Lyceum	1:21:55
A. Gifford, McCaddin Lyceum	1:18:22
S. Byrnes, Trinity A. C.	1:23:45
F. Plasyck, Morris A. A.	1:23:30
M. Frieberg, Morris A. A.	1:24:45
L. Schleister, Trinity A. C.	1:23:10
R. Stoddard, Trinity A. C.	1:25:37
A. Labahorf, Morris A. A.	1:26:12

Ofk First in Cross-Country.

M. Ofk was the winner in the weekly cross-country run of the Morris Evening High School yesterday, whhich was run over a new course starting from Jerome Avenue to Burnside and return, completing a distance of four and three-quarter miles. Ofk of Morris and Levy of Harlem Evening High set out on a fast pace, and led the pack the entire distance. They alternated in the lead, and near the end Ofk jumped to the front and won from Levy by 5 seconds. The order of finish:

Name and Club.	M. S.
M. Ofk, Morris Evening High	28:30
I. Levy, Harlem Evening High	28:35
S. Eckman, Morris Evening High	29:00
H. Autenreith, Morris Evening High	30:00
P. Kavanaugh, unattached	30:30
W. Geoghan, Morris Evening High	30:40
C. Kelly, Sherman A. C.	30:45
R. Elmore, unattached	31:05
M. Wright, unattached	31:15
A. Quick, Morris Evening High	32:05

Moran and Baldwin Again.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan 30.—Matty Baldwin of Charleston and Owen Moran of England have been matched to fight at the Armory Athletic Club on Feb. 8. The men have met twice before the same club, each getting a decision over the other.

APPLEYARD LEADS RUNNERS.

Mercury A. C. Athlete Wins Morningside's First Cross-Country Event.

With James J. Lee, the former National A. A. U. long distance champion, as pacemaker, thirty athletes competed yesterday in the initial cross-country run of the Morningside Athletic Club. The course was laid out from the clubhouse to Seventh Avenue, over Central Bridge to Macombs Dam Road, returning by way of Morningside Avenue. The roads were in fair condition, which enabled the runners to make good time.

Lee led the runners a lively gait from the clubhouse, the men traveling well together until the leaders approached the Central Bridge, where they began to string out. Lee was still in the lead when the second half of the journey began, being closely followed by C. Appleyard, Mercury A. C., and J. Bedell of the Xavier A. A. The two latter trailed the pacemaker, who kept up the lively pace until within some little distance from home, when Lee cut loose and finished at a sprinting pace, leading Appleyard by nearly twenty yards at the clubhouse. Bedell was second, about the same distance behind Appleyard, while J. Schroder, unattached, was third, twenty yards in the rear of Bedell. The runners finshed as follows:

Name and Club.	Finish. M.S.
C. Appleyard, Mercury A. C.	22:05
J. Bedell, Xavier A. A.	22:24
J. Schroder, unattached	22:43
T. Harris, Glencoe A. C.	23:31
G. Herberts, Glencoe A. C.	23:44
H. Norman, Morningside A. C.	23:51
H. Crook, Morningside A. C.	23:54
W. Stoker, Glencoe A. C.	24:00
C. Reed, Hillside A. C.	24:10
H. Ackman, Glencoe A. C.	24:14
L. Stultz, Glencoe A. C.	24:37
W. J. Wilson, Xavier A. A.	24:46
J. Boschi, Xavier A. A.	24:47
M. Tucker, Morningside A. C.	24:49
H. Morrell, unattached	24:50
T. Brady, Glencoe A. C.	25:23
T. Gibson, Xavier A. A.	25:27
M. Donahue, Glencoe A. C.	25:46
H. Tucker, Morningside A. C.	25:47
T. Carley, Goddard A. C.	25:48
J. McKenna, Riverside A. C.	26:00
S. Raymond, Mercury A. C.	26:07
R. Savin, Lakewood A. C.	26:12
H. Clauffot, Dominican Lyceum	26:30

CLAN McDONALDS LEAD.

Take First Place in Association Football League—Brooklyns Win.

First place in the annual championship series of the New York Amateur Association Football League rewarded the efforts of the Clan McDonalds in their game with the eleven of the Highbridge Football Club at McDonald Oval, in Brooklyn, yesterday. The clansmen scored a handsome victory by the score of 4 goals to 0, after leading in the first half by 2 to 0. W. Glen, at centre forward, scored twice in the opening period and was the first to shoot a goal after the restart. R. MacCulloch tallied the fourth goal of the game. The ground naturally was a bit heavy, but nevertheless the play was fairly fast.

Highbridge had to yield third place in the competition to the Brooklyns, who were victorious over the Critchleys at Marquette Oval by the score of 3 goals to 2. In the first half the game was a bit one-sided and in favor of the Brooklyns, who scored all their goals in that period. S. Coward opened with a beauty, and R. O'Halloran followed with the second goal, the result of individual play. D. Turnbull shot the third goal. In the second half T. Dewar and N. Agar found the Brooklyn net in turn, and the Critchleys showed much better form. The line-up:

Brooklyns.	Position.	Critchleys.
R. Armstrong	Goal	Hynds
York	Right back	Taylor
Meyer	Left back	Poll
MacLennan	Right half	Herald
Opperman	Centre half	Neil
Nichols	Left half	O'Hare
A. Van de Weghe	Outside right	Halliday
M. Van de Weghe	Inside right	Tait
O'Halloran	Centre	N. Agar
Coward	Inside left	Dewar
Turnbull	Outside left	Cooke

Referee—C. Creighton. Linesmen—T. E. Ridd, Brooklyns, and H. Cunningham, Critchleys. Goals—Coward, O'Halloran, and Turnbull, Brooklyns; Dewar and Agar, Critchleys. Time of halves—Forty-five minutes.

At Visitation Oval in Brooklyn the Arcadia Thistles surprised the Camerons, former champions of the Amateur League, by winning a one-sided victory by the score of 6 goals to 1 yesterday afternoon. P. McGee started the scoring for the home team in the first half, but Scott equalized for the Camerons soon after. Before the close of the period, however, McGee had scored twice more. After the restart J. Lee, J. Gibb, and T. Tallant tallied for the Thistles in the order named. The line-up:

Arcadia T.	Position.	Camerons.
Haughie	Goal	Eastand
Russell	Right back	Shaw
Gallagher	Left back	Isaac
Crawford	Right half	Joss
Lyons	Centre half	Bruder
Lindquist	Left half	Montgomery
Lee	Outside right	Scott
Tallant	Inside right	Bayley
McGee	Centre	Marshall
Gibb	Inside left	
Grant	Outside left	McKevill

Referee—Walter Bonn. Linesmen—J. Brenan, Thistles, and Harry Flay, Camerons. Goals—McGee, (3,) Lee, Gibb, and Tallant, Thistles; Scott, Camerons. Times of halves—Forty-five minutes.

Improving Forest Hill Course.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEVILLE, N. J., Jan. 30.—Judge Thomas J. Lintott, President of the Forest Hill Field Club, has reappointed Robert Kuebler Chairman of the Tournament Committee. Mr. Kuebler is working out a schedule that will surpass that of last year, when the organization gave a hundred silver cups and a number of gold watch fobs as trophies. H. B. Salmon, Chairman of the Greens Committee, is completing two new 500-yard holes, which are directly west of the clubhouse, and a ravine hole of about 100 yards just south of the clubhouse.

Thomas Allsop, Chairman of the House Committee, has also been reappointed. He is adding extra sleeping appartments in the clubhouse for the benefit of the many non-resident members of the organization.

Champions in Irish-American Games.

Considerable interest is manifested in local athletic circles over the first appearance of Bobby Kerr of Canada, the world's 200-meter champion, who will compete at the annual indoor games of the Irish-American Athletic Club Saturday night in Madison Square Garden. Kerr will be on the scratch mark in the sprint events with James Rosenberger, Bobby Cloughen, and Ernest Nelson of Harvard. Seldom has such a galaxy of athletic stars been brought together as those entered in Saturday night's games. Champions and ex-champions will compete in the sixteen events that are scheduled on the programme, and it is probable that many new indoor marks will be hung up.

Harlem Rowing Club Reception.

The annual reception of the Harlem Rowing Club will be held Saturday evening at the Harlem Casino, 124th Street and Seventh Avenue. President James Pilkington and Capt. John Nagle have been working hard to make the affair a big success, and every box was disposed of at the recent sale held at the club house.

Shaw's Fancy Pool Shot.

Lew Shaw, the expert billiardist, gave an exhibition of fancy shots at McGraw's yesterday and will be the attraction there this afternoon. Shaw can pocket fourteen balls on a pool table with one shot.

TELLS OF CANCER CURES BY RADIUM

Eleven Cases of Giant Cell Sarcoma Reported to the Practitioners' Society by Dr. Abbe.

HE BELIEVES IT A SPECIFIC

And Says That in Cases of This Kind It Should Be Tried Before Any Operation.

Dr. Robert Abbe of this city, the foremost advocate in this country of radium as a curative agent in the treatment of cancer, recently read a paper before the Practitioners' Society on "Radium as a Specific in Giant Cell Sarcoma," in which he recounted some eleven cases of cancerous tumors of rather unusual characteristics, all of which apparently had been cured by radium. Some of the patients were present at the meeting and were examined by the physicians present.

The paper is printed in full with details of the cases in The Medical Record. In conclusion, Dr. Abbe says:

"This review of a group of cases of one type of malignant cell growth, all showing peculiar, I may say unique, retrograde changes, tending always to return to the normal, gives a demonstration of the efficacy of radium, as clear to the clinical student as a demonstration of Euclid on a classroom blackboard.

"There is no similar record in surgery, as far as I know. It may be supplemented by other remarkable cases in radium literature dealing with sarcoma and epitheliomata. The disappearance of a round cell sarcoma of the eyelid, which I have shown before this society, is a notable one.

"Again, in a remarkable destructive sarcoma of the humerus, where the bone had fractured in the growth, reported by Dr. W. G. Morton of this city, the skiagraphs show the cure by a radium treatment of six weeks. I have recently read a letter from the patient, who uses her arm as well as the sound one for all purposes, washing, ironing, &c., and remains cured after five years.

"We have, then, to face a pathological and surgical problem which needs explanation. Why should an overgrown mass of a certain group of cells of the body, like these marrow cells, grow riotously and constitute a tumor which absorbs healthy structures opposing its expansion and destroy the body in a manner justifying its name 'malignant'? And, again, when the powerful Becquerel rays emitted from radium penetrate the mass, why should the retrograde of all malignant cells proceed with orderly retreat until the tumor has entirely gone? Or, again, how shall we explain the reassembling of original cells out of the mass, so as to shape the parts like the jaw bone, the roof of the mouth, the humerus, &c., so that the appearance and function are restored?

"It is a bold speculation that permits one to venture in this field of biology when master minds admit ignorance of what constitutes the vital force which energizes each cell, and constitutes life as a whole. Yet we may be permitted to suggest that there are already known definite facts as to the nature of the rays, that they are electrons emitted with tremendous force, traveling in straight undeviating lines, each carrying an electric charge, if, indeed, they are not themselves electricity; speeding at 70,000 miles a second; retarded by dense objects, like masses of lead or steel, or bone or stone, only to escape beyond and resume their travels into space. It is recognized that radioactivity exists everywhere, but it is only when we concentrate it in our powerful little tubes that we can study definite effects.

"The alpha, beta, and gamma rays have different electric charges, and different effects. The alpha are suppressed entirely in the glass tube. The beta, carrying negative currents, escape feebly, and the gamma, carrying its own electricity, penetate everything. Is it not conceivable that the riotous overgrowth of cells constituting a tumor may be due to a loss of equilibrium in the balance of electric forces sustaining the normal cell growth, and that the supply of one needed element—possibly positive electricity, possibly negative—will restore the balance, and enable the cells to resume their orderly growth?

"The surgical estimate of giant cell sarcoma is one of a varied degree of malignancy. Wide removal of the apparent disease is undoubtedly more often curative than in other types of actively growing tumors.

"My conviction is that every case of myeloid sarcoma should be given treatment by radium before any operation and that we may expect many cures."

Cornell's Wrestling Plans.

Wrestling at Cornell will officially commence on Feb. 5, with a meet for the university championship. The event will be held in the armory at Ithaca, and more than seventy candidates have been in strict training for the contests, which will decide the champion at the respective weights. The university seems to be unusually strong in leghtweights, but lacking in good material among the heavyweights. Two of last year's team, L. J. Peake, 1911, in the 145-pound class, and Capt. A. C. Phillips, 1910, in the 125-pound class, are expected to give a good account of themselves in the intercollegiate and other meets, while R. Johnson, 1911, in the 115-pound class, is considered a very promising man. The schedule of meets in which Cornell will be represented is:

Feb. 5, university championship, Ithaca; 12, Lehigh, at Ithaca; 19, Yale, at Ithaca; 26, Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia; March 5, Columbia, at Ithaca; 12, Princeton, at Ithaca; 19, intercollegiate, at Philadelphia.

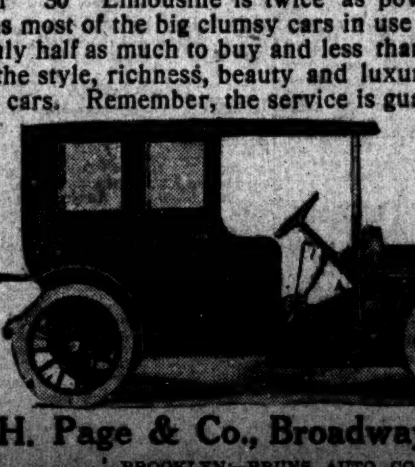
Championship Pool Match To-night.

Thomas Hueston, professional pool champion of the world, will meet Jerome Keogh of Rochester in a match for the title to-night at the concert hall of the New York Theatre. Besides the championship a purse of $1,000 and a side bet of $250 are at stake. Play is to continue for three nights, the match consisting of 600 points. Maurice Daly will referee. Hueston has won the championship three times, while Keogh has four times carried off the world's title. Benjamin Allen of Kansas City has challenged the winner of the forthcoming match.

Blindfold and Match Chess.

Julius Finn, former New York State chess champion, gave a brilliant exhibition of blindfold play at the rooms of the Rice Chess Club yesterday afternoon. He won five and lost one of the six games played. The player who succeeded in winning his game was A. Altman in a Scotch gambit. Those who were defeated by Finn were S. Hoehlbaum, King's gambit; M. Freudenheim, French defense; E. Fischer, Scotch gambit; L. Werner, Ruy Lopez; M. Spinrad, Kig's gambit.

The fourth game of the series of ten between F. J. Marshall, United States champion, and Herbert Rosenfeld was played at the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday, and resulted in a draw after forty-nine moves. Marshall had the white pieces in a Queen's gambit declined.



CHALMERS-DETROIT
"30" LIMOUSINE, $2,750

Our "30" Limousine is twice as powerful and half as heavy as most of the big clumsy cars in use for town work. It costs only half as much to buy and less than half to keep. It has all the style, richness, beauty and luxury of the most expensive cars. Remember, the service is guaranteed.

One "Forty" Limousine for early delivery.

Carl H. Page & Co., Broadway at 50th St.

BROOKLYN—BRUNS AUTO CO.

Extra!

But only 25c per Case Extra

That's not much to pay for purity and goodness, not when it comes to the beer for the home.

Imperial "Gold Label" Beer

is an absolutely PURE brew of the finest imported Bohemian and the best American hops, scientifically blended, perfectly brewed, properly aged and hygienically bottled. Money cannot buy better beer.

Order from Any Dealer.

Bottled only by the Brewers, BEADLESTON & WOERZ, New York.

SHARPERS FLEECE RETURNING ALIENS

Sell Them the Big Bundles of Money They Pick Up Along the Water Front.

AWAKENING COMES AT SEA

When the Man Who Wanted Much for Little Finds He Has Nothing at All.

Owing to the complaints of steerage passengers who have been victimized by confidence men along the water front in New York and Brooklyn during the last three months, Inspector McCafferty has detailed six detectives to the edges of Manhattan. The victims are usually Italians, Irish, or Greeks, who come to New York the night before sailing in the steerage of one of the liners to visit their native land.

The confidence men of West Street generally operate by picking up a purse on the sidewalk filled apparently with hundred-dollar bills. If the victim has any money in his pockets the purse and its contents will be offered for the small bills, perhaps $50 or $60, as the finder of the money is timid and does not like to have so much money about him.

Frequently the hoax is not discovered until the victim is many miles out to sea. When he goes to the ship's purser to have the bills changed into foreign currency he learns of it. Purser Palmer of the White Star liner Baltic, which sailed last week for Liverpool, says that $300 in bogus bills was offered to him by steerage passengers on the Christmas voyage from New York. The bills purported to be those of the State Bank of New Brunswick, N. J., which does not exist, or they were Confederate money.

One Irishman, the purser said, who handed him a $100 bill of the imaginary New Brunswick bank, went white when he learned it was worthless, as it was all he had for his Christmas in the old country.

It was said at the Detective Bureau yesterday that it was impossible for any police in the world to protect those who were so foolish as to bite.

"It was the old story," he said, "of the desire to get something for nothing. Our men are picking them up every day, and frequently their victims will not lose their passage on the liner to prosecute.

"The bills are sold at stores on the Bowery and Third Avenue as souvenirs, and there is no law to stop the trade. If the majority of the public were only honest, the confidence men and others who make their living by swindling others would either starve to death or have to go to work.

"Another crooked game is known as the 'switch.' A confidence man with a good pair of diamond or coral earrings in a small box will go up to an Italian, Greek, or Polish woman, who wears a pair of good earrings. He asks if she would not like to have bigger and much better jewels at a low price. He shows the goods and the woman regrets that she has not sufficient money to buy them. To convince her of the value of the earrings he takes the woman into a pawnshop, where the pawnbroker offers to lend the amount that has been asked for their purchase outright. Of course, they are genuine.

"Eventually after some haggling and murmuring in the victim's ear that he has stolen the earrings the man takes hers, with all the money she has. He gives the woman an imitation pair made of glass put up in a similar box."

LUXURY COLD CREAM pure, sweet and wholesome: 2 oz. jars, 15c.; 4 oz., 25c.; 8 oz., 45c.

HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

Stoddard-Dayton

THE GEM OF SMALL CLOSED CARS

To the owner who finds our large limousine too big for his demands the model "10-T" will strongly appeal. It is in every detail of building and finish as perfect as our model "10-F." The discerning motorist who can not use the larger model will find this car to meet his needs for going, shopping, calls, and similar uses. Made also with the landaulet body, 30 horse power $2,800

Demonstrating car at our new show room, a step from Broadway.

Atlantic Motor Car Co.
227 West 57th Street
Telephone 5888 Columbus.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

Lozier, Briarcliffe model, for sale; 60 h. p.; chain drive; very fast; demountable rims; top, &c.; new tires. 1,860 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

AUTOMOBILE instruction for owners, prospective owners, and chauffeurs; new term just starting; booklet. Y. M. C. A., 317 West 57th St.

Automobiles
Ready Reference for Buyers

AMERICAN	Roadster—Traveler—Tourist. American Automobile Co., 1720 B'way. Phone 275 Col.
ALCO	American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway. Tel. 5200 Col.
BENZ	Benz Auto Import Co. of America. 1599 to 1601 Broadway, N. Y.
BRUSH	Car, $485. John Moore & Co., 59 Warren St.
BUICK	Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
CADILLAC	Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage; Columbus Circle. Tel. 5010 Col.
COATES-GOSHEN.	1619 B'way, 49th & 50th Sts. Tel. 833 Col.
COLUMBIA	Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,661 B'way. Phone 3577 Columbus.
CORBIN	1,883 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
GROUT	45 H. P. $2,300. Garage and Machine Shop. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.
HUDSON	A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3268 Col.
ISOTTA	IMPORT COMPANY, 1,623 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.
KNOX	Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1963 Broadway. 'Phone 4338 Col.
LOZIER	56th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.
Marion Flyer Overland	CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 B'way. Phone 5130 Col.
MATHESON	Matheson Automobile Co., 1888-1889 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 6353 Col.
MOON	Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1761 Broadway. Tel. 6995 Col.
NATIONAL	POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1923 B'way, (64th St.) 'Phone 5988 Col.
OAKLAND	30 H. P., $1,000; 40 H. P., $1,700. 1785 Broadway at 58th St. Tel. 477 Col.
PULLMAN	Cimiotti Bros., 1,855 Broadway. Telephone 1772 Columbus.
"SIMPLEX"	"Made in New York City." 1860-62 B'way. Tel. 5188 Col.
STEVENS-DURYEA	A. G. Spalding & Bros., 29 W. 42d. Tel. 431 Bryant.
WHITE	WHITE CO., B'way & 62d St. Phone 2953 Col.
ZUST	"The Car That Lasts." American Zust Co., 1989 Broadway. 'Phone Col. 4231.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

Auto Bodies	Closed bodies; immediate delivery. C. Jensen, Incorp., 244 E. 75th St. 'Phone 2933 Lenox.
BALL BEARINGS	HESS-BRIGHT CO., 1974 B'way, (66th St.)
SPLITDORF MAGNETO	Walton Ave. & 138th St. Branch 1679 Broadway.
WELDING	Alton, Laine & Co., 351 E. 74th St. Tel. Lenox 6241

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

Brewster victoria in first-class condition to be sold reasonably. Apply 182 West 56th St.

SILENCE COMFORT

30 H.-P. Landaulet

Peerless

THE Peerless is purposely built to rank as "one of the higher priced cars." It would, of course, be possible for our factory to skimp and substitute here and there, and make a car that would resemble the Peerless, and which could be sold for several hundred dollars less—but it wouldn't be the Peerless. We prefer to build a car without stint, for those who are willing to pay the difference, and who demand the best that can be produced.

We are prepared to accept a limited number of orders for February delivery. You are invited to visit our salesrooms.

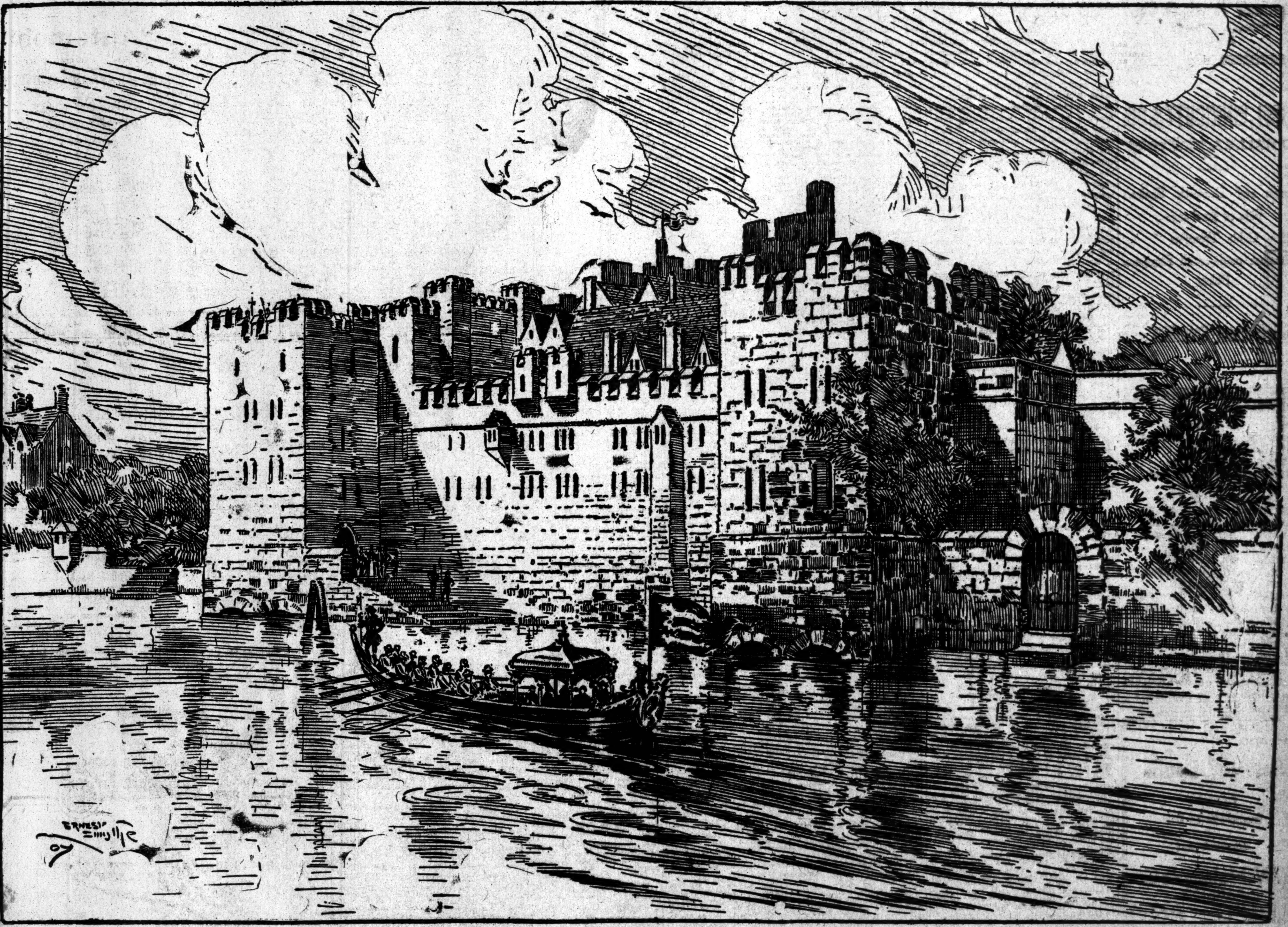
THE PEERLESS MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y.
1760 Broadway, at 57th Street Newark Branch, 217 Halsey Street
Licensed under Selden Patent

SAVOY HOTEL

LONDON, ENGLAND.

The World's Most Famous Hotel De Luxe.

The comforts and luxury of the Savoy Hotel, its cuisine and service, combined with the most moderate charges, place it absolutely in the front rank of all Hotels in Europe. The beautiful suites—with bathrooms attached—overlooking the River Thames and Embankment Gardens, away from the noise and bustle of street traffic, although in the centre of London, are greatly appreciated by all European and American travellers.



THE ROYAL PALACE OF THE SAVOY
As in the time of Henry VIII., and now the site of the SAVOY HOTEL.

SAVOY ON HISTORIC SITE. Hotel now stands where Norman Castle was built in 1245.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—Few of the thousands of Americans who annually occupy luxurious suites at the Savoy Hotel on the Thames Embankment or sit in the Greek and Renaissance restaurant overlooking the river know that the building with its thoroughly modern facades occupies the site where once stood the castle built by the Earl of Savoy and Richmond in 1245, which played an important part in the parlous reign of Henry III., and his war with the Barons headed by Simon de Montfort.

Identity of location, however, is the only thing the modern Savoy has in common with the mediaeval Norman castle. In place of the ramparts, moat, and drawbridge of the past are Winter gardens and terraces, where matter of fact Chicago elbows romantic Paris and poetic Rome with an environment that is an artistic harmonious blending in color and design of various civilizations, in which, however, the French prevails.

The contrasts of Hellas and Siena in the restaurant are not repeated elsewhere, for on the parlor or second floor there is a pleasing transition from room to room through the epochs of the three Louis, in which an exact reproduction of the boudoir in the Trianon of Versailles has a conspicuous place.—*Extract from THE NEW YORK TIMES, November 14th, 1909.*

THE SAVOY RESTAURANT is recognized as THE PREMIER RESTAURANT of the world.

GUSTAVE SEGGELKE . . . . . GENERAL MANAGER.

Wm. A. Read & Co.
Bankers

Members of the New York, Chicago and Boston Stock Exchanges

Investment Securities

List of current offerings on application
Commission orders executed in all the principal markets

25 Nassau Street,
New York
Boston Baltimore Chicago
London

A Strong Combination

1. When an issue of bonds is secured by a first mortgage upon a property of demonstrated value;
2. When the earnings have shown steady increases for a long period of years;
3. When liberal expenditures have been made from earnings for the maintenance of the property;
4. When the property could not be reproduced for its capitalization, including both stock and bonded indebtedness;
5. When the terms of the mortgage insure the fullest protection to the investor;

Then the bonds represent a strong combination for the security of surplus funds, and are to be regarded as a thoroughly sound investment.

Subject to sale, we offer a limited amount of an issue of first mortgage 5% bonds possessing all of the features enumerated above. **The bonds net about 4.80%.**

Write for Bond Circular No. 821.

Spencer Trask & Co.
William and Pine Streets
New York

KISSEL, KINNICUTT & CO.
37 WALL ST., NEW YORK

Foreign and Domestic Bankers
Bills of Exchange
Cable Transfers
Collections made on all European Points

Investment Securities

FOR SALE
100 Borden's Milk Com.
200 Buffalo & L. E. Trac. Pfd.
20 Columbia Bank
100 Federal Sugar Com.
100 General Chemical Com.
40 Internat. Silver Pfd.
100 Internat. Silver Com.
25 Internat. Time Recdg. Pfd.
50 Lou., Hend. & St. L. Pfd.
100 Madison Square Garden
25 National City Bank
22 New York Curtain
100 Rubber Goods Mfg. Pfd.
25 Sen Sen Chiclet
50 Union Gas & El. Cinn. Pfd.
100 U. S. Indust. Alcohol Com.
40 Wells-Fargo New Stock
100 Western Pacific
25 Winchester Repeat'g Arms

We have good markets in unlisted and inactive securities and respectfully invite inquiries.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 7400 to 7409 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

Selected Bonds
to yield
from 4% to 6%

Inquiry Invited

N. W. Halsey & Co.
BANKERS
49 Wall St., New York
Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

BLAIR & CO
24 BROAD ST., NEW YORK

Domestic and Foreign Bankers
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Travelers Letters of Credit

Henry Clews & Co.
BANKERS.
11, 13, 15, AND 17 BROAD ST.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.
STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold for investors or carried on liberal terms.
Banking accounts received subject to check at sight. Interest paid on daily balances.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
LETTERS OF CREDIT
Issued Available the World Over.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

On the Stock Exchange last week prices of securities fell to new low levels for the year, and, in fact, for many months past. The closing days of the previous week had been given over to a sharp rally from the declines which attended the collapse in the Hocking Coal and Iron speculation, but with the resumption of business on Monday last it at once became apparent that this recovery had been brought about almost entirely through the agency of protective purchasers of stocks by the larger interests of the financial district and by forced covering of short sales. This was revealed through the liquidation in Monday's market of the stocks bought to support prices in preceding sessions and the revelation, of course, encouraged bearish speculators to resume promptly their attacks upon prices. On Tuesday morning there were published in the newspapers Washington dispatches purporting to outline with some authority a settled plan on the part of the Administration to investigate and prosecute unnamed industrial corporations. This was a signal for another wave of selling before which prices receded to the lowest levels yet touched by them, and so great was the unsettlement of sentiment occasioned that in spite of an official statement from the White House intended to be reassuring, subsequent markets, until near the week's close, were nervous and unstable, while week-end advances, too, suggested strongly only the customary technical rebound from a perpendicular fall. Two inferences may be drawn with safety from the market movements of the week and their direct causes here recited. The fact is that the securities market is now and bids fair to be for some little time to come extremely sensitive to developments in Washington, whether these concern the activities of the Administration as regards corporations or the course of the United States Supreme Court with respect to the highly important cases now before it for determination. It is altogether probable that no further corporation suits will be instituted until the tobacco case is decided, but rumors serve the speculator as well as fact. The second deduction is that in spite of widespread prosperity and the remarkable ease in money markets there is in the securities market no such volume of investment buying as the combination of these outside conditions with the great declines in prices of securities must have provoked under normal circumstances. Mr. Taft probably furnished the simplest explanation of this cautious attitude on the part of investors, big and little, when in his special message to Congress on Jan. 7 he said that investigations and possible prosecutions of corporations by the Administration "must necessarily tend to disturb the confidence of the business community and to dry up the now flowing sources of capital from its places of hoarding and produce a halt in our present prosperity that will cause suffering and strained circumstances among the innocent many for the faults of the guilty few." A hope exists that in its decision in the American Tobacco case, which should be rendered within a few weeks, the Supreme Court will find it possible to differentiate between what are commonly termed "good" and "bad" corporations in some such manner as will permit the continuance of great business enterprise, where fairly conducted, under present forms; otherwise a period of chaos, incidental to a readjustment which may prove economically disastrous, is clearly indicated.

It is somewhat difficult at the moment to measure the effects which the unsettlement of securities markets and the uncertainty in the minds of those in charge of the conduct of large business affairs over the outcome of fundamental problems are having on the business world and the financial situation proper. The tendency, as Mr. Schiff points out, is to exaggerate, but some uneasiness, and perhaps some curtailment of activity, finds expression in such explanations from trade sources as that in the accepted organ of the steel and iron trades which last week discovered signs of hesitation in connection with "the unsettling of security values," which had "put optimistic sentiment to the test." Here and there, as in the railroad equipment fields and the watch trade, the tide has admittedly slackened, as it must with the packing plants and retailers of their products if the "meat strike" proves serious, but for the most part the lull is in departments directly influenced, and adversely, by the severity of the Winter. On the other hand, we have such disclosures of full trade as are contained in the splendid report of the United States Steel Corporation for the December quarter, when net earnings of $40,975,000 were nearly double those of the first quarter of the year and unfilled orders on the books amounted to 5,927,000 tons as against 3,603,000 tons at the close of December, 1908; the accompanying extra dividend of three-quarters of one per cent. upon Steel common stock, the larger payment announced by the General Chemical Company, together with the stock increases and stock dividends by subsidiaries of the Pennsylvania Railroad, one of the best conducted properties of the country, expanding bank clearings, and the public assertions of men like Mr. Hill and Mr. Rockefeller that underlying conditions are sound in the great territories which the roads in which they are interested serve. A degree of confidence in the future is also expressed, indirectly at least, in the forwarding of such extensive plans as those involved in the merger of the Butte Copper properties which were put under way definitely last week by the call for a meeting of Anaconda stockholders to increase the capital of that company for the purpose of taking over a number of other properties. Another matter which was overlooked in the excitement of the week was the report of a conservative and highly regarded grain trade journal, which, after investigation of the conditions surrounding the Winter wheat crop, expressed the deliberate opinion that never had these conditions been more favorable at this season of the year.

Not less important to the business interests of the country is the prevailing ease in money markets and the promise that for months to come, with only momentary interruptions, funds will be obtainable for legitimate business purposes upon fair terms. Already the low rates of interest have acted as a buffer in the securities market, for they have permitted discriminating purchases of securities yielding 5 per cent. or better by means of loans at little more than 4 per cent. It is altogether likely, too, that to the ease here may be ascribed the success attending recent offerings of bonds, such as those by the Missouri Pacific, the Chicago Great Western, the Western Electric, and the Lackawanna Steel Company. A new factor in money, however, was developed last week by the Paris flood. Estimates place the damage worked by this inundation of the Seine at $200,000,000, and while this will doubtless prove to be an exaggeration, it is clear that much capital will be required to make good the actual damage wrought. Last Fall the Bank of France advanced large sums of gold to the English money market to relieve the strain in London, and it still holds in its foreign portfolio not less than $10,000,000 of bills for which payment in gold may be required. Our own money market is easier now than that of London, and it will be surprising indeed if London, which has been able to shift to our shoulders the burden of supplying South American demands for gold for months past, does not meet any similar demands from Paris in like fashion. The great liquidation in all our markets, commodities, cotton, and securities, has so reinforced our money reserves, however, as to remove any cause for uneasiness over this prospect of demands from France.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

LONDON SHOWS IMPROVEMENT.

Beginning with Gloom, Quite Cheerful as Week Ends.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The stock market throughout the week has been largely under the influence of the elections, starting with gloom but improving daily as a more favorable view was taken of the situation until it became quite cheerful, though the flurry in the American market provided a temporary setback.

However, the tone of the American market is now very healthy, especially in view of the considerable decline in quotations which has occurred.

PARIS CLOSING FIRM.

Prices Harden at Last in Spite of Tragic History of Week.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The Bourse closed firm, prices hardening Saturday in spite of the depressing history of the week. Rentes fell 45 centimes from the previous Saturday's mark. French railways were very irregular, Midi and Nord declining 5 francs, while other companies reacted somewhat.

Paris traction and electric values were freely offered, exercising an unfortunate influence on the rest of the market, and the immense cost of immediate repairs necessitated by the flood was discounted in a rather pessimistic spirit. Paris Metropolitan was active around 571 as against 614 last week.

Copper stocks were strengthened by the news of the consummation of the much-discussed merger in America. Rio Tinto, after many fluctuations, was well supported and quiet at the close, selling 9 points above the final price Friday.

Diamonds lost ground during the greater part of the week, but De Beers rallied on Friday, ending on Saturday 11 points above the lowest of Monday. African gold mines lost largely, but at the last hour manifested an upward tendency.

BERLIN SHOWS STRENGTH.

Boerse Resists Fluctuating Tendencies Produced by Wall Street Reports.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—The market again revealed its powers of resistance as against the fluctuating tendencies reported from New York. The only disquieting factor was the uncertainty of the tariff negotiations with America. The bear party indulged in considerable realizations, but the offerings were for the most part freely taken up without a decline of prices.

The announcement of $120,000,000 of new Imperial and Prussian loans caused a temporary decline in State issues. The firmness of the market was primarily due to the continued rise in iron prices.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—The market for copper shares has not been improved by the week's announcements of mergers; indeed, prices receded all around, with particularly bad breaks in Lake and North Butte. Bearish rumors are again in circulation regarding the latter mine, while profit taking on a large scale is responsible for the great decline in the former.

Butte Copper production is still curtailed—only about 60 per cent. of normal at present. The result of drilling at the sixth level of Lake shows a lode of normal width. Reports concerning the Indiana Mine are conflicting, geologically, and the last half of the drill core does not appear as rich as the first; yet this mine is the synosure of all eyes, and its possibilities are of the bonanza variety.

Ojibway continues to find rich ore at depth, and the management is well pleased. Superior Copper is finding the ground north of Shaft 1 particularly rich. This shaft is now below the thirteenth level. No. 2 shaft, now below the third level, has developed nothing as yet.

Underground developments in Old Dominion continue to show improvement. At the bottom of the mine a body of 10 per cent. ore 110 feet wide has been opened up. Greene-Cananea produced 3,700,000 pounds of copper per month last year, the profit on which is figured at a trifle under 50 cents a share.

Vice President Hoatson sends word from Calumet and Arizona that the property never looked better and is unquestionably good for twenty years. The recent increase in the ore supplied to the Arizona Commercial smelter should make January's output nearly 500,000 pounds of fine copper. The management of Utah-Apex is talking big about the new ore body in the north branch.

From Mohawk comes word that the No. 6 shaft crosscut is in ground fully equal to any in Ahmeek, presaging better than 1 per cent. fine copper to an annual amount of 4,000,000 pounds through this shaft alone. Victoria continues, at the twenty-second level, to develop good copper ground.

The lower and later openings of the Tecumseh shaft of La Salle show the finest lode rock yet found on the property.

Very rich ground is reported from Adventure, where the drill is operating at the bottom of the new vertical shaft.

Sulphide copper ore has been found in the two drill holes on the west end of Miami.

Shipments from Butte-Balaklala will be increased Feb. 1 to 500 tons per day.

A dispatch from Houghton says that the run of Lake copper at the mill shows an average of fifty-three pounds of refined copper to the ton of rock. This is a very remarkable showing and warrants the predictions made by so many people that Lake will develop into one of the greatest mines in the country.

President Dow of the Indiana received this morning the following dispatch from Supt. Edwards:

"Indiana No. 2 drill from 1,584 to 1,611 feet same character of core as you have." The drill cores referred to are the famous samples of forty feet from 1,441 to 1,481. Beyond the 1,481 the drill continued forty feet more in rock bearing copper finely disseminated, and this was thought to indicate a lode about ninety feet in width. The dispatch, however, indicates that the lode is either very much wider, with an intrusion of trap, or that another vein has been reached 143 feet beyond the first contact of the first one.

Perhaps you want a Business Opportunity? See Page 15.

THE STEEL TRADE POSITION.

Middlemen Are Unloading Speculative Holdings—Outlook Hopeful.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 29.—The desire to get from under on the part of middlemen who held large tonnages of basic pig iron, resulted in the smashing of the basic market in Pittsburg last week. One block of 22,000 tons bought at under $16 last September was allowed to go at $16.25 to $16.75, furnace, on deliveries scattered over nine months. The price of $16.25, furnace, was obtained for deliveries through April, May, and June, and $16.75 for July to December shipments.

This iron was taken by a Pittsburg steel interest. The fact that nearly 75,000 tons of basic iron are known to have been in the hands of middlemen since before the first of the year aided in the feeling of uneasiness following this sale, and, though furnace interests did not meet the extreme low price of $16.25, some of the smaller makers, who were not booked through the second quarter, shaded $16.75 and even $16.50.

Consumers declare that the past three months have seen an overproduction in basic and foundry irons, notwithstanding the tremendous output records of the steel mills. The valley furnaces have been pushed past all former performances in the matter of tonnage during that time, and every furnace but one in Pittsburg and valleys territory has been running to its extreme limit of capacity since the middle of December. Many of the furnace companies have greatly exceeded their estimated production.

On the other hand, it is pointed out by the furnacemen that by the end of the coming Summer the independent crude steel capacity of Ohio, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia, outside of the Steel Corporation plants, will have practically doubled in twelve months' time. New capacity coming in during the present quarter will consume large quantities of basic iron. The more optimistic of the furnace interests treat last week's developments in the market as purely an incident, and point to the unusual "spread" between Bessemer iron and basic as the best argument that the market will recover. Bessemer continues firm at $19, valleys. The usual spread between this grade and basic is 75 cents to $1.

Foundry iron acted well during the week's flurry, the minimum for prompt No. 2 being $17, while several small sales were recorded at $17.25 for second quarter. In malleable, $17.25 valleys was obtained in one case for a small tonnage for prompt delivery, while one sale at Erie, Penn., 12,000 tons, for second and third quarter deliveries, was at $18, delivered.

The greatest activity of the week was in merchant bars, a sudden demand having sprung up in the West among machine and agricultural equipment interests. Merchant bars were scarcer in Pittsburg at the close of the week than they have been since 1906. Some premiums were paid, but as a rule producers did not take advantage of the situation, and the regular 1.50c price governed. For extended deliveries of large tonnages, however, independents quoted 1.55c.

The wire demand, which had been temporarily halted by the unseasonable weather and the large stocks accumulated by jobbers just before the holidays, also experienced a revival. Demands from the Southwest for wire products promise to be very large during the coming season.

Consumers of sheets and tin plate are patiently awaiting the starting up of a new capacity to relieve the present situation in those two lines. The combine is said to be five weeks behind in its deliveries of sheets and seven weeks in tin plate, and some independent sheet mills are booked up to the middle of May. Premiums rule for prompt shipments in almost all grades of both these products.

In structural lines lettings are pending for new manufacturing plants and extensions at Cleveland, Erie, Youngstown, and in the outskirts of Pittsburg, which will call for 30,000 tons of material.

OFFICIAL BANKING NEWS.

The weekly official bulletin of the New York State Banking Department gives the following news of State institutions:

The merger of the Morton Trust Company and the Fifth Avenue Trust Company with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York City has been approved. The increase of the Guaranty Trust Company's capital from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000 was also approved and became effective. The company has been given permission to open a branch office at 514 Fifth Avenue.

The Genesee Valley Trust Company of Rochester, N. Y., has been given permission to increase its capital from $300,000 to $400,000. The Union Stock Yards Bank of Buffalo has been given permission to increase capital from $150,000 to $250,000. The Citizens' Bank of Griffin Corners, N. Y., capital $25,000, has been given a certificate.

The Williamsburg Trust Company has been permitted to remove its principal office from the Bridge Plaza, Brooklyn, to its branch office at 391 Fulton Street, Brooklyn. The Commercial Union Corporation Bank of Albany will remove from 59 State Street to 55 Maiden Lane. The Brooklyn and New York Arcanum Building Loan and Savings Association will remove from 26 to 161 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn.

Notice of intention to organize a "Commonwealth Savings Bank" in the Washington Heights neighborhood of New York City is to be published.

Joseph A. Broderick of New York has been appointed a Bank Examiner. Richard A. Herald, Jr., has been appointed confidential stenographer in the New York office of the Banking Department.

New York's Cash Position.

The position of all New York's public commercial banking institutions, as shown by combining the statements of those in and out of the Clearing House on Friday, appears as follows: November—

	Combined Loans.	Combined Deposits.	Combined Cash.
January—	1910.	1910.	1910.
29....	$2,360,439,300	$2,466,523,700	$487,366,400
22....	2,358,677,800	2,436,302,200	477,994,000
15....	2,356,308,200	2,414,791,400	464,080,300
8....	2,385,298,800	2,427,094,900	440,278,900
December—	1909.	1909.	1909.
31....	2,401,557,500	2,424,473,600	443,970,300
24....	2,400,207,600	2,422,407,600	447,108,500
18....	2,381,734,900	2,401,828,400	445,608,200
11....	2,371,455,000	2,381,500,000	439,787,900
4....	2,381,234,400	2,394,877,200	439,000,100
November—			
27....	2,389,978,000	2,404,432,300	444,279,100
20....	2,408,090,700	2,431,875,700	448,918,300
13....	2,428,526,400	2,466,685,700	454,427,000
6....	2,447,785,300	2,513,505,800	462,225,300
October—			
30....	2,430,447,500	2,520,211,700	471,629,300
23....	2,445,020,000	2,530,131,400	477,846,700
16....	2,464,578,200	2,551,331,000	474,278,000
9....	2,519,375,000	2,625,828,200	478,385,300
2....	2,548,179,400	2,694,604,100	490,566,700
January—			
30....	2,403,496,800	2,024,191,900	511,112,[illegible]
23....	2,378,416,800	2,503,467,000	503,514,900
16....	2,365,640,000	2,553,408,700	489,478,500
9....	2,353,538,600	2,503,849,600	473,583,300
2....	2,334,682,100	2,449,455,000	460,915,000
December—	1908.	1908.	1908.
26....	2,333,794,500	2,437,178,500	455,863,100
19....	2,363,322,700	2,493,575,400	461,207,200
12....	2,370,423,400	2,531,653,200	477,172,900
5....	2,358,924,100	2,543,888,300	482,941,600
November—			
28....	2,331,728,300	2,530,198,100	490,425,000
21....	2,318,079,500	2,504,508,200	487,548,400
14....	2,308,059,100	2,481,949,400	484,880,200
7....	2,295,210,800	2,474,151,100	482,749,700
October—			
31....	2,309,471,000	2,494,921,700	489,332,000
24....	2,311,974,000	2,500,050,200	488,907,300
17....	2,296,906,400	2,484,747,000	480,541,100

Investments

For substantial investment there is no form which meets with greater popular favor than the better class of railroad and industrial corporation bonds.

The advantages combined in such issues include:

Security of Principal and Interest;
A fair rate of Income;
Easy conversion into Cash; and
An opportunity to appreciate in Value.

We shall be glad to furnish copy of our **Pamphlet No. 168 T.** containing a list of all the active railroad and industrial corporation bonds listed upon the New York Stock Exchange, giving their net return at present prices, their range in price since 1906, with other details.

Potter, Choate & Prentice
Members New York Stock Exchange.
BANKERS
Tel. 6200 Broad. New York. 55 Wall Street

Edward B. Smith George W. Norris Herbert H. Dean Thomas Newhall
Francis E. Bond, Special Partner

Edward B. Smith & Co
BANKERS
Philadelphia, Broad & Chestnut Sts. New York, 27 Pine Street
Members New York and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges
Investment Bonds and Stocks

Hydro-Electric Securities
Yielding from 5.30% to 6.50%
With records ranging up to seven years.
We have prepared a special list of a few selected Hydro-Electric Companies, the First Mortgage bonds of which we offer at prices to yield from 5.30% to 6.50%.
Prices and full particulars upon application.

William P. Bonbright & Co
Bankers, Members New York Stock Exchange.
Colorado Springs, Colorado 24 Broad St., New York London, England

We Finance
Electric Light, Power and Street Railway Enterprises
With Records of Established Earnings
We Offer
Bankers and Investment Dealers
Proven Public Utility Securities
Correspondence solicited
Electric Bond & Share Company
(Paid-up Capital and Surplus, $4,600,000)
62 Cedar Street, New York

Bertron, Griscom & Jenks
BANKERS
40 Wall Street, New York. Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia.
Investment Securities

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY
We Offer a Bond
GUARANTEED and ASSUMED as to PRINCIPAL and INTEREST and ENDORSED by the above.
to net nearly 5%.
DOMINICK & DOMINICK
MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
115 Broadway, N. Y. Telephone 8680 Cortlandt.

Quite Different
Example No. 10

During the past 20 years we have sold a vast aggregate of bonds, comprising steam railroad and industrial issues—with occasionally some unique and well selected electric railway obligation—but at present we have a bond different from all the rest.

Recurring Opportunities

We now offer, to yield about 5.20%, the bonds of a prominent and prosperous New York City corporation. The real estate holdings and improvement are worth double all the bonds. Earnings are large and are increasing rapidly. The issue is listed in New York and Amsterdam. The bonds are not callable and for numerous reasons should advance.

Circular J. T. on Request.

F. J. Lisman & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., New York
Philadelphia Baltimore Hartford

WANTED
American Brass
Amer. Dist. Tel. of N. J.
Oregon Short Line 4s, 1929
Indianapolis St. Ry. 4s, 1933
Republic Iron & Steel 5s, 1934
FOR SALE
Internat. Nickel, Pfd. & Com.
National Park Bank Stock
Oil Fields of Mexico Stock
DuPont Powder, Com.
Standard Paint Stock
Internat. Nickel 5s.
Allis-Chalmers 5s, 1936
S. H. P. PELL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
Tel. 7365-6-7-8-9 Hanover. 43 Exchange Pl., N. Y.

KINGS COUNTY ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.
SUBSCRIPTION WARRANTS
6% Convertible Debentures
"WHEN ISSUED"
SUTRO BROS. & CO.,
BANKERS
44 PINE STREET, NEW YORK
Members New York Stock Exchange

The Specialists in
Odd Lots
announce that owing to expansion of business they are compelled to move again and treble their room.

About February 12 we shall occupy our new offices on the seventh floor of the same building, 71 Broadway.

Send for "Odd Lot Circular K."

John Muir & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange,
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CHICAGO NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY MORTGAGE BONDS TO NET OVER 4%
Full particulars on application.
CHISHOLM & CHAPMAN,
Members New York Stock Exchange.
18 Wall Street, New York
Telephone 180 Rector.

Delaware
Lackawanna &
Western Coal Co
Stock
Dealt in
Lamarche & Coady
'Phone 5775-6 Broad 25 Broad St., New York

POUCH & CO. 1 NASSAU ST. Members New York Stock Exchange.
Investors' List of Maturing Bonds, Fourth Edition, 1910-1916 sent upon request.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
Yielding 4% to 6%
Price and particulars on request.
White & Co.
25 Pine St. BANKERS. New York.

K
Guaranteed
Irrigation Bonds
We offer and recommend for Investment First Mortgage Irrigation Bonds in denominations of $100, $500, $1000 to yield
5½ to 6%
Principal and interest guaranteed by the
American Water Works & Guarantee Co.
Capital and Surplus $4,500,000.
Discriminating investors should note the following:
1. This company's uniform success for 28 years has established for it a national reputation for conservatism.
2. Its sponsorship is substantiated by its guarantee by endorsement on each bond.
3. Its responsibility has been attested by the fact that over 250 banks throughout the United States have purchased for investment irrigation bonds on properties it controls and operates.
Send for descriptive circular.
J. S. & W. S. KUHN, Inc.
INVESTMENT BANKERS
New York, Pittsburg, Chicago, Phila.
Emile de Planque
New York Representative
Tel. 6130 Hanover. 30 Wall St.

KOUNTZE BROTHERS
BANKERS
Foreign exchange bought and sold at ruling market rates.
Issue Letters of Credit available throughout the World.
BROADWAY AND CEDAR ST.
NEW YORK

MACKAY & CO.
Bankers
Members New York Stock Exchange. Dealers in Government Bonds and other Investment Securities. Interest allowed on deposits.
Nassau and Pine Sts.,
New York

Municipal Irrigation 6% BONDS
Send for Circular 10246T
Farson, Son & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
New York, 21 Broad Street. Chicago, First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

MUNICIPAL BONDS are Safest Investment
Intelligent investors know they are the bed-rock foundation of security. They are first liens on municipal corporations. They are sometimes called "Little Governments."
Send for lists of municipal issues, yielding from 3¾% to 5%.
W. N. COLER & CO., Bankers.
43 Cedar St., New York City.
Established 40 Years.

Convertible Bonds
First 3,000 copies of our recently issued WALL CARD OF CONVERTIBLE BONDS have been exhausted by requests from Banks and Investors. A new supply will be received and distributed within a few days.
This Card lists all issues, showing price and time of conversion, rule for figuring price at which it is profitable to convert, etc. Sent free to Banks, Brokers, and Investors.
SWARTWOUT & APPENZELLAR
Members New York Stock Exchange,
44 Pine Street, New York.

Alfred Mestre & Co.
BANKERS
Members of the New York Stock Exchange. Dealers in Investment Securities.
52 Broadway, New York 130 So. 15th St., Philadelphia

SHORT TERM NOTES
St. Louis & San Fran, 4½s & 5s
Cin., Ham. & Dayton (B. & O.) 4s
American Cigar Co. 4s
"Big Four" 5%
Minn. & St. Louis 5%
EQUIPMENTS & MATURING BONDS
Werner Bros. & Goldschmidt
Tel. 4300-5 Broad. 25 BROAD ST.

Outside Securities Department
Will Buy
100 Am. Brake Shoe and Foundry Com.
CHAS. H. JONES & CO.
20 BROAD STREET.
Municipal, Railroad, and Corporation Bonds.
Telephone 3155 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY
BROAD & BEAVER STS., NEW YORK
Business Founded 1795. Reorganized 1879

Engravers ✤ Printers

BANK NOTES, STOCK CERTIFICATES, BONDS FOR GOVERNMENTS AND CORPORATIONS, DRAFTS, CHECKS, BILLS OF EXCHANGE, STAMPS, ETC., WITH SPECIAL SAFEGUARDS TO PREVENT COUNTERFEITING ✻ LITHOGRAPHIC AND TYPE PRINTING ✻ RAILWAY TICKETS OF IMPROVED STYLES

Branches in the United States
BOSTON PHILADELPHIA
PITTSBURGH SAN FRANCISCO

McCurdy, Henderson & Co.
BANKERS
Members New York Stock Exchange
24 Nassau St., New York

Allow interest on daily balances subject to check at sight.

Execute orders on the N. Y. and London Stock Exchanges.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

MELLON NATIONAL BANK
PITTSBURGH

We recommend to investors the First Mortgage 5% Bonds of the PITTSBURG-BUFFALO COMPANY, a limited number of which we are offering at par and interest.
Special circular sent on request.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $6,900,000.

WE WILL BUY OR SELL
Hudson County Gas Co.
5s, 1949
Listed Securities Carried on Margin.
B. H. & F. W. PELZER
'Phone 6060 Hanover. 43 Exchange Place, N. Y.

Wells Fargo
Stock and Rights
Dealt in
We have good markets in unlisted and inactive securities and respectfully invite inquiries.
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

AMER. BRAKE SHOE COM. & PFD.
AMER. POWER & LT. COM. & PFD.
BUFF. & LAKE ERIE TRAC. 5S & STKS.
LACKAWANNA STEEL STK.
NEW YORK STATE RWAY. 1ST PFD.
PACIFIC GAS & ELEC. COM.
SYRACUSE LT. & POWER 5S, 1954
TRI-CITY RWAY. & LT. COM. & PFD.
WM. M. CLARKE
20 BROAD ST., N. Y. Tel. 1015 to 1017 Rector

J. G. WHITE & COMPANY Inc.
Engineers and Contractors.
Investigation of Public Service Properties, Steam Railroads, Industrial Plants, etc.
43-49 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK.
First National Bank Bldg., Chicago, Ill. Alaska Commercial Bldg., San Francisco, Cal.

SIMON BORG & CO.
BANKERS,
No. 20 Nassau St., New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

Dallas & Waco Guar. 5%, 1940
Detroit United Railway 4½%, 1932
Des Moines & Fort Dodge 1st Guar. 4%, 1935
San Antonio & Aransas Pass Guar. 4%, 1943
Bush Terminal Cons. 5%, 1955
Southern Iron & Steel 4s-5s, 1929
Utah Light & Power Cons. 4%, 1930
E. BUNGE & CO.
20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

WANTED
100 American & British Mfg.
$10,000 Col. & Hock Coal & Iron 6s, 1956
FOR SALE
50 Cripple Creek Cent. R.R. Com. & Pfd.
$7,000 Hud. River Elec. Power 5s, 1944
BROWN, WILLIAMS & BURBANK
Tel. 3550 Rector. 111 Broadway, N. Y.

International Traction Securities
OF BUFFALO, N. Y.
Tefft & Company,
Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange,
11 Pine Street.

H. M. BYLLESBY & Co.
INCORPORATED
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS & REPORTS
218 LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO.
Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala. San Diego, Cal.

Scrip of the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Co. Bought & Sold.
Taylor, Smith & Evans
Members New York Stock Exchange
Phone 7355 Hanover. 49 Wall Street.

1852 1910
Jas. B. Colgate & Co.
36 Wall St., New York
Members N. Y. Stock Ex. Investment Bonds

Computing Scale Co. of Am. 6s.
Colorado-Yule Marble Co., Pfd.
J. HATHAWAY POPE & CO.
67 Exchange Place, New York
2436-2437 Rector

E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co.
Securities Bought and Sold.
Henry Bros. & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
11 Broadway, N. Y. City. Telephone 204 Rector.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED JAN. 29 TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 5,895,174 SHARES.

Range for Year 1909.		Range for Year 1910.				Closing Saturday, Jan. 29.		Week's Net Change	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period.	Range for Week Ended Jan. 29.				Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended Jan. 29, '10.
High.	Low.	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.					Date.	Per Cent		First	High	Low	Last		
16⅞	12⅝	15	Jan. 3.	12	Jan. 27.	12½	13½	+ ¼	**Allis-Chalmers Co.**	100	$19,820,000	....	..	..	12¼	13¼	12	13½	14½	1,300
57½	38	54¾	Jan. 5.	45¼	Jan. 27.	42	48	— 2	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,150,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	..	47¼	47¼	45¼	46	46⅝	800
96⅛	65	90¾	Jan. 3.	77¾	Jan. 25.	81¾	82	— 1⅜	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,287,900	Nov. 29, '09.	50c	Q	83⅝	83⅝	77¾	82	73⅝	280,300
50	33½	49	Jan. 10.	43	Jan. 27.	44½	45	— 1½	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	19,001,400	....	..	..	45½	45½	43	44½	37⅜	1,800
49⅛	20¼	47¼	Jan. 10.	34	Jan. 25.	37	37⅜	— 6⅞	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	....	..	..	43	43	34	37	22½	18,400
98	82	93⅝	Jan. 12.	89⅞	Jan. 25.	90	94	— 3⅜	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	5,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1½	Q	92	92	89⅞	90	86½	800
15⅛	7½	13⅞	Jan. 3.	10⅛	Jan. 27.	11	11¼	— 1⅜	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	....	..	..	12⅝	12⅝	10⅛	11⅛	7⅛	13,800
86	71½	81⅛	Jan. 6.	74	Jan. 27.	76	78	— 3⅜	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	Jan. 1, '10.	1¼	Q	78⅞	78⅞	74	76	73	7,010
76½	44½	72⅞	Jan. 3.	61¼	Jan. 25.	65	65¼	— 1½	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '10.	½	Q	66⅞	66⅞	61⅛	65	48½	22,050
124⅛	107½	119⅞	Jan. 7.	116⅝	Jan. 18.	117	120	+ ½	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	117	118	116⅝	118	111	500
79⅛	42⅞	67½	Jan. 3.	60	Jan. 25.	61½	62	— 2⅝	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '09.	5	A	62⅝	62⅝	60	62	51⅝	4,975
300	205	301	Jan. 8.	277½	Jan. 20.	280	295	..	American Express Co.	100	18,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	3	Q	285	285	285	285	..	65
10	6¼	8¼	Jan. 5.	6⅞	Jan. 25.	6¾	7	— ⅝	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	....	..	..	7¼	7¼	6⅞	6⅞	7¼	600
51½	34	47½	Jan. 3.	38½	Jan. 25.	39½	40½	— 3⅞	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	..	42	42	38½	39¼	40	4,950
42⅛	18⅞	26⅝	Jan. 4.	20⅞	Jan. 25.	22	22½	— 1	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,042,500	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	23⅛	23⅛	20⅞	22⅛	21⅝	6,670
20	12	17⅝	Jan. 3.	14⅛	Jan. 27.	14⅝	15⅛	— 1⅛	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	....	..	..	15½	15½	14⅛	14⅝	15	3,030
47⅝	29	46⅞	Jan. 3.	38	Jan. 25.	40½	42	— 3¼	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	42	42	38	40⅝	31⅝	2,600
69⅛	49	62½	Jan. 3.	50	Jan. 25.	52½	53	— 1⅜	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1¼	..	54½	54½	50	52⅝	55½	14,200
122	109¼	115	Jan. 7.	112	Jan. 24.	112	114	— ½	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Jan. 21, '10.	1¾	Q	112	112½	112	112½	112¼	1,450
11½	6	7	Jan. 3.	5⅝	Jan. 26.	6¼	7	— ⅛	American Malt Corp.	100	5,603,300	....	..	..	6⅜	6⅜	5⅝	6¼	7⅜	1,600
59	38	41½	Jan. 8.	33	Jan. 20.	36½	38	— ½	American Malt. Corp. pf.	100	8,651,000	Nov. 3, '09.	2½	SA	36½	36⅞	34	36½	47	2,010
105⅛	77⅜	104	Jan. 3.	88⅞	Jan. 25.	92½	92⅝	— 2⅝	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1	Q	94⅛	94⅞	88⅝	92⅛	83½	156,245
116⅝	101	112⅝	Jan. 3.	107½	Jan. 25.	109	109½	..	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 2, '10.	1¾	Q	109⅛	109½	107½	109½	101⅞	3,700
92	80	90⅝	Jan. 3.	88½	Jan. 21.	89	89¾	+ ½	American Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	30,000,000	Dec. 1, '09.	1½	Q	89	89½	88⅞	89½	82½	800
66⅞	34⅞	66	Jan. 10.	60	Jan. 25.	60½	61	— 3½	American Steel Foundries.	100	16,218,000	....	..	..	60⅛	63	60	60⅝	36	8,600
136⅞	115⅝	123⅞	Jan. 12.	118⅝	Jan. 25.	121½	122¼	+ ⅞	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1¾	Q	121	122⅝	118⅝	122	129	11,100
131	118	122½	Jan. 3.	120⅛	Jan. 27.	120	122	— 1⅝	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1¾	Q	120⅛	120⅛	120⅛	120⅛	..	120
145⅛	125	141⅞	Jan. 3.	135	Jan. 25.	137¼	137½	— ¼	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	257,187,800	Jan. 15, '10.	2	Q	137⅞	137⅞	135	137½	125⅛	13,305
104	90½	95½	Jan. 3.	92¼	Jan. 27.	92½	93½	+ ¾	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	78,689,100	Jan. 3, '10.	1½	Q	93½	93½	92¼	93½	92	1,600
40½	26	37⅞	Jan. 3.	32⅞	Jan. 20.	35	36⅜	+ 2⅝	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,000	....	..	..	34	36½	33	36⅜	28⅜	4,675
107⅛	93⅞	103⅛	Jan. 3.	99	Jan. 25.	101	103	+ 1	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	101⅛	101⅛	99	101	94⅞	1,880
54⅜	37⅜	54	Jan. 3.	49	Jan. 25.	51⅛	51¼	+ ⅛	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	30,000,000	Jan. 19, '10.	50c	Q	50⅝	52⅞	49	51¼	43	66,040
125⅛	97⅞	124¼	Jan. 3.	114⅞	Jan. 25.	116⅝	116¾	— 2	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.	100	161,825,000	Dec. 1, '09.	3	SA	118	118⅝	114⅞	116⅝	90	117,600
106⅛	100¼	104¼	Jan. 10.	103⅛	Jan. 20.	103¼	103½	— ⅝	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Aug. 1, '09.	2½	SA	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	103½	101⅝	2,840
143½	107½	137½	Jan. 5.	125½	Jan. 25.	128½	128¾	— 2½	Atlantic Coast Line.	100	47,552,400	Jan. 10, '10.	3	SA	130½	130½	125½	128¾	108½	3,100
122¼	103½	119½	Jan. 8.	114¼	Jan. 25.	116	116¼	— ½	**Baltimore & Ohio.**	100	152,206,800	Sept. 1, '09.	3	SA	116⅝	116⅝	114½	116¼	111	18,750
96	91	94	Jan. 7.	92⅞	Jan. 5.	93½	94	..	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '09.	2	SA	94	94	94	94	93¼	300
5½	2⅞	3½	Jan. 5.	3	Jan. 26.	3	3½	— ⅛	Batopilas Mining.	20	8,929,920	Dec. 31, '07.	12½c	..	3⅜	3½	3	3⅜	3	870
36¼	18⅞	34	Jan. 3.	30	Jan. 28.	29	33	— 2	Bethlehem Steel Corporation.	100	14,862,000	....	..	..	31	31	30	30	23⅝	1,400
69¼	47	65	Jan. 19.	62	Jan. 26.	60	63	— 1	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	¾	..	63	64	62	64	52	700
82⅞	67	80¼	Jan. 3.	70⅝	Jan. 25.	72⅞	73⅛	— 1⅛	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 1, '10.	1	Q	74¼	74¼	70⅝	73	68⅛	85,050
164½	118	164½	Jan. 3.	150	Jan. 25.	152	155	— 7⅞	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,994,500	Oct. 1, '09.	3	SA	154½	154½	150	151	118	2,200
21⅞	13	18⅛	Jan. 3.	15	Jan. 19.	15	15⅞	..	Brunswick Terminal & Ry. Sec.	100	7,000,000	....	..	..	15½	15½	15	15	14	200
105	90	106	Jan. 10.	101	Jan. 19.	95	107	+ 4	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg.	100	10,500,000	Aug. 16, '09.	2	SA	105	105	105	105	..	100
37	23⅞	33	Jan. 4.	32	Jan. 27.	31½	32¾	— ⅞	Butterick Co.	100	14,555,700	Dec. 1, '09.	¾	Q	32⅞	33	32	32¼	30	730
189⅞	165	182¼	Jan. 3.	177⅞	Jan. 14.	179⅝	180	— ½	**Canadian Pacific.**	100	149,998,900	Oct. 1, '09.	3½	SA	180¼	180¼	177⅞	180	171	4,590
51⅝	25½	48¾	Jan. 3.	38½	Jan. 27.	40⅝	41	— 3¼	Central Leather Co.	100	39,508,800	....	..	..	43⅝	43⅝	38½	41	30	26,400
111	99⅞	108⅞	Jan. 5.	106	Jan. 25.	106¼	107	— 1⅛	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,159,800	Dec. 31, '09.	1¾	Q	107	107	106	106¼	101½	2,059
323½	215	312	Jan. 7.	300	Jan. 19.	300	305	— 8	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	27,436,800	Dec. 15, '09.	2	Sp	300	300	300	300	230	220
115	103	119	Jan. 25.	116	Jan. 3.	117	120	+ 3	Central & South Amer. Telegraph.	100	10,000,000	Jan. 8, '10.	1½	Q	119	119	119	119	107	100
91⅞	55⅝	92	Jan. 3.	80¼	Jan. 20.	80	80½	— 2	Chesapeake & Ohio.	100	62,793,700	Dec. 31, '09.	1	Q	86	86⅛	80⅝	85	61⅝	100,475
74⅝	57⅞	66⅝	Jan. 3.	57⅞	Jan. 25.	60	69	— ⅝	Chicago & Alton.	100	19,535,800	Aug. 16, '09.	2	SA	61	61	57⅞	60	61	2,240
37⅞	31½	36⅞	Jan. 3.	30	Jan. 25.	30⅞	31⅛	— 1¼	Chicago Great Western.	100	20,896,100	....	..	..	32¼	32¼	30	31⅛	..	7,750
64⅝	58⅝	64⅛	Jan. 10.	59½	Jan. 21.	58½	60	— ¼	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	36,119,800	....	..	..	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	..	100
165⅛	141	158⅝	Jan. 3.	145¼	Jan. 25.	148½	148⅝	— ¼	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.	100	116,348,200	Sept. 1, '09.	3½	SA	148	148⅝	145⅞	148⅝	148½	82,400
181	158½	172¼	Jan. 3.	165½	Jan. 25.	165½	166½	— 1⅜	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Sept. 1, '09.	3½	SA	167¼	167¼	165¼	165⅞	166	2,835
198½	173⅞	182½	Jan. 3.	155¼	Jan. 25.	158	159	— 1⅝	Chicago & Northwestern.	100	99,618,500	Jan. 3, '10.	3½	SA	159¼	159½	155⅛	158¼	174	6,075
..	..	16¼	Jan. 5.	13½	Jan. 25.	..	..	— ¼	Chicago & Northwestern rights.	..	....	....	..	..	14¼	14½	13⅛	14⅛	..	17,478
167	148	150	Jan. 14.	145	Jan. 19.	150	160	+ 5	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha.	100	18,556,200	Aug. 20, '09.	3½	SA	150	150	150	150	..	100
7	3½	5⅝	Jan. 4.	4	Jan. 28.	3⅜	4⅝	— ½	Chicago Union Traction tr. rcts.	100	16,862,900	....	..	..	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	6	200
18¼	7⅜	12¼	Jan. 4.	9½	Jan. 21.	9	11	— ½	Chicago Union Traction pf. tr. rcts.	100	11,344,900	....	..	..	10⅜	10⅜	10	10	16⅜	200
83⅝	68	82⅝	Jan. 6.	77	Jan. 20.	76	78	— 1⅝	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis.	100	47,056,800	Mar. 2, '08.	1	..	77	78⅝	77	77⅛	69	1,600
53	29	50	Jan. 3.	36	Jan. 27.	39¼	39½	— 5⅞	Colorado Fuel & Iron.	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	..	45	45	36	39⅞	39	39,334
115	67	120	Jan. 19.	112¼	Jan. 28.	112	..	— ¼	Colorado Fuel & Iron pf.	100	2,000,000	Feb. 20, '03.	4	..	113	113	112¼	112⅞	..	400
68¼	51	62¼	Jan. 10.	56	Jan. 14.	57½	58	— 2	Colorado Southern.	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '09.	2	A	59	59	56	57½	61	8,800
86	76½	82¼	Jan. 8.	80	Jan. 20.	81	82	+ ¼	Colorado Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '09.	2	SA	81¼	81¼	81	81⅛	81	1,920
84½	73⅛	81	Jan. 6.	80	Jan. 14.	80	81	..	Colorado Southern 2d pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '09.	2	SA	80½	80½	80	80½	79	1,300
91½	21⅞	92½	Jan. 4.	12½	Jan. 27.	13½	14¼	— 9	Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron.	100	6,989,600	Mar. 1, '04.	¼	..	22⅝	22⅝	12½	14	24⅝	9,490
165¼	114½	160⅝	Jan. 3.	140¼	Jan. 25.	144⅝	145¼	— 5	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,809,000	Dec. 15, '09.	1	Q	149½	150	140¼	145	121½	87,775
26⅛	16⅛	23¼	Jan. 6.	18⅝	Jan. 25.	19¼	19½	— 1⅛	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	....	..	..	20½	20½	18⅞	19⅝	18⅝	9,575
93½	73¼	86⅝	Jan. 3.	82⅝	Jan. 25.	80	85	— 1⅝	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,707,600	Jan. 10, '10.	1	Q	83⅝	84	82⅝	82⅝	75	875
200	167⅞	185	Jan. 3.	171½	Jan. 27.	175	178	— 8	**Delaware & Hudson.**	100	42,501,000	Dec. 20, '09.	2¼	Q	176	176	171½	175	175	8,535
54	37⅝	52	Jan. 3.	39½	Jan. 25.	42⅝	43	— 2	Denver & Rio Grande.	100	38,000,000	....	..	..	44¼	44¼	39⅞	43	41½	10,980
90	79½	84	Jan. 3.	79	Jan. 19.	80	80½	— 1½	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	45,772,400	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	SA	79⅝	80½	79	79½	81	1,726
71⅛	56	66	Jan. 22.	61	Jan. 17.	62	67	..	Detroit United Railway.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 1, '07.	1¼	..	62⅝	63	62¼	63	56	41
41⅝	32½	36⅜	Jan. 10.	31⅞	Jan. 27.	32¼	34	— 2⅝	Distillers' Securities Corporation.	100	30,764,500	Jan. 31, '10.	½	Q	34⅝	34⅝	31⅞	32	36⅜	8,600
21	14¼	18⅛	Jan. 3.	14⅞	Jan. 26.	15¼	15½	+ ¼	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	15	15¼	14⅞	15¼	17½	800
36½	28	34⅜	Jan. 4.	26	Jan. 25.	26⅝	27	— 2½	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	28	28	26	27	30	2,850
88	87½	86	Jan. 26.	86	Jan. 26.	85	86½	..	Du Pont de N. Powder pf.	100	13,692,900	Jan. 25, '10.	1¼	Q	86	86	86	86	..	150
39	22⅝	34⅝	Jan. 5.	27⅞	Jan. 25.	29⅝	30	— 1⅜	**Erie.**	100	112,378,900	....	..	..	30½	30½	27⅞	29⅝	30¼	87,550
56⅝	36½	52¼	Jan. 5.	46	Jan. 27.	47	47½	— 1⅞	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	48½	48½	46	46⅝	45⅛	6,050
46	28½	41⅝	Jan. 5.	35½	Jan. 25.	36	36½	— 1¼	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	37	37	35½	36½	35½	1,200
94	80	88	Jan. 3.	83¼	Jan. 20.	..	90	— 1⅜	**Federal Mining & Smelting pf.**	100	12,000,000	Dec. 15, '09.	1¾	Q	85	85	83¼	83¼	90	400
95	61	99½	Jan. 28.	94	Jan. 20.	100	110	+ 5½	**General Chemical Co.**	100	7,410,800	Dec. 1, '09.	1	Q	99½	99½	99½	99½	..	125
108	98½	105	Jan. 27.	103	Jan. 4.	103½	104½	— ⅝	General Chemical Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1½	Q	105	105	103⅝	103⅝	..	351
172⅝	150½	160⅞	Jan. 6.	150	Jan. 25.	152½	154	— 2⅛	General Electric Co.	100	65,179,600	Jan. 15, '10.	2	Q	153⅛	153⅛	150	153	152¼	5,510
157⅞	136⅜	143⅞	Jan. 3.	130⅝	Jan. 20.	136¼	136⅝	+ 1¼	Great Northern pf.	100	209,950,400	Nov. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	135½	137	131⅝	136¼	140½	48,667
88½	65⅛	80½	Jan. 4.	70	Jan. 25.	74¼	74½	— 1⅞	Great Northern cfs. for ore prop.	..	....	Sept. 15, '09.	$1	..	74½	74½	70	74⅛	71½	17,750
103	39	94½	Jan. 29.	88½	Jan. 20.	94½	100	+ 6	**Havana Electric Ry.**	100	7,500,000	Nov. 13, '09.	1	Q	92¼	94¼	92¼	94¼	39⅝	400
100	83⅛	99	Jan. 4.	94½	Jan. 25.	94½	98⅝	— 2	Havana Electric Ry. pf.	100	5,000,000	Nov. 13, '09.	1½	Q	94½	94½	94½	94½	84	250
126	97	118⅞	Jan. 5.	106	Jan. 24.	104	..	— 2	Hocking Valley tr. rcts.	100	3,214,800	Jan. 17, '10.	2	SA	106	106	106	106	..	100
93	73¼	85	Jan. 11.	81	Jan. 6.	85	90	..	Homestake Mining.	100	21,840,000	Nov. 26, '09.	50c	..	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	..	410
162½	137	147	Jan. 5.	141½	Jan. 17.	143½	145	— ⅝	**Illinois Central.**	100	109,270,400	Sept. 1, '09.	3½	SA	144	144⅝	141⅝	144⅝	144½	2,730
25⅞	11⅝	25½	Jan. 11.	19½	Jan. 20.	21⅜	21⅝	— ⅝	Interborough-Metropolitan.	100	93,262,100	....	..	..	22	22	20½	21⅞	14⅞	55,100
63⅝	36⅝	62½	Jan. 12.	53⅞	Jan. 25.	56	56½	— 2½	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07.	1¼	..	57⅞	57⅞	53⅞	56	40½	41,300
118⅝	62	125⅞	Jan. 10.	116½	Jan. 3.	118½	121	— 1	International Harvester.	100	60,000,000	....	..	..	122½	122½	117½	121	62	4,007
128	109¼	129	Jan. 4.	124	Jan. 25.	123	124	— 2⅛	International Harvester pf.	100	60,000,000	Dec. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	125⅛	125¼	124	124	110⅝	600
19⅛	9½	16	Jan. 3.	13¼	Jan. 15.	13½	14	— ¼	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	....	..	..	14	14	13⅛	13⅝	11½	1,400
69⅝	47⅝	61½	Jan. 3.	54⅛	Jan. 20.	56	58	+ 1½	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Jan. 15, '10.	½	Q	56	57	54⅝	57	55½	1,200
54¼	33½	54⅝	Jan. 7.	47½	Jan. 25.	49½	50	— 1	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	..	49	49½	47½	49½	38⅛	8,400
91⅝	82½	90⅝	Jan. 17.	85½	Jan. 25.	86	87	— ½	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	Nov. 1, '09.	1½	Q	87	87⅛	85½	86⅝	82½	1,150
36	26⅜	30	Jan. 8.	22	Jan. 27.	23¼	23½	— 1⅝	Iowa Central.	100	8,524,400	....	..	..	24⅝	24⅝	22	23⅝	29½	1,825
62	48	54¼	Jan. 3.	44	Jan. 28.	44	45	— 2⅝	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,673,300	May 1, '00.	1½	..	44	44⅝	44	44⅝	57	700
50¼	37	44¼	Jan. 3.	36⅝	Jan. 25.	38	38½	— 2	**Kansas City Southern.**	100	30,000,000	....	..	..	39	39¾	36⅜	38⅝	40½	8,835
75½	67⅞	71	Jan. 4.	67	Jan. 25.	68⅞	69	— 1	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	21,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1	Q	68⅝	69⅝	67	68⅝	71⅝	1,800
113⅝	104	116½	Jan. 10.	108½	Jan. 25.	105⅛	105½	— 2	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	8,500,000	Dec. 15, '09.	1¼	Q	107⅛	107⅛	103½	105½	..	21,120
29½	19½	25⅞	Jan. 5.	22	Jan. 25.	22	25	— ½	Lake Erie & Western.	100	11,840,000	....	..	..	22½	22½	22	22½	..	600
64⅞	48	62⅝	Jan. 3.	60	Jan. 25.	59½	62	— ⅝	Lake Erie & Western pf.	100	11,840,000	Jan. 15, '08.	1	..	60⅛	60⅛	60	60⅛	51	500
71½	59	69	Jan. 5.	63	Jan. 25.	63	69	— 1	Long Island.	50	12,000,000	Nov., 1896.	1	..	65	65	63	63	59⅝	200
162½	121	159⅝	Jan. 5.	143½	Jan. 25.	145½	146½	— 2⅜	Louisville & Nashville.	100	60,000,000	Aug. 10, '09.	3	SA	148½	148½	143½	146	121	13,400
95½	70	91¼	Jan. 5.	85	Jan. 17.	88⅝	90	— 2	**Mackay Companies.**	100	41,380,400	Jan. 3, '10.	1¼	Q	89	89	87	88	70	1,800
77⅝	69½	78¼	Jan. 10.	76½	Jan. 15.	77½	78	+ ¼	Mackay Companies pf.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1	Q	77	77⅝	77	77½	70½	1,600
5¼	2⅛	3	Jan. 25.	3	Jan. 25.	3	6	..	Manhattan Beach.	100	5,000,000	....	..	..	3	3	3	3	..	300
153½	137	138¼	Jan. 3.	136½	Jan. 20.	136	138	— 1	Manhattan Elevated.	100	60,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1¾	Q	137¼	137¼	136⅜	137	149	714
9	5⅝	7½	Jan. 5.	6¼	Jan. 21.	6¼	6½	— ¼	Mercantile Marine.	100	49,921,800	....	..	..	6⅞	7	6⅝	6⅝	8	900
27⅞	18⅞	24⅝	Jan. 5.	19⅝	Jan. 19.	20⅝	20⅞	— 1	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	51,731,000	....	..	..	21½	21½	20	20⅝	24¼	1,650
65	51	53⅝	Jan. 4.	45	Jan. 25.	44	46	— 1⅜	Minneapolis & St. Louis.	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04.	2½	..	45	45⅜	45	45⅜	56¼	750
149½	132½	142⅞	Jan. 3.	130¼	Jan. 19.	136	136½	— 1	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. Marie.	100	20,825,500	Oct. 16, '09.	3	SA	137	137	133½	136⅝	142⅝	5,135
164	157	154	Jan. 29.	150	Jan. 20.	154	155	+ ⅝	Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie pf.	100	10,412,200	Oct. 16, '09.	3½	SA	153	154	152	154	152⅝	550
94	89	92⅝	Jan. 3.	91⅝	Jan. 19.	91⅝	92½	— ½	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	100	11,050,900	Oct. 1, '09.	2	SA	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	..	100
50½	35½	51⅛	Jan. 5.	41⅛	Jan. 25.	42⅞	43⅛	— 2⅝	Missouri, Kansas & Texas.	100	63,300,300	....	..	..	44⅝	45	41⅞	43	41¼	87,700
78½	71	74⅝	Jan. 5.	69½	Jan. 25.	71½	73	— 2¼	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf.	100	13,000,000	Nov. 10, '09.	2	SA	72	72	69⅞	71	73⅝	600
77½	65	72⅞	Jan. 6.	66	Jan. 15.	69	69½	— 1¼	Missouri Pacific.	100	83,044,400	Jan. 30, '08.	2½	..	70⅝	70⅝	67½	69¼	69	17,700
142	122¼	139	Jan. 8.	130	Jan. 25.	131	135	— 5¼	**Nashville, Chat. & St. Louis.**	100	10,000,000	Aug. 2, '09.	2½	SA	131	131	130	130	..	200
120	96½	115	Jan. 5.	109½	Jan. 27.	109	112	— 3⅝	National Biscuit Co.	100	29,236,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1½	Q	110	112	109½	110	108	950
130	118½	125	Jan. 17.	123	Jan. 6.	121	124	— 2	National Biscuit Co. pf.	100	24,804,500	Nov. 30, '09.	1¾	Q	123	123	123	123	119	215
30¼	12⅜	28½	Jan. 3.	22¼	Jan. 25.	23½	24¼	— 1⅝	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.	100	15,591,800	July 15, '08.	½	..	25⅝	25⅝	22½	24	18⅞	2,650
93½	82	96½	Jan. 18.	94⅝	Jan. 26.	92	97	— 1	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co. pf.	100	8,546,600	Dec. 31, '09.	1¾	Q	95	95	94⅝	95	..	500
94	71½	89⅝	Jan. 4.	80	Jan. 25.	84½	84⅝	— 2	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1¾	Q	86⅛	86½	80	84½	78	18,135
113⅝	102⅞	110½	Jan. 17.	107	Jan. 20.	109½	110½	+ 3	National Lead Co. pf.	100	24,463,600	Dec. 15, '09.	1¾	Q	109⅜	110	109⅜	110	107	200
64	44½	64	Jan. 3.	61	Jan. 11.	61½	62⅝	+ 3	National Rys. of Mexico 1st pf.	100	28,830,200	Aug. 10, '09.	1	SA	63	63	61	61	..	550
26⅝	21	28⅝	Jan. 20.	24⅝	Jan. 15.	27⅝	28	+ ⅝	Nat. Rys. of Mexico 2d pf.	100	123,835,600	....	..	..	27⅝	28	26½	28	..	15,250
97½	80	95½	Jan. 3.	76	Jan. 27.	81	82	— 7	New York Air Brake.	100	10,000,000	Oct. 22, '07.	2	..	89	89	76	82	85½	5,705
147⅞	120¼	125½	Jan. 3.	115⅝	Jan. 19.	119¼	119½	+ ¼	New York Central.	100	222,464,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1¼	Q	119¼	120	116⅝	119½	126⅛	67,970
69	48½	65½	Jan. 4.	58	Jan. 19.	60	62	— 8½	New York, Chi. & St. Louis.	100	14,000,000	....	..	..	60	61	59½	61	50	2,300
82⅞	75	83	Jan. 28.	83	Jan. 28.	82	84	+ 2½	New York Dock Co. pf.	100	10,000,000	Oct. 15, '09.	2	SA	83	83	83	83	..	138
174⅝	154	158	Jan. 4.	154½	Jan. 19.	156⅝	157½	+ 1⅞	New York, New Haven & Hartford.	100	100,000,000	Dec. 31, '09.	2	Q	156	157⅝	156	157⅛	158	925
..	..	148⅝	Jan. 5.	145	Jan. 20.	146½	147	+ ⅛	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. cfs. 1st pd.	..	....	....	..	..	145½	146½	145	146½	..	1,800
55⅝	42¼	50	Jan. 5.	43⅝	Jan. 16.	44⅝	45¼	— 1	New York, Ontario & Western.	100	58,113,900	Aug. 9, '09.	2	A	45⅝	46⅛	43⅞	44⅝	46¼	9,800
102	84¼	101½	Jan. 4.	95	Jan. 25.	97¼	97⅝	+ ⅜	Norfolk & Western.	100	66,000,000	Dec. 17, '09.	2½	SA	96⅝	97¾	95	97½	90⅜	6,810
87½	72	84	Jan. 3.	76	Jan. 25.	78⅝	79	— ⅝	North American.	100	29,779,700	Jan. 3, '10.	1¼	Q	79	79½	76	78⅞	80½	8,450
38	23½	38¼	Jan. 17.	35⅛	Jan. 29.	35	35⅝	— ⅞	Northern Ohio Tr. & L.	100	9,000,000	Dec. 15, '09.	½	Q	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	..	200
159½	133¼	145⅝	Jan. 3.	131½	Jan. 19.	137	137¼	+ ⅝	Northern Pacific.	100	247,905,300	Nov. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	136⅛	137⅞	133⅞	137	137⅞	42,150
5⅜	2	3	Jan. 26.	2¼	Jan. 22.	2⅞	3	..	**Ontario Mining.**	100	15,000,000	Dec. 30, '02.	30c	..	2⅞	3	2⅞	2⅞	4⅝	400
116½	76	118⅝	Jan. 12.	110	Jan. 20.	108	114	— ½	**Pacific Coast.**	100	7,000,000	Nov. 1, '09.	1¼	Q	110	110	110	110	..	140
48½	29⅛	48¼	Jan. 4.	32⅛	Jan. 25.	33¼	33⅝	— 1½	Pacific Mail.	100	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99.	1	..	35	35⅛	32⅝	33	29⅝	2,700
64½	45¼	46¼	Jan. 4.	33	Jan. 26.	35⅝	36½	— 3	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph.	100	18,000,000	....	..	..	40	40	33	35	..	2,850
100	98	95	Jan. 29.	95	Jan. 29.	93	95	— 4½	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph pf.	100	18,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1½	Q	95	95	95	95	..	100
151¼	126⅛	137⅝	Jan. 3.	130⅝	Jan. 25.	133⅝	133¾	+ ⅛	Pennsylvania Railroad.	50	395,269,200	Nov. 30, '09.	3	SA	133⅝	135	130⅝	133⅝	130⅞	298,584
..	..	138⅜	Jan. 7.	129⅝	Jan. 20.	..	..	..	Pennsylvania R. R. sub. cfs., 1st pd.	..	....	....	..	..	131	131	131	131	..	1,050
120	101½	116⅝	Jan. 3.	108⅞	Jan. 27.	110	110¼	— 2	People's Gas, Chicago.	100	35,000,000	Nov. 26, '09.	1¾	Q	111	111⅝	108⅞	110	107½	16,750
103½	99¼	106¼	Jan. 8.	99⅞	Jan. 25.	100¼	102	— 2	Philadelphia Co.	50	36,000,000	Nov. 1, '09.	1½	Q	100¼	100¼	99⅞	100	..	300
99⅞	86½	100½	Jan. 5.	96½	Jan. 15.	98½	99	+ 1	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis.	100	27,464,100	Aug. 15, '09.	2	SA	98	99	97	99	91	3,400
29⅝	10	27¾	Jan. 5.	19	Jan. 19.	22½	22⅝	— ½	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J.	100	28,104,600	....	..	..	23½	23½	20	22½	11⅞	14,120
87½	40	85	Jan. 3.	68	Jan. 27.	74	78	— 2	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	27,071,800	Jan. 25, '10.	1¼	..	74½	75	68	75	45½	9,050
56	30½	51⅞	Jan. 3.	42	Jan. 25.	43	44	— 3⅝	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04.	1	..	45⅝	45⅝	42	43⅛	40⅞	6,650
111⅝	96	107½	Jan. 5.	103	Jan. 19.	103½	106	— ¼	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Nov. 24, '09.	1¾	Q	104	104	104	104	101½	220
200	169	199⅞	Jan. 21.	188¼	Jan. 12.	193	195	— 3	Pullman Company.	100	100,000,000	Nov. 15, '09.	2	Q	196	196	191½	194	169	2,140
9⅝	1⅝	3⅝	Jan. 12.	3	Jan. 24.	2½	3½	— ½	**Quicksilver.**	100	5,708,700	....	..	..	3⅛	3⅛	3	3⅛	3⅛	300
10	3	4⅝	Jan. 6.	3⅝	Jan. 25.	3	7	— ½	Quicksilver pf.	100	4,291,300	May 8, '02.	½	..	4	4	3⅝	3⅝	..	600
54½	32½	51⅜	Jan. 3.	40⅝	Jan. 27.	43	43¼	— 4⅝	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08.	1	..	47	47	40⅝	43	48	5,800
109	97⅞	107	Jan. 17.	104⅞	Jan. 25.	103⅝	107	— ¼	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf.	100	13,500,000	Dec. 20, '09.	1¾	Q	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	101½	100
173⅞	118	171¼	Jan. 3.	154	Jan. 27.	159¼	159⅝	— 8⅜	Reading.	50	70,000,000	Aug. 2, '09.	2	SA	162	162½	154	159⅞	131⅞	764,060
96	89	93	Jan. 4.	91	Jan. 26.	91	93	— 1⅛	Reading 1st pf.	50	28,000,000	Sept. 10, '09.	2	SA	91	91	91	91	91⅝	100
117½	90	110½	Jan. 3.	99⅞	Jan. 20.	104¼	104½	— ½	Reading 2d pf.	50	42,000,000	Nov. 10, '09.	2	SA	104	104¼	100	104¼	91	2,500
49½	16⅝	45⅞	Jan. 3.	36⅛	Jan. 25.	37⅝	38	— 2⅝	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	....	..	..	39⅝	39⅝	36⅝	37⅞	24	14,010
110½	67⅞	104¼	Jan. 3.	99	Jan. 20.	101	101¼	— 1	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Jan. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	100	101	100	101	85½	3,480
81	20⅞	57⅛	Jan. 3.	38⅞	Jan. 20.	41⅝	42	— 2¼	Rock Island Co.	100	90,189,100	....	..	..	43⅛	44	39⅜	41⅞	24	69,500
94⅜	57⅞	91½	Jan. 3.	81	Jan. 25.	82	84	— 2½	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	49,458,000	Nov. 1, '05.	1	..	84⅞	84⅞	81	83	61⅝	4,650
21	15	19½	Jan. 25.	19½	Jan. 25.	..	..	— ½	**St. Joseph & Grand Island.**	100	4,600,000	....	..	..	19½	19½	19½	19½	..	100
60¼	49⅝	55	Jan. 14.	55	Jan. 14.	..	..	..	St. Joseph & Grand Island 1st pf.	100	5,500,000	July 15, '02.	2½	..	55	55	55	55	..	50
41	29	39½	Jan. 25.	39½	Jan. 25.	..	..	— ½	St. Joseph & Grand Island 2d pf.	100	3,500,000	....	..	..	39½	39½	39½	39½	..	100
74	65¼	73	Jan. 6.	69⅛	Jan. 28.	68	70	— 1½	St. Louis & San Francisco 1st pf.	100	5,000,000	Nov. 1, '09.	1	Q	69⅞	69⅞	69½	69¼	..	800
60⅝	36	60	Jan. 5.	51⅛	Jan. 27.	52½	52⅝	— 3½	St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05.	1	..	54⅞	54⅞	51⅞	52	39	4,800
35⅝	20½	34½	Jan. 3.	27⅝	Jan. 25.	28⅜	29	— 2	St. Louis Southwestern.	100	16,356,200	....	..	..	30½	30½	27⅝	29	21½	8,300
82⅝	47½	77½	Jan. 3.	72	Jan. 25.	72⅝	73	— 2	St. Louis Southwestern pf.	100	19,893,700	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	SA	73	73	72	72½	50⅝	2,500
94⅝	68	86½	Jan. 3.	76	Jan. 25.	77½	78½	— 5	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 30, '09.	‖2½	Q	80	80	76	77½	76	2,900
83	79½	85	Jan. 18.	81½	Jan. 25.	80	82	— 1½	South Porto Rico Sugar.	100	3,271,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1	..	81½	81½	81½	81½	..	100
139⅜	114⅝	138¼	Jan. 4.	125⅝	Jan. 25.	128⅜	128⅞	— 2⅝	Southern Pacific.	100	272,671,800	Jan. 2, '10.	1½	Q	130⅛	130⅛	125⅝	128⅛	117½	283,610
34	22	33⅝	Jan. 3.	28⅝	Jan. 27.	29⅞	29⅝	— ½	Southern Railway extended.	100	119,900,000	....	..	..	30⅝	30⅝	28⅝	29½	25½	25,400
75½	60	75	Jan. 3.	65	Jan. 25.	67	67⅞	— 1⅜	Southern Railway pf. extended.	100	60,000,000	Oct. 17, '07.	1¼	..	68	68	65	67½	61⅝	6,740
49	33½	40⅝	Jan. 3.	33½	Jan. 25.	34	35	— 1⅞	**Tennessee Copper.**	25	5,000,000	Dec. 28, '09.	$1.25	..	37	37	33½	35	38½	6,700
40¼	30	36⅝	Jan. 3.	30	Jan. 25.	31½	32	— 1⅝	Texas Pacific.	100	38,760,000	....	..	..	32⅞	32⅞	30	31¼	33⅝	7,660
93⅞	80½	89½	Jan. 10.	87⅞	Jan. 24.	85	91	..	Texas Pacific Land Trust.	100	5,756,200	....	..	..	87⅝	88	87⅝	88	82	200
42⅞	12⅝	19⅛	Jan. 7.	14⅞	Jan. 25.	15	15½	— 1	Third Avenue.	100	16,000,000	July 30, '07.	1½	..	16	16	14⅞	15	39½	8,150
15⅞	7	15⅛	Jan. 12.	10⅞	Jan. 8.	13	14	+ ⅝	Toledo Railways & Light Co.	100	13,875,000	May 1, '07.	1	..	11	13⅝	11	13⅛	12	1,000
54⅝	43	54⅝	Jan. 4.	44	Jan. 28.	44	47	— 5½	Toledo, St. Louis & Western.	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	48½	48½	44	44	49½	2,000
74⅝	64⅝	72⅞	Jan. 4.	65⅛	Jan. 19.	65⅛	68	— 1½	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf.	100	10,000,000	Oct. 15, '09.	2	SA	68⅞	68⅞	67	67	68⅞	400
116⅝	97	117⅞	Jan. 3.	111	Jan. 25.	112½	113	..	Twin City Rapid Transit.	100	20,100,000	Nov. 15, '09.	1¼	Q	112⅞	113	111	113	97½	1,750
15⅝	9¼	13⅝	Jan. 3.	8⅞	Jan. 25.	10	11	— 1	**Union Bag & Paper Co.**	100	16,000,000	....	..	..	10⅝	10⅝	8⅝	10	10½	2,200
81¼	66	78	Jan. 13.	69⅞	Jan. 20.	68	70	..	Union Bag & Paper Co. pf.	100	11,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1	Q	70	70	70	70	69	800
219	172½	204¾	Jan. 3.	183⅜	Jan. 27.	187⅞	188	— 5	Union Pacific.	100	216,540,000	Jan. 2, '10.	2½	Q	192⅝	192⅝	183¼	187⅞	176⅝	706,860
118¼	94	103⅞	Jan. 7.	98½	Jan. 25.	99⅝	100	— 1½	Union Pacific pf.	100	99,569,800	Oct. 1, '09.	2	SA	100⅝	100⅝	98⅝	100	100	10,400
125½	115	122	Jan. 3.	119	Jan. 28.	118⅝	120¼	— ½	United Dry Goods.	100	11,141,600	Nov. 1, '09.	2	Q	120½	120½	119	119	..	250
114	109	113⅞	Jan. 3.	111	Jan. 27.	111⅝	112	— ½	United Dry Goods pf.	100	10,500,000	Dec. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	111⅝	112	111	111⅝	..	1,871
47	30	42½	Jan. 8.	38	Jan. 25.	36	38	— 1⅝	United Railways Investment Co.	100	19,400,000	....	..	..	37½	37½	33	36	35¼	2,250
77	50¼	72⅞	Jan. 8.	56½	Jan. 25.	60	62	— 7	United Railways Investment Co. pf.	100	15,000,000	Jan. 10, '07.	2½	..	67	67	56½	60	52½	6,075
35½	24⅜	32	Jan. 8.	27	Jan. 25.	27⅞	28	— ½	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07.	1	..	28	29	27	28	28	1,825
87½	70	84	Jan. 10.	76⅝	Jan. 20.	77⅝	79	+ 1⅝	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & F. Co. pf.	100	12,106,300	June 1, '08.	1¾	..	78⅛	79⅝	77	79	74	1,225
110	82	145	Jan. 10.	112	Jan. 4.	126	132	— 1	United States Express Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 15, '09.	3	SA	130	130	130	130	..	200
87	60	84¼	Jan. 4.	74	Jan. 28.	75	76	— 8⅜	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	Nov. 1, '09.	1¼	Q	77	77½	74	75⅝	67¼	2,600
57⅝	27	52½	Jan. 3.	42½	Jan. 27.	44	44½	— 2⅝	United States Rubber Co.	100	25,666,000	Apr. 30, '00.	1	..	46½	46½	42½	44	31	7,100
123½	98	116½	Jan. 10.	110½	Jan. 15.	111¼	111¾	— 1¼	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf.	100	36,263,000	Jan. 31, '10.	2	Q	112⅝	112⅝	111	111	102½	4,331
89¾	67½	84	Jan. 3.	78	Jan. 27.	78½	80	— 1½	United States Rubber Co. 2d pf.	100	9,065,000	Jan. 31, '10.	1½	Q	79⅛	79⅛	78	78⅞	70	1,400
..	..	⅛	Jan. 3.	[illegible]	Jan. 25.	..	..	..	United States Rubber Co. rights.	..	....	....	..	..	⅜	⅜	1-32	1-32	..	2,417
94⅞	41¼	91	Jan. 3.	81⅞	Jan. 25.	84	84⅛	— 2⅝	United States Steel Corporation.	100	508,495,200	Dec. 30, '09.	1	Q	87	87	81¾	84¼	52	1,612,480
131	107	125⅜	Jan. 3.	121½	Jan. 20.	123½	124	— ½	United States Steel Corporation pf.	100	360,314,100	Nov. 30, '09.	1¾	Q	124	124	121⅝	123⅞	114	12,150
67¼	39⅛	60⅞	Jan. 6.	48¼	Jan. 25.	52⅝	52⅞	+ ½	Utah Copper.	10	7,348,750	Dec. 31, '09.	50c	Q	51	54	48⅝	52⅝	41	27,720
..	..	½	Jan. 29.	⅛	Jan. 29.	..	..	..	Utah Copper rights.	..	....	....	..	..	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	..	700
56⅝	40⅝	57⅛	Jan. 10.	50	Jan. 25.	51½	52	— 3¼	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	Aug. 20, '09.	3	..	54½	54½	50	51⅝	46	22,600
128	114	129¼	Jan. 4.	122	Jan. 25.	115	123	— 2	Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co. pf.	100	18,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	2	Q	122	122	122	122	114⅝	100
75⅝	57	78	Jan. 8.	68	Jan. 26.	..	..	— ½	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,078,600	....	..	..	66	66	66	66	60	145
37⅜	6	20	Jan. 24.	20	Jan. 24.	15	23	— 5	Vulcan Detinning Co.	100	2,000,000	....	..	..	20	20	20	20	..	245
91⅜	45	81	Jan. 7.	74¼	Jan. 25.	69	76	— 1⅜	Vulcan Detinning Co. pf.	100	1,500,000	Jan. 20, '10.	‖1¾	Q	74½	75¼	74¼	74½	45	241
27⅜	15	27⅜	Jan. 3.	20	Jan. 25.	21¼	21½	— ½	**Wabash.**	100	53,187,200	....	..	..	22⅝	22⅝	20	21½	18	16,400
61⅝	41	61	Jan. 6.	46⅝	Jan. 25.	48½	48⅝	— 2⅝	Wabash pf.	100	39,187,200	....	..	..	50⅝	50⅝	46⅝	48⅝	47½	40,500
650	300	186	Jan. 17.	177	Jan. 27.	170	180	— 6	Wells-Fargo Express Co.	100	8,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	5	SA	180	180	177	179	..	450
..	..	*150	Jan. 27.	*150	Jan. 27.	..	..	..	Wells-Fargo Express Co. rights.	..	....	....	..	..	150	150	150	150	..	34
..	..	52⅛	Jan. 5.	47⅝	Jan. 25.	48½	50	— 1⅞	Western Maryland, 4th pd.	50	15,685,400	....	..	..	49⅝	49⅝	47⅝	48⅛	20	7,200
85¼	64	77	Jan. 3.	69½	Jan. 25.	71	71½	— 2	Western Union Telegraph.	100	99,695,700	Jan. 15, '10.	¾	Q	73	73	69½	71	68	5,085
90	74	82¼	Jan. 3.	68	Jan. 27.	71	71½	— 3⅞	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	38,012,550	Oct. 10, '07.	2½	..	73½	73½	68	71⅛	79⅝	11,500
145	110	138¼	Jan. 6.	120	Jan. 25.	110	125	— 5	Westinghouse E. & M. 1st pf.	50	3,998,700	Jan. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	120	123	120	123	120	300
12⅞	5	10	Jan. 3.	5¼	Jan. 19.	5½	6	— ⅝	Wheeling & Lake Erie.	100	20,000,000	....	..	..	6	6¼	5⅝	5⅝	10⅜	825
25⅞	15¼	23	Jan. 3.	10	Jan. 15.	10½	11	— 1½	Wheeling & Lake Erie 1st pf.	100	4,986,900	....	..	..	12	12	10⅝	10⅝	22⅝	610
15⅞	8½	13½	Jan. 3.	5¼	Jan. 15.	6	7	— 1½	Wheeling & Lake Erie 2d pf.	100	11,993,500	....	..	..	7⅛	7½	6½	6½	12	540
63⅞	35⅞	52	Jan. 10.	46⅜	Jan. 27.	46⅛	48	— 2¼	Wisconsin Central.	100	16,147,900	....	..	..	48	48	46½	46½	38	920

George W. Young & Company
Mutual Life Building BANKERS 59 Cedar Street

Interest on Deposits
Transact a General Banking Business

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

GUARANTEED STOCKS
Are Exempt from Taxation.
Have long dividend records.
YIELD FROM 4% TO 6.25%
Write for our list.
EFFINGHAM LAWRENCE & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange. Bankers 111 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

Are Railroad Bonds Cheap?

Investors have now opportunities to buy long term underlying railroad "closed" mortgage bonds to net between 4½ and 5%. This class of bonds on improving railroad properties, combining maximum return of interest with maximum safety of principal invested, will show, in my opinion, in the near future, enhancement in values, a factor that does not accrue to real estate mortgages. Buyers of bonds paying about five per cent. frequently need helpful suggestions from a bond dealer who has had a railroad training.

The investor who has time to learn fully about the railroads covered by the bonds I offer for sale is the investor I seek.

For many years I was an officer in the management of railroads, and while in that service was the expert retained to determine values in the reorganizations of the railroad systems now known as the Southern and the Central of Georgia; and was successively an officer of each.

This practical knowledge of railroads was the foundation of my bond business begun in 1898, and this experience has enabled me to sell to investors railroad bonds that have always paid their interest.

Bond offerings for Estates, Business and Professional men and small investors on request.

Wm. A. C. Ewen
Railroad Bond Dealer. 74 Broadway, New York

Thompson, Towle & Co.
Members of New York, Boston, Chicago Stock Exchange.
25 Broad St New York Springfield Mass 50 Congress St Boston

We are issuing a special circular on Utah Copper covering a detailed description of the property; also, of the Boston Consolidated and Nevada Consolidated, showing what the Utah Co. can do under combined operations at various prices for Copper. We should be pleased to mail this circular upon application.

Course of Union Pacific
Nothing Troubling It But A "Stomach Ache."
Other Articles:
Taft and the Sinners
Odd Lot Dealings
The $2 Broker
Steel Rail Pool
No Big Copper Merger Now
The Market Compass
Our Digest of Stocks
The Week in Bonds
The Open Market
Public Utilities
Numerous Other Live Articles on Current Financial Events of Great Importance to Investors in this week's issue of
The Financial World
Copy free on presentation of this notice to those not already having received specimen copy.
It Safeguards the Investor.
18 Broadway, New York.
At all subway stations, 10c a copy

POPE MAN'F'G COM. & PFD.
LACKAWANNA STEEL
AMERICAN DIST. TEL. CO. OF N. J.
NEW JERSEY ZINC
VIRGINIAN RAILWAY
Bought, Sold, and Quoted.
WEED and GWYNNE,
7907-8 Hanover. 35 Wall St., N. Y. City.

THE HOGGSON BUILDING METHOD
HOGGSON BROTHERS Inc.
Designers and Builders of Fine Residences
7 East 44th Street, New York

Southern Railway Co.
FIVE PER CENT.
Three-Year Gold Notes.

To the Holders of Southern Railway Company Five Per Cent. Three-Year Gold Notes due Feb. 1, 1910:

Southern Railway Company, having paid and cancelled Five Million Dollars of the Fifteen Million Dollars Five Per Cent. Three-Year Gold Notes, maturing February 1, 1910, has sold to us Ten Million Dollars new five per cent. three-year gold notes, dated February 1, 1910, to provide the funds required to meet the balance of said old notes maturing as above stated.

We hereby offer to the holders of the old Five Per Cent. Notes maturing February 1, 1910, to exchange them at par for the new Three-Year Notes at 98½.

Holders desiring to make this exchange may now deposit their notes at this office, ex the February coupon, and will receive therefor new notes bearing interest from February 1, 1910, and 1½ per cent. in cash.

This offer may be terminated at any time without notice.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.
New York, January 20, 1910.

REORGANIZATION OF THE Mobile, Jackson & Kansas City Railroad Company AND Gulf & Chicago Railway Company

To Depositors of Stock under the Modified Plan of Reorganization of the above-named Companies, dated October 1, 1908:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Third instalment of two and one-half dollars per share of the payment required from stockholders by said Modified Plan has been called and is payable on or before the 10th day of February, 1910, at the office of the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, at 49 Wall Street, in said City.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that depositors may at the same time pay the remaining instalments, and that depositors paying all instalments in full will, at their option, receive credit on account of such payment for all coupons representing interest upon mortgage bonds of either of the above-named Railroad Companies maturing July 1st, 1908, or earlier, upon surrender of the deposit receipts representing such coupons.

Interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum will be allowed upon all payments, to be adjusted upon delivery of new bonds.

Certificates of deposit should be forwarded with remittance for endorsement as to payment received thereon.

Payments from depositing stockholders residing abroad will be received up to and including the 24th day of February, 1910.

BRAYTON IVES, Chairman.
GEORGE N. HARTMANN, Secretary.
January 24, 1910. 49 Wall St., New York City.

RAY CONSOLIDATED COPPER COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE CONVERTIBLE GOLD BONDS.
NOTICE OF REDEMPTION.

To all holders of above bonds:

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ray Consolidated Copper Company will on July 1, 1910, purchase, redeem, and pay off all of its outstanding first mortgage convertible gold bonds secured by its mortgage deed of trust to the Morton Trust Company, Trustee, dated July 1, 1907, at the price of One hundred and five per centum (105%) of their par value and accrued interest, in accordance with the provisions of Article IV. of said mortgage deed of trust.

Said Bonds, with the July, 1910, and all succeeding coupons attached, must be presented on July 1, 1910, at the office of the agent of the Company, the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, N. Y., where payment for the same will be made in accordance with the above provisions.

The right of the holder of any such bond to convert the same into stock at par, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, shall continue only until and including the first day of July, 1910.

Interest on all said bonds will cease from and after July 1, 1910.

Dated January 17, 1910.
RAY CONSOLIDATED COPPER COMPANY,
By E. P. SHOVE, Treasurer.

Southern Pacific Railroad Co.
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bond

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000, in the year 1909, in trust, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,809.40 in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this company at its office, 120 Broadway, in the City and State of New York, on or before the 31st day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

Dated December 27th, 1909.
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.
By G. L. KING, Secretary.

CHARTERED 1866.

Brooklyn Trust Company

177 Montague Street }
1205 Fulton Street } Brooklyn
Cor. Wall St. & Broadway, Manhattan.

Capital $1,000,000
Undivided Profits, $2,341,880

OFFICERS:
Theodore F. Miller, President.
Samuel W. Boocock, Vice President.
David H. Lanman, Vice President.
S. W. Husted, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:
Thomas T. Barr — Theodore F. Miller
Samuel W. Boocock — Willis L. Ogden
George W. Chauncey — Joseph E. Owens
William N. Dykman — John J. Pierrepont
William Hester — Charles M. Pratt
Francis L. Hine — George G. Reynolds
William A. Jamison — Charles A. Schieren
David H. Lanman — Edward M. Shepard
Frank Lyman — J. H. Walbridge
Howard W. Maxwell — Alexander M. White
Willis D. Wood

A Will is the most personal of all things a man can write. Yet he will leave to an individual as executor duties which the executor's illness, absence or death may prevent.

With a trust company as executor there is a feeling of confidence that the wishes of the testator will be protected by a responsible and uninterrupted care of the estate.

We act as executor, trustee, guardian and administrator. Our facilities for rendering service are based not only on a special Trust Department, but upon a sound growth in every banking function.

LONG ISLAND LOAN & TRUST COMPANY
TEMPLE BAR, 44 COURT ST
BROOKLYN

MANHATTAN TRUST COMPANY

Legal depositary for moneys paid into Court; authorized to act as Executor, Administrator, Trustee, Guardian, Receiver, and in all other fiduciary capacities.

Acts as Trustee for Individuals and Corporations, and as Transfer Agent and Registrar of Stocks and Bonds.

Receives deposits upon Certificates of Deposit, or subject to cheque, and allows interest on daily balances. Depositary for Legal Reserves of State Banks and also for moneys of the State and City of New York.

WALL STREET CORNER NASSAU

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Avenue Branch, 514 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital $5,000,000
Surplus 18,000,000

TO THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE YANKEE FUEL CO., THE SANTA FE, RATON & EASTERN RAILROAD CO., AND ALSO THE SANTA FE, RATON & DES MOINES RAILROAD CO., THE SANTA FE, LIBERAL & ENGLEWOOD RAILROAD CO., THE RATON WATER WORKS CO. OF NEW YORK.

Notice is hereby given to the bondholders of the above-named Companies that the undersigned Protective Committee has adopted a plan of reorganization and has filed the same with the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, depository, 55 Cedar Street, New York, where copies may be obtained. Bondholders are requested to deposit their bonds with the above-named depository forthwith.

J. W. PLATTEN, Chairman,
GUSTAV E. KISSEL,
H. A. V. POST,
WM. H. COVERDALE,
Committee.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION of the mortgage or deed of trust dated August 1st, 1900, executed by the Olaa Sugar Company Limited to Bishop & Company, Bankers, and of the bonds secured by said mortgage or deed of trust:

Notice is hereby given that all said bonds will be redeemed on the first day of February, 1910, by the Olaa Sugar Company Limited at the banking house of Bishop & Company, Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii, or at the option of the bearer of any such bond at The Bank of California, San Francisco, State of California, or at the banking house of Laidlaw & Co., City of New York, State of New York, with interest accrued on that date, at which date interest will cease on all said bonds.

Dated Honolulu, T. H., January 24th, 1910.
OLAA SUGAR COMPANY LIMITED,
By Allen W. T. Bottomley, Treasurer.

6% BONDS OF SOUND VALUE
MORTGAGES OF MERIT
SECURING THEM
COUPON BONDS
IN DENOMINATIONS OF
$100 $500 $1,000
MATURING IN 1914
Secured by tax exempt mortgages on improved real estate in Brooklyn, N. Y.
Send for booklet Series "A"
KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.
185 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Guaranty Trust
"NEW STOCK"
dealt in
H. L. D. LEWIS
With
ATWOOD VIOLETT & CO.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
20 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. 900 Rector.

The Franklin Society
Saving by mail. State Banking Dept. supervision. Earnings (semi-annually) always higher than ordinary savings banks offer. First mortgages the security. Begin with $1 or more and get a mailing size pass book or write for Booklet A. 1 Beekman St., New York.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Jan. 20, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cit. R.&L.	$10,761,165	1½	S	Jan. 1, 10	62	64
Do preferred	5,906,177	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	97	98
Albany So. 5s...	1,250,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	96⅝	99
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,000,000	V	V	V	33	35
Do 6% cum. pf	2,500,000	V	V	V	81	82
Ariz. Power ...	3,000,000	V	V	V	27	28
Do preferred	750,000	V	V	V	45	50
Do 1st 6s, '33	1,650,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	†87	†91
Atl. Av. 5s, '31	2,241,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 09	98	101
A. & S. E. RR. 1st & ref.5s,'42	1,425,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	100	102
Augusta R&E 5s	1,000,000	V	V	V	100	101
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Jan 10, 10	47½	48
Do preferred	3,100,000	1½	Q	Jan 10, 10	90	92
Do 1st 5s, '41	3,000,000	2½	S	Oct 15, 09	99⅝	100½
Do 1st rf 5s,'46	1,300,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	91⅝	93½
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	823,000	2½	S	Nov 1 09	97½	100
Bangor R. & E. 1st con. 5s,'35.	1,851,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	103	..
Binghamt'n Ry. 1st con. 5s,'31	1,000,000	V	V	V	..	101½
Birmingham R. & E. Co. 5s...	957,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	103	106
Birmingham R., L.& P. Co.4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	Oct. 1, 09	90½	92
Do 6s........	1,300,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	102	106
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock..	900,000	¾	S	July, 1909	20	28
Do 1st 4s,1950	700,000	V	V	V	65	70
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	Oct 11, 09	130	140
Do 2d 5s,1914	500,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	99	101
B'way Surface guar.1st 5s,'24	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	103	106
B., B. & W. E. gen. 5s, 1933..	250,000	2½	S	Oct, 1909	97	100
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,300,000	2½	Q	Jan., 1910	193	198
Buff. & Lock. Ry. 5s of '38..	500,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	100	101
Buff. Cross'n 5s	2,974,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	106½	107½
Buff. Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	102	103
Buff. & L. E. Tract. 5s, '36.	5,005,000	V	V	V	84	86
Buf. & Niag. F. E. L. & P. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	98	..
Cen. Crosstown	600,000	V	V	V	90	130
Do 1st 6s,1922	250,000	V	V	V	..	95
Charleston Con. Ry., G. & E. con. 5s, '99...	1,713,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	91	93
C'ston City Ry. 1st 5s of '28..	780,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	103	104
Chattan'ga Rys	2,000,000	..	..	....	38	40
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 10	80	81
Do 1st 5s, '56	2,165,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	99
Clev., Painsv. & East. 1st 5s.'16	500,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	94	100
Clev. E. Ry.1st 5s	600,000	V	V	V	95	100
Cleveland, El. & W. 5s......	1,073,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	83	90
Columbia G.&E.	50,000,000	..	..	....	22	24
Do 1st 5s, '27	14,080,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	69	71
Col'bus (Me.) El. 5s g '33..	689,000	V	V	V	95⅝	97
Colum's, New'k & Z. 1st 5s...	1,250,000	5	A	Mar, 1909	95½	97
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble..	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	101½	102½
Do unstamp..	1,800,378	2¼	S	J. & J.	102	104
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	30	50
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	V	V	V	80	90
Col. Sp. El. 5s.	V	V	V	V	..	100
Col. Sp.L.&P.5s	V	V	V	V	96	99
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 09	65	80
Do 1st con. 4s	2,000,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 10	78	83
Con. Gas,E.L.& P. (Balt.) 4½s	7,151,000	2¼	S	July, 1909	84	85
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jan 15, 10	76	77
Do 1st 5s,1933	15,000,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	104½	105½
Dallas E. C. 1st col. tr. 5s, '22	3,658,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	91	95
Dayton Ltg. 5s	2,235,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	98½	98¼
Denver City— Tram'y 5s, '19	2,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	101	102
Do ref. 5s, '33	1,848,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	96	97
Tram Co. 5s..	1,219,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	101	102
Con. Tr. 5s, '33	1,167,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	100½	102
Met. Ry.6s,'11	953,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	100	101
Detroit Ed'n 5s	8,284,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99½	101½
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	Dec., 1908	97	100
Do 5% sc.,1914	1,100,000	2½	S	Feb., 1909	45	50
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s. '31.	1,127,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	99½	101½
East Penn. Rys. 1st 5s, '36...	2,905,500	V	V	V	85	85
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s, '56	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95	97
Ed'n El.(L.Ang.) pf. stock......	V	V	V	V	80	81¼
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	250	300
Elmira Water, L. & R. R. 1st mtg. 5s......	V	V	V	V	100	103
Do con. 5s......	V	V	V	V	93	93½
El Paso El. 5s.	1,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	4½	..	May 6, 09	210	230
42d St., M. & St. N.Av.1st 6s,'10	1,200,000	V	V	V	99	101
Do inc.6s,1915	1,500,000	..	..	....	50	60
Gd. Rapids Ry.	2,000,000	1	Q	Dec., 1909	120	123
Do preferred	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Nov 1, 09	89	91
Do 1st 5s, '16	3,372,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	99	101
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	†93	†96
Helena R. & L.	561,000	V	..	....	40	50
Do 5s cum.pf.	874,000	V	V	V	75	80
Do 5s of '25..	860,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	92	96
Ind. Un. Tr.5s,'33	4,706,000	V	V	V	70	80
J. C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	Nov, 1909	77	78½
Kan. C. R&L pf	9,522,000	1¼	Q	Dec., 1909	70	72
Do 1st l.r.5s	9,220,000	2½	S	Nov 15,09	95	97
Kan. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	94½	..
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s. 1937.	2,500,000	2½	S	Oct., 1897	102	102½
*Knoxville R. & L. Co. 5s......	1,932,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	94	98
Knoxv. Trac.5s	824,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	104½	105½
Leav'worth L., H. & P. 5s......	V	V	V	V	..	96
Little Rock R. & Elec. Co. 5s	....	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	103½	104½
*Do 6s.......	365,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 09	103	106
Lock. &O. 1st 5s	800,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	99	100
Memph. St.R.5s	7,394,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99½	100½
Mil. L., H. & T. 1st 5s of '29..	5,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	103	105
Minn. Gen. El. 1st con. 5s, '33	5,486,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	99½	101
Minn. St. Ry. 5s	4,208,000	2½	S	Jul 15, 09	104½	105¼
Mobile Elec. Co.	950,000	V	V	V	..	20
Do preferred.	500,000	1¼	Q	Feb. 1, 10	..	85
Do 1st 5s, '46	1,355,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	..	100
Nashv. R. & L.	4,000,000	1	S	Jan. 1, 10	49	55
Do preferred	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	..	90
Do con. 5s..	4,054,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	102½	104
Do ref. 5s..	1,785,000	2½	S	Jan. 1,10	92	95
Nassau L&P 5s	547,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99	101½
Nev.-Cal. Pow..	V	V	V	V	53	56
N. News & O.P. R. & El. 5s,'41	1,700,000	2½	S	V	93	95
Do g. mtg. 5s	V	V	V	V	80	90
Ninth Avenue.	800,000	V	V	V	160	170
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912....	2,500,000	2½	S	M. & M.	99	100
No. Col. Pow...	V	V	V	V	32	33
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	55	56
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
Nor. Hudson Co Ry. ext. 5s...	100,000	2½	S	Aug. 1909	100	103
Nor. Jer. St.Ry. 1st 4s, 1948...	15,000,000	2	S	Nov, 1909	79⅝	80½
Okla. G. & El..	700,000	1¼	Q	Dec 15, 09	90	94
Do 7% cum. pf	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 10	95	99
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28.	6,533,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	96	99
O. & C. B. St.R. & B. 1st 5s,'28	1,616,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	100
Oreg. Elec. Ry..	2,000,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	96½	98

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Jan. 29, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Omaha El. L. & P. 1st g. 5s, '33	1,143,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
Pacific Lt. & P. 1st 5s, '42.	2,350,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	102
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30.	6,724,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	99⅝
Port. R., L. & P. 5% notes, '10..	1,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99⅝	..
Port. Gen. El.5s	6,056,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	101	103
Pub. Ser. Corp.	18,461,200	1	Q	Sep 30, 0	118	122
Do certs......	19,730,570	2	S	Sep 31, 09	103	106
Pug. Sd. E. R..	3,500,000	..	..	....	38	40
Do preferred.	3,000,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	85	87
Do 1st c.5s,'32.	4,179,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	95	98
Rochester Ry..	5,000,000	1	Q	Dec., 1909	105	110
Do preferred.	2,250,000	1¼	Q	Sep. 1, 09	93	96
††Do c. 5s, '30.	3,000,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	105	106
††Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	100	..
Roch. Ry.& L.5s	16,000,000	2½	..	Jan., 1910	99	99⅝
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s,1946	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	98
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	100	101½
San Diego Con. G. & E.......	700,000	1¼	Q	Jan., 1910	75	78
Do preferred.	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan., 1910	95	98
Do 1st 5s, '39.	1,650,000	2½	S	Sep 1, 09	97	99
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	2,051,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	79	81
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23.....	1,000,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	1,622,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	100½	102
Scran. Ry. ($50)	4,500,000	V	V	V	55	..
Do pf., ($50).	1,500,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	102½	125
Do 1st 5s, '32	900,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	101	102½
Do con. 5s...	1,100,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	96	98
Seabeach 1st 4s	650,000	2	S	Au. 31, 09	75	85
Seattle Elec...	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 10	115	116
Do preferred.	5,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 09	103	104
Do 1st 5s, '30.	4,565,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	104	105
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25.....	1,982,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	100	101½
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 4, 09	14	19
Do 1st con. 5s	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 09	60	67
Do 1st 5s.1909	1,600,000	2½	S	May, 1908	96	100
Do deb. 5s, '09	216,000	2½	S	July, 1908	75	80
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	..	....	105	130
S. Boul. 5s, 1945	250,000	2½	S	V	60	85
So. Ferry 1st 5s	350,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	87	92
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s	8,941,000	2½	S	Nov. 1, 09	98½	101
Springfield R. & L. 5s.........	2,700,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	93½	95
Stein'y Ry.1st 6s	1,500,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 10	102	106
Syracuse R. T.	2,750,000	3	..	Feb., 1900	69	..
Do preferred	1,250,000	1¼	..	Jan. 1, 10	103	..
Do gen. 5s,'46	2,500,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	102½	104
Tampa Elec. 5s	600,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	99
T'town, W. P.& M. 1st 5s, 1928	800,000	2½	S	V	50	90
34th St.Crosst'n 1st guar.5s,'96	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	75	85
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996....	1,500,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	25	35
23d Street.....	600,000	4½	Q	Oct., 1908	200	250
Tri-City R. &L.	9,000,000	V	V	V	25½	27½
Do preferred	2,826,000	6	A	V	90	94
United E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	4,500,000	2¼	S	Nov 1, 09	91¼	92¼
Union Ry. 5s...	2,000,000	2	S	Aug, 1909	98	102
Un. G. & El. of N. J. 5s......	......	V	V	V	..	100
Un. El. gh. J.4s	V	V	V	V	79½	80½
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	7,542,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	91	93
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s.	2,410,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	97½	98
Do stock....	1,500,000	1	S	Jan. 2, 10	58	60
Wash., Balt. & A. 1st 5s.....	V	V	V	V	64	66
Wash. R. & L..	6,500,000	..	..	....	42	44
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	90½	92
††Do gen. 4s	8,392,300	2	S	Nov, 1909	86	87
W'chest. El. 5s	500,000	2½	S	V	60	75
West'n Power..	12,000,000	V	V	V	37	39
Do 6% cum. pf	5,100,000	V	V	V	57	59
West Side R.R.5s	V	V	V	V	80	90
Yonkers Ry. 5s	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	80	90

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Jan. 29, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Alaska Packers	$5,750,000	¾	M	Sep 30, 05	90	91
Am. Brake S. & F. 5s, 1952....	857,000	2½	S	Mar, 1902	100	101½
Amer. Chicle...	6,000,000	‡2	M	Jan 20, 10	224	227
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	103	106
Am. Malt, 6s...	3,893,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	102½	103½
Am. Screw.....	3,250,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	162	165
Am. Un. Telph. (H'sb'g) 5s, '57	25,000,000	V	V	V	47	54
Am. Writ. Pap	9,500,000	..	..	....	2⅝	3½
Do preferred	12,500,000	1	S	Oct. 1, 09	23	25½
Do 1st 5s, '19	17,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	87	89
Assoc. Oil......	40,000,000	1½	V	Mar 1, 07	47	47½
Atl. P. Cem. 6s.	5,000,000	3	S	Sep., 1909	107⅝	108⅝
Babcock & Wilcox, stk......	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 10, 09	103	107
Barney& Smith Car 5s of '36..	2,000,000	V	V	V	90	97
Bliss & Co.($50)	1,250,000	2½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	135	145
Do pf., ($50).	1,250,000	2	Q	Oct. 1, 09	130	145
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s of '34.	413,000	V	V	V	70	80
Do 5s of '36.	780,000	V	V	V	50	60
Bord. C. Milk..	21,250,000	4	S	Au. 14, 09	117	119
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Dec 15, 09	103	106
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s.......	3,200,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	90	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	†3½	Q	Dec 31, 09	127	132
Cen. Coal & Coke	5,125,000	1¼	Q	Jan 15, 10	84	86
Do preferred.	1,875,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 10	83	85
Cen. Fireworks.	1,406,150	1½	S	V	5	7
Do preferred.	1,267,200	3½	S	Sep. 1, 09	50	60
Cent. Fdy. pf..	6,650,000	..	..	....	8	11
Cent. Fdy. 6s..	3,860,500	3	S	Nov, 1909	58	63
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	34	..
Do 1st 6s.....	2,500,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	102½	104
Do 5s of '19..	3,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	95	98½
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	10	Q	Sep 15, 09	700	800
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,113,800	1	Q	Oct 25, 07	37	39
Chic. Subw. 5s.	15,600,000	2½	S	V	39	42
Clev'd Furnace	1,000,000	V	V	V	165	210
Col. Telph......	V	V	V	V	56	57
Col. & Hocking C. & I. pf......	200,000	1½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	..	..
Do 5s of '17..	691,000	2½	S	July, 1909	35	..
Do 6s of '56.	1,000,000	3	S	July, 1909	30	50
Con. Coal 4½s, '34	4,675,000	V	V	V	94⅝	96
Con. Ry., Ltg. & Refrig.....	22,000,000	V	V	V	½	1½
Con. Rub. Tire.	5,149,500	..	..	....	2	4
Do preferred.	1,149,500	1½	..	Dec., 1909	20	30
Do deb. 4s..	3,865,000	8½	..	Apr. 1, 09	30	40
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	3,500,000	V	V	V	11	..
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 5s, '31.........	2,270,000	V	V	V	49	51
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99	100
Cumberland Tel. & Tel.........	20,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 1, 10	143½	145½
Cuyah'a Tel. Co (Overl'd) 1st 5s	3,500,000	V	V	V	81	82½
Dolores Mines..	*329,965	4½	Q	Nov 24,09	7¼	7½
Du P. de N. P..	$28,047,000	2	Q	Dec 15, 09	136	140
Do db.4½s,'36	14,452,000	2¼	S	Dec. 1, 09	87½	88¼
Empire St. & I..	V	V	V	V	12	20
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	80	85
Fair. Coal 5s,'31	6,320,000	2½	S	July, 1909	96	97½
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	V	V	V	69	..
Gt. Lakes Tow.	1,675,000	V	V	V	19½	24
Do preferred	1,952,000	1¾	Q	Oct. 1, 09	94	95
Hav. Tobacco..	30,000,000	..	..	....	5	8
Do preferred	5,000,000	..	..	....	8	12
HomeTel.&Tel. (Los Ang.) pf.	2,795,000	1¼	Q	V	55	56½
Int. Ed. Pub.Co.	2,500,000	..	..	....	26	35
Do preferred.	3,000,000	1¾	Q	V	80	84
Int. Nickel	8,822,062	1½	Q	Dec. 1, 09	150	154
Int. Nickel pf..	8,912,026	1½	Q	Nov 1, 09	91½	98
Do 5s........	V	V	V	V	93	94

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Jan. 29, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Internat. Salt..	18,228,000	1	Q	Dec. 1, 06	4	5
Do 1st 5s....	7,500,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	40	48
Internat. Txtbk	6,000,000	2½	Q	Jan, 1910	140	142½
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	1,750,000	V	V	V	..	66
Kan. City Home Teleph. 5s, '23	2,978,700	2½	S	Jan., 1910	80	91½
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25...	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	87	88
K. C. Stocky'ds	9,000,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	98½	99⅝
Kinloch Tel. (St. Louis) 6s, '28.	2,000,000	V	V	V	106	107
Lackaw. Steel..	35,000,000	..	..	....	50	52
Lan.M'type($20)	*4,998,060	1½	Q	Dec 30, 09	90	92
Man. Tran.($20)	6,000,000	..	..	....	2	2⅛
Mergenthaler ..	10,000,000	2½	Q	Sep 30, 09	213	218
Nev. C.Cop.($5)	5,756,000	37½	Q	Dec 31, 09	23¼	23½
N. Falls Hyd. & Mfg. 5s of 1917	1,200,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	100	100½
N. F. Pow. 5s,'32	10,000,000	V	V	V	100	102
Do stock....	4,180,700	V	V	V	64	70
O'gara Coal 5s.	2,744,000	2½	S	Sep., 1905	79	82
Ontario Pow. 5s	4,013,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	94	96
Otis Elevator..	6,375,300	1½	S	Oct 15, 09	55	58
Do preferred	6,310,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 10	97	103
Paint Creek Colls. 5s......	2,003,000	2½	S	J. & J.	65	70
Penn. Coal & C. 5s, '53........	5,854,500	2½	S	Sep., 1903	31	35
Do "A" 5s,'32	V	2½	S	Jan., 1910	91	95
Penn. C. Bwg.6s	2,300,000	V	V	V	60	62½
Poc. Con. Col. Inc. 5s of '57.	3,237,800	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	86	89
Proc. & Gamble	9,000,000	3	Q	Nov 15,09	400	415
Do preferred	2,250,000	2	Q	Jan 15, 10	189	193
Producers' Oil..	V	V	V	V	140	155
Royal Bak. P..	10,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	165	170
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Dec 31, 09	108	111
Safety Car Heat & Lighting.....	9,862,000	‡3	Q	Dec 23, 09	130	133
Schwartzschild. & S.deb.6s,'19.	5,401,000	3	S	Jan., 1906	100½	101¼
Singer Mfg....	30,000,000	10	Q	Jan., 1910	580	600
Stand. Coupler.	1,200,000	1	V	Dec 24, 09	20	30
Do preferred	300,000	4	V	Dec 24, 09	100	110
Stand. Milling..	4,600,000	V	V	V	16	19
Do preferred	6,900,000	1½	V	Oct 30, 09	56	59
Do 1st 5s....	3,537,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	84	87
Standard Oil...	100,000,000	$10	Q	Dec 15, 09	640	645
Studeb'kr Bros. 1st mtg. 5s...	......	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	100
Temple Iron 4s	705,000	2	S	Jan., 1910	102	105
Texas (Oil) Co.	12,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	205	215
Do conv. 6s.	6,000,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	134	142
Tintic Co. ($5).	3,000,000	..	..	....	1½	2½
Tren. Potteries.	1,750,000	5	..	Feb., 1893	5	10
Do preferred	1,250,000	1	..	Oct 25, 09	55	62
Union Oil	23,982,200	½	..	Oct 20, 09	104½	104⅝
Un. Typewriter	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	58	60
Do 1st pf...	4,000,000	3½	S	Oct. 1, 09	110	113
Do 2d pf...	4,105,000	4	S	Oct. 1, 09	112	114
Unit. Banknote Corp., ($50)..	5,000,000	1	Q	Nov 15,09	50	53
Do pf., ($50).	5,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	47	54
Unit. T. & T. 5s	1,937,000	V	V	V	60	70
U. S. Tel. Co. (Clev.) 1st 5s..	V	V	V	V	..	84
Welsb'h col.tr.5s	45,000,000	V	V	V	84	86
Worth'n H.R.pf	2,000,000	3½	S	Nov 1. 09	105	110

TRUST AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Jan. 29, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety...	$2,500,000	‡5	Q	Dec 31, 09	220	230
Astor Trust...	1,250,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 09	380	400
Bankers' Trust.	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	690	710
Bd. & Mg. Guar	5,000,000	3	Q	Feb 15, 10	267	273
Broadway Tr..	700,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	150	155
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Jan. 3, 10	420	450
Carnegie	1,500,000	2-3	M	Dec., 1909	..	165
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	Jan. 3, 10	1030	1050
Citizens'	500,000	2½	..	Sep. 1, 09	138	145
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	2	..	Dec 31, 09	310	325
Commercial ...	500,000	..	..	....	125	135
Empire	1,000,000	5	S	Dec 31, 09	300	320
Emp. St. Surety	V	V	V	V	105	112
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	500	520
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25)	1,000,000	12½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	1800	1875
Fidelity Trust..	750,000	‡4	S	Jan. 3, 10	200	210
Fifth Avenue...	1,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	480	510
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 10	205	220
Franklin	1,500,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	210	225
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	300	..
Guaranty (new)	5,000,000	..	..	....	775	800
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	165	180
Hamilton	500,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	260	275
Home	750,000	..	..	Jul 15, 07	105	120
Hudson Trust..	500,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	185	200
Kings County..	500,000	3½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	[illegible]	..
Knickerb. Trust	1,200,000	..	..	....	300	325
Lawyers Mtg...	4,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	260	270
Law. T. In. & T.	4,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	298	303
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	155	170
Long Island..	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	305	320
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	6	Q	Jan. 3, 10	370	390
Mercantile	2,000,000	‡10	Q	Dec 31, 09	725	750
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31, 09	525	540
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Dec 31, 09	112	116
Morton	2,000,000	8	Q	Jan. 3, 10	600	630
Mutual Alliance	700,000	2	Q	Dec 31, 09	130	138
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 09	225	235
National Surety	750,000	2	Q	Jan. 2, 10	240	250
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	‡25	Q	Dec 10, 09	1110	1130
N. Y. Mtg. & Sec.	1,000,000	8	Q	Jan. 3, 10	[illegible]	280
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Jan. 3, 10	655	665
People's Trust.	1,000,000	1	M	Jan. 3, 10	285	305
Realty Assoc't's	2,000,000	3	S	Jan 15, 10	125	130
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	375	410
Title Guar. & T.	4,375,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	550	570
Title Insurance	1,000,000	3½	Q	Dec 31, 09	150	165
Tr. Co. of Am...	2,000,000	8	Q	Dec 31, 09	[illegible]	280
Union	1,200,000	12½	Q	Jan 10, 10	1375	1410
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	10	Q	Dec 31, 09	480	500
United States...	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 3, 10	1250	..
Van Norden..	1,000,000	1	M	Dec., 1909	235	260
Washington Tr.	500,000	‡5	S	Jan. 3, 10	375	410
Windsor	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 29, 09	135	142

IRRIGATION BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Jan. 29, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Municipal Issues.						
Bijou Dist. 6s (Morg.Co.,Col.)	750,000	V	V	V	99	5⅝%b
Greel.-Poud. 6s (Weld Co.,Col.)	5,100,000	V	V	V	100	5¾%b
Montz. Val. 6s (Mont.Co.,Col.)	795,000	V	V	V	5¾%b	5%b
River. Dist. 6s (Morg.Co.,Col.)	750,000	V	V	V	101	5%b
Corporation Issues.						
Bitter't Val.Ir. Co., 1st mtg.6s	1,500,000	V	V	V	98	101
E. I. & L. Co., 1st mtg. 6s...	680,000	V	V	V	100	5½%b
Twin Falls N.S. 6s, 1915.......	1,000,000	V	V	V	100¼	101

bIncome percentage basis.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Jan. 29, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Commonwealth..	$500,000	V	V	V	300	..
Continental ...	$1,000,000	30	S	V	1900	2000
Empire City....	200,000	4	S	V	125	140
Fidelity	1,000,000	5	S	V	385	410
Germ. Alliance.	400,000	7½	S	Jan. 4, 10	..	..
Germ.-Amer...	1,500,000	15	S	Jan. 4, 10	565	580
Germania ($50)	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 5, 10	273	300
Globe& Rutgers	400,000	5	Q	V	400	..
Hanover ($50)..	1,000,000	5	S	V	190	210
Home	3,000,000	15	S	Jan., 1910	680	710
Nassau ($50)...	200,000	5	S	V	150	160
Niagara ($50)...	750,000	10	S	Jan. 6, 10	320	350
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Oct., 1909	155	..
Pacific ($25)....	200,000	3	S	V	100	..
Peter C'per($20)	150,000	5	S	V	100	120
Stuyv'snt($100)	400,000	5	Q	Jan 14, 10	140	160
Un. States ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan 11, 04	50	70
W'chester ($10)	300,000	15	S	V	430	..
W'sb'gCity($50)	250,000	10	S	Jan 14, 10	410	..

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Jan. 29, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat......	$300,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	175	185
America	1,500,000	13	S	Jan. 3, 10	610	..
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 09	253	258
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	125	130
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	Feb. 1, 10	400	425
Bronx Borough.	150,000	10	..	Jun 30, 09	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)...	300,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	140	150
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	170	180
Chase National.	5,000,000	‡9	S	Jan. 3, 10	440	475
Chat'm Nat($25)	450,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	330	350
Chelsea Exch...	200,000	3	Q	Jan. 1, 10	205	220
Chemical Nat..	3,000,000	2½	B	Jan. 2, 10	440	450
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	160	165
City (National).	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 09	405	415
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	150	160
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	400	..
Columbia	625,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	350	375
Commerce(Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	195	200
Corn Exchange.	3,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 10	320	330
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	120	130
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 1, 09	160	170
Fifth Avenue..	100,000	25	Q	Jan. 1, 10	4250	..
Fifth National.	250,000	3	Q	Oct., 1909	300	350
First National.	10,000,000	††13	Q	Jan. 3, 10	900	915
Fourteenth St..	1,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 10	150	165
Fourth Nat....	3,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	202	206
Gal'tin Nat.($50)	1,000,000	6	S	Oct. 6, 09	335	350
Garfield Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	295	310
Ger.-Am. ($75)..	750,000	3	S	Feb 1, 10	140	145
German Exch..	200,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 09	450	475
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	Nov. 1, 09	500	..
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	250	265
Hanover Nat...	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	650	675
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan. 3, 10	565	575
Internat. B'k'g.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 07	110	130
Irv. Nat. Exch.	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	200	210
Jefferson	500,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 10	170	180
Liberty Nat....	1,000,000	‡15	Q	Jan. 3, 10	620	..
Lincoln Nat....	1,000,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	425	435
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	8	S	Jan. 3, 10	335	345
Mar. & Ful. Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	255	265
Mechanics' Nat.	3,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	s267	s275
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	175	185
Merch.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 3, 10	182	190
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	165	175
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 10	375	395
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	200	205
Mount Morris..	250,000	2½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	260	275
Mutual	200,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 10	280	300
Nassau ($50)...	500,000	4	S	Nov 1, 09	225	..
Nat. Cop. Bank	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan 29,10	304	312
Nat. Reserve...	1,200,000	3	S	Jan 10, 10	140	..
N. Netherland..	200,000	2½	S	Sep 30, 09	200	210
N. Y. (N.B.A.).	2,000,000	7	S	Jan. 3, 10	325	335
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	Jan. [illegible] 10	750	..
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	‡4	S	Oct 15, 09	170	180
N't & Day B'k	300,000	..	..	....	200	[illegible]

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Jan. 29, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Nor. Bk. of N.Y.	700,000	3	..	July 1, 07	100	115
Pacific ($50)....	500,000	‡4	Q	Feb. 1, 10	230	245
Park National..	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	465	475
People's ($25)..	200,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 10	280	295
PhenixNat.($20)	1,000,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	175	185
Plaza	100,000	10	S	Jan. 3, 10	600	..
Seaboard Nat..	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	365	380
Second Nat....	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	400	..
Sherman Nat...	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	290	325
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug. 1, 09	170	..
Union Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	190	200
Wash. Heights.	100,000	2	..	July 1, 09	275	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	525	..
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31, 10	425	..

‡‡Includ. 8% extra, but not 3% div. on First Security Co.
sEx-Special Dividend of 21% payable Jan. 29.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Jan. 29, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac	$9,383,000	2	S	Nov 1, 09	282	287
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	Nov 1, 09	105	107
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938...	750,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	..	100
Bklyn. Bor. Gas	500,000	..	..	....	55	65
Do 1st mtg.5s	500,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	92	96
Buffalo Gas ...	7,000,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	4	6
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,718,000	..	..	....	18	..
Buf.G. 1st 5s,'47	5,805,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	66	66½
Burlington Gas 1st 5s of '55..	960,000	V	V	V	89	92
Cent. Un.5s,1927	3,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100½	101¼
Columbus Gas 1st 5s, 1932...	1,590,000	2½	S	July, 1909	98½	..
Colum. G. & F.	2,750,000	..	..	....		
Do preferred	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Dec 15, 09	79¼	79½
††Con. G. of N.J. 1st con.5s,1936	871,000	2½	S	July, 1909	92	95
Con. Wat. Utica 5s of 1930.....	2,500,000	V	V	V	100	103
Denver G. & E.	3,500,000	1¼	M	Dec., 1909	148	153
Do gen. 5s...	5,594,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	94	95½
Denver U. Water 5s, '14....	V	2½	S	July, 1909	93	94
Det. City Gas prior lien 5s,'23	5,619,000	V	V	V	101	101¼
Gd. Rap. G.L.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	100	101
Hud. Co. Gas..	10,500,000	1½	S	Nov, 1909	140	148
Do 1st 5s....	10,290,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	103	104
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	..	..	....	31	33
Do 1st 4s,1958	3,000,000	2	..	Aug 1, 09	68	70
Ind'apolis ($50).	2,000,000	..	..	July 2, 09	18	25
Do 1st 5s,1952	4,250,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	80	90
J'ksonville 5s,'37	928,000	1¼	Q	Dec., 1909	92½	97½
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	39	40
Do 1st 6s, '16.	3,000,000	3	S	Nov 1, 09	99	101
Do 2d 6s, '18.	3,328,000	3	S	July, 1909	92	93
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	..	..	....	20	22
Do 1st 5s,[illegible]	[illegible]	2½	S	Jun, 1909	80	85

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Jan. 29, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s, 1926...	350,000	2	S	Oct., 1909	103	108
Mass. Gas......	25,000,000	1	1-3	Dec. 1, 09	79½	80¼
Do preferred	25,000,000	2	S	Dec. 1, 09	94½	96
Michigan Light.	1,000,000	1	Q	Jan. 3, 10	90	..
Do preferred	1,250,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	..	105
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27.	7,982,000	2	S A	Nov, 1909	91⅝	92
Min'ap. G.L. 1st c. 6s, '10 or '30	3,000,000	3	S	Mar 1, 10	100	102
Do 1st 5s, '30.	2,240,000	2½	S	July, 1909	97	98½
Mutual	3,500,000	3	S	July, 1909	145	155
N. Ams'm 5s,'48	10,635,000	2½	S	July, 1909	99½	100¼
N.Y. & E. R. 1st 5s, 1944.......	3,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	103	106
Do con.5s,1945	1,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	97	100
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P......	1,250,000	..	..	....	60	65
Do preferred	1,250,000	2½	S	Au. 10, 09	80	82
Do cons. 5s.	2,272,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	99	101
N.Y. & Q. G.Co. 1st & gen. 5s.	750,000	2½	S	Aug 1, 09	90	98
North Union 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	97	100
Omaha Gas 5s..	V	V	V	V	98	100
Do 6s........	V	V	V	V	104	104½
Pacific G. & E.	17,566,000	V	V	V	51	52
Do preferred	9,979,000	1.50	Q	Nov 15, 09	88	89
Do deb. 6s,'37	3,651,000	3	S	Dec 15, 09	100	101
Que-Jac.Cartier 1st ref. 5s, '30.	....	2½	..	Oct., 1909	93	97
St.Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1944...	1,000,000	2½	S	July, 1909	93½	96
St. Paul G. Lt. gen. 5s, 1944..	3,294,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	97	99
Do con.mtge. 6s, 1918....	600,000	3	S	July, 1909	106½	..
Scranton Gas & Wat. 1st 5s,'23	1,000,000	2½	S	July, 1909	101	102½
Do deb. 5s,'35	600,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100½	101½
South. Lt. & Tr. col. tr. 5s,1949	1,600,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	92	95
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	Jun, 1909	135	140
Do 1st 5s....	11,717,000	2½	S	Jun, 1909	99½	100
Sprg. Val. Wat.	V	V	V	V	41½	41¾
Sp'brook Wat.5s	4,600,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	103½	104½
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec 31, 06	40	50
Do preferred	4,295,700	V	V	V	65	80
Do 1st 5s,1930	1,362,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	102	106
SyracuseGas1st 5s, 1946........	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	102½	103½
Syracuse L.& P. col. tr.5s,g.,'54	5,152,000	2½	S	July, 1909	60	71
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51...	2,500,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	90	101
U. G. I. Co.($50)	50,473,325	2	Q	Jan 15, 10	92⅝	92¾
Wilkes-Barre G. & E.1st c.5s,'55	2,553,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	102¼	102½
Do stock.....	1,500,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	83	85

a Also regular stock dividend of 2½ shares to 100 in common.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY
of NEW YORK
54 Wall Street

Capital and Surplus, $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

Authorized to act as Executor, Trustee, Administrator or Guardian.
Receives Deposits, subject to check, and allows Interest on Daily Balances.
Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar and Trustee under Mortgages.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
358 Fifth Avenue, Corner 34th Street
60 Broadway — 125th St. & Lenox Ave. — 148th St. & Third Ave.
NEW YORK, N. Y.

OFFICERS
CHARLES H. KEEP, President
BENJ. L. ALLEN, Vice President
JOSEPH T. BROWN, Vice President
FRANCIS HENDERSON, Vice President and Trust Officer
WILLIAM TURNBULL, Vice President
HARRIS A. DUNN, Secretary & Treasurer
JAMES E. MILLER, Assistant Secretary
J. SPERRY KANE, Assistant Treasurer
PAUL H. HUDSON, Auditor

TRUST DEPARTMENT
ORRIN R. JUDD and B. L. CERERO, Assistant Trust Officers.

DIRECTORS
G. LOUIS BOISSEVAIN, Kean, Van Cortlandt & Co., Bankers
FREDERICK G. BOURNE, New York City
FRANKLIN Q. BROWN, Redmond & Co., Bankers
EDWARD H. CLARK, Manager Hearst Estate
CHARLES F. HOFFMAN, New York City
J. HORACE HARDING, Charles D. Barney & Co., Bankers
WILLIAM B. JOYCE, President National Surety Co.
CHARLES H. KEEP, President of The Company
HINSDILL PARSONS, General Counsel & V. P. General Elec. Co.
SAMUEL T. PETERS, Williams & Peters, Coal Merchants
HERBERT L. SATTERLEE, Ward, Hayden & Satterlee, Counselors-at-Law
WILLIAM A. TUCKER, Tucker, Anthony & Co., Bankers
PAYNE WHITNEY, New York City

ISSUES TRAVELERS' LETTERS OF CREDIT

Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
49 WALL STREET
Capital, Surplus and Profits, $10,000,000

BRAYTON IVES, President.
ANTON A. RAVEN, Vice-Pres.
BEVERLY CHEW, 2d Vice-Pres.
BESTRAM CRUGER, Treasurer.
GEORGE N. HARTMANN, Secretary.
JAMES F. McNAMARA, Trust Officer.
RUPERT W. K. ANDERSON, Asst. Tr.
FREDERICK E. FRIED, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS.
Francis M. Bacon, William L. Bull, William Carpender, Beverly Chew, Thomas De Witt Cuyler, Henry W. DeForest, Haley Fiske, J. Horace Harding, Erskine Hewitt, Brayton Ives, Lewis Cass Ledyard, Bradley Martin, Frederick T. Martin, Walter E. Maynard, Ogden Mills, E. D. Morgan, Richard Mortimer, John E. Parsons, Charles M. Pratt, Anton A. Raven, Norman B. Ream, George R. Sheldon, J. Edward Simmons, John W. Simpson, Joseph J. Slocum, John T. Terry, Geo. Henry Warren, Horace White.

FOR RENT
LARGE BANKING OFFICE
formerly occupied by
KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO., at 66 Broadway
Containing about 5,200 Square Feet
including Fixtures and Vault
Suitable for Banking or Stock Exchange House
Apply KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.,
60 BROADWAY

Windsor Trust Company
Uptown Office, FIFTH AVE. & 47th ST. — NEW YORK — Downtown Office, NASSAU & CEDAR STS.
ACTS AS REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT
MAINTAINS A THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED
TRUST DEPARTMENT
AND IS AUTHORIZED TO ACT AS EXECUTOR, ADMINISTRATOR OR GUARDIAN

THE
TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA
37-43 Wall Street, New York.
COLONIAL BRANCH, 222 Broadway, New York.
LONDON OFFICE, 95 Gresham Street.
Capital and Surplus, $8,000,000.
Invites accounts of individuals, firms and corporations.
Pays interest on daily balances.
Executes trusts of every description.

6.86% PER ANNUM
Guaranteed income and a participation in the increasing value of a permanently owned estate.
SURPLUS — INDEBTEDNESS
$22,035—1902 — $356,587—11 times surplus
$785,907—1909 — $445,713—less than 2-3 surplus
For Particulars Address Metropolitan Dept.
New York Realty Owners
489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

REPUBLIC OF CUBA
Four and One-Half Per Cent. Gold Bonds Due 1949.
(External Loan.)
Coupons due February 1, 1910, of the above Bonds will be paid on presentation at our office on and after that date.
SPEYER & CO.
24-26 PINE STREET.
New York, January 25, 1910.

N. Y. MINING AGE
OUT EVERY SATURDAY
27 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK
IT GETS THE FACTS
IT KNOWS THE FACTS
IT PRINTS THE FACTS
Write for Free Sample Copy
On sale at all newsstands and Brentano's.

THEIR TIPS NOT BIG, MANY WAITERS SAY

Wife's Assertion That Waldorf Employe Gets $100 a Week Ridiculed by the Fraternity.

WOMEN THE POOREST PAY

Often Give but Five Cents, One Waiter Says in a Letter to The Times—Underfed, Too.

The statement made by Mrs. William Wendling, wife of a waiter at the Waldorf-Astoria, in the Supreme Court before Judge Gerard on Friday, which was printed in THE TIMES on Saturday, that her husband made as much as $100 a week in tips, has aroused strong comment and ridicule among hotel waiters in this city. The men say they are underpaid, badly fed, and overworked.

The average pay for hotel waiters is from $20 to $25 per month. About 50 per cent. of them may make on an average from $2 to $3 per day by working from 8 A. M. till 1 A. M. Out of their wages they have to pay from 50 cents to $3 per month for breakage.

The following letter, sent to THE TIMES by a waiter, was admitted to be correct in its facts by waiters in this city to whom it was shown yesterday. With regard to the statement that waiters who eat a piece of bread or cake left on a plate were charged with stealing, it was pointed out that a fine of 25 cents was generally imposed, not for the value of the food, but to punish the waiter for keeping a guest waiting while he fed himself. This is the letter:

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was much amused and interested in reading Saturday's TIMES to see an item of news headed "Tips $100 a Week, Waiter's Wife Says." Th. poor woman knows nothing about waiters' tips. No waiter at the Waldorf ever got $100 in a month in tips. The tipping business is very much magnified, especially at this hotel. Tipping is a thing of the past; there was money in it then, but not now. A great number of poor people find their way into this hotel. The name of having a cup of tea or coffee there is supposed to be very high toned; something to boast about among their friends for a year.

Sometime ago a lady said to a waiter, "Can you change me 10 cents?" "Yes, Mam," said the waiter, handing her two five-cent pieces. She got up from the table, pointed to 5 cents beside her plate, saying, "That's for you!"

Hotel waiters in New York City are much abused men. Small salaries—$25 per month—bad food, have to listen to insulting language, few tips—5 and 10 cents not always. Hotels in New York City are being run now the same as in Europe. That is, they pay half the salary, expecting the public to pay the other half, but the public never does it—and the waiters get left.

In any common restaurant in this city waiters get $10 a week and far better board than in any hotel. If a waiter at this fashionable hotel eats a cake or piece of bread when he is taking back the food from the table, he is reported by the head waiter as stealing. A very serious charge for eating a piece of bread.

I can prove everything in this letter by half a dozen witnesses. I could say far more about hotels in this city, but time and space will not permit. You can publish name and number in full.

CHARLES F. HENRY,
Twenty-third Street and Seventh Avenue.
New York City, Jan. 30, 1910.

One of the best-known hotel head waiters, who has been in New York for many years, in an interview yesterday said:

"The statement made by Mrs. Wendling that waiters in the Waldorf-Astoria, or any hotel, make $100 per week is sheer nonsense and should be passed over as such except for the fact that it gives the public a very wrong impression. Waiters have a hard enough struggle to live now without making matters worse. The best hotels in this city do not pay more than $25 per month, with food which is unfit to eat.

"It is no exaggeration to say that if the Board of Health knew of the conditions of the rooms where waiters have to wash and change their clothes in the first-class hotels here it would swoop down on the proprietors and fine them heavily. There are no tenements on the east or west side occupied by aliens that could compare in the amount of dirt with those quarters. Generally they are located in underground cellars where no current of fresh air penetrates from one year's end to another.

"Some of these men employed by the big hotels may average $2.50 per day in tips by working sixteen hours a day with an hour off in the afternoon to have a smoke, while other waiters less fortunate but working in the same big hotel have not enough money to buy an overcoat and can scarcely keep themselves in shoes.

"There is no calling that fluctuates with the times more than that of a waiter. When a slump comes in the money market, and the dinner and supper business drops off, the first thing the proprietor of a hotel or restaurant does is to drop twenty-five or perhaps fifty waiters. As a whole in this city waiters average three months' work a year. About 50 per cent. of the men employed in the best hotels work there all the year around. The cost of washing and pressing their clothes and having their shoes shined makes a big hole in the weekly earnings.

"The tips in the restaurants uptown," the head waiter went on to say, "are far less than they are supposed to be by the people who dine out habitually. A few waiters who have the privileged tables in front may average $4 a day, the men in the middle $2, but the men in the rear are lucky if they average $1. The man who does not know enough to be a waiter in a first-class restaurant and is put in the café to serve drinks is far better off, as he may make from $5 to $10 per day in nickels and dimes."

An experienced waiter, who spoke for a number of his fellow-workers in the Waldorf-Astoria, said that tips had fallen off considerably since women had taken to lunching and dining out alone. When they had their men folks with them they paid well, but alone, as a rule, they were "tighwads," as this waiter characterized them.

Waiters in Broadway hotels and restaurants who were questioned by THE TIMES reporter were of the same opinion and said that any waiter who averaged $20 a week in tips was a very lucky man.

Astor Trust Company

FIFTH AVE. & 36TH ST., NEW YORK

Capital, $1,250,000 Surplus and Profits, $750,000

Interest Paid on Daily Balances

DIRECTORS

BENJAMIN ALTMAN, B. Altman & Co.
JOHN JACOB ASTOR.
GEO. F. BAKER, Chairman First National Bank.
STEPHEN BAKER, Pres't Bank of the Manhattan Co.
GEO. B. CASE, White & Case, Attorneys.
JOHN CLAFLIN, President United Dry Goods Companies.
THOMAS COCHRAN, JR., Vice-President.
E. C. CONVERSE, President.
H. P. DAVISON, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers.
JOHN I. DOWNEY, Building Construction.
ELBERT H. GARY, Chairman U. S. Steel Corporation.
ROBERT WALTON GOELET,
THOMAS W. LAMONT, Vice-President First National Bank.
EDGAR L. MARSTON, Blair & Co., Bankers.
GATES W. McGARRAH, Pres't Mechanics' Nat'l Bank.
CHARLES A. PEABODY, Pres't Mutual Life Ins. Co.
GEO. W. PERKINS, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers.
D. E. POMEROY, Vice-Pres't Bankers Trust Co.
WILLIAM H. PORTER, Pres't Chemical Nat'l Bank.
SEWARD PROSSER, Vice-Pres't.
DANIEL G. REID, Rock Island System.
DOUGLAS ROBINSON, Real Estate.
ARCHIBALD D. RUSSELL,
ALEXANDER H. STEVENS, Vice-President.
BENJAMIN STRONG, Vice-Pres't Bankers' Trust Co.
CHARLES L. TIFFANY, Vice-Pres't Tiffany & Co.
ALBERT H. WIGGIN, Vice-Pres't Chase Nat'l Bank.

OFFICERS

E. C. CONVERSE, President.
ALEX. H. STEVENS, Vice-Pres't.
SEWARD PROSSER, Vice-Pres't.
THOMAS COCHRAN, JR., Vice-Pres't.
GEO. W. PANCOAST, Cashier.
HOWARD BOOCOCK, Ass't Sec.
JAS. R. TROWBRIDGE, Trust Officer.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS

Total for the Week Ended January 29, $18,388,500

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	28½
Albany & Susquehanna 3½s	98¼	98½	97	97	16
Allis-Chalmers 5s	83½	83½	82¼	82¼	89
Allegheny & Western 4s	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	5
American Agricultural Chemical 5s	102⅛	102¼	101¾	102¼	74
American Cotton Oil 4½s	97¼	97¼	97	97	8
American Spirits Manufacturing 6s	96	96	96	96	2
American Hide & Leather 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	11
American Dock & Improvement 6s	108	108	108	108	8
American Ice Securities 6s	72	72	72	72	6
American Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	92⅝	92½	92⅝	92¼	11
American Tel. & Tel conv. 4s	103	103	101½	102½	848
American Tobacco 4s	76¾	77	76½	77	143
American Tobacco 6s	106½	106⅝	106¼	106⅝	94
Ann Arbor 4s	78½	79	77¾	79	8
Armour 4½s	93⅛	93¼	92	92⅝	62
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé gen. 4s	100¼	100¼	99⅞	100	148½
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s	94½	94½	94½	94¼	16
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s, stamped	94⅜	94⅝	94¼	94¼	28½
Atch., Top & Santa Fé conv. 5s	118	118¼	116	118½	380
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 4s	117	117	115½	116½	224
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé deb. 4s, Series J	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	1
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé, Trans. S. L. 4s	94½	94½	94¼	94½	41
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	95¼	95⅝	95	95	25
Atlantic Coast Line, L. & N. col. 4s	92½	93	91¼	93	158
Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s	98⅛	100¼	99⅝	100	125½
Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s reg	99½	99½	99½	99½	2
Baltimore & Ohio prior lien 3½s	92⅝	92⅝	92½	92⅝	12
Balt. & Ohio, Southwestern Div. 3½s	90½	91	90⅛	90½	84
Balt. & Ohio, Southwestern Div. 3½s reg	90½	90½	90½	90½	1
Balt. & Ohio, Pitts., L. E. & W. Va. 4s	92¾	92⅞	92½	92⅞	32
Bethlehem Steel 5s	88⅞	88⅞	87½	88⅛	59
Brooklyn Union Elevated 1st 5s	101⅞	102⅛	101⅞	102	14
Brooklyn Union Gas 5s	107	107	107	107	41
Broadway & Seventh Avenue consol. 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101	101	41
Brooklyn Rapid Transit ref. 4s	84½	84½	82½	84	278
Buffalo Gas 5s	66½	66½	66½	66½	5
Bur., Cedar Rapids & Northern col. tr. 5s	114⅝	114⅝	114	114	4
Canada Southern 1st 6s	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	2
Canada Southern 2d 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	2
Central of Georgia consol. 5s	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	13
Central of Georgia 1st inc. 5s	88	88	87½	87½	11
Central of Georgia 2d inc. 5s	81	82	81	82	75
Central of Georgia 3d inc. 5s	80½	80½	80½	80½	2
Central of Georgia 3d inc. 5s, stpd	80½	81	80½	81	18
Central Branch, Union Pacific 1st	83	86	86	86	2
Central of New Jersey 5s	124½	125⅝	124½	125⅝	4
Central Leather 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99¼	99⅞	111
Central Pacific gtd. 4s	97½	97½	97	97½	124
Central Pacific, Through Short Line 4s	93¼	93¼	92½	92½	76
Central Pacific gtd. 3½s	89	89½	89	89½	17
Chesapeake & Ohio 6s, 1911	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	8
Chesapeake & Ohio consol. 5s	114	114	113⅞	114	8
Chesapeake & Ohio gen. 4½s	102½	102⅝	102½	102⅝	20
Ches. & Ohio, Rich. & Alle. 1st 4s	97½	97½	97½	97½	2
Ches. & Ohio, Rich. & Alle. 2d 4s	93	93	93	93	1
Chicago & Alton 3s	75	77	75	77	15
Chicago & Alton 3½s	73½	74	73½	74	14
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 4s	100½	100⅝	100½	100⅝	15
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 3½s	88⅜	88⅜	88⅜	88⅜	5
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s	97½	97½	96½	96⅞	813
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s reg	96½	96½	96½	96½	5
Chi., Bur. & Q. gen. 4s	99	99	98⅝	98⅝	67
Chi., Bur. & Q., Nebraska ext. 4s	99¼	100	99¼	100	88
Chi., Bur. & Q. deb. 5s	102	102	101⅝	101⅝	2
Chicago & Eastern Illinois con. 6s	127	127	127	127	3
Chicago & Eastern Illinois ref. 4s	86	86	85⅝	85⅝	5
Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville ref. 6s	128¼	128¼	128¼	128¼	3
Chi., Mil. & St. P. 4s, Series A	100½	100⅝	100	100⅝	126
Chi., Mil. & St. P. 4s, 1934	93½	93⅝	93⅜	93⅝	86
Chi., Mil. & St. P., Chi. & Mo. River 5s	110½	110½	110½	110½	1
Chicago & Northwestern gen. 3½s	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	2
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific ref. 4s	91¼	91¼	90⅞	91⅛	231
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 4s	80⅛	80⅛	79½	80	511
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 5s	102⅝	102½	102⅝	102½	4
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific gen. 4s	98¼	98¼	98⅛	98⅛	14
Chicago, St. Paul & Minn 1st 6s	126¼	126¼	126¼	126¼	1½
Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha 6s	126⅞	126⅞	126⅞	126⅞	3
Chicago & Western Indiana con. 4s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	17
Colorado Industrial 5s	81½	82	80	80⅛	119
Colorado Midland 1st 4s	80½	80½	80	80	20
Colorado & Southern 1st 4s	97	97	96⅝	96⅝	16
Colorado & Southern ref. & ext. 4½s	97⅝	98	97⅝	98	174
Columbus & Hocking Valley 4s	95	95	95	95	1
Corn Products Refining s. f. 5s, [illegible]	93½	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	27
Delaware & Hudson, Penn. Div. 7s	120⅞	120⅞	120⅞	120⅞	5
Delaware & Hudson 1st & ref. 4s	99⅞	100	99⅞	100	41
Delaware & Hudson conv. 4s	100	100⅜	99⅝	99⅝	85
Denver & Rio Grande 1st & ref. 5s	93½	94	93½	94	50
Denver & Rio Grande consol. 4½s	104½	104½	104½	104½	1
Denver & Rio Grande imp. 5s	102½	102½	102½	102½	1
Des Moine & Ft. Dodge 4s	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	4
Detroit & Mackinac gold 4s	91	91	91	91	5
Detroit Edison 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	3
Distillers' Securities 5s	72¼	72¼	72¼	72¼	17
East Tennessee, Va. & Ga. consol. 5s	113	113	113	113	5
East Tennessee, Va. & Ga. div'l 5s	110	110	110	110	6
Edison Elec. Ill. of New York conv. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Erie conv. 4s, Series A	79	79	78½	78⅝	86
Erie conv. 4s, Series B	71	71¼	71	71	52
Erie 1st consol. 4s	85⅜	85⅜	85	85	90
Erie gen. 4s	75⅜	75⅜	75¼	75⅜	10
Erie, Pennsylvania col. 4s	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼	14
Flint & Père Marquette 6s	112¼	112¼	112¼	112¼	5
Fort Worth & Denver City 1st 6s	112⅝	113⅛	112⅝	113⅛	18
Fort Worth & Rio Grande 4s	86	86	86	86	8
General Electric conv. deb. 5s	143¼	144	142	144	14
Green Bay & Western deb B	15¼	15½	14¾	15⅝	87
Georgia & Alabama con. 5s	104	104	104	104	40
Hannibal & St. Joseph consol. 6s	102	102	102	102	6
Hanava Electric 5s	93	93	93	93	4
Housatonic 5s	116	116	116	116	3
Illinois Central 4s, 1952	100½	100½	100½	100⅝	2
Illinois Central 3½s	92	92	92	92	1
Illinois Central ref. 4s	99⅜	99⅜	98⅞	99⅜	87
Indiana, Decatur & Western 5s	105	105½	105	105½	2
Interborough Rapid Transit conv. 6s	103¼	103¼	103	103½	16
Interborough Rapid Transit 5s	103¼	103¾	103¼	103½	12
Interborough-Metropolitan 4½s	81⅞	82	80	81½	1,220
International & Gt. Northern 2d 5s, tr. r	107⅞	109	107⅞	109	24
International Paper 6s	104¼	104½	104¼	104½	20
International Paper conv. 5s	85	87	85	87	2
International Steam Pump 5s	96	96	96	96	1
Iowa Central ref. 4s	75	75	74½	75	10
Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis 4s	82	82	80⅝	80⅝	18
Kansas City Southern 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102½	102⅝	40
Kansas City Southern 3s	73½	73⅝	73½	73½	196
Kentucky Central 4s	97	97	97	97	1
Laclede Gas of St. Louis 1st 5s	103½	103½	103	103	7
Lackawanna Steel 5s	99	99¼	99	99¼	9
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	95	95¼	95	95¼	22
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	94⅛	94½	94⅛	94½	33
Lake Shore 3½s	92	92	91½	91⅝	5
Lake Shore 3½s reg	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	10
Lehigh & New York 1st 4s	95	95	95	95	2
Lehigh Valley Terminal 5s	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼	2
Lehigh Valley of New York gtd. 4½s	108¼	108½	108¼	108½	7
Lehigh & Wilkesbarre con. ext. gtd. 4½s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	1
Lexington Ave. & Pavonia Ferry 5s	98	98	96½	96½	20
Long Island ref. 4s	98	98	98	98	2
Louisville & Nashville unified 4s	99⅜	99⅜	99¼	99¼	65
Louis. & Nash., At., Knox. & Cin. 4s	94½	94½	94½	94½	2
Manhattan con. 4s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	1
Manhattan con. 4s, tax exempt	99¼	99⅜	99¼	99⅜	37
Mercantile Marine col. tr. 4½s	69¼	69½	68½	68½	72
Metropolitan Street Ry. gen. 5s	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼	3
Metropolitan Street Ry. ref. 4s, tr. r	51	51	51	51	16
Mexican Central consol. 4s	97½	97½	97½	97½	20
Milwaukee & Northern con. 6s	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	15
Midland of New Jersey 1st 6s	101	101	101	101	20
Milwaukee Gas 4s	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	1
Minn., St. P. & S. Ste. Marie con. 4s	100	100	99⅞	99⅞	4
Minneapolis & St. Louis 1st & ref. 4s	81½	81½	81½	81½	2
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 1st 4s	99½	99⅝	99½	99½	25
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 2d 4s	87	87	86⅞	86⅞	4½
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ext. 5s	104	104	104	104	5
Missouri, Kansas & Texas s. f. 4½s	89⅞	90	89⅞	90	24
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ref. 4s	84	84	84	84	3
Missouri, Kansas & Texas of Texas 5s	105	105	105	105	1
Missouri Pacific con. 6s	110	110	110	110	5
Missouri Pacific 4s	80⅝	81¼	80⅝	81¼	28
Missouri Pacific trust 5s	101½	101⅝	101½	101⅝	7
Missouri Pacific cons. 5s, cfs. 1st pd	95⅝	95½	95½	95½	40
Missouri Pacific cons. 5s, cfs., full pd	95½	95⅝	95⅜	95⅝	187
Mobile & Ohio gen. 4s	90	90	89	89	2
Morris & Essex con. 7s	114¼	114½	114¼	114½	7
Morris & Essex 1st 7s	111	111½	111	111½	5
National Enameling & Stamping 5s	97	97	97	97	6
Nash., Chatt. & St. Louis 1st 7s	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	1
National Rys. of Mexico gen. 4s	89	89¼	89	89	4½
National Rys. of Mexico prior lien 4½s	94⅝	95	94⅝	94⅞	540
National R. R. of Mexico consol. 4s	82⅝	83¼	82⅝	82⅞	22
New Orleans Railway & Light 4½s	87	87	87	87	7
New York Air Brake conv. 6s	113	113	109⅝	109⅞	19
New York Central gen. 3½s	91	91¼	91	91½	24
New York Central deb. 4s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	34
New York Central, Lake Sh. coll. 3½s	81	81½	81	81½	53
New York, Chicago & St. Louis deb. 4s	91	91½	90⅞	91½	3
New York, Chicago & St. Louis 1st 4s	100	100⅛	100	100⅛	16
New York Dock 4s	94	94	94	94	10
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. col. tr. 5s	102¼	102⅝	102¼	102¼	12
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. 4s	84	84½	83½	84½	18
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-conv. deb. 4s, 1955	95¼	96	95¼	96	6
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s	101½	101¼	100½	100⅝	100½
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. deb. 6s	134½	134⅝	134½	134⅝	150
N. Y., Ontario & Western ref. 4s	96½	97½	96½	97⅛	17
N. Y. Telephone 4½s, receipts	98½	98½	98	98½	74
New York & Queens El. L. & P. 5s	101¼	101½	101¼	101½	1
Norfolk & Western divl. 4s	92⅞	92⅞	92⅝	92⅝	6
Norf. & West., Pocahontas C. & C. 4s	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	17
Norfolk & Western consol. 4s	98⅞	99⅛	98⅞	99	68
Norfolk & Western conv. 4s	100⅞	101¼	99⅞	101¼	260
Northern Pacific prior lien 4s	102	102	101⅝	101⅞	62
Northern Pacific prior lien 4s reg	101	101	101	101	60
Northern Pacific gen. 3s	74	74	73½	73½	33
Oregon Railroad & Navigation con. 4s	97¼	97¼	96⅝	97¼	29
Oregon Short Line gtd. ref. 4s	94	94	94	94	60
Oregon Short Line 1st 6s	116⅝	116½	116	116½	5
Oregon Short Line consol. 5s	113	113¼	113	113	6
Pacific of Missouri 1st 4s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	1
Pacific Coast 1st 5s	108	108	108	108	2
Pacific Tele. & Tel. col. 5s	99	99¼	98⅞	99	47
Pennsylvania 4s, 1948	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	16
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1912	100½	100⅝	100½	100⅝	28½
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1915	96½	96½	96	96⅜	623
Pennsylvania gtd. 3½s, 1941	90½	90½	90½	90½	5
Pennsylvania gtd. g. 4s	98	98⅝	98	98⅝	7
Peoria & Eastern inc. 4s	65	65	65	65	9
Peoria & Eastern 1st 4s	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼	2
Père Marquette ref. 4s	78¼	78⅝	78¼	78⅝	34
Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. L. 4½s, Series A	107½	107½	107½	107½	2
Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. L. 4½s, Series B	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	7
Reading gen. 4s	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99½	37
Republic Iron & Steel 5s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	12
Richmond & Danville deb. 5s	103½	107¼	106½	107¼	12
Richmond & Danville con. 6s	108	108	108	108	1
Rio Grande Western 1st 4s	94⅛	94½	93	93	22
Rio Grande Western col. tr. 4s	84	84	84	84	1
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg 5s	109	109	109	109	5
St. Joseph & Grand Island 1st 4s	94	94	94	94	1
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South., R. & G. 4s	87¼	87½	87¼	87¼	7
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South. gen. 5s	109½	109½	109½	109½	3
St. L., Iron Mt. & South unif & ref. 4s	85	85	84⅝	84⅝	25
St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. con. 4s	90	90	90	90	2
St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. gen. 5s	88⅝	88¾	88¼	88¼	85
St. Louis & San Francisco ref. 4s	84	84	83½	83⅝	95
St. Louis Southwestern consol. 4s	78½	78½	78	78	55
St. Louis Southwestern 1st 4s	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼	5
St. Paul, Minn. & Man., Dakota ext. 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	10
St. Paul, Minn. & Man. consol. 4½s	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	1
St. Paul, Minn. & Man., Montana ext. 4s	98⅝	99	98⅝	99	14
San Antonio & Aransas Pass 4s	87⅝	87⅝	87¼	87⅝	35
Seaboard Air Line ref. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99½	99½	51
Seaboard Air Line 4s, stamped	83¼	83½	83¼	83½	25
Southern Pacific conv. 4s	103¼	103½	101½	103	2,039
Southern Pacific 1st 4s	93	94½	92½	94½	80
Southern Pacific ref. 4s	94⅝	94⅝	94½	94⅝	105
Southern Railway 1st 5s	109	109	107½	108	6
Southern Railway dev. & gen. 4s	80⅝	80⅝	79¾	80¼	131
Southern Ry., Mobile & Ohio col. 4s	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	1
Tennessee Coal & Iron, Birm. Div. 6s	107	107	107	107	4
Tennessee Coal & Iron, Tenn. Div. 6s	107	107	107	107	1
Tennessee Coal & Iron gen. 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼	6
Terminal R. R. Assn. of St. Louis con. 5s	114½	114½	114½	114½	4
Terminal R. R. Assn. of St. Louis 4½s	107½	107½	107½	107½	5
Texas & Oklahoma 1st 5s	105½	105½	105½	105½	8
Third Avenue 1st 5s	108	108	108	108	10
Third Avenue con. 4s	69	69	67	67	55
Third Avenue con. 4s, tr. r., stamped	67⅝	67⅝	65⅝	65⅝	141
Third Avenue con. 4s, tr. r. stamped, reg	68	68	68	68	1
Toledo, St. Louis & Western 4s	80½	80½	80⅜	80⅜	11
Toledo, St. Louis & Western 3½s	89½	89½	89½	89½	10
Toledo, St. Louis & Western col. 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼	59
Underground El. Rys. of London inc. 6s	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	8
Underground El. Rys. of London 4½s	84½	84½	84½	84½	2
Union Pacific 1st 4s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅜	101⅝	195½
Union Pacific conv. 4s	111⅛	111⅛	109¼	110¼	1,401
Union Pacific 1st & ref. 4s	97⅛	97⅛	96⅞	97⅛	116
United States Rubber s. f. 6s	103⅝	104	103⅝	103⅞	61
United States Rubber s. f. 6s reg	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	35
United Railways of St. Louis 4s	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	2
United States Realty & Improvement 5s	93⅛	93⅜	92	93	25
United Railroads of San Francisco 4s	72½	72½	72¼	72¼	2
U. S. Reduction & Refining 6s	88	88	88	88	1
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. s. f. 5s	104⅛	105¼	104¼	105¼	522
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. tr. 5s, reg	104	104⅝	104	104⅝	4
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 1st 5s	98¼	99	98	98	89
Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	2
Wabash 1st 5s	111½	111½	111½	111½	21
Wabash ref. & ext. 4s	73¼	73⅞	72	73	643
Wabash 2d 5s	101¼	102	101¼	102	12
Wabash, Detroit & Chicago 5s	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	1
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 1st 4s, tr. r	47½	47½	45½	45½	182
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s	6¼	6¾	6¼	6¼	10
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s, tr. r	7	7	5¼	5¼	111
Western N. Y. & Pennsylvania gen. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	1
Western North Carolina 6s	106	106	106	106	2
Western Maryland 4s	85¼	85¼	85	85	85
Western Maryland conv. 4s, tr. r	70½	71½	70¼	71⅛	77
Western Union conv. 4s, Series A	102¼	102⅝	102	102⅝	106
Western Union col. tr. 5s	99½	100	99½	100	12
Western Union fund. & real estate 4½s	96⅜	96⅝	96⅜	96¼	34
West Shore 4s	102	102	101⅜	102	1
West Shore 4s reg	100¼	100¼	99⅞	99⅞	8½
Wheeling & Lake Erie consol. 4s	86½	86½	86⅜	86½	2
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. conv. 5s	92	92	91	92	69
Wisconsin Central gen. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	60
Total sales					$17,467,500

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Fours, 1925, coupon	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝	2

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Argentine 5s, ctfs	96½	96⅝	96½	96½	88
Imperial Japanese 4s	88⅝	88⅞	88⅝	88⅞	62½
Imperial Japanese 4½s	95½	95½	95½	95½	52
Imperial Japanese 4½s, 2d series	94½	95	94½	94⅞	106½
Republic of Cuba 5s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	14
Republic of Cuba 4½s	97½	98	98	98	30
Sao Paulo (U. S. of Brazil) 5s	96⅝	97	96⅝	97	12
United States of Mexico 4s	95½	95⅝	95½	95⅝	28
United States of Mexico 4s, Series A	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	10
United States of Mexico 4s, Series B	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	10
United States of Mexico 5s	98½	98½	98½	98½	19
Total sales					$377,000

STATE BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Virginia def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs	50	50	50	50	10

CITY BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
New York City 4s, 1957	99½	99½	99½	99½	6
New York City 4s, 1959	99½	99½	99½	99½	340
New York City 4s, 1959, rcts	99½	99⅝	99½	99½	40
New York City 4s, 1958	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	11
New York City 4½s, 1957	108½	108½	108	108½	33
New York City 4½s, 1957, new	108⅛	108½	107⅞	108½	84
Total sales					$532,000
Grand total					$18,388,500

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
N. Y. City 4s, 1957 *M. N.	100½ Jan. 4	99½ Jan 24	99½ Jan. 20, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957 *M. N.	110 Jan. 7	108 Jan 24	108½ Jan. 28, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957, new M. N.*	109⅞ Jan. 7	107⅞ Jan 25	108½ Jan. 28, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1917	103½ Jan. 21	103½ Jan 21	103½ Jan. 21, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1958 M. N.*	100⅝ Jan. 3	99⅝ Jan 27	99⅝ Jan. 27, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959 M. N.*	100⅝ Jan. 3	99½ Jan 24	99½ Jan. 29, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959, rcts	100 Jan. 12	99½ Jan 25	99½ Jan. 27, 1910

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1910 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s. J. J.			111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914 J. J.			100 Feb. 18, 1908
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958			113⅝ Jun. 19, 1909
North Carolina 6s, 1919 A. O.			120 May 4, 1907
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910 J. J.			99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small			100½ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax A. O.			117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4s, 1933 J. J.			117 Jan. 22, 1909
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913 J. J.			95½ Nov. 15, 1909
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small			95 May 20, 1909
Virginia def. ctfs			1½ Dec. 22, 1904
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs	56 Jan. 4	49 Jan 18	50 Jan. 26, 1910
Va. fund debt. 2-3s, 1991 J. J.	90⅝ Jan. 20	90⅝ Jan 20	90⅝ Jan. 20, 1910
Virginia Riddleberger			90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg Q. Jan.	100¼ Jan. 20	100 Jan 20	100¼ Jan. 20, 1910
U. S. 2s, 1930, coupon J. Jan			101¼ Oct. 6, 1909
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg Q. F.	115⅝ Jan. 3	115½ Jan 3	115½ Jan. 3, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon Q. F.	115⅝ Jan. 28	114⅞ Jan 17	115⅝ Jan. 28, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon Q. F.	102 Jan. 17	101⅞ Jan 5	102 Jan. 17, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg Q. F.			101⅝ Oct. 26, 1909
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small			101⅝ Apr. 23, 1909
Panama 2s, 1936, reg			100 Oct. 27, 1909
Panama 2s, 1938, reg			101 Feb. 11, 1909
Panama 2s, 1906-16, reg			100⅝ Oct. 11, 1909
Argentine 5s, J. P. M. & Co. rcts	96⅝ Jan. 27	95½ Jan 4	96½ Jan. 29, 1910
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4½s, Feb. 15, 1925, F. A.	95½ Jan. 26	94⅝ Jan 4	95½ Jan. 29, 1910
I. Jap. Gov. 4½s, 2d ser. Jy. 10, 1925, J. J.	95 Jan. 6	93⅞ Jan 4	94⅞ Jan. 29, 1910
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan. 4, 1925, F. A.	88⅞ Jan. 28	88½ Jan 28	88⅞ Jan. 29, 1910
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925, F. A.			110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931 Q. F.			[illegible] May 5, 1909
Phil Is. p. w. & imp. reg. 4s, 1935 Q. M.			100⅝ Feb. 26, 1909
Republic of Cuba 5s M. S.	104 Jan. 17	102⅝ Jan 6	103⅝ Jan. 28, 1910
Republic of Cuba 4½s, temp. cfs.	98 Jan. 27	97 Jan 17	98 Jan. 27, 1910
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p. c. 1919	97 Jan. 20	96½ Jan 3	97 Jan. 29, 1910
U. S. of Mexico, s. f. 5s Q. J.	99 Jan. 19	97⅞ Jan 4	98½ Jan. 26, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Dec. 1, 1953 J. D.	95⅝ Jan. 25	94⅝ Jan 7	95⅝ Jan. 26, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series A	95⅝ Jan. 24	95⅝ Jan 24	95⅝ Jan. 24, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series B	95⅝ Jan. 24	95⅝ Jan 24	95⅝ Jan. 24, 1910

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
BRAIDS.
Novelty Braid Mills, "V. N. & T.," 25 E. 20.
The Waitzfelder Braid Co., 101 Fifth Ave.
CHILDREN'S DRESSES, KILTS, & ROMPERS
Bergoffen & Philip, 128 E. 7th St., nr. Av. A.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Av.
Halperin Bros., 74-76 B'way, Brooklyn. (To neckwear manufacturers and jobbers only.)
DOG COLLARS, TRUNK & SHAWL STRAPS
George D. Pine, 104 Chambers Street.
KNITTED UNDERWEAR.
American Hosiery Co., 108-110 Franklin St.
LEATHER GOODS.
Weiss M'f'g Co., 419 Broadway, cor. Canal.
MISSES' DRESSES, ALSO WOMEN'S NECKWEAR.
A. Adler, 928 Broadway.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way
Hano Cravats, 1,161 B'way, at 27th St.
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th St.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Av.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Av.
TOYS.
Playmate Mfg. Co., (Lovalco,) 152 Bleecker.
TRAVELING BAGS AND SUIT CASES.
S. Rosenhaupt, 418-422 Broadway.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th St.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Eisenberg, A., Baltimore, Md.; Mrs. M. Katz, muslin underwear and corsets; The Breslin.

Klein, Sol., Chicago, Ill.; H. Boa, dress goods and silks; S. J. Bauer, dry goods; Miss J. Goldberg, millinery; 406 Broadway; The Breslin.

Sparbeck, C. A., Providence, R. I.; domestics and silks; Hotel St. Denis.

Williams, H. & J., Scranton, Penn.; L. S. Williams, carpets; Hotel Albert.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; J. Goldenberg, cloaks; Hotel Grand.

Kennedy-McLeod-McArthur Company, St. Paul, Minn.; A. E. Staples, ribbons; 821 Broadway; Hotel Grand.

High, J. M., Company, Atlanta, Ga.; J. C. Chiles, dress goods and silks; 100 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Grand.

Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss Fuld, ladies' wear; 31 Union Square; The Breslin.

High, J. M., Company, Atlanta, Ga.; Miss E. D. Bennett, millinery; 100 Fifth Avenue.

Fair, New Orleans, La.; M. H. Labenberg, millinery, laces, and toys; 100 Fifth Avenue.

United Cloak and Suit Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; H. L. Wasserstein, cloaks, suits, and waists; J. Schiller, cloaks; 32 Union Square.

Asia, S. B., Company, Tacoma, Wash.; S. B. Asia, cloaks, suits, skirts, and waists; 32 Union Square.

Stanton, W. F., Company, Elkhart, Ind.; W. F. Stanton, Jr., cloaks, suits, and waists; 7 West Twenty-second Street.

Guggenheimer, C. M., Lynchburg, Va.; Mrs. McGehee, millinery; Miss Bucks, laces; 43 East Seventeenth Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Maftel-Nicrosi Dry Goods Company, Montgomery, Ala.; J. E. Naftel, notions and jewelry; J. M. Nicrosi, domestics; 97 Wooster Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; W. G. Munshower, knit underwear; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Connell, M. J., Company, Butte, Montana; Miss Hammon, ladies' wear; 214 Church Street; Hotel Cumberland.

Dwyer Brothers, New Orleans, La.; W. H. Dwyer, white goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Victoria.

Gibson, R., Campbell & Co., Denver, Col.; A. P. Gibson, woolens; Hotel Victoria.

Reiss Mercantile Company, Mobile, Ala.; J. Reiss, millinery and furnishing goods; Hotel Victoria.

Mitchell, W., Mobile, Ala.; dry goods; Hotel Victoria.

Myers Dry Goods Company, Morristown, Tenn.; W. S. Myers, notions and furnishing goods; 350 Broadway; Hotel Albert.

Keith-O'Brien Company, Salt Lake City, Utah; Miss Helen Cox, cloaks, suits, and waists; Miss N. De Wertie, ladies' wear; 31 Union Square; Hoffman House.

Importers and Manufacturers' Company, Chicago, Ill.; J. Alexander, silks and ribbons; 32 Union Square; Hoffman House.

Younker Brothers Company, Des Moines, Iowa; Mrs. E. S. Reid, laces and trimmings; 31 Union Square; Hotel Victoria.

Bacon, W. & A., Boston, Mass.; B. T. Shuman, ready-to-wear; Hotel Brostell.

Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; T. Byron, upholstery goods; 684 Broadway; Hotel Brostell.

Roberts, John A., & Co., Utica, N. Y.; E. A. Baker, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Latham.

Fair, Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss J. E. Cooper, jewelry and leather goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Latham.

Miller Brothers, Chattanooga, Tenn.; F. S. Miller dry goods; A. Mathis, notions and hosiery; Mrs. J. R. Kirkpatrick, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Navarre.

R. W. K. Company, Chicago, Ill.; M. Kaufman, notions; Hotel Navarre.

Foster, Ross & Co., Auburn, N. Y.; J. H. Foster, furnishing goods, hosiery, and laces; 821 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.

Spokane Dry Goods Company, Spokane, Wash.; E. A. Shodle, furnishing goods; 260 West Broadway; Hotel Seville.

Emporium, San Francisco, Cal.; W. M. Klement, domestics; 108 Worth Street; Hotel Flanders.

Joslin Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; J. J. Milburn, cloaks, suits, and waists; 214 Church Street; Hotel Cumberland.

King, H., Washington, D. C.; Miss Kinder, ladies' wear; Hotel Cumberland.

World Millinery Company, Chicago, Ill.; J. R. Anthony, millinery; Hotel Cumberland.

Hornick, M., & Co., Charleston, S. C.; M. Hornick, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

Quackenbush, G. V. H., Company, Troy, N. Y.; J. J. Madden, cloaks and suits; D. L. Lassil, carpets; Hotel Imperial.

Sisson Brothers & Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; B. F. Welden, carpets; Hotel Imperial.

Little & Geise, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. M. McCutcheon, woolens; Hotel Imperial.

Lavers, A. L., Boston, Mass.; suits and waists; Hotel Imperial.

Andres Company, Evansville, Ind.; Miss B. Scherer, cloaks and waists; R. C. Smith, merchandise manager; Hotel Seville.

Lowenstein, B., & Brothers Dry Goods Company, Memphis, Tenn.; M. Rawitser, woolens; 43 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Garbade, Eiband & Co., Galveston, Texas; H. A. Eiband, furnishing goods, notions, and ladies' wear; 100 Fifth Avenue; Herald Square Hotel.

Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. H. Coburn, gloves; 43 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Ackerman, L., St. Louis, Mo.; millinery; Hotel Martinique.

Stephens, C. A., & Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; A. H. Winkler, waists and petticoats; 487 Broadway; Hotel York.

Brandon-Durrell Company, South Bend, Ind.; E. Hagey, notions and ribbons; Hotel York.

Schulte, M., & Co., Terre Haute, Ind.; M. Levinson, dry goods; Hotel York.

Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company; T. J. Livesy, cloaks and suits; C. A. Gille, hosiery, gloves, and general merchandise; 31 Union Square.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

H. D. BABCOCK & CO.
17-19 Broad St., New York, Jan'y, 31st, 1910.

The firm of HOLLISTER & BABCOCK is this day dissolved (Henry H. Hollister retiring), and the business will be liquidated by the undersigned remaining partners, who have this day formed a new copartnership under the name of H. D. BABCOCK & CO., and will continue at the above address.

HENRY D. BABCOCK,
SAMUEL D. BABCOCK,
Member of the N. Y. Stock Exchange,
WM. ALDEN PRATT.

CANADIAN INDUSTRIALS

Many of the Preferred Shares of Canada's leading industrials can be purchased at a price to yield as high as 7%. Circular sent on request.

WARREN, GZOWSKI & CO.,
MEMBERS TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.
TORONTO, 4 Colborne St.
NEW YORK, 25 Broad St.

Irving National Exchange Bank

Strictly a Commercial Bank.

Resources over Thirty-one Millions.
West Broadway and Chambers St., New York

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT PURSUANT to resolution of the Board of Directors that it is advisable in their opinion to dissolve the JULIUS KLUGMAN CO.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the said Julius Klugman Co. will be held at the office of the Company, 84 University Place, Manhattan, N. Y. City, on the 2d day of March, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that this corporation be forthwith dissolved and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, Jan. 31, 1910.
LEOPOLD ALTMEYER, Secretary.

EASTERN MICHIGAN EDISON COMPANY.
30 Broad St., New York, January 20, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Eastern Michigan Edison Company will be held at its office, No. 30 Broad Street, New York City, on Monday, February 7th, 1910, at 12:30 P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. The stock transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on January 27, 1910, and remain closed until 10 A. M. on February 8, 1910.

By order of the Board.
SILAS W. BURT, Secretary.

THE DETROIT EDISON COMPANY,
30 Broad Street, New York, Jan. 20, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Detroit Edison Company will be held at its office, No. 30 Broad Street, New York City, on Monday, February 7th, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. The stock transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on January 27, 1910, and remain closed until 10 A. M. on February 8, 1910.

By order of the board.
SILAS W. BURT, Secretary.

HUDSON MORTGAGE COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the HUDSON MORTGAGE CO., for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election to serve for the succeeding year, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 135 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, the 2d of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at 3 P. M. January 27, 1910, and reopened at 10 A. M. February 3, 1910.

Dated New York, January 14, 1910.
FRANK L. COOKE, Secretary.

EMPIRE STEEL & IRON COMPANY.
Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Empire Steel & Iron Company will be held at the offices of the Company, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Wednesday, February 23d, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Transfer Books will be closed on Wednesday, February 2d, 1910, at 3 o'clock P. M. and will reopen at 10 o'clock A. M., February 24th, 1910.

JAMES S. STILLMAN, Secretary.
Catasauqua, Pa., January 26th, 1910.

Office of the Maryland Coal Company,
No. 1 Broadway, New York, January 5th, 1910.

The annual meeting of the Maryland Coal Company, for the election of a President and ten Directors and for such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1 Broadway, New York, on Tuesday, February 1st, 1910, at Eleven A. M.

Transfer books will close on January 20th at three P. M., and reopen on the morning of February 2d, 1910.

H. B. NEDHAM, Secretary.

POTOSINA ELECTRIC COMPANY.
New York, January 18, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Potosina Electric Company for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 31 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York City, on Feb. 1, 1910, at 2 P. M. Polls will be open from 2:30 to 2:45 P. M.

F. H. SOUTHWICK, Secretary.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary or proper, will be held at the principal offices of the Company, 81-85 Beach Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, February eighth, 1910, at twelve M., and the polls will be closed at one P. M. The stock transfer books will be closed ten days prior to date of the meeting.

E. E. PALEN, Secretary.

PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago.)

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Peoples Gas Light & Coke Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Chicago, Adams Street and Michigan Avenue, on Thursday morning, February 10, 1910, at 11 o'clock. The transfer books will close in accordance with the by-laws, at the close of business on Thursday, January 20, 1910, and will reopen Friday morning, February 11, 1910, at 10 o'clock. GEORGE O. KNAPP, President.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the American Chocolate Machinery Co. for the election of officers and transaction of such other business as may legally come before them will be held at the office of the Company, Room 801, 32 Union Square, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on Monday, February 7, 1910, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

AMERICAN CHOCOLATE MACHINERY CO.
G. C. BALDWIN, Jr., Sec'y.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the Islands Copper Company, Limited, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 5 Nassau Street, Room 1,711, on Monday, February 7th, 1910, at 2 P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated New York, 22d January, 1910.
CHARLES H. HOPKINS, Secretary.

Annual Meeting of the American Institute, Thursday, Feb. 3, 1910, at 19 West 44th St., 8 P. M. R. A. Dayton, Sec'y.

DIVIDENDS.

THE GERMAN AMERICAN BANK.
New York, January 20, 1910.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT., free of tax, payable February 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at close of business January 28th, 1910.

J. F. FREDERICHS, Cashier.

CENTRAL IRON & COAL COMPANY.

The coupons due Feb. 1, 1910, of the first mortgage sinking fund 6% gold bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date at the office of the company, 37 Wall Street.

EDWARD H. FENNESSY, Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Watson, Porter, Giles & Co. expired this day by limitation, Austin H. Watson retiring.

AUSTIN H. WATSON,
JOSEPH L. PORTER,
WILLIAM T. McVAUGH.

December 31, 1909.

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT MR. LOUIS WUNDER has this day retired from our firm and that Mr. JAMES McVICKAR, a member of the New York Stock Exchange, has been admitted to membership in our firm.

HENRY ZUCKERMAN & CO.,
60 Broadway,
New York City.

DIVIDENDS.

FERROCARRILES NACIONALES DE MEXICO
(NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO),
25 Broad Street, New York, January 14, 1910.
First Preferred Stock Dividend No. 4.

A semi-annual dividend of One Per Cent. (One Dollar Gold or Two Mexican Gold Pesos per Share), being the fourth dividend on the First Preferred Stock of this Company, has been declared payable February 10, 1910, to the holders of Dividend Warrants No. 4, annexed to certificates representing such stock, upon presentation and surrender of such Warrants to the company at its office in New York or Mexico.

Dividend Warrants are payable at option of holders at the rate of Two Mexican Gold Pesos to the Dollar, either in the City of Mexico in Mexican Gold Pesos, or in the City of New York in United States Gold.

E. E. BASHFORD, Assistant Secretary.

MARYLAND TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, TIMBER CERTIFICATES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN THE KIRBY LUMBER COMPANY CONTRACT WITH HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS.

Notice is hereby given that the Interest Coupons, due February 1, 1910, on the First and Second Issues of Timber Certificates of Beneficial Interest in the Kirby Lumber Company Contract and the Principal of $470,000.00 of Series "M," First Issue of said Certificates, due February 1, 1910, will be paid at maturity upon presentation at the office of the Maryland Trust Company, in the City of Baltimore, Maryland, or at the office of its Agent, The Chase National Bank, in the City of New York.

MARYLAND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
Baltimore, Maryland, January 28, 1910.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the Treasurer, New York, January 27, 1910.

A dividend of One and One-Quarter Per Cent. on the capital stock of the ROME, WATERTOWN & OGDENSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY will be paid by the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company, lessee (under the provisions of the contract between the two companies,) at this office on and after February 15, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on January 31, 1910.

EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RAILWAY COMPANY.
Serial Debenture Bonds, Series H.

The principal of Series H, The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company FOUR PER CENT. SERIAL DEBENTURE BONDS, two million five hundred thousand dollars, ($2,500,000,) due February 1, 1910, will be paid on and after February 1, 1910, upon presentation at the office of the Company, No. 5 Nassau Street, New York City.

COUPON NO. 16 SHOULD BE DETACHED AND SEPARATELY PRESENTED FOR PAYMENT. C. K. COOPER, Assistant Treasurer.

THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Coupon No. 16, due February 1, 1910, from The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company FOUR PER CENT. SERIAL DEBENTURE BONDS will be paid on and after February 1, 1910, upon presentation at the office of the Company, No. 5 Nassau Street, New York City.

C. K. COOPER, Assistant Treasurer.

FORTY-FIRST DIVIDEND

FOURTEENTH STREET BANK

New York, January 25th, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of 3%, free of tax, payable February 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record January 28th, 1910. LOUIS V. ENNIS, Cashier.

Green Bay & Western Railroad Co.

The Board of Directors has fixed and declared Five Per Cent. to be the amount payable on Class "A" Debentures, a dividend of Five Per Cent. on the Capital Stock, and One-quarter of One Per Cent. on Class "B" Debentures out of the net earnings for the year 1909, payable at No. 40 Wall Street, New York, on and after February 7th, 1910, to stockholders of record February 5th, 1910.

CHARLES W. COX, Treasurer.

110TH SEMI-ANNUAL CASH DIVIDEND. ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a regular semi-annual dividend of three and one-half (3½) per cent. in cash, payable March 1st, 1910, to the holders of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, as registered at the close of business, Tuesday, February 1st, 1910.

D. R. BURBANK, Assistant Secretary.
New York, January 19, 1910.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY COMPANY.

Dividends of Three Per Cent. on the preferred stock and of Two Per Cent. on the common stock of this Company have been declared, payable February 15th, 1910, to stockholders of record February 7th. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.

ERNEST ISELIN, Secretary.
New York, January 28, 1910.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RY. CO.
Grand Central Station, N. Y., Jan. 24, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a dividend of Two Per Cent. on the Common Capital Stock, payable at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., New York, on March 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. on Monday, Feb. 7th, 1910.

CHARLES F. COX, Treasurer.

PACIFIC BANK.
470 Broadway, New York, January 18, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. and an extra dividend of Two Per Cent., payable to the stockholders on and after Feb. 1 next. The transfer books will be closed to Feb. 1, 1910.

S. C. MERWIN, Cashier.

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN RAILROAD CO.

Coupons due February 1st, 1910, from Gold Bonds of 1917, Series A and B, will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of the Company, Room No. 2,002, 60 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

JAS. STEUART MACKIE, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

CITY OF NEWARK, N. J.

$1,120,000 School Bonds.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Comptroller of the City of Newark, New Jersey, until 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, the 10th day of February, nineteen hundred and ten, at his office in the City Hall, City of Newark, New Jersey, for the purchase of any or all of an issue of bonds as follows:

$1,120,000 of School Bonds

Dated December 31, 1909.

They will be fifty-year bonds and bear interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum and will contain a clause giving the City of Newark the option to pay the same at any time after forty years from their date. They will be issued as coupon bonds with right of registration as to principal or principal and interest. No bid will be accepted for less than par and accrued interest.

Circulars giving conditions governing bids and particulars respecting the financial condition of the City will be mailed upon request.

J. H. BACHELLER, Comptroller,
City Hall, Newark, N. J.

THE WALKING WAS GOOD.

Therefore He Left Philadelphia, Only to Meet a Tragic Death.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Jan. 30.—Mangled beyond all hope of recognition the body of a man supposed to be Tom D. Darkes of Philadelphia or New York, was found beside the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad near Lawrence Station this morning. He had evidently been hit by one of the Pennsylvania fliers.

Torn from the clothing and strewn along the tracks were numerous letters and papers, from which his probable identity was established. A letter addressed to George F. Baird, 1536 Columbia Avenue, Philadelphia, under date of Dec. 30, said:

> Owing to the fine condition of the public highways for walking purposes outside of this municipality, long known as the City of Brotherly Love, I have decided, out of respect to a clear conscience, to combine personal respect with a pair of light feet to convey an empty stomach beyond the limits of this city in order to avoid becoming a gruesome stiff on the hands of the Grave Diggers' Association of Philadelphia.

There were other letters addressed to Baird, and still others indicating that the man had had dealings with the White Star Steamship Company, John Philip Sousa, the composer, and the Twenty-third Street Branch of the New York Young Men's Christian Association.

Coroner Bower has charge of the body, and will communicate with the persons addressed in the letters, in the hope of locating the dead man's relatives.

AULD MAY NOT BE TRIED.

Secretary Reprimanded Him and Robnett—Letters May Bar Prosecution.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—Paymaster George P. Auld and Dr. Almsley H. Robnett, who are scheduled to face a court-martial at the Charlestown Navy Yard to-morrow for alleged assault on Dr. Edward S. Cowles, may not be compelled to undergo that ordeal. It is declared that their attorneys will move to end the whole proceeding, because after the trouble at the naval hop both received from Secretary Meyer letters of reprimand.

These letters, according to the defense, make further trial of these men illegal, because in the naval regulations is this provision:

> No officer who has been formally reprimanded for an offense shall be subsequently tried therefor, nor shall that offense again be the subject of inquiry. Private reprimand, however, shall be no bar to further trial or inquiry.

Major Harry Leonard, who was Judge Advocate in the Sutton court of inquiry, has been engaged as chief counsel for the defense. Capt. H. J. Harshinger, who was first appointed Judge Advocate, will be junior counsel.

It is openly charged by friends of the officers that Secretary Meyer would never have reopened the case had it not been for the pressure brought to bear by friends of the Roosevelt family.

Capt. Hirshinger says Miss Hesler will be called if necessary. It all depends on the tactics of the prosecution.

AUCTION SALES.

Exhibition To-day,
9 A. M. TO 9 P. M.,
OF THE
Seligman Collection
OF THE ENTIRE MAGNIFICENT CONTENTS OF THE LATE RESIDENCE OF
Mrs. Jesse Seligman
2 East 46th St.,
near 5th Av.,
TO BE SOLD AT
Public Auction
BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS.
Tuesday and Wednesday
AT 11 A. M. EACH DAY.
Oil Paintings
will be sold
Wednesday Afternoon
AT 4 P. M. PROMPT.
Benj. S. Wise, Auctioneer,
Office 21 East 125th St.

PLANT

Suits and skirts, woolens, silk and cotton goods, laces, embroideries, spool silk cottons, 150 machines with individual motors, union specials, 51-15, fine needle, No. 61 W. & W. pleating and button machines, 2 time clocks, traveling trunks, telescopes, 50 cloak racks, 10,000 hangers, 150 factory chairs. Office and show room—200 feet oak office partition, with 2.6x8 feet mirrors; also 10 6x4 feet and 10 6x2 feet beveled mirrors in solid oak frames, 500 yards of Wilton carpets, oak office and show room chairs, rugs, Remington No. 6 typewriter, Mosler double door safe, with steel chest, rolltop and bookkeepers' desks and letter files.

L. S. SAMPSON, Auctioneer
sells this day, Monday, 10:30 A. M.,
41-51 East 11th Street, N. Y.,
the entire New York plant, stock and fixtures of the well known Lady Fitwell Skirt Company, to be sold in large lots, for immediate delivery; this plant, office and show room is complete in every detail and merits the attention of intending purchasers. Auctioneer's office, 513 Broadway. Tel. 1219 Spring.

CONTINUATION SALE.
Starting with Diamonds and Fixtures.
AUCTION SALE.
$200,000 Worth Diamonds, Jewelry, Gold Watches, Antique Silver Curios, etc.
CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer, will sell THIS DAY, MONDAY, JANUARY 31, 1910, at 1:30 P. M., and continue until stock is sold, at 1,341 Broadway, New York.
DIAMONDS—One fine Tiara, Fine Diamond Collars, Solitaire Rings ¼ to 5 kt., Pins, Charms, Brooches, Scarf Pins set in Emeralds, Rubies, Sapphires and Pearls, Fine Diamond Bags, Two large fine Diamond Necklaces, etc.
FIXTURES—7 Silent Salesmen, 2 Wall Cases, 2 Large Safes, etc.
This Sale Is Absolute Without Reserve. Dealers Invited. Descriptive Catalogue at sale.
By Order of EDWARD BERGER (Retiring).

$50,000 JOBBER'S STOCK
Builders' Hardware
Edge Tools, Starrett's Tools,
and other goods too numerous to mention.
I. Singer, Auct., sells 10:30 A. M.,
To-day, (Monday,) and Feb. 1 and 2,
at 141 Bowery, New York,
Stock formerly of H. Delinsky,
In large trade lots. Auct's office, 582 Broadway, Brooklyn. Tel. 4241 Williamsburg.

Chas. Fiedler, auctioneer, sells on Saturday, February 5, 1910, at public auction, entire stock and fixtures of The Green Shop dry and fancy goods store at 2,081 Amsterdam Av., Manhattan, for the benefit of the creditors. The proceeds of sale to be divided pro rata among the creditors. Auctioneer's office, 201 West 138th St. Telephone 4468—Audubon.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

810 BROADWAY.
Facing 11th Street.
LOFT 25x117.
All modern improvements. Light on all sides.
FREDERICK A. BOOTH, 860 B'WAY.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—EDITH HELEN ELLIS, Plaintiff, against SAMUEL DE LA PLAINE S. ELLIS, Junior, Defendant.—(Trial desired in New York County.)—Summons. Action for an absolute divorce.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, November 19th, 1909.

NORMAN W. KERNGOOD,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Post Office address and office, No. 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Samuel de la Plaine S. Ellis, Junior, defendant above named:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Charles F. MacLean, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 21st day of December, 1909, and filed on the 22d day of December, 1909, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, County and State of New York, the original complaint having been filed in the said office on the 22d day of December, 1909.

Dated New York, December 22d, 1909.

NORMAN W. KERNGOOD,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Post Office address and office, No. 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Where to find Lost articles, See Page 15.

FINANCIAL. FINANCIAL. FINANCIAL. FINANCIAL.

CONFIDENCE.

Unusual interest in American securities is again manifest throughout the world. Technically the American stock market is again sound, after the Rock Island episode and the scandalous keen manipulation of Hocking Coal and Iron. The governors of the New York Stock Exchange can be trusted implicitly in their work to make such further campaigns of destruction impossible, and I believe that Governor Hughes has also full and complete faith in their determination to work for the public good.

The remnants of ruinous Rooseveltism are in the hands of the country's highest tribunal. How that seven-year long unjust, unfair, vindictive campaign against business and vested rights in America by its strenuous, youthful first Executive will be treated by the sober, mature Judges of the highest Courts is of momentous importance to capital here and abroad, but especially to labor at home.

The prosperity of the laboring classes in America is more dependent upon the confidence of domestic and foreign capital in fair treatment of corporations by a strong and sane government than that of any commodity offering itself for sale.

It was the injudicial, untenable ROOSEVELTIAN-LANDIS DECISION fining the Standard Oil Company $29,000,000 which, by scaring capital, put America's labor out of business in August, 1907, resulting in the historical ROOSEVELT PANIC of October that year, wrecking thousands of homes. It was the remittance of that befogged, deliberate attempt at socialistic confiscation, that sound, scathing reversing opinion of the Supreme Court which encouraged capital to begin again the employment of labor because of returning confidence in the judicial branch of America's government.

The vote to return the executive branch of the government into trusted hands gave further impetus to business by the election in November, 1908, and the final exit of Roosevelt on March 4, 1909, gave to labor at once full employment, because capital then also regained absolute confidence in the executive branch of America's government after reading President Taft's first message to Congress.

President William Howard Taft could have received no higher compliment, but also no higher responsibility, from the people. Has President Taft proved worthy and will he continue to prove worthy of the compliment and the responsibilities intrusted to him by the American people on March 4, 1909, by full employment of labor? To this I feel confident that we all must answer yes with emphasis. President Taft by word and deed has proved worthy of everybody's confidence.

But the remnants of Rooseveltism, the Tobacco case, the Standard Oil suit, as well as the suit against Union Pacific, are soon to be weighed in the scales of justice by the highest tribunal of our land.

In spite of the upholding of the lower courts' judicial opinion in the Northern Securities case, as well as owing to the reversal by the Supreme Court of the infamous Landis decision, both of which fair and deliberate Supreme Court judgments greatly benefited the securities of the properties involved, we witness to-day hesitation on the part of holders of securities of all kinds owing to the temporary uncertainties thrust upon the possessors of the valuable equities entangled into lawsuits by Rooseveltism, now soon at an end even in name.

Is there any more reason to-day to fear the ultimate results of the highest judicial branch of our government in deciding wisely the cases of Tobacco, Standard Oil or Union Pacific for the benefit of all concerned than there was before? To this question I take the responsibility of answering decidedly—No.

Not only Mr. Hill, who has been through the racket before and who learned that two certificates—a blue and a red one—were more valuable than one green one, but Mr. Duke, Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Morgan—in fact, all the great men of our country, who have showed us how to make money and how to keep it—all these men well understand that no confiscation of property or stoppage of business will take place, no matter which way the Supreme Court kills the last puffs of Roosevelt. The Supreme Court has proved even for a much longer time as worthy of its trust, as has President Taft of his, and it is with gratitude toward those two safe, strong branches, the judicial and executive ones, of our government that we may henceforth look with hope and even with confidence toward future improvement in the third branch of our government, that of our legislative.

Thanks to the firm, fair example of the Supreme Court and President Taft I feel confident that blatherskite legislation is hearing its end in America. The people—the real court of absolutely final resort, THAT OF PUBLIC OPINION—is sick and tired of the tax, the expense and the intolerable burden of paying lawyers for fooling the people in order to make their living. The people will henceforth frown upon any further attempts of enmity from its own government against their business interests. The people at last understand that seven years of Rooseveltism was the ONLY MONSTROUS COMBINATION IN RESTRAINT OF TRADE, ending in paralysis and starvation. The Return from Elba Club will have to dissolve for lack of dues to furnish their members with luxurious living in gilded halls.

With the flickering out of the candle of Rooseveltism capital all over the world will at last have regained complete confidence in all three branches of America's government. What this influence means for commerce and finance is of beneficial worth hard to estimate. Labor—mechanics and farmers alike—will benefit most. The results of it all cannot fail to influence beneficially prices of sound securities to an extent rarely paralleled. With the British elections and French floods as deterring factors against investments on the other side of the Atlantic, world wide easy money and the inviting price level of good securities offered from our borders to those of the Pacific have created a foundation for a brilliant future at this juncture which most of our puny brains with difficulty can grasp or comprehend. The master financiers, I think, are embracing this opportunity before another possibly $10,000,000,000 American crop makes the probabilities of that future visible to all.

The form of government in every land is an incidnt; whoever may be the head of that government is another. That Roosevelt should have become the head of America's government through the accidental removal of our beloved, respected, martyred and lamented McKinley was a deplorable incident in our history. That President Taft, with judicial mind and the sound, firm and fair instincts of a gentleman and a patrician, should right afterward take up the reins of government in America is another incident, BUT OF REASSURING NATURE. The suggestions of President Taft to protect all business enterprises with federal charters against bunco schemes of political shysters working for a living in the various States at the expense of the people—these suggestions of chartered protection will be followed by a period of law, order and confidence in American enterprises. That the programme of Mr. Taft will be carried out is the opinion of most men of wealth and intelligence, not only in America, but in England, France, Germany and the rest of the financial world.

In my opinion we are facing a period of prosperity based upon sound, economic fundamentals, and especially upon the sure, safe pedestal of CONFIDENCE in the government and in the great corporations of this wonderful land of unlimited possibilities.

CARSTEN BOE.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

This Company
will make first mortgage loans on desirable improved Real Estate
Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
($5,000,000 added to surplus in last 17 years)
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

WE are experts in Real Estate Law. We claim to know what makes a title good. But we have $3,000,000 with which to back our opinion in case we make a mistake. Don't you think our guarantee is better than a mere opinion?
THE TITLE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK
135 Broadway

Geo. R. Read & Co
REAL ESTATE
Head Office: 60 Liberty St., nr. B'way.
Branch: 5 East 35th St.

J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO
Managers of Estates
Brokers, Appraisers,
53 WEST 33D ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
J. Romaine Brown. A. F. W. Kinnan.

Reduce Plumbing Bills
We will tell you how. Write or 'phone to The Soles Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Av. Tel. 359 Harlem.

WHITEWASHING
F. J. FLECK & CO., 407 West 18th St.
LOFTS KALSOMINED.

West Side.

SPECULATORS!
$6,000 BUYS 2 5-STORY SINGLE FLATS, STORES, AND BASEMENT STORES IN WEST 133D ST. ALSO 2 6-STORY NEW-LAW HOUSES, SHOWING A RENTAL OF $7,000 EACH, WITH ALL IMPROVEMENTS, ON A 100 FOOT WIDE STREET, WITH CROSSTOWN TROLLEY, HALF BLOCK OF SUBWAY STATION, WITH STORES. $9,000 BUYS BOTH. JAMES A. JACKSON, 122 WEST 135TH ST.

East Side.

106 EAST 38TH ST.
Very attractive English basement House, 20 feet wide; five masters', six servants' bedrooms, large butler's pantry and butler's room extension; owner, going abroad, is anxious to sell. For further particulars apply to
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents,
309 Madison Av. (42d St.) Tel., 1000—M. Hill

Below 14th St.

Southeast corner Lafayette and 4th Sts. Jay & Candler. 48 Wall St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Bogota—Corner house, eight large rooms, bath, reception halls, gas, electricity, steam heat; convenient to trolley and two railroads; lot 52x175; built for one family but suitable for two; $7,200, half cash. G 115 Times Downtown.

Free souvenir postcards of Asbury Park sent upon request to any one interested in the growth of Asbury Park and its new bungalows. Secretary, Room 304, 45 West 34th St.

FARM Residence, mill, barns, lake, orchards; 50 acres on D., L. & W. R. R.; 1 hour N. Y.; $4,500. J. S. Drake, 42 Broadway.

Houses from $1,500 up; lots from $500 up. To rent: Houses, flats, and rooms from $9.50 up. Harold C. Baxter, Bloomfield.

Farms, acreage, country homes; all kinds, everywhere; bargain list mailed. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

Wyoming.—1-3 acre, charming brick country house, 10 rooms, $10,500. Box 114, Millburn, N. J.

Farms at farmers' prices everywhere in Jersey; special bargains. Osgoodby, 50 Church St., N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

$ **4** CASH
Huntington Plaza, Huntington, L. I.
Prices Advance April.
Just to advertise, we will sacrifice a few more lots at $53.50 each. High, dry, level; good roads, fine shade; near boating, bathing, fishing; city conveniences. Commutation 15c. a trip. Penn. R. R. improvements will increase values many times over by next season. $4 down, $2 a month. Every shrewd investor will pick up these lots before the big advance. This week $267.50 will buy plot of five lots, 100x100; two years to pay; no interest. Don't delay a single day. Few dollars down secures any location. Write for maps, post-card views and full particulars.
BELLECLAIRE REALTY CORPORATION,
150 Nassau St., City.

45 MINUTES OUT
$4,500—Now is the Time to Secure a Great Bargain.
Handsome cottage, 8 rooms, attic, spacious hall, fret-work, box-seat, open plumbing, large verandas front and side, artistic decorations, china closet, quartered-oak mantel, gas, heat, A No. 1 range and boiler, stone tubs, concrete cellar, 5 minutes of station, few minutes of the Great South Bay and public dock. Restricted location, expensively improved. Easiest terms. Title guaranteed by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company.
CARROLLTON REALTY COMPANY,
503 & 504 World Bldg., N. Y.

26 LOTS $260
Located in largest town on the island; stores, schools, banks, all city improvements, where a ready market can be found for poultry, etc.; only 45 minutes to city; short distance from trolley; $25 cash, $4 monthly, buys them. T. Jackson, 1,100 Broadway, Brooklyn. One flight up.

LONG BEACH, L. I.
Choice locations for sale.
See what I can offer you.
F. P. JONES, Room 806, 225 5th Av.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Direct from builder; corner Rogers Av. and Fenimore St.; six modern three-story houses, with stores and two apartments; one modern bakery, fully equipped; all sanitary rules; electricity, &c.; also elegant corner store for grocer or any other business; at low price and easy terms. Inquire of janitor.

HENRY MEYER BUILDING CO.
Will send booklet upon request of their One-Family Stone-Front houses; price $7,250; finest section of Flatbush. Address Ave. D and East 25th St., Brooklyn.

Block front, best section Park Slope, where $7 to $10 is guaranteed for room; can be bought cheap; brokers protected. Louis Levy, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn, Room 707.

A responsible builder can secure part or all of 150 choice, improved Flatbush lots, unsurpassed for price, terms, locality, and transportation; can sell all houses you can build; loans easy. Albert Edwards, Owner, Church Av. and Brighton Beach "L" Station, Flatbush.

1,438 East 9th St., near Avenue O.—MUST BE SOLD, $500 cash; choice one-family detached house on 40-foot lot; every improvement; first mortgage $4,000. H. M. Eppes, 185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

327 Hancock St.—MUST BE SOLD, $500 cash, three-story and basement brownstone house; value $8,500; bargain to right party. H. M. Eppes, 185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

450 Bay Ridge Av.—MUST BE SOLD, three-story three-family brick house; good condition; well rented; $500 cash will buy it. H. M. Eppes, 185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Flatbush.—Have a charming house in fine locality, asphalt street, 12 rooms and bath, worth $14,000, can deliver for $12,750. H. M. Eppes, 185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgages First and Second **Mortgages**
Low rates. Moderate fees.
PIERRE M. CLEAR, 147 4th Ave.

Mortgage Money
Prompt attention. Reasonable terms.
O'DONNELL, 41 Park Row. Tel. 3266 Cort.

$25,000 to loan at 5% on first mortgage Manhattan property.
O'DONNELL, 41 Park Row. 'Phone 3266 Cortlandt.

Mortgage loans on city property, especially Harlem; first, 4%; second, 6%. Schechter & Snead, 21 West 112th. 'Phone 1362—Harlem.

$200,000 for builders, or permanent loan, Greater New York or New Jersey; owners only. Address Mortgage Loans, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.

$16,000 to loan on first mortgage, Manhattan or Bronx; might divide. E. Loewenthal & Son, Inc., 1,347 Boston Road, Bronx.

Have funds of $15,000 to $250,000 to loan on first mortgage; principals only. Max Mayer, 1,511 Third Avenue, Yorkville Bank Building.

MORTGAGE MONEY | At lowest rates and charges. A. W. J. Petrie, 31 Nassau.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ON LONG ISLAND SOUND
Beautiful modern cottage, 8 rooms; all the newest improvements; situated in residential surroundings; ideal location for New York business man; all the delights of the country within the city limits; 5 minutes' walk from exclusive bathing beach, yacht club house, and station. Price only $6,300; $500 cash. About 25 minutes from any point in Manhattan. Shore Acres, 146 East 34th St., New York. 'Phone 1461 Mad. Sq. 2 East 125th St. 'Phone 2620 Harlem.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

Read our advertisement in The Times on January 30th.
IT appeals to wage earner and to the investor.
IT means a yearly income of $2,000 and more to the worker.
IT may be worth a fortune to you.
IT means independence, freedom from care and worry for the rest of your life.
Our offer is only open to desirable people, as the new colony will even surpass the first one of over 1,000 settlers formed last year in less than three months. $1 per acre cash and $1 per acre per month for 29 months are our terms for 10, 20, and 40 acre tracts of the best land in Florida, adjacent to the great distributing centre at Tampa. The location of our land increases its value many fold.
Write for map and description or call for information.
Johnston & Henderson, Agents,
Tampa Bay Land Company,
115 Broadway, New York,
Room 605.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

Particularly GOOD Property FOR Particular People
H. M. EPPES, REAL ESTATE,
New Rochelle, N. Y.
AT NEW ROCHELLE, 32 mins. from Grand Central Station on New Haven R. R., beautiful house, hardwood trim and floors, 12 rooms, 3 baths, electric light and gas; high elevation; combination garage and stable; plot 200x200; built in 1907.
ON HUDSON RIVER, 40 mins. from Grand Central Depot on N. Y. Central R. R., 5 mins. from Ardsley Club; 20 rooms, 4 baths, hardwood trim and floors, servants' dining room and quarters, music room, gas and electricity; modern carriage house; good garden; velvet lawns; beautiful grounds; high elevation; view of river for miles. Will rent furnished for Summer.
H. M. EPPES, REAL ESTATE,
NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

AT RYE, ON THE SOUND.
20 acres fronting Forest and Apawamis Avs., amid very extensive developments and handsome residences. For sale, easy terms or part exchange.
ANDERSON REALTY CO., Mount Vernon N. Y.

Yonkers.

House for sale, South Yonkers, 74 Bruce Av., one block from Broadway and Subway cars; 10 rooms and bath, hardwood finish throughout, hot water heating system, storm-inclosed porch and windows for Winter use; hall oak beamed; lot 83 1-3 by 100 feet; six minutes from Subway; price, $10,000.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS
Bargain; 10-room detached houses, perfectly appointed, artistic houses; convenient to Subway, trolley; 2,334 Andrews Av., near Fordham Road. Open evenings.

2,288 LORING PLACE,
near 183d St.; new house, 12 rooms, 2 baths, parquet floors, all modern improvements; plot 44x110; reasonable price; terms to suit; will exchange. J. H. Wellwood, 2,229 Andrews Av.

Walton Av., 165th St.—Nine 3-story 2-family brick, Indiana limestone dwellings; excellent location; near Jerome Av., Grand Boulevard and Concourse, and proposed Broadway-Lexington Subway. Inspection invited. William E. Diller, Owner, Builder, premises, or 101 West 66th St.

Factory, sale or rent; complete, engine, boiler, elevator; suitable any manufacturer. Herbert Clark, corner Tremont and 3d Avs. 'Phone 860 Tremont.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

40-FOOT, 5-STORY DOUBLE, 14 ROOMS; SUBJECT TO ONE MORTGAGE AND CASH FOR THE PROPERTY; ALSO HAVE MANHATTAN FOR BROOKLYN AND BROOKLYN FOR MANHATTAN. JAMES A. JACKSON, 122 WEST 135TH ST.

Equity $100,000 and $10,000 cash; vacant block front, Eighth Av.; free and clear building; $20,000 or $25,000 cash can be raised; exchange for tenements, houses, or second mortgages; brokers protected. Louis Levy, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Have several very desirable, choicely located Bronx building plots for sale or exchange for improved property. Max Mayer, 1,511 Third Avenue.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

DO YOU OWN A HOUSE?
Convert your non-renting apartments to profitable house.
HAVE THEM MANAGED BY
"BERLIN RENTING SYSTEM," 141 E. 17th.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

If you want a farm of any kind or nice Summer home, write W. D. Hawkins, Unadilla, N. Y.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

HOW TO REDUCE PLUMBING BILLS
FOR PARTICULARS WRITE, CALL OR 'PHONE.
UPTOWN OFFICE, 2,186 7TH AVE.
Chas. Wagner Co. System
'Phone Audubon 3934.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

ATTRACTIVE COLLECTION OF EXCELLENT PIANOS
offered at reduced prices and on very convenient terms.
THE LIST INCLUDES:
¶ Concert Used Pianos
¶ Exchanged Pianos
¶ Wareroom Samples and
¶ Rebuilt Pianos
STEINWAY KNABE
CHICKERING WEBER
KRANICH & BACH SOHMER
HAINES BROS. WISSNER
BRADBURY FISCHER
IVERS & POND
Mostly uprights, although there are several fine Baby Grands, also a Weber Grand Pianola Piano practically new at a bargain.
Uprights $100 to $350
Grands $400 to $550
General Agents for
Ivers & Pond Pianos
Strich & Zeidler Pianos
Mathushek Pianos
Write for catalogues and prices of New Pianos with terms.
Write for a descriptive price list of all the used Pianos and information concerning our easy payment plan.
THE TEL-ELECTRIC CO.
(Tel-Electric Building)
299 Fifth Ave., cor. 31st St.

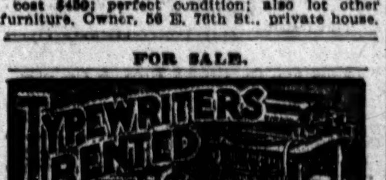
PLAYERPIANOS
Were at Great Reduction. Now
$500....Playerpiano Reduced to....$380
$600....Playerpiano Reduced to....$420
800....Hazelton Playerpiano for....$500
Fine Anderson Playerpiano Reduced to....$350
Easy monthly payments.
ANDERSON & CO.,
370 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.
Block above Boro Hall Subway Station.

Special sale of used pianos; Steinway, Sohmer, Weber, and other Uprights, and Steinway Baby Grand, at lowest prices. No reasonable offer refused. Christman Sons, 35 West 14th St.

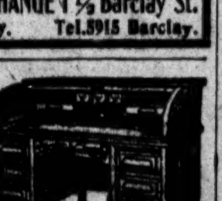
$125 Gabler upright, $4 monthly until paid. $150 Weser upright, $5 monthly until paid. $95 Steinway, $4 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court Street, Brooklyn. Open evenings.

Must sacrifice mahogany upright piano, $100, cost $450; perfect condition; also lot other furniture. Owner, 56 E. 76th St., private house.

FOR SALE.



$5 FOR 3 MONTHS
Our trade connections give us the pick of the latest models in all makes. Every machine is in fine working order and we will keep it so during term of rental.
WE SELL rebuilt machines at a saving of 50% to 75%. Year's guarantee.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE 1½ Barclay St.
3 Doors from B'way. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.


TYPEWRITERS
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1982 Cortlandt.

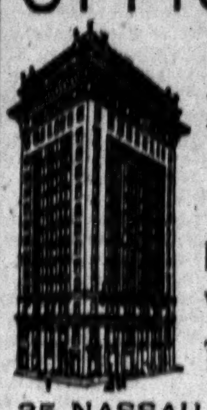
New and second-hand desks, typewriter, bookkeeper, roll and flat top; chairs, tables, partitions and railings. QUICK & McKENNA, 2 Reade St.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, files, bookcases, stockboards, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture, all kinds; large safe, 7 ft. high, 5 ft. 6 wide, 2 ft. 8 deep. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, time stamps, time clocks, cash registers, safes, multigraphs, typewriters, partitions, filing cabinets. Nathan's, 4 White St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

OFFICES

Singly or in Suites
BANKING ROOM
4,400 sq. ft. on Ground Floor.
PROVIDENT BLDG.
W. S. NORTON,
Agent on Premises
TEL. 3999 CORT.
Full Commission to Brokers.
35 NASSAU STREET,
S. W. Cor. Liberty Street.

WORTH WHILE LOFTS—JUST READ!
204 to 208 East 27th St., near 3d Av., running through to 28th St.; entrances two streets; elevator, power. LESS THAN 30c. PER SQUARE FOOT.
FINE LOFTS, $40 UP, 389 3d Av., near 27th St.; 3,000 square feet loft space on each floor; large show windows on 1, 2, 3 floors, facing "L"; electric elevator, steam heat.
Apply on premises, or GEO. D. McENTYRE, 401 Greenwich St.

AT 20 CTS. PER SQ. FOOT
Light Corner Loft 100x160
$6,000 PER ANNUM
(SOUTHWEST CORNER COLUMBUS AVENUE AND 101ST ST.)
All kinds of manufacturing facilities; high ceiling, with balcony, three elevators. Make appointment with me to show it to you.
H. MARKOWITZ,
30 West 20th St. 'Phone 5545 Chelsea.

Stores, Lofts, Buildings TO LET
in downtown business districts.
Send for List.
WARREN & SKILLIN
174 FULTON ST. 'PHONE 5077 CORT.

109 BROAD ST.
OFFICES AND FLOORS TO LET.
All modern improvements; newly renovated; suitable for light manufacturing; rents moderate. Inquire janitor, on premises, or at office, 512 W. 42d St.

LARGE CORNER STORE AND BASEMENT
Northeast Corner Lenox Ave. & 114th St.
E. Hoffmann & Co., 61 West 114th St.

FIFTH AVENUE BUILDINGS TO LEASE
NOS. 220-222, AT 26TH ST.
FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY
L. P. HOLLANDER & CO.
Ernestus Gulick Co., 324 5th Av., at 33d St.

Lofts, 10 West 18th St.—Big inducements; 25x90; good light. Duross, 153 West 14th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON,
324-328 West 51st St.
Beautiful modern apartments, five, six, and eight large, light rooms; electricity, elevator. Apply Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

Most attractive apartment fronting on Central Park to be sublet until Oct. 1, 1910, or longer; the second eastern apartment, 471 Central Park West, corner 107th St.; 8 rooms and bath; unfurnished or partly furnished; particulars by mail. 'Phone 5657 Riverside. Fine home for refined family.

30 WEST 65TH ST.
At Lincoln Square.
Extra wide, single apartment seven rooms and bath; newly renovated; $43.00.

14TH, 344 W.—5-6 large, light rooms; all improvements; steam heat. Supt., premises.

Brooklyn.

QUINCY ST., 105.—Corner apartments, six rooms and bath; parquet floors, gas and electricity, steam heat, hot water supply; near Franklin and Gates Avenue cars and "L" station; $50 to $65. Janitor on premises, or Henry L. Bogert, 99 Nassau Street, N. Y.

Six new buildings, corner Fenimore St. and Rogers Av.; unexcelled transportation facilities, 5 cent fare; Brighton Beach "L" and three trolley lines; six light, airy rooms, tiled bath; hardwood trim; odorless gas fireplaces; plenty closet room; reasonable rent; janitor on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

The Dixie Apartments
19 E. 32nd STREET.
One large, handsome room, private bath; restaurant with Southern cooking attached; meals served to apartments; telephone.

511 West 113th.—Completely furnished five-room apartment; until October; new, elevator house; 3 minutes Subway. Stevens, Tel. 884 Morning.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of BETRAM & ROVER.

Pursuant to an order of Hon. Learned Hand, District Judge, the undersigned Receiver will sell all the property, assets, and effects of the above-named bankrupts, consisting of beads, millinery trimmings, imported blankets, and other foreign novelties and fixtures, at the bankrupts' place of business, No. 325 Lafayette Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at private sale, as follows: Sealed bids may be submitted to Edwin Bechtel, Esq., Receiver, at his office, No. 54 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 31st day of January, 1910, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at which time and place said bids will be opened by Receiver. All bidders will be required to deposit a certified check or cash for 10 per cent. of their bids, and the Receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Before the bids are rejected by the Receiver, the property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, on the premises, No. 325 Lafayette Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3d day of February, 1910, at 10.30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day. Said property may be inspected at the above premises from January 25th, 1910, to January 31st, 1910, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Dated New York, January 24th, 1910.

EDWIN D. BECHTEL, Esq., Receiver.
SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, Attorney for Receiver, No. 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEO ROSENGARTEN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Jan. 31, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113-115 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large and select stock of ladies' waists, cloaks and suits, skirts, jackets, dresses, capes, fur coats, lace coats, fur sets, scarfs and muffs, wax figures, show racks and other fixtures. HARRY OSTERMAN, Receiver.
SIEGEL & SIEGEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SERVICE SUPPLY CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, United States auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Jan. 31, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 124 Front St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of sweaters, brushes, combs, towels, razors, pipes, tobacco, groceries, safe, fixtures, &c. ELIHU ROOT, Jr., Receiver.
HARRINGTON, PERKINS & ENGLAR, Attorneys for Receiver, 64 Wall St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LIGHT AND WEINBERG, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Jan. 31, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolens.
IRVING L. ERNST, Trustee.
JAMES, SCHELL AND ELKUS, Attorneys for Trustee, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID RODBELL, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Jan. 31, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of coats.
MORRIS B. ARNOLD, Trustee.
SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York.

WINTER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL TRAYMORE
Atlantic City, N. J.
Open Throughout the Year
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
D. S. WHITE, Pres.
CHAS. O. MARQUETTE, Mgr.

Marlborough-Blenheim
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
PARTICULARLY ATTRACTIVE DURING
Atlantic's Great Winter and Spring Season.
(EXTENDING FROM DECEMBER TO JUNE)
The house holds 1100 Guests and has 400 private baths, each with sea and fresh water. White service in both American plan and à la Carte dining Rooms. Exquisite music. Golf, Rolling Chairs, Theatres. Ownership Management
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

HOTEL RUDOLF
One of the largest and most modern beach-front hotels. American and European plans. No extra charge for sea or fresh water baths. Orchestral concerts. Special Winter rates now in effect.
A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.
N.Y. booking office, Tyson's, 1,122 Broadway.

THE WESTMONT Hotel and Sanitarium,
Rhode Island Av. and the Beach. Excellent table; homelike; always open. Reservations for Lenten season. Booklet and rates on request. W. H. MOORE, Manager.

HOTEL IROQUOIS
So. Carolina Av. and the beach. Cap. 400. Complete in every detail. Private baths, elevator, sun parlor, etc. Special—$12 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Booklet. W. F. SHAW.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD
Among the Pines of New Jersey
Season October to June.
Offers exceptional attractions for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Ideal conditions for motoring.
LAUREL HOUSE
NOW OPEN. A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
LAUREL IN THE PINES
NOW OPEN. FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.
These hotels are favorably known for their standard of excellence.
Reached via New Jersey Central.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.

A Hotel Home For a Day or Year
THE MONTCLAIR
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Apply Am. Hotel Bureau, 1122 B'way, N.Y.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S Famous Resort
THE KIRKWOOD
Long Leaf Pine Belt
T. EDMUND KRUMBHOLZ
Camden, S. C.

FLORIDA.

ONLY SUNSHINE AND CONTENTMENT on the East Coast of Florida.

WEST INDIES.

Go to Nassau, British West Indies. Perfect Winter resort.

EUROPEAN RESORTS.

Booklets on Brussels and its great 1910 exhibition free from Town and Country, 389 5th Av., New York City.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO. APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owner.
MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $34.
Large, light rooms, Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW
Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 13,031.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB JACKERSON, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Jacob Jackerson of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of December, A. D. 1909, the said Jacob Jackerson was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
January 29th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,656.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL ROTH, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Samuel Roth of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1909, the said Samuel Roth was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS.
January 29th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,914.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of THE LILY WAIST & DRESS CO., Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3rd day of December, A. D. 1909, the said The Lily Waist & Dress Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in bankruptcy, No. 80 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City, on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS.
January 28th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,083.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SIMON ZINS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Simon Zins of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of March, A. D. 1909, the said Simon Zins was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
January 29th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,904.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN T. FRANCIS, formerly known as JOHN T. MUG, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of John T. Francis, formerly known as John T. Mug, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1909, the said John T. Francis, formerly known as John T. Mug, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Jan. 29th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Watch charm; circular bloodstone with gold band around edge; from Brooklyn via Subway to Carnegie Hall Thursday evening, to Murray's, 42d St., via 7th Av.; satisfactory reward for return. Albert E. Bobo, 150 5th Av., N. Y.

LOST—$200 reward; Sunday, 23d, walking from West 70th St. to West 93d St., a pearl and diamond pin, one large pearl set round with diamonds. Will be identified and reward paid by Theodore B. Starr, jeweler, 206 5th Av.

LOST.—On Broadway and 36th St., at 1:30 Saturday night, a scarfpin, one diamond, surrounded by a ring of sapphires cut in square; for a reward will pay out $100. Hotel Astor, Room 504. No questions asked.

LOST—Gold watch, Non-Magnetic Co., makers; initials "W. C. R." on case; name engraved inside; Riverside Drive or Subway; suitable reward. No questions if returned to 116 West 72d St.

LOST—Saturday, between 6 and 8:30 P. M., possibly on 4th Av. street car or Flatbush Av. car, $74. Finder rewarded on delivery to Room 1,003, Park Row Building.

LOST.—On Monday night in taxicab going from 23d St. and 6th Av. to 300 West 100th St., a mink neck piece. Reward. H. Goldfarb, 583 Broadway.

LOST.—Proctor's Theatre, 28th, Saturday, afternoon, gold lorgnette, with diamond initials A. B. B.; also silver bag; liberal reward. R. Saenger Co., 45 Mercer St. Phone 4165 Spring.

LOST.—Bank Book No. 427,821 of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank. Payment stopped. Please return book to bank, No. 51 Chambers St.

LOST.—Night of Jan. 24, between 24 East 38th St. and Hotel Knickerbocker, fur neck piece, (silver fox;) $25 reward. 24 East 38th St.

LOST.—Monday, lady's open face gold watch and jeweled chain. Suitable reward if returned to Room 49, 645 Madison Av.

LOST.—Green scarab ring, inscribed; reward. C. F. O'Brien, 46 East 25th St. Phone 4889 Madison.

LOST—Gold eyeglass lorgnette, Sunday morning, All Angels' Church; reward. Ybybrew, 203 West 95th St.

LOST—Gold locket with monogram and pictures inside; suitable reward. Oppenheim, 62 Edgecombe Av.

LOST—Gentleman's pearl scarf pin. Reward if returned to 157 East 37th St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—On Madison Av., near 81st St., a wire haired Yorkshire Terrier; collar marked "Rags." Liberal reward if returned to Kayser, 10 East 81st St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND—A lady's watch; identify. W 168 Times, Times Square.

FOUND, Jan. 28.—INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO. Apply 9 Morris St. SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Belt, drawings, glove, pair rubbers, overalls, collars, vest, sandwiches, piece iron, muff. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Two bags, breastpin, books, letterheads, sandpaper, 2 pairs gloves, belt, feathers, package collars, vest, songs, wax tapers, eggs, glove. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Books, pocketbook, hat, calendar, muff, coat. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Bag, pin, muffler, shirt, pair gloves, hairpins. SUBWAY—Handbag, 4 umbrellas, fob, 3 purses, necklace, 2 gold pins, package patterns, roll paper, pair gloves, books, suitcase, pair trousers, shirt, neckpiece, 2 aprons, 4 muffs, underwear, 2 veils, 2 pairs rubbers, shoes, needles, key, plaster blocks.

FOUND, Jan. 29.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Package.

FOUND, Jan. 29.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Package, umbrella, pair gloves.

FOUND, Jan. 29—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Four packages, 3 umbrellas, pair glasses.

FOUND, Jan. 29.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Military brush, soap dish, cigarette case, tooth powder, 2 hair pins, hat box, muffler, 3 pair rubbers, night shirt, fountain pen, veil and pin, muff, pajama pants, penknife, 2 packages, 3 umbrellas, card case, pair rubbers. 23D ST. BOAT: Book, umbrella.

FOUND, Jan. 28.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PRISCILLA: Two pairs rubbers, nightshirt, package letters, gold watch, nickel watch, pajamas, silver watch and fob.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help, furnished free. 4470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, all kinds first-class commercial help wanted. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4696—Plaza.

MISS NIELSON'S SWEDISH EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 570 Lexington Av., furnish first-class laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, parlormaids, waitresses; references thoroughly investigated. Plaza 8679.

MISS WILD
Employment Office,
47 West 34th St., Rooms 111-15-17.
Tel. 2943-2944—Murray Hill.
Thoroughly trained, high-grade servants supplied after references are personally investigated. Circular sent on request. Educational department under management Mrs. Janes.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Competent, thoroughly trained servants supplied after a careful and thorough investigation of their references.

MRS. DICKINSON'S
Co-operative Employment Bureau,
331 Madison Avenue.
'Phone 3734 Murray Hill.
Bureau supplies, high-class household servants, male and female; references personally investigated; waitresses, cooks supplied for dinners, luncheons, and children's parties.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

THE WALDORF BUREAU,
12 West 33d St.,
Opposite Waldorf-Astoria Hotel,
Requires immediately for waiting situations cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, Swedish, German, and every other nationality; also housekeepers, houseworkers, nurses, lady's maids, parlormaids, kitchenmaids, couples, butlers, &c.; no fee till engaged.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Gentleman wants room furnished near Times Square or Grand Central or 72d St. and Broadway; must be on second floor; preferably with open wood fireplace; state lowest terms, full particulars. X Box 62 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A WILLING GIRL for a small family of three adults; good wages; references required. 251 West 95th St., seventh floor, west.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

REFINED young lady to take out little girl, 10 years of age, afternoons; references insisted upon; living in vicinity of 93d St. and Broadway preferred; apply by letter only. Address 2,508 Broadway, Apartment 11A.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for central office work in Brooklyn; positions for those who qualify; salary of $4 paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. to Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOND SALESMEN—Experienced, on commission basis; real estate title bonds, guaranteeing 6 per cent. plus half the profits. Room 415, 25 West 42d St.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED
by banking house; Wall Street experience essential; knowledge of French and German would be to applicant's advantage. Answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary expected, T. S. B., 152 Times Downtown.

MEN, any nationality, over 25, speaking and writing English, to work on legitimate proposition; special inducements to intelligent workers and men who speak foreign languages. Address, stating age and experience, Manager, Room 601, 277 Broadway.

MEN WANTED.—To prepare for railway mail examinations; commencement salary $800; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 260 L, Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—By a New England manufacturer, man selling high-class haberdashers in Central West, to take a side line of shirts, commission basis. For interview write W. B. C., 432 Hancock St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN.—Sell mechanical device, country merchants; one sale daily; salary, $57 weekly; not order takers. Originator Manufacturing Co., 241 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN with runabout automobile sell mechanical device country storekeepers; make $20 daily; easy seller. Oraginator Mfg. Co., 18 Dunham Place, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER, having ability and good education. Address, with references and salary expected, Howells & Stokes, architects, 100 William St.

SWITCHMEN.—EXPERIENCED RAILROAD SWITCHMEN FOR YARD WORK WHERE STRIKE IS IN PROGRESS; ONLY COMPETENT MEN, PHYSICALLY SOUND, ACCEPTED. APPLY ONE FLIGHT UP, 129 CEDAR ST.

TRAVELING SALESMAN, salary and commission, by large gas, electric, combination fixtures manufacturing concern; state experience; replies strictly confidential. Traveling, 126 Times Downtown.

WANTED. — LANSTON MONOTYPE MACHINIST; NEW YORK HOUSE, 6 MACHINE PLANT; STEADY SITUATION AND LARGE SALARY. ADDRESS X, BOX 3, TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

WANTED—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 West 42d St., 79 Cortlandt St., 101 Park Row, 252 Third Av., New York, N. Y.; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED—Man, large acquaintance among business men can improve his position. W 124 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN for reading aloud occasionally evenings; 25 cents per hour; state references when writing. R., Box 144 Times Downtown.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

TEA AND COFFEE AGENTS wanted; experience not necessary. Apply by letter or personally, Burns & Reed, 209 Hudson St., New York City.

FOUR COLLECTORS and canvassers; intelligent and honest. Apply to A. D. Holland, 1006 Times Building.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington, (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pilsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 486 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th St.—Bond $1,000; guarantee A1 colored help. 1,119 Harlem.

Situations Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

HOUSEKEEPER.—A position as housekeeper in a private family; experienced and best of references. S 11 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent; several years' experience in various lines; willing to work; best references; $15. Qualified. 114 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — By capable stenographer; six years' experience; good knowledge office work; best references. M. T., Box 125 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, clean-cut, ambitious girl; willing worker; good education; permanent position; references; $6. Miss M., 115 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, correct, willing to work hard to get a start; moderate salary. Miss Pierce, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 2993—Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST wants position; one year's experience; willing and obliging. Box W 157 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, rapid, neat, accurate; reference. S. P., 196 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience, capable touch operator; high school education; references. Christian, 121 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, quick, accurate, painstaking, takes special business interest. Efficient, P. O. 1,045.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Unfurnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

65TH ST., 156 WEST.—Two large rooms, with bathroom, closet; newly decorated; sunshine.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Handsomely furnished large back parlor bedroom, bath, suitable gentleman; other rooms.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Large, small rooms; elegant suroundings; excellent table; telephone; reasonable.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

46TH, 309 WEST.—Desirable single, double rooms, well heated parlor; good board; reasonable; 'phone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large room; table guests; first class; telephone; references.

55TH ST., 351 WEST.—Comfortable large rooms; splendid table; all conveniences; reasonable.

58TH ST., 336 WEST.—Medium-sized room; good location; board optional.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant, second story front room, southern exposure; excellent table; moderate.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large third-story front room, private bath; hot water supply; telephone in room; single room adjoining; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; single room; steam heat; table guests.

79TH ST., 116 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished; private bath; references are essential; telephone exchange.

79TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rear room, second floor, with board; table board.

80TH, 150 WEST.—Table guests; home cooking specialty; best food; also nicely furnished room.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Large front room; dressing room attached; table guests accommodated; telephone; references.

91ST ST., 29 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; hall room; convenient to Subway and "L"; permanent.

94TH ST., 138 WEST.—Single room; also large skylight room; excellent table; telephone; table board.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations; Southern cuisine; parlor dining; table guests. Telephone 429—Riverside.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive, clean room; near Subway and elevated express; breakfast optional. Muir.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome large and small rooms; bath; superior table board; references.

104TH ST., 83 WEST.—Room, board; all conveniences; parlor dining room; table guests; telephone; references.

111TH ST., 137 WEST. — Pleasant, sunny rooms; good board; private family; "L" and Subway.

121ST ST., 154 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, private house, excellent neighborhood, service unexcelled; telephone.

126TH, 25 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large room; excellent German table; private family; table boarders.

130TH, 258 WEST.—Large, newly furnished front room; all conveniences; private house; "L."

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; highest references; first-class accommodations; exceptional table; convenient neighborhood.

149TH ST., 542 W., near Broadway Subway, "THE AUDUBON."
First-class rooms and board very reasonable to desirable party; every comfort; real home. Booklet at request. Telephone 1144 Audubon.

156TH, 540 WEST.—Large front room, well furnished, hot and cold running water, suitable one or two gentlemen; meals optional; one block from Subway express station; private house.

"Rockhurst," Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson.—30 minutes; sixth year; home cooking. Lesley, 104L., Kingsbridge.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

46TH ST., 147 EAST.—Nice furnished rooms, with excellent board; running water, telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large and small connecting rooms, with board, in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, DOUGLASTON, L. I.; easy commuting distance. For Winter rates, apply New York Office, 1,122 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT — BOOKKEEPER. — Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2471—Worth.

BOY, 18, willing, bright, neat appearing, wishes position with stock brokers or good commercial concern; first-class reference and bond if necessary. Berger, 207 West 142d St. 'Phone 1555 Bryant.

BOY, with knowledge of drawing, wishes position in architect's office. Bender, 329 East 83d.

CONSTRUCTIVE ACCOUNTANT.
Thorough, progressive, reliable; specialist in system and simplifying methods; a firm believer in the accounting department as a business getter and a business keeper. R. H., 343 West 58th St.

MANAGER.—American, 36, as manager or Superintendent of gentleman's estate; executive ability, thorough electrical and mechanical knowledge; understands automobiles; A1 credentials. American, 157 East 125th St.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, with record of 12 years under two employers, seeks change; only position of responsibility, where ability and fidelity are essential and so recognised, considered; correspondence and interview solicited. Adaptable, W 96 Times, Times Sq.

SALESMAN.—Fur man, with trade in the Northwest and city, would connect with large fur or cloak house; average sales, fifty thousand. X 55 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER and TELEGRAPHER.—First-class; any wire handled; good reference. G 123 Times Downtown.

VALET, COURIER.—Who understands his business thoroughly, speaking several languages; honest and quick; first-class traveler. Emil J. B., 109 West 54th St.

VALET, &c.—By Japanese valet, attendant; understands all about office work; willing, useful. R., 203 East 58th St.

WATCHMAN, (Night,) age 40; sober, reliable; references furnished. W. Ransom, 257 8th Av.

YOUNG GERMAN, experienced in the sale and manufacture of woolen and cotton goods, wishes position in this line, preferably as correspondent. H 13 Times, Times Square.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

LEVENTRITT, MATILDA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MATILDA LEVENTRITT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 18th day of April next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of October, 1909. DAVID LEVENTRITT, JULIUS HIRSCHBERG, OLIVIA LEVENTRITT, Executors. LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Attorneys for Executors, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

HARNED, CAROLINE H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CAROLINE H. HARNED, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of James M. Tully, No. 271 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of March next.—Dated New York, the 18th day of September, 1909. BEDELL H. HARNED, Administrator. JAMES M. TULLY, Attorney for Administrator, 271 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,460.—Nicely furnished light rooms, all conveniences; telephone; refined and homelike; references.

9TH ST., 30 WEST.—Large room, one flight; private bath; single rooms; telephone.

18TH ST., 36 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms to let, single and double; heated; all conveniences. S. Addieg & Co.

19TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large room, heat, bath, for one or two gentlemen. Mrs. Doty.

21ST ST., 350 WEST.—Single rooms, airy and well furnished, with board; high-class cooking; modern conveniences. Call or telephone, 3066—Chelsea.

28TH ST., 310 WEST.—Nicely furnished back parlor, with or without board; private house.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Exceptionally cheerful rooms; large and small; near Hotel Astor; quiet home.

46TH ST., 301 WEST.—Large sunny front room with bedroom and bath; southern exposure; suitable for two; near Broadway. Apartment 1. Telephone.

47TH ST., 162 WEST.—Homelike, comfortable rooms; private house; all conveniences; reference.

48TH, 138 WEST.—Large rooms, warm, clean, and comfortable; private bath.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, en suite or single; private family; physician's office.

52D ST., 229 WEST.—Large room, second floor; private house; every convenience; $5-$6.

55TH, 103 WEST.—Attractive outside room, conveniences; refined surroundings; also unfurnished. 1808 Columbus. Tappan.

64TH ST., 149 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms; private baths, hot water supply; reasonable; 'phone.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room; attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

66TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—Front parlor and bedroom; piano; heated; gentlemen. Telephone 8227 Columbus.

68TH, 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Back parlor; private bath; board optional; references exchanged; table guests accommodated.

72D, 105 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; bath; convenient "L," Subway; references. Telephone 8380 Columbus.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large, sunny room; dressing room; all conveniences; references; reasonable.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room and extension; physician's office; reception room service; telephone.

77TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large, small, handsomely furnished rooms; refined home; convenient Subway, all cars.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; large front room; furniture and decorations entirely new; references.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny room; running water; first-class house; telephone; references; "L."

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Desirable large and small sunny rooms, also back parlor for physician.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful sunny room; suitable for one or two; private house; references.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Private house; desirable; warm, sunny; large, small; plenty hot water; telephone.

88TH ST., 71 WEST.—Dainty, light room, running water; private family; gentleman; reasonable; references. Hayden.

88TH ST., 71 WEST.—Dainty, light room, running water; private family; gentleman; reasonable; references. Hayden.

88TH ST., 265 WEST.—Large sunny front room; running water; refined surroundings; private family; Subway.

88TH, 100 WEST.—Sitting room and bedroom, light outside rooms; bath; steam; telephone. Younger.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; near Subway and "L."

91ST, 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, large room; private bath; also small room; conveniences; telephone.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large alcove room, lavatory; also pleasant room; business couple; $6; telephone.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Single, connecting rooms, running water, adjoining bath, one flight; elevated. Corwin.

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive large, small rooms; select; excellent cuisine; table guests; telephone.

96TH ST., 35 WEST.—Bachelors; attractive rooms, high-class apartment; breakfast; "L," Subway express station.

101ST ST., 6 WEST.—Bright, well-furnished room near Central Park; refined private family. Moran.

103D ST.—Large, light, steam heated rooms; running water; telephone; bath; elevator apartment, overlooking Park; Subway, elevated. Becker, 424 Central Park West.

111TH ST., 119 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; all prices; also bath; Subway; 'phone service. Mrs. Buckley.

113TH ST., 511 WEST.—Two large single rooms, adjoining bath, or 8-room suite; new elevator apartment; 3 minutes Subway. Stevens.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—High-class rooms; steam heat, electric lights, elevator. Kenyon.

124TH ST., 534 WEST.—Cheerful front rooms, elevator, electricity, bath, piano, telephone; Subway; reasonable. Morris.

145TH ST., 544 WEST.—Sunny room; closets; steam heat; telephone; modern apartment; private family; moderate. Ogden.

149TH ST., 548 WEST.—Couple will rent spare rooms; refined home; house near Broadway Subway.

ONE SMALL, two large rooms, southern exposure, furnished or unfurnished, elevator, telephone, high-class apartment near Columbia University and Subway; private family; references exchanged. X 54 Times, Times Square.

Absolutely select, noiseless residential neighborhood; overlooking Central Park; luxuriantly heated; reasonable. K 193 Times Downtown.

BROADWAY, 2,728.—Beautifully furnished parlor and parlor bedroom; also two separate bedrooms; private family; rent reasonable; Subway. M. Benson.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 465.—Very desirable room, handsomely furnished; elevator apartment; quick transportation. Thornton.

CHARLES ST., 10.—6th Av. Elevated; large room, heated; hot water; southern exposure; gentlemen.

East Side.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelor's quarters, swimming pool, &c.; $5 and up; inspection invited.

29TH ST., 138 EAST.—Well furnished large heated room, suitable for one or two.

57TH ST., 227 EAST.—Parlor and two rooms adjoining; rent separate or together.

141ST ST., 469 EAST.
Elegant large rooms;
breakfast if desired.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms, tiled bathrooms; beds box springs; absolute cleanliness.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 170.—Handsome private house, with accommodations for a few guests; has unusually large second floor front room vacant; house, table, and appointments substantial and attractive; references. Telephone 2597J—Main.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 3, Heights.—Newly renovated rooms; hot and cold water, with and without private baths; convenient Wall St. Subway, bridge.

Say you saw it in The Times.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

HOTEL HERMITAGE
7TH—42ND—B'WAY
UNUSUAL COOKING—OLD WINES—GOOD MUSIC

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MUSIC LESSONS FREE in your own home; any instrument; beginners or advanced; over 100,000 successful pupils. Write for booklet. U. S. School of Music, Box T, 225 5th Av., New York City.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Color and commercial printing of all descriptions. Eagle Press, 202 West 34th St. Union label.

Partner, take half interest manufacturing business; only those meaning business call. 547 West 21st St.

WANTED
1,000 JOB WINTER SUITS
AT A PRICE
Will be at office from nine to
ten o'clock Monday morning.
KLINE'S PURCHASING OFFICE,
7 AND 9 EAST 20TH ST.

Railroad engineer, large construction and office experience, would undertake the preparation of plans, &c., for consulting engineers. W 132 Times, Times Square.

Money advanced merchants or manufacturers on book accounts, notes, or good security; lowest interest rates. Private Bankers, Room 1,107, 198 Broadway.

Bills discounted, businesses financed; money against security; inheritances cashed; partners procured. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Johnson Press, successors to Call Press, 142 Fulton St.; good printing; low prices; 1,000 letter heads, $2; billheads, $1.50; booklets, $10.

Perfect duplication typewritten letters; $2 first thousand, $1 each additional. New York Letter Co., 23 Park Row, 'Phone 5748—Cortlandt.

Cruises de Luxe to the West Indies

By NEW TWIN-SCREW
"AVON"
11,500 Tons

CRUISE OF	EASTER CRUISE
(31 days)	(18 days)
$150 up.	$85 up.
From New York	From New York
February 19.	March 25.

Also Yachting Tours by New Twin-Screw "BERBICE" through the West Indies.

Bermuda

NEW WEEKLY SERVICE
By R.M.S.P. "OROTAVA" 6000 Tons
From Pier 50, N. R., NEW YORK, at 10 A. M. every Wednesday.
From BERMUDA every Saturday.
Comfortable Voyage—
High Class Cuisine—Orchestra—
Electric Fans in all Rooms.
Complete illustrated booklets on request.
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
SANDERSON & SON, 22 State St., N.Y.

SAFETY and COMFORT

Go To Bermuda

By Twin Screw Line
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S.S.Oceana, 8000 Tons
Sailing every Saturday from N. Y., 10 A. M.
S.S.Bermudian, 5530 Tons
Sailing every Wednesday from New York.
Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels.
Forty hours from frost to flowers.

WEST INDIES

New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York. THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., Quebec.

24 DAYS' TRIP TO WEST INDIES **$135**
LEAVES NEW YORK **Feb. 4,** 2 P. M.
By NEW S. S.
PRINZ SIGSMUND 6,000 TONS
Calls at Montego Bay, Kingston, Savanilla, Cartagena, Jacmel, Aux Cayes and Jeremie. Stop over allowed at Jamaica. These delightful trips (alternating with a 25 day cruise at $140) leave New York every week. SEND FOR FULL PARTICULARS.
WEEKLY SAILINGS TO JAMAICA.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, New York.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 5:30 P. M. Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North, week days only. Leave Pier 28, E. R., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R., 11 A. M., Str. NAUGATUCK.

Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 19, East River.

INSTRUCTION.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

WOOD'S SCHOOL

BUSINESS and SHORTHAND

5th Avenue
7th Avenue } on 125th Street
3d Avenue on 149th Street
3 great schools, educating and placing more students than all the other business schools in New York combined.
That which succeeds best is best.
Day and night sessions.

ITALIAN
FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH, Etc.
Low rates and most efficient instruction.
In classes and privately. Native teacher only.
THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES,
MADISON SQUARE (1,122 BROADWAY).
Harlem Branch.............343 Lenox Av., near 127th St.
Brooklyn.........................218 Livingston St.

TRINITY SCHOOL
139-147 West 91st St., New York.
Founded 1709. Unexcelled Equipment.
A VERY FEW PLACES WILL BE AVAILABLE ON FEBRUARY FIRST.

Founded 1879. Stern's School of
LANGUAGES
661 Madison Ave., near 75th Street,
300 West 72d Street.
Languages taught in classes or privately.

MUSICAL.

VAN BAAR'S OLD GUARD ORCHESTRA MILITARY BAND.
Charles L. Van Baar, Musical Director and Bandmaster, 152 West 57th St. Tel. 4200 Col. From Twelve to Orchestra or Military Band of 100 Men.

The Most Inviting Cruises

of the Season are those to **AGWI** The American Mediterranean

PORTO RICO
Only 5 Days from New York

This newest and delightfully situated resort in the West Indies, possesses an incomparable "summer" climate throughout the winter months, and presents a perfect panorama of picturesque scenery from seashore to mountains, forests, fashionable cities, and affords every opportunity for outdoor recreation, including Fishing, Bathing, Yachting, Automobiling, Horseback Riding, Driving, Golf, Tennis, etc., and has excellent hotel accommodations for those wishing to spend the entire winter on this tropical island.
Most conveniently reached by the

N. Y. & Porto Rico Steamship Co.
$30.00 - $50.00 - $90.00 - $140.00 Every Saturday

One of the most delightful and interesting cruises this year is from New York to Porto Rico and around the entire island—calling at the various ports—and return to New York, all meals and accommodations on steamer for the entire trip being included in the rate.

Florida, The Carolinas, Alabama, Texas, Nassau, Cuba, Mexico, Yucatan are directly and most conveniently reached by the 20th Century steamers of the
Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines Clyde, Mallory, Porto Rico & Ward Lines

Write for copy of AGWI NEWS—a travel magazine describing this romantic resort region, and outlining some of the season's most attractive all water, or rail and water combination tours with liberal stop-overs. Our Tour Bureau can issue all tickets, reserve choice accommodations, arrange all details, and render invaluable service in all travel matters. Address

N. Y. & PORTO RICO STEAMSHIP CO., 12 Broadway
TOUR BUREAU, AGWI LINES, 290 Broadway } New York

The Royal Mail is the Royal Route

TO THE **West Indies** BY THE

TOURS DE LUXE
Jamaica
Panama
Cartagena
Savanilla
Trinidad
Barbados

TWELVE DAYS:
Jamaica and return, including Hotel, $95.00
EIGHTEEN DAYS:
Jamaica, Colon, Panama } and return, including Hotel, $150.00
TWENTY-FIVE DAYS:
Jamaica, Colon, Panama } and return, including Hotel, $200.00
ROUND TRIP:
To Barbados and return, calling at Jamaica, Colon, Panama, Cartagena, Savanilla, Trinidad—$160.00.
Including Hotel, $190.00

R. M. S. P. Twin-Screw
S.S. "ORTONA" 8,000 Tons
Leaves New York, Pier 50, N. R., Saturday, Feb. 5
Largest Steamer ever on a West Indian Mail Run
Send for Illustrated Booklets.
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY
SANDERSON & SON, 22 State Street, New York City

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

CRUISES DE LUXE

WINTER CRUISES 16 AND 28 DAYS

By Twin-Screw Cruising S. S. MOLTKE. Largest Vessel ever sent to the West Indies (12,500 tons), leaving New York

Feb. 22 & March 24

WEST INDIES

$85 and $150 up Venezuela, Nassau and Panama Canal.

21 years' experience in arranging and conducting cruises.
Send for new illustrated book.

REGULAR SERVICES

All Modern Safety Devices (Wireless, &c.)
London—Paris—Hamburg

S. S. AMERIKA 23,000 TONS
Leaving New York, Feb. 12, 11 A. M.
†All the latest features, including Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Elec. Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden
Accommodations at Attractive Rates

*Pres. Grant..Feb. 5, 2 P. M. | †Kais'n Aug. Vic. Mar. 5
†Amerika.............Feb. 12 | *Pres. Lincoln, Mch. 12
§Pennsylvania..........Feb. 19 | *Pres. Grant..Mch. 19
§Graf Waldersee.......Feb. 26 | †Amerika....Mch. 26
§Hamburg direct. *Omits Plymouth.

ITALY VIA GIBRALTAR, NAPLES AND GENOA,
S. S. HAMBURG, FEB. 15, 1 P. M.
S. S. HAMBURG..Feb. 15, 1 P. M., March 29
S. S. BATAVIA..........................March 8
S. S. MOLTKE............................April 19
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Cunard Cruises TO ITALY Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar

Offer the unsurpassed in Luxurious and Comfortable Ocean Travel
By the great 20,000 ton steamers
"CARONIA" February 19
"CARMANIA" March 5
Largest triple-screw turbine in the World
"SAXONIA" Feb. 5, Mar. 19
Twin-Screw, 14,300 tons
For Full Particulars and Reservations apply to
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.
New York, Boston, Chicago, Minneapolis, Philadelphia, St. Louis, San Francisco, Toronto and Montreal, or Local Agents.

CONTINUING TO **EGYPT** AND FIUME

American Line From Pier 15, N. R., at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York.....Feb. 5 | St. Louis.......Feb. 19
*Adriatic......Feb. 12 | *Oceanic........Feb. 26
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 48, N.R.

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct—Pier 39, N. R.
Minnetonka, Feb. 5, 2 PM | Minnehaha, Feb. 19
Min'waska, Feb. 12, 9:30 AM | Min'tonka, Mar. 12

Red Star Line From Pier 14, N. R., at 10 A. M.
New York—Antwerp—Paris
Finland........Feb. 2 | Zeeland.......Feb. 16
Vaderland.....Feb. 9 | Lapland (new). Feb. 23

White Star Line From Piers 48 & 49, N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
New Triple-Screw S. S. **LAURENTIC, Feb. 5**
Combination Turbine-Reciprocating Engines.
Superb Appointments—Elevator—Orchestra.
Laurentic (new), Feb. 5, 2 P. M. Baltic, Feb. 19
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
†New York, Feb. 5, 10 AM | †St. Louis, Feb. 19, 10 AM
Adriatic, Feb. 12, 10 AM | Oceanic, Feb. 26, 10 AM
†American Line Steamer from Pier 15, N. R.
NEW YORK & BOSTON TO **ITALY & EGYPT**
Via Azores, Madeira, and Gibraltar.
Cretic..............................Mar. 12; Apr. 16
Celtic (20,904 tons)..Feb. 2, 11 A. M.; Mar. 16
Cedric (21,035 tons)...................Feb. 16
Romanic..........................Feb. 26; Apr. 2
Canopic...........................Mar. 24; May 4
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

CLARK'S 12th ANNUAL CRUISE
Feb. 5 to April 19.

TO THE ORIENT

By S. S. Grosser Kurfuerst
THE ONLY ORIENT CRUISE THIS WINTER
Under the Able Management of
FRANK C. CLARK.
Seventy-three days, including 24 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions, Hotels, &c. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Constantinople, Athens, Rome, the Riviera, &c. Tickets good to stop over in Europe, to include Passion Play, &c.
Europe-Oberammergau Tours, $270 up.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

Mardi Gras
AMERICA'S QUAINTEST CARNIVAL
New Orleans Feb. 8th
$ 75.00
Round Trip From New York
including board on ship in New Orleans
S. S. "Antilles"
10,600 Tons
From New York Feb. 2nd
Southern Pacific Co.
366-1158-1 Broadway, New York

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY **R. M. S. P.**
JAMAICA-COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.
Ortona.......Feb. 5 | Tagus..........Mar. 5
Nile...........Feb. 19 | Oruba..........Mar. 19
Tours of 12 to 25 days from $95 up.
SANDERSON & SON, G.P.&F.A., 22 State St., N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Columbia, Feb. 5, 2 P. M. | California, Feb. 19, 3 P. M.
Caledonia, Feb. 12, 10 A.M | Furnessia, Feb. 26, 10 A. M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.
Apply for Illustrated Booklet of Tours.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

CUNARD LINES
From Piers 51-52-56, North River, 9 A. M.
Liverpool Service. Calling at Fishguard, South Wales.
Quickest Route to London and Continent via Fishguard.
Wednesday from New York
Monday in London
MAURETANIA—LUSITANIA,
Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat.
Sail Wednesdays.
Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.
Umbria.........Feb. 2 | Umbria..........Feb. 23
Mauretania....Feb. 9 | Mauretania....Mar. 2
Campania......Feb. 16 | Lusitania.......Mar. 9
To Italy & Egypt TWO SPECIAL CRUISES.
CARMANIA & CARONIA
Magnificent New 20,000-Ton Strs.
Feb. 19—March 5.
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar.
ALSO TWO SPECIAL CRUISES
SAXONIA TO ITALY, Feb. 5—Mch. 19.
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE
TO FIUME, VIA
GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
Saxonia..Feb. 5, noon | Caronia.........Feb. 19
Pannonia. Feb. 12, noon | Carmania.......Mar. 5
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.,
21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.

North German Lloyd
Large, Fast, and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships,
Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.
K. Wm. der Gr. Feb. 8 | Cecilie.........Mar. 22
K. Wm. der Gr. Mar. 8 | Kaiser Wilh. II. Apr. 5
BREMEN DIRECT
Twin-Screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.
Roon...........Feb. 10 | Rhein.........March 3
*G. Washington. Feb. 24 | Zieten.........Mar. 10
*Calls at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA—ALGIERS
Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.
†Gr. Kurfuerst..Feb. 5 | Barbarossa....Feb. 26
K. Albert......Feb. 12 | Irene...........Mar. 5
†Orient Cruise.
Independent Around the World Tours.
Travellers' Checks Good All Over the World.
Apply OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

FABRE LINE
REGULAR FAST STEAMERS NEW YORK DIRECT TO NAPLES, NICE, MARSEILLES. FRENCH CUISINE. WINES GRATIS. OUTSIDE STATEROOMS ON PROMENADE DECKS, 1ST CLASS........................ $70 & UP
ROMA, FEB. 5TH; VENEZIA, FEB. 12TH. MEDITERRANEAN CRUISES, ALL EXPENSES INCLUDED.......... $299.50 UP
BOOKLETS, INFORMATION FROM
J. TER KUILE, G. P. A., 33 B'way, N. Y.

ROYAL DUTCH WEST INDIA MAIL
Regular Service to HAYTI, CURACAO, VENEZUELA, TRINIDAD, DEMERARA, and SURINAM by Large, New Steamships. Excellent Accommodations and Cuisine.
Apply, 17 STATE STREET, NEW YORK

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN, ADRIATIC
From New York Wednesdays, 1 P. M.
To and from Italy, Greece and Austria with scheduled calls at GIBRALTAR, (East,) ALGIERS (West) and AZORES (East).
TWIN SCREW S. S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, ALICE, LAURA, ARGENTINA, OCEANIA.
Further information and 1910 sailings furnished by PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, Whitehall Building, N. Y. City.

HOLLAND - AMERICA LINE
Twin-Screw Passenger Service
New York—Rotterdam via Boulogne
Noordam....Feb. 1, 9 AM | Potsdam...........Feb. 22
Statendam...Feb. 8, 9 AM | Noordam..........Mar. 9
Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

SCHIFF URGES JEWS TO LEAVE NEW YORK

"Build Up the American Empire in Other Parts of the Country," He Advises Young Men.

A TALK TO THE Y. M. H. A.

The Banker Says the Jew Owes a Higher Duty to This Country Than Merely to be a Worker.

In a talk before the Young Men's Hebrew Association yesterday Jacob H. Schiff, the banker, urged young men to relieve the Jewish congestion in this city by going to other parts of this country. Mr. Schiff said that the question of persuading the Hebrews of this city to "build up the American empire in other parts of the country" had become a "hobby" with him. Mr. Schiff defended himself against criticism of the views he expressed at the Educational Alliance last Sunday.

Mr. Schiff was introduced by Chairman Marcus M. Marks to the audience of more than 500 with the sentence: "Many men give to charity, but no one worries about his various charities as Jacob H. Schiff does."

"The problems of this institution," said Mr. Schiff, "have indeed changed since it was founded thirty-six years ago, and the problems of the Hebrews of this city have changed also. Fortunately, each generation finds the men it needs to solve its problems.

"I have acquired a hobby recently. I have been criticised for it. But, nevertheless, I believe I am right in holding it. I believe that we New York Jews should consider the problem of distributing those of our race throughout this country, and not let them collect and become congested in this city. We older Hebrews want you younger men of our race to help us in this work.

What Built Up the British Empire.

"I once asked an English statesman what particular influence had built up the British empire and made it so strong and widespread. The statesman answered that it was the law of entail. I had always thought that the law of entail was a cruel law because it made the first born son inherit everything and gave nothing to the younger son. So when the statesman said that this seemingly cruel law had built up that great and successful empire, I expressed surprise.

"'Why do you say that the strength of the British empire is due to the law of entail?' I asked him.

"'It has compelled the younger sons of the English race to leave home and to go out into the world as soon as their education is finished,' he answered. 'They have been forced to go to the furthermost parts of the British dominion and build up the empire there.'

"This statement of the Englishman was quite a revelation to me. I realized that it was just what the Hebrews in our own overcrowded sections should do. When you young New York Hebrews have finished your education, don't remain in New York. Go out and build up the American empire in other parts of the United States. This is the greatest service which a Jew can do for America. Go out into the unpopulated sections and plant trees, the trees of life which grow now in such overprofusion in our congested districts.

"I have been criticised by one of the papers downtown for what I said on this subject at the Educational Alliance last week. The paper compared me to Pharaoh, who also said, you remember, that there were too many Jews in his land. Some of you, too, may have criticised me, but unjustly.

"I wish I could take every one of our persecuted people out of Russia and bring them to the United States. But I would be a bad citizen if I asked them to stay in New York. This country has room for two or three million more Jews yet. We want them to come. But we want to facilitate their going away from New York.

"We also want the Jew to become something more than a mere worker. We don't want them to work twelve or fourteen hours a day. We want them to form the habit of coming to the Young Men's Hebrew Association and the Educational Alliance and become educated, gentlemen.

Should Diffuse Over the Country.

"We don't want too much distress in this city. You young men must go out of this city as soon as you have become educated. Go out all over the United States, found other Hebrew associations like this, and make room here for others.

"The Jew owes a higher duty to this country than merely to be a worker. The Russian Jew has built up this country. But the Jew, to be of value, must be a good Jew. He must respect and hold high his religion. He must practice the ideals which have been those of his race from time immemorial. If he does this he will bring honor to the Jew wherever a Jew is."

The young men received Mr. Schiff's speech with enthusiastic applause, and the Rev. Dr. S. Schulman, who followed him, advocated the same measures.

A great deal of enthusiasm was evoked earlier in the meeting by the speech of Dr. H. M. Leipziger, Director of Lectures in the public schools.

"It always causes me sorrow and pain, somehow, whenever I hear the term Christian gentleman," said Dr. Leipziger. "The Christian gentleman is always cited as the type of man who is without fear and without reproach. He is looked on as the world's typical knight, the Chevalier Bayard.

"This association must make the young Hebrew of this city a gentleman, not with the superficial manners, but with the fundamental motives and ideals. New York is the greatest Jewish city in the world, and we Jews must make it the best and noblest city also."

Dr. Leipziger described how he and others formed the Young Men's Hebrew Association under humble auspices thirty-six years ago.

The other speakers were Julius M. Mayer and Rabbi Schulman. Resolutions of sympathy were adopted for President Felix M. Warburg of the association, who was absent because of the death of his father in Europe. Marcus M. Marks, who presided, said that the receipts of the association last year were $41,780 and the expenditures $45,785.

"This leaves us a healthy deficit of $4,000," he added.

LAUTERBACH CALLS FOR FUNDS.

Declares Jewish Orphans Shouldn't Be in Non-Jewish Institutions.

Edward Lauterbach, speaking yesterday at the annual meeting of the Directors of the Hebrew Infant Asum at Tuxedo Hall, Madison Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, said that there were upward of 1,000 Jewish orphans in the city who were under the care of Protesant and Catholic institutions because the Hebrew asylums were too crowded to accommodate them. Mr. Lauterbach declared that such a condition ought not to exist.

"The Hebrews should care for their own," he insisted. "It is time that money which is badly needed for the maintenance and expansion of the Hebrew asylums be provided by those who can well afford it. There should be no trouble in getting all the funds needed."

The Hebrew Infant Asylum cares for children between the ages of one week and 5 years. The present institution, which is the only one of its kind in the country which receives children of such tender years, has a capacity for comfortably accommodating 165 children. During the last year the average number on the institution's roll was 250, and quarters were so cramped that the institution was placed at a great disadvantage. Joseph L. Reiling, the Secretary, reported that a new building which the institution is erecting on Kingsbridge Road at Aqueduct Avenue would be completed within two months. It has been in course of construction since January of last year, and will cost $400,000, of which all but $50,000 has been subscribed. The Directors passed a resolution requesting that donations be made to complete the building fund.

These officers were elected: President—Benno Neuberger; First Vice President—Charles Hirschhorn; Second Vice President—Harry R. Hohn. Justice Michael Erlanger, Joseph L. Reiling, Otto Lewisohn, Benno Neuberger, Charles Hirschhorn, Harry R. Hohn, and Sol S. Japha were elected Directors.

AN INCREASE IN MEMBERSHIP.

Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society Has Grown 120 Per Cent. in Past Year

The Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society held its annual meeting yesterday in the orphan asylum at Broadway and 150th Street, which the society maintains, about 200 being present. President Adolph Lewisohn read his report, and Vice President Samuel D. Levy made a supplementary report, telling how the doctors of the institution watch and keep a record of the physical development of the children.

It was announced that the membership of the society had increased 120 per cent. in the past year, and that the fund being raised for a new building, to be located in Pleasantville, had reached $648,826.

ARTIFICIAL SAPPHIRE COMING.

Report That One is on Its Way Here from a Paris Laboratory.

Maiden Lane dealers in precious stones have been warned in cable messages that a new kind of artificial sapphire made in Paris is on its way to New York, and will be here in a few days. The dealers fear that the trade in natural sapphires may be thrown into confusion, similar to the condition of the ruby trade when synthetic rubies first appeared.

The French manufacturers have notified their correspondents in Maiden Lane that the new sapphire meets all the chemical and physical tests of a synthetic stone, identical with its natural prototype except in origin. Up to this time no artificial gem except the synthetic ruby has met these tests. Other imitations of sapphire have been offered here as synthetic stones, but dealers have in all such cases proved that the claims were unfounded.

As soon as the new stones appear here they will be subjected to the most careful investigation and analysis to ascertain if they are the same in composition, hardness, specific gravity, color effects, and other qualities as natural gems. A failure to meet any one of the tests would be fatal to the claims made in behalf of the stone.

DEAD IN A SNOWBANK.

Crawn, Who Couldn't Buy Liquor in His Own Town, Went to Another.

NEWTON, N. J., Jan. 30.—Jacob Crawn and his father Abram, both of whom were on the Guardian's list in Branchville, with the result that they could not obtain a drink at any of the liquor selling places in Branchville, came here last night to do some marketing. They also bought liquor.

On the way home they discovered that they had lost their tickets and had no money, so they were put off the train at Augusta. They became separated. The father reached home, but the son was found dead this morning in a snowbank a half mile beyond Augusta. He had wandered from the tracks and apparently lay down to sleep.

A widow and five children survive Crawn.

Dynamite Used in Saloon War.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio, Jan. 30.—The plant of the H. J. Kimble Company, woodworkers, was partially wrecked by dynamite to-day. The explosive was placed under the office of the building and devastated the interior. H. J. Kimble is a prominent anti-saloon worker. The factory of the Zanesville Furniture Company, headed by D. B. Gary, also a "dry" enthusiast, was similarly wrecked not long ago.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M. Loss.

2:30—419 West 26th St.; J. Haggerty..Trifling
3:35—2,986 3d Av. C. Berkner..........$50
4:55—406 East 74th St.; I. Heller........$10
7:00—209 Fulton St.; Trinity Corporation..Trifling
8:15—59 East 3d St.; M. Mornersky......$200
8:50—2 King St.; S. Mazzetta...........$10
10:30—1st Av. and 94th St.; unknown...Trifling
11:55—308 East 100th St.; A. Friedman.Trifling

P.M.

12:20—602 West 180th St.; S. Harris..Trifling
2:05—101 West 133d St.; L. Schwartz....$100
2:15—114 East 52d St.; Mrs. Smith........$200
2:30—48 East 4th St. J. Rickers..............$5
3:10—653 Water St.; S. Husby ....Trifling
3:30—1,198 3d Av.; D. Kossoff..............$300
3:50—220 East 103d St.; H. Greenberg....$50
4:35—352 3d Av.; M. Kinsberg.........Trifling
4:45—22 East 112th St.; B. Levy $300
5:25—679 Broadway; Wilbin & Gershine....Trifling
6:40—525 West 32d St.; Sanitary Bedding Co. $5
6:40—258 West 10th St.; Mary Holland....$5
7:30—515 West 33d St.; Merchants' Union Ice Co. ....Trifling
8:00—243 East 78th St.; Max Cohen..Trifling
8:05—Longfellow Av. and Bancroft St.; American Realty Co..............$200

CHILDREN'S COURT MAKING CITIZENS

Report to the Mayor Says It Is Saving Boys from Criminal Lives.

IMPROVING HOMES, TOO

Better Environment and Influences for Children Who Are Brought in on Petty Charges.

The reformatory character of the work done by the Children's Court and the needs of the children are set forth in the annual report of Ernest K. Coulter, Clerk of the court, which will be made to Mayor Gaynor to-day.

Among its features is a proposed plan for the treatment of children in conflict with the law because of functional derangements. It states also that there were fewer commitments last year than in the previous year, and that only 85 more children were arraigned, though the population of New York County increased 85,000. Only one child in every 75 is arrested, and the law, effective since last September, which saves the child from being listed as a criminal, is commended. According to Mr. Coulter the work of the court last year shows a need for more park and play space for the children, and, finally, the report gives the general results of a personal observation of more than 70,000 cases of children which have passed through the court. Of the court itself the report says:

> Its work in withdrawing thousands from the procession of paupers and criminals that press onward to almshouses and penal institutions, and making of them future good citizens, entitles the court to be regarded as one of the municipality's most valuable assets. Viewed merely in the cold light of dollars and cents the test of appraisement would be the civic difference in citizenship between preying parasites and profitable producers.
>
> The court, in dealing with the multitude of children that comes before it each year, views each as a prospective citizen, an individual potentiality for good or evil. The thought of individual salvation is ever uppermost in dealing with each child.
>
> If, in the best interests of all, it is possible to rescue the child without commitment to an institution, this is done and he is saved to his home and the State at the same time. Of the 11,494 children arraigned in this one court in the year 1909 only 1,792 were committed to institutions, either charitable or reformatory.

Humanity and common sense are declared to be the basis of the methods of procedure in the court. Mr. Coulter says:

> The Justice presiding is prosecutor, defendant's attorney, Judge and jury in one; in fact, a big father in time of greatest need to the unfortunate children brought before him. Those charged with actual offenses are by law of course entitled to the benefit of counsel which they always receive, but there is no public prosecutor to hammer and harass the young defendants; nor under the law would a public prosecutor have a right to appear and prosecute.
>
> Where the case seems to require it, ample time is taken for an investigation of home and other conditions. Frequently it is the delinquency of the parent rather than of the child that is responsible for the latter's appearance in court. This condition being ascertained the court directs that specific improvements be made in the home; often the child is released on parole on the condition that suitable corrections be made.
>
> Failure to obey, the parent is made to understand, will lead to the commitment of the child to an institution, because of improper guardianship, accompanied by an order requiring the father to pay the city for the child's maintenance while in such institution. The court in this way often improves the condition of the parents as well as the children.

One of the most important features of the report relates to the treatment of victims of mental deficiencies.

"It has long been known scientifically," Mr. Coulter says, "that many adult criminals are the victims of conditions acquired or hereditary which result in a mental disturbance predisposing them to the development of criminal tendencies. With such cases the time for relief, if curative or ameliorating remedies are possible, is in youth and at the first indication of criminal tendencies, and the best opportunity therefor is through the Children's Court, whereto such unfortunates will naturally drift."

The report closes with praise for the cooperative work of the Catholic Church, the Hebrew organizations, and the Children's Society.

MELLEN PACIFIES WORKERS.

Tells Enginemen and Firemen He is Proud of Them.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 30.—President Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad held out the olive branch to the Brotherhood of Enginemen and Firemen at a mass meeting which 1,200 attended to-night at the Grand Opera House.

"Fellow employes," he said, "I am advised of a new labor organization which desires to be affiliated with yours, the Working Order of Railroad Presidents of Connecticut. I am the President, the Secretary and Treasurer, and I pay all the assessments. I want the ten-hour day. Will you help me to get it? I work as hard as you, and I make as many blunders.

"In speaking of the efficiency of labor once some time ago at a Directors' meeting I said something that hurt your feelings, but to-night I say that I don't believe that there is a more efficient body in the world than the New Haven Road's enginemen. The thanks of the company are due for pulling us through such a period of depression as the last two years. I am proud to be the 'old man' of such a body."

He threw the meeting into a roar of laughter when, in response to flattering remarks, he said:

"I am glad to know that the present Mellen appeals to you, but not so much so that you'll want to take too big a piece of him."

Strike talk was deprecated by Charles J. Donahue, President of the Connecticut Federation of Labor.

"Those of us who are employed by the public service corporations," he said, "cannot longer disregard the general public. Some method must be found by which we shall be compelled to submit our dispute to arbitration. I deplore and I detest strikes, and I believe that that weapon should be used only in a just cause."

PHIPPS RECONCILIATION.

Rumor of Coming Together of Lawrence Phipps and His Wife.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 30.—There is a rumor here to-night of a reconciliation between Lawrence Phipps, formerly of Pittsburg, and his wife, Genevieve Chandler Phipps, from whom he has been estranged for the past five years. Mrs. Phipps reached Pittsburg to-day with her two children and is at the Hotel Schenley. She declined to see any one to-night or to answer messages sent to her rooms.

A few days ago Mr. Phipps wrote to a Pittsburg man who has been transacting some business for him urging haste and saying:

"With my family I intend to sail from New York for Europe in a few days, and will be gone until July."

Efforts to find Mr. Phipps in Pittsburg to-night were fruitless. He is said to have been here within the past twenty-four hours, but is thought to have gone to New York.

Should the reconciliation be effected, as rumored, it will, it is said, be due to the intervention of Henry Phipps, who is known to have worked for more than a year past to bring the two together. It was Henry Phipps who prevented the suit for divorce which Lawrence Phipps had prepared to enter against his wife, and it was Henry Phipps also who prevented Mrs. Phipps from entering a suit on her side.

ZELAYA STARTS FOR BELGIUM.

Former Dictator of Nicaragua to Sail from Vera Cruz.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 30.—José Santos Zelaya, former President of Nicaragua, who has been in Mexico City since the last of December, left to-night over the Mexican Railway for Vera Cruz, from which port he will sail on Feb. 4 in a Spanish steamer for Belgium.

Francisco Castro, who was Minister to Mexico under the Zelaya Government, and who resigned several weeks ago, left to-night for Salina Cruz, where he will take a boat for a port in Salvador, going from there to Managua. He was accompanied by Zelaya's secretary, who will arrange for members of Zelaya's family to leave Nicaragua at an early date for Brussels.

Zelaya refused to say anything to newspaper correspondents before leaving Mexico City to-night, further than to state that Brussels was his destination.

Attack on Burley Society Office.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 30.—A gang of twenty men broke into the offices of Clarence Lebus, President of the Burley Tobacco Society, last night. They did not attempt to steal anything, and apparently were looking for some person. When they left they warned the watchmen that they would return and "blow Lebus and the place to hell."

There's Great Advantage ordering from our Remnant Sale. Double value, newest materials and up-to-date style and tailoring. Suits to measure, $18; Overcoats, $20; fancy Waistcoats or Trousers, $5.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

A Water Level Route practically eliminates train motion, and insures comfort by day and slumber by night

Save a Day to Cincinnati, Indianapolis and St. Louis

via

Southwestern Limited

Lv. New York 2:45 p.m. Ar. Indianapolis 7:55 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati 7:27 a.m. Ar. St. Louis 1:45 p.m.

This train is equipped with every modern comfort and convenience. The schedule saves a day over any other service, via any other road. Leaving New York after business hours, arriving in time for a business day.

Other trains at 10:30 a.m; 12:40 and 6:30 p.m. from Grand Central Station, via the

New York Central Lines

Greatly Reduced Fares to
Mardi Gras, New Orleans, La.
Stop over at Cincinnati and other points south.
Tickets on sale January 31st to February 6th.

Tickets and Sleeping-Car Accommodations

Railroad and Pullman tickets can be secured at any of our ticket offices or will be delivered, upon request, by special representative, who will furnish any information desired.

Address L. F. Vosburgh, 1216 Broadway
'Phone 5310 Madison

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. TO-NIGHT AT 8:15 ETHEL BARRYMORE in Sir A. W. Pinero's MID-CHANNEL.

SAVOY B'way & 34th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. TO-NIGHT AT 8:15 FRANK KEENAN in THE HEIGHTS

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. "Held the audience captive."—Sun. BILLIE BURKE in MRS. DOT by W. Somerset Maugham.

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "The funniest person on the stage to-day."—Alan Dale. WM. COLLIER in his new farce, A LUCKY STAR

HUDSON THEATRE—Special Matinees LAST WEEK To-day and To-morrow, also Thur. & Friday at 3 RUTH ST. DENIS in HINDOO DANCES

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "As lovable as Rip Van Winkle."—Telegram. OTIS SKINNER in Your Humble Servant By Booth Tarkington & H. L. Wilson.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Sat. Only, 2:15. "As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy, and 3 times as funny." FRANCIS WILSON THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. at 2. THE DOLLAR PRINCESS

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE BROADWAY & 46th St. Ev. 8:15. Wed. & Sat. Mat. 2:15. Montgomery and Stone in THE OLD TOWN.

BURTON HOLMES: SICILY and AVIATION WEEK AT RHEIMS, SHOWING AVIATORS IN FLIGHT. To-day & Tom'w at 3, Lyceum Theatre

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Seats on Sale. NEXT WED. EVE., FEB. 2nd. HENRY W. SAVAGE will offer MADAME X The Drama That Thrilled All Paris. By Alexandre Bisson.

New York Theatre. B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. To-night 8:15, Klaw & Erlanger present MAX ROGERS and Maud Raymond In the New Musical Play, THE YOUNG TURK

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Eves. at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. "Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun. The Fantastical Musical Comedy THE ARCADIANS WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100

GAIETY B'WAY & 46 ST. EVES. 8.15 MATS WED & SAT. 2.15 THE FORTUNE HUNTER WINCHELL SMITH'S COMEDY WITH JOHN BARRYMORE

JOE WEBER'S B'way, 29 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. HENRY LEE'S LIFE OF THE WORLD

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
To-night, Cavalleria Rusticana and Pagliacci. Mmes. Destinn, Noria, Wickham; MM. Caruso, Martin, Amato, Gilly. Cond. Tango.
Tues. Aft. at 1:30, Der Ring des Nibelungen. Goetterdaemmerung. Mmes. Gadski, Homer, Fornia, Alten, Sparkes; MM. Burrian, Whitehill, Hinckley, Goritz. Cond., Hertz.
Wed. Evg., Double Bill, Don Pasquale. Mme. de Pasquali; MM. Bonci, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, and Ballet, Vienna Waltzes. Cond'rs, Tango and Bendix.
Thurs. Evg. at 7:45......Tristan und Isolde
Fri. Evg..............Alessandro Stradella and ballet Vienna Waltzes
Sat. Aft. at 2:30..............La Boheme
Sat. Evg., double bill..........Fra Diavolo and Vienna Waltzes, (Ballet)
NEXT WEEK: Mon. Evg........Germania

AT THE NEW THEATRE.
Thurs. Aft., Manon. Mmes. Alda, Dubois; MM. Clement, Dutilloy, de Segurola. Cond., Podesti. Fri. Evg., Elisir d'Amore. Mmes. de Pasquali, Mattfeld; MM. Bonci, Scotti, Gianoli-Galletti. Cond., Podesti.
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.
One block from the Flatbush Av. Sub. Sta.
To-night, Fra Diavolo. Mmes. Alten, Maubourg; MM. Clement, Regis, Devaux, Reiss, Bourgeois. Cond., Hertz.
WEBER PIANO USED.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av.
To-night at 8, TALES OF HOFFMANN, Mlles. Cavalieri, Trentini, MM. Renaud and regular cast. Tues. (at 8:30), First Time, ELEKTRA. Wed., THAIS, Miss Garden, M. Renaud, etc. Fri., GRISELIDIS, Miss Garden & reg. cast. Sat. Aft., SAMSON & DELILAH, Mlle. D'Alvarez, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, etc. Sat. Eve. (pop. prices), BOHEME, Mme. Carmen-Melis, Mlle. Trentini, Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco, etc. Next Sunday Eve., BUSONI.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE.....Special MONDAY AFTERNOON, FEB. 7th, MONSTER OPERATIC CONCERT FOR BENEFIT OF PARIS FLOOD SUFFERERS. Program being Prepared by Miss Mary Garden.

CARNEGIE HALL. PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York. Thursday Ev. at 8:15 and Friday Aft. at 2:30 Sixth Concerts of the First Series. GUSTAV MAHLER..Conductor Soloist: TILLY KOENEN, Contralto.

EXTRA PERFORMANCE Owing to the Wonderful Success of The Vision of Salome MAUD ALLAN Will Dance and Interpret The vision of Salome, THE BLUE DANUBE Tschaikowski's Nutcracker Suite, Etc. Assisted by the Russian Symphony Orchestra. Prices, 75c. to $2.50. Boxes, (seating 8,) $16 and $24. Now on sale at box office, also MANAGER R. E. JOHNSTON'S OFFICE, St. James Building, Broadway and 26th St. Telephone 608 and 609 Madison. Also Tyson and McBride Ticket Agencies.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. GERTRUDE HOFFMANN, Simon-Gardner & Co., Jas. Thornton, others.
BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. PARIS BY NIGHT, Murphy-Nichols & Co., Maurice Freeman & Co.
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Dinkelspiel's Christmas, Schoolboys & Girls, Dr. Herman, Nat M. Wills, others.

PLAZA 59th St. Mad. Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c, 50c, 75c. SEVERIN, FRED NIBLO, JULIET, Lambs Manikins, Rafayette's Dogs, etc., etc.

AMERICAN W. 42 St. Daily Mat. 25c "THE STAR BOUT," MA GOSSE, FRED NIBLO, RINALDO, Those 3 Fellers, etc.

HAMMERSTEIN'S LIONEL BARRYMORE and McKee Rankin & Co., Fougere, Lillian Shaw, Stuart Barnes, etc.

ONLY 16 MORE DAYS SELLING OUT! Old-Established High Grade MEN'S SHOP 38 New St., One Block Below Wall (Furnishing Goods All Sold.) Balance of High Grade Stock of hand-tailored Clothing must be disposed of at once. Your chance to obtain a FULL DRESS SUIT OR TUXEDO At Less Than ½ Former Prices. $20.00 Suit or Overcoat, $7.50. $25 Suit or Overcoat, $10. $30.00 Suit or Overcoat, (silk lined,) $12.50. $100 Fur Lined Coat, $35. $50 Fur Lined Coat, $20. English Slip-ons, Trousers, Fancy Vests, Bath Robes, Raincoats, etc. LESS THAN HALF PRICE YOUNG'S, 38 NEW ST., Half block from Wall St. Subway Station.

The Imperial Art Gallery 5 WEST 29TH ST. Rare Antique European Paintings from 14th to 18th Century, belonging to the estate of a late Chinese high official, magnificent, costly, and historically interesting. NOW ON SALE.

THE NEW THEATRE Central Park West. 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8800 Col. NON-SUBSCRIPTION PERFORMANCES THIS WEEK: TO-NIGHT, THURS. & SAT. EVES., SATURDAY MATINEE SEATS IN ALL PARTS OF THE HOUSE NOW ON SALE. Tickets for All Performances, Two Weeks in Advance, Ordered by Mail or Telephone, Will Be Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.

Shakespeare's Charming Comedy TWELFTH NIGHT Never Better Played in New York.—Tribune.

Edw. Sheldon's THE NIGGER A Drama of the South of Today. In Preparation THE WITCH A Play of the Salem Witchcraft Period.

To-night, 8:15........Twelfth Night
Tues. Eve., 8:15......Twelfth Night
Wed. Mat., 2:15.......Twelfth Night
Wed. Eve., 8:15.......Twelfth Night
Thurs. Mat., 2 (Opera).......Manon
Thurs. Eve., 8:30........The Nigger
Fri. Eve., 8 (Opera)...Elisir d'Amore
Sat. Mat., 2:15. The School for Scandal
Sat. Eve., 8:30.........The Nigger
NEXT WEEK.
Mon. & Wed. Evgs., The Nigger; Tues. Evg. & Wed. Mat., Opera; Thurs. & Sat. Mats. & Fri. Evg., Twelfth Night; Thurs. Evg., The School for Scandal; Sat. Evg., Don.
PRICES: Dram., $2 to 50c. Opera, $5 to $1

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.

HIPPODROME Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 25c to $1.50. A Trip to Japan Ballet of Jewels Inside the Earth 10 New Circus Acts

HACKETT 42nd, W. of B'way. BEGINNING Thurs. Evg. Seats Now on Sale. JOHN MASON in NONE SO BLIND

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30. MAXINE ELLIOTT in THE INFERIOR SEX.

COMEDY 41st St., Bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. A Modern Spiritistic Drama. The Watchers by Cora Maynard

Broadway Thea., B'way, cor. 41st. Evs. 8.15 Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8.15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. CYRIL SCOTT in THE LOTTERY MAN

LEW FIELDS' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Ev. 8:15 Mat. Sat. Only, 2:15 LAST WEEK LEW FIELDS AS OLD DUTCH Beginning TUES. FEB. 8 Seats Thurs. BLANCHE RING in THE YANKEE GIRL

WEST END 125th, West of 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15 ANDREW MACK in The Prince of Bohemia with Christie Macdonald.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50. GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Eve. 8:15. Good Reserved Seats 50c. Last Week—Augustus Pitou Presents CHAUNCEY OLCOTT IN RAGGED ROBIN. Popular Prices. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. Next Week SOTHERN & MARLOWE In Repertoire—Seats on Sale Thursday.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Why go on for months printing excerpts and statements (at 50c. a line) praising H. B. WARNER IN *ALIAS* JIMMY VALENTINE So let's end it with an offer of A SILVER WATER SET FOR THE FIRST KNOCK.

THE BELASCO STUYVESANT 44 St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY

BELASCO Theatre. W. 42d St. Ev. 8:20. Matinee Saturday 2:15. TO-MORROW (TUES.) NIGHT, 8:20, CHARLOTTE WALKER in EUGENE WALTER'S play JUST A WIFE First Wed'y Matinee Next Week.

MENDELSSOHN HALL at 3 o'clock This Afternoon RECITAL BY MR. and MRS. HENRY HOLDEN HUSS ASSISTED BY MR. ALWIN SCHROEDER RESERVED SEATS $1.00 and $1.50, at Mendelssohn Hall and Luckhardt & Belder's, 10 E. 17th St. STEINWAY PIANO USED.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Every Eve., 8:15, the great comic opera success, Die Foerster Christ'l (Christ'l, the Forester's Daughter); Sat. Mat., 2:15, "Logenbrueder."

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. DENMAN THOMPSON, Andy Rice, Robledillo, Mignon, Six American Dancers, 3 Keatons, others.

SPRINGER'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE The TRAVELING SALESMAN.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Geo. Holden, Mysterious Incubator.

MURRAY Hill Thea. Mat. To-day. Smoking. VANITY FAIR.

Olympic East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. FRED IRWIN'S BIG SHOW.

COLUMBIA. B'way & 47th BURLESQUE. Daily Mats. 15c. to 50c. Evs. 25c. to $1. Smoking Permitted.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE WILL be received at office of Commissioner of Immigration, Ellis Island, N. Y. H., until 2:20 P. M. February 9, 1910, and opened immediately thereafter, for all labor and materials required for docking, scaling, painting, and machine repairs to the steel hull ferryboat "Ellis Island" of the U. S. Immigration Station, Ellis Island, N. Y. H. Particulars as to limitations and conditions governing bidders may be obtained from Wm. Williams, Commissioner.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The distribution of barometric pressure over the northern hemisphere indicates moderate temperature for the season generally over the United States till about the close of the present week, when a cold wave will probably appear in the extreme Northwest, and advance thence during the following two or three days eastward and southeastward to the Atlantic Coast. Temperatures have not changed decidedly over the eastern half of the country. There will be local snows followed by clearing Monday in the lake region and the interior of the North Atlantic States.

The winds along the New England Coast will be light to moderate variable, becoming west; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate west; South Atlantic and Gulf Coast, light variable. Steamships departing Monday for European ports will have moderate variable winds, mostly west, and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy with light snow in the interior Monday; Tuesday fair, except snow in extreme north portion; moderate west winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Partly cloudy Monday; Tuesday fair; moderate west winds.

New England—Snow flurries followed by clearing Monday. Tuesday fair, not much change in temperature, light variable winds, becoming moderate, west.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	35	27	4 P. M.	32	37
6 A. M.	27	26	6 P. M.	32	37
9 A. M.	28	29	9 P. M.	29	36
12 M.	31	31	11 P. M.	29	36

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 32; for the corresponding date last year it was 29; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 26; at 8 P. M. it was 37. Maximum temperature 38 degrees at 5 P. M., minimum 26 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity 75 per cent. at 8 A. M., 71 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:12|Sun sets..5:10|Moon rises..11:34

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:40	12:00	5:36	5:52
Governors Island	12:05	12:07	6:28	6:43
Hell Gate	1:55	1:56	8:03	8:20

Arrived—Sunday, Jan. 30.

SS Luisiana, Naples, Jan. 13.
SS Sicilian Prince, Rotterdam, Jan. 18.
SS Albano, Hamburg, Jan. 12.
SS Rotterdam, (tank,) Amsterdam, Jan. 11.
SS Floride, Havre, Jan. 15.
SS Ocmulgee, Brunswick, Jan. 28.
SS Lobelia, Cardenas, Jan. 15.
SS Prins Sigismund, Kingston, Jan. 24.
SS Uller, Demerara, Jan. 19.
SS Cienfuegos, Tampico, Jan. 20.
SS Saltwell, Matanzas, Jan. 24.
SS Teesdale, Cienfuegos, Jan. 22.
SS Alamo, Tampa, Jan. 25.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, Jan. 27.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, Jan. 27.
SS Hamilton, Norfolk, Jan. 29.
SS Agenoria, Philadelphia, Jan. 29.
SS Pawnee, Philadelphia, Jan. 27.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Suriname, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Jefferson, Norfolk		3:00 P.M.
Florizel, Newfoundland	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Navahoe, Santo Domingo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Noordam, Rotterdam	———	9:00 A.M.
Europa, Naples	———	———
City of Atlanta, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Umbria, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Celtic, Azores	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Ancon, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Bernard, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Nassau	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Orotava, Bermuda	———	10:00 A.M.
Italia, Palermo	———	———
Finland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	———	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Nancy Lee	Swansea	Jan. 13
Mar Adriatico	Seville	Jan. 14
Duca di Genova	Naples	Jan. 19
Oppurg	Seville	Jan. 14
Louisiana	Christiania	Jan. 14
Laurentic	Liverpool	Jan. 22
Columbia	Glasgow	Jan. 22
Chicago City	Swansea	Jan. 15
Ottawa	Sunderland	Jan. 16
Vaderland	Antwerp	Jan. 22
Statendam	Rotterdam	Jan. 22
Bretagne	Havre	Jan. 22
Minnetonka	Southampton	Jan. 22
Nicolai II	Dartmouth	Jan. 17
Zulia	La Guayra	Jan. 22
Orotava	Bermuda	Jan. 29
Coamo	San Juan	Jan. 26
Bermudian	Bermuda	Jan. 29
Antilles	New Orleans	Jan. 26
El Paso	Galveston	Jan. 25
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Neckar	Bremen	Jan. 20
Kaiser W. der Grosse	Bremen	Jan. 25
Amerika	Hamburg	Jan. 22
Argentina	Palermo	Jan. 12
Ucayali	Barbados	Jan. 24
Havana	Havana	Jan. 29
Galicia	Barbados	Jan. 24
Marowijne	Trinidad	Jan. 25
Sibiria	Kingston	Jan. 27
El Dia	Galveston	Jan. 26
City of Columbus	Savannah	Jan. 29
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Anna	Oran	Jan. 21
American	Puerto Mexico	Jan. 26
Crown of Grenada	Trinidad	Jan. 20
Cherokee	Turks Island	Jan. 27
San Marcos	Galveston	Jan. 27
Monroe	Norfolk	Feb. 1

Reported by Wireless.

SS Amerika, incoming from Hamburg, was reported by Marconi wireless 735 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Neckar, incoming from Bremen, was reported by Marconi wireless 550 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Duca di Genova, incoming from Naples, was reported by Marconi wireless 200 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Columbia, incoming from Glasgow, was reported by Marconi wireless 308 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Laurentic, incoming from Liverpool, was reported by Marconi wireless 323 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this afternoon.

SS Bretagne, incoming from Havre, was reported by Marconi wireless 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Umbria, incoming from Liverpool, was reported by Marconi wireless 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, incoming from Bremen, was reported by Marconi wireless 783 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:15 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, outgoing, was reported by Marconi wireless 230 miles southwest of Brow Head at 4:35 P. M. yesterday; due at Plymouth about 7 A. M. to-day.

By United Wireless.

Merida, from New York for Vera Cruz, was 875 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 6 P. M., Jan. 30.

Nacoochee, from New York for Savannah, was 305 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Huron, from New York for Jacksonville, was 296 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Apache, from Jacksonville for New York, was 478 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Nueces, from New York for Galveston, was 828 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

City of Columbus, from Savannah for New York, was 330 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Admiral Dewey, from Port Antonio for Philadelphia, was 232 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Saratoga, from New York for Havana, was 380 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Caracas, from New York for San Juan, was 338 miles south of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Ponce, from New York for San Juan, was 300 miles south of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Sao Paulo, from New York for Rio de Janeiro, was 510 miles southeast of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Oceana, from New York for Bermuda, was 433 miles from Ambrose Lightship at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

City of Augusta, from Boston for Savannah, was 60 miles south of Shinnecock Lightship at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Bermudian, from Bermuda for New York, was 192 miles south of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Orotava, from Bermuda for New York, was 230 miles southeast of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Jan. 30.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Baltic, at Queenstown, Jan. 30.
SS Philadelphia, at Southampton, Jan. 30.
SS Carmania, at Madeira, Jan. 30.

Sailed.

SS Mauretania, from Queenstown, Jan. 30.
SS Maroa, from Port Natal, Jan. 28.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport	Jan. 31 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, and specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea, and China, (via San Francisco)—Manchuria	Feb. 3 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) (via Seattle)—Aymeric	Feb. 3 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of Japan	Feb. 4 6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Earl of Elgin	Feb. 6 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, (via San Francisco)—Alameda	Feb. 7 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Chiyo Maru	Feb. 10 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (via Tacoma)—Antilochus	Feb. 18 6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Makura	Feb. 20 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas and Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Mch. 5 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES.
The best way to bring about the recovery of Lost articles is to advertise the loss in The New York Times. Go to any Advertising Agent or telephone 1000 Bryant. The service of the Lost and Found Registry Bureau is free of charge. —Adv.